

Genius Brands International, Inc.  
Form 10-Q  
August 14, 2015

**UNITED STATES**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
X ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE  
O ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number: 000-54389**

**GENIUS BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**20-4118216**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**301 North Canon Drive, Suite 305**

**Beverly Hills, California**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**90210**

(Zip Code)

**310-273-4222**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**9401 Wilshire Blvd, #608, Beverly Hills, CA 90212**

(Registrant's Former Address)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 6,529,450 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001, were outstanding as of August 14, 2015.

**GENIUS BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

**FORM 10-Q**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2015**

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**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.****Genius Brands International, Inc.****Consolidated Balance Sheets****As of June 30, 2015 (unaudited) and December 31, 2014 (audited)**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>12/31/2014</b>
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,872,253	\$4,301,099
Accounts Receivable, net	145,181	208,486
Inventory, net	14,045	11,691
Prepaid and Other Assets	196,761	217,622
Total Current Assets	3,228,240	4,738,898
Property and Equipment, net	183,446	32,420
Film and Television Costs	716,465	303,953
Capitalized Product Development in Process	-	7,500
Intangible Assets, net	1,948,336	1,876,438
Goodwill	10,365,805	10,365,805
Investment in Stan Lee Comics, LLC	-	-
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$16,442,292</b>	<b>\$17,325,014</b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u></b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	\$233,162	\$312,728
Accrued Expenses	287,178	283,582
Deferred Revenue and Advances	289,289	242,160
Accrued Salaries and Wages	88,053	50,288
Disputed Trade Payable	925,000	925,000
Short Term Debt - Related Party	411,533	411,008
Total Current Liabilities	2,234,215	2,224,766
Long Term Liabilities:		
Deferred Revenue and Advances	610,044	640,417
Services Advance	1,489,583	739,583
Total Liabilities	4,333,842	3,604,766

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Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 share authorized, respectively; 5,690 and 6,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	6	6
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, 700,000,000 shares authorized, respectively; 6,529,450 and 6,374,450 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	6,530	6,375
Additional Paid in Capital	34,878,685	34,866,521
Accumulated Deficit	(22,776,771)	(21,152,654)
Total Equity	12,108,450	13,720,248
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>	<b>\$ 16,442,292</b>	<b>\$ 17,325,014</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Genius Brands International, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Operations****Three Month and Six Month Periods Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>		<b>Six Months Ended</b>	
	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Licensing & Royalties	\$ 121,322	\$ 61,887	\$ 273,987	\$ 101,567
Television & Home Entertainment	8,875	36,814	141,089	87,275
Product Sales	3,418	118,495	15,173	204,636
Total Revenues	133,615	217,196	430,249	393,478
Cost of Sales	15,431	105,112	22,572	241,147
Gross Profit	118,184	112,084	407,677	152,331
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Professional Services	131,071	300,973	304,898	620,842
Rent Expense	34,555	34,529	72,136	70,344
Marketing & Sales	162,885	86,038	251,060	124,693
Depreciation & Amortization	34,540	29,088	60,150	53,629
Salaries and Related Expenses	494,657	251,779	985,398	560,474
Bad Debt Expense (Recovery)	0	55,000	(1,550 )	55,000
Other General & Administrative	212,677	212,959	448,388	413,680
Total Operating Expenses	1,070,385	970,366	2,120,480	1,898,662
Loss from Operations	(952,201 )	(858,282 )	(1,712,803 )	(1,746,331 )
<b>Other Income (Expense):</b>				
Other Income	2,548	7,156	5,545	7,789
Interest Expense	(1,077 )	(21 )	(1,490 )	(2,230 )
Interest Expense - Related Parties	(6,229 )	(6,207 )	(12,319 )	(13,370 )
Gain (Loss) on Distribution Contracts	–	(50,000 )	150,000	(47,229 )
Gain (Loss) on Impairment of Assets	–	–	(7,500 )	–
Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt	–	12,593	–	52,447
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets	–	(70,905 )	–	(70,905 )
Gain (Loss) on Inventory	–	(174,963 )	–	(174,963 )
Gain (Loss) on Deferred Financing Costs	–	–	(9,313 )	–
Gain (Loss) on Foreign Currency Translation	(30,896 )	–	(36,237 )	–
Net Other Income (Expense)	(35,654 )	(282,347 )	88,686	(248,461 )
Loss before Income Tax Expense	(987,855 )	(1,140,629 )	(1,624,117 )	(1,994,792 )
Income Tax Expense	–	–	–	–

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Net Loss	(987,855 )	(1,140,629)	(1,624,117)	(1,994,792)
Net Loss per Common Share	\$(0.15 )	\$(0.18 )	\$(0.25 )	\$(0.33 )
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	6,487,912	6,221,947	6,431,494	6,126,292

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Genius Brands International, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****Six Month Period Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (unaudited)**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</b>		
Net Loss	\$(1,624,117)	\$(1,994,792)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided in operating activities:		
Depreciation Expense	29,827	25,108
Amortization Expense	30,323	28,521
Imputed Interest Expense	12,319	13,370
Bad Debt Expense (Recovery)	(1,550 )	55,000
Prepaid Consulting Services Expense	–	190,469
(Gain) Loss on Distribution Contracts	(150,000 )	47,229
(Gain) Loss on Deferred Financing Costs	9,313	–
(Gain) Loss on Impairment of Assets	7,500	70,905
(Gain) Loss on Foreign Currency Translation	36,237	–
(Gain) Loss on Settlement of Accounts Payable	–	(52,447 )
(Gain) Loss on Inventory	–	174,963
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Accounts Receivable	137,368	511,879
Inventory	(2,354 )	(83,233 )
Prepaid Expenses & Other Assets	11,548	68,723
Film and Television Costs, net	(412,512 )	(112,575 )
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	(79,567 )	(371,183 )
Accrued Salaries	37,765	2,830
Deferred Revenue and Advances	58,006	245,495
Other Accrued Expenses	3,596	(54,708 )
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,896,298)	(1,234,446)
<b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>		
Investment in Intangible Assets	(102,220 )	(70,000 )
Investment in Fixed Assets	(180,853 )	(3,151 )
Investment in Capitalized Product Development	–	(16,330 )
Net cash used in investing activities	(283,073 )	(89,481 )
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>		
Sale of Preferred Stock, net of offering costs	–	5,379,915
Sale of Common Stock, net of offering costs	–	355,116
Proceeds from Services Advance	750,000	750,000
Repayment of Services Advance	–	(8,242 )



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Proceeds of Related Party Notes	525	–
Payments of Related Party Notes	–	(103,766 )
Net cash provided by financing activities	750,525	6,373,023
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,428,846)	5,049,096
Beginning Cash and Cash Equivalents	4,301,099	527,110
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$2,872,253	\$5,576,206
<i>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</i>		
Cash paid for income taxes	\$–	\$–
Cash paid for interest	\$1,076	\$2,230
<i>Schedule of non-cash financing and investing activities:</i>		
Common Stock issued as Settlement for Accounts Payable	\$–	\$32,572
Common Stock issued for Prepaid Services	\$–	\$113,998

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Genius Brands International, Inc.****Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity**

	Common Stock		Preferred Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid in Capital	Deficit	
Balance, December 31, 2014 (audited)	6,374,450	\$ 6,375	6,000	\$ 6	\$ 34,866,521	\$(21,152,654)	\$ 13,720,248
Conversion of preferred shares	155,000	155	(310 )	(0 )	(155 )		(0 )
Imputed Interest for Member Advances	—	—	—	—	12,319	—	12,319
Net Loss	—	—	—	—	—	(1,624,117 )	(1,624,117 )
Balance, June 30, 2015 (unaudited)	6,529,450	\$ 6,530	5,690	\$ 6	\$ 34,878,685	\$(22,776,771)	\$ 12,108,450

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Genius Brands International, Inc.**

**Notes to Financial Statements**

**March 31, 2015 (unaudited)**

**Note 1: Organization and Business**

*Organization and Nature of Business*

Genius Brands International, Inc. (“we”, “us”, “our”, “GBI” or the “Company”) is a global content and brand management company dedicated to providing entertaining and enriching “content and products with a purpose” for toddlers to tweens. Led by industry veterans Andrew Heyward (Chief Executive Officer) and Amy Moynihan Heyward (President), the Company produces original content and licenses the rights to that content to a variety of partners. Our licensees include (i) companies to which the audio-visual rights are licensed for exhibition in various formats, including but not limited to, Pay Television, Free or Broadcast Television, Video-on-Demand (“VOD”), subscription on demand (“SVOD”), DVDs/CDs and (ii) companies that develop and distribute products based on our content within different product categories, including but not limited to, toys, electronics, publishing, home goods, stationary, gifts.

The Company owns a portfolio of original children’s entertainment that is targeted at children from toddlers to teens including the award-winning *Baby Genius*, Warren Buffett's *Secret Millionaires Club*, *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* and *Stan Lee's Mighty 7*, the first project from *Stan Lee Comics, LLC*, a joint venture with legendary Stan Lee's POW! Entertainment.

In addition to the Company’s wholly-owned brands, it also acts as licensing agent for certain brands, leveraging its existing licensing infrastructure to expand these brands into new product categories, new retailers, and new territories. These include the best-selling children’s book series, *Llama Llama; Psycho Bunny*, a luxury apparel line; *From Frank*, a humor greeting card and product line; *Celescence Technologies*, the world's leading microencapsulation company.

Consistent with the Company’s strategy of securing widespread distribution for its content in a variety of formats and building awareness and engagement for its brands that in turn drives its consumer products business, the Company has expanded its successful relationship with Comcast beyond the already popular *Baby Genius* on-demand offering. The Company has announced it will launch a new Kid Genius Channel in the Fall of 2015, offering 24-hours of video on-demand content that will be consistent with the Company’s “content and products with a purpose” mission. The new video on-demand channel will include the Company’s own content, in addition to other content the Company will curate, to offer a robust line-up for kids. The Company’s Senior Vice President - International Sales, Andrew Berman,

will oversee the channel.

The Company commenced operations in January 2006, assuming all of the rights and obligations of its then Chief Executive Officer, under an Asset Purchase Agreement between the Company and Genius Products, Inc., in which the Company obtained all rights, copyrights, and trademarks to the brands “Baby Genius,” “Little Genius,” “Kid Genius,” “123 Favorite Music” and “Wee Worship,” and all then existing productions under those titles. In October 2011, the Company (i) changed its domicile to Nevada from California, and (ii) changed its name to Genius Brands International, Inc. from Pacific Entertainment Corporation (the “Reincorporation”). In connection with the Reincorporation, the Company changed its trading symbol from “PENT” to “GNUS”.

On November 15, 2013, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the “Merger Agreement”) with A Squared Entertainment LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“A Squared”), A Squared Holdings LLC, a California limited liability company and sole member of A Squared (the “Parent Member”) and A2E Acquisition LLC, its newly formed, wholly-owned Delaware subsidiary (“Acquisition Sub”). Upon closing of the transactions contemplated under the Merger Agreement (the “Merger”), which occurred concurrently with entering into the Merger Agreement, the Acquisition Sub merged with and into A Squared, and A Squared, as the surviving entity, became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the Merger, the Company acquired the business and operations of A Squared.

On April 2, 2014, the Company filed a certificate of amendment to its Articles of Incorporation to affect a reverse split of its issued and outstanding common stock on a one-for-one-hundred basis. The reverse stock split was effective with FINRA (Financial Industry Regulatory Authority) on April 7, 2014 (the “Reverse Split”). All per share amounts referenced herein are reflective of the Reverse Split.

### *Strategic Initiatives*

During 2014, the Company began a series of strategic initiatives to restructure certain areas of business in an effort to operate more profitably in the long run. This included product sales, content distribution, production, and product development:

During the second quarter of 2014, the Company began phasing out the direct production and sale of physical products including DVDs and CDs and shifted to a licensing model whereby these functions were outsourced to 1) industry experts and category leaders in their respective industries. On July 14, 2014, the Company employed Stone Newman in the newly created position of President - Global Consumer Products to manage all consumer products, licensing and merchandising sales for the Company’s brands.

- 2) Prior to the third quarter of 2014, the Company utilized an agency to license its content to international television broadcasters, home video, and digital distribution outlets. To exert greater control over the

distribution of its expanding portfolio of content, during the second quarter of 2014, the Company formed a new global distribution division and appointed Andrew Berman to the newly created position of Senior Vice President - International Sales to oversee the division and the appointment of regional agents to represent the Company locally in key regions.

3) During the third and fourth quarter of 2014, the Company partnered with various pre-production, production, and animation companies to provide services to the Company for the production of *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* in exchange for a certain percentage of the series' forthcoming adjusted net revenues and the ability to distribute the series in certain languages in certain territories. This model helps to better manage the Company's cash flows while enabling it to exploit territories that would otherwise be challenging to manage and monetize. The Company intends to replicate the model for future productions.

4) The infrastructure the Company has put in place enables it to efficiently exploit a growing portfolio of brands. The Company is actively developing a number of new brands to add to its growing portfolio and consistently looks for existing brands to acquire or act as licensing agent, as with the best-selling line of books, *Llama Llama* which the Company recently signed. The Company remains focused on brands that lend themselves to interactive exploitation in multiple areas and are consistent with the Company's primary point of differentiation: providing multi-media "content and products with a purpose" that entertain and enrich kids.

### *Liquidity*

Historically, the Company has incurred net losses. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$22,776,771 and a total stockholders' equity of \$12,108,450. At June 30, 2015, the Company had current assets of \$3,228,240 including cash of \$2,872,253 and current liabilities of \$2,234,215, including short-term debt to related parties which bears no interest and has no stated maturity of \$411,533 and certain trade payables of \$925,000 to which the Company disputes the claim, resulting in working capital of \$994,025. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company reported a net loss of \$1,624,117 and \$1,994,792, respectively, and reported net cash used by operating activities during six months ended June 30, 2015 of \$1,896,298.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company received \$750,000 in proceeds from the second payment of its long term supply chain services agreement. While the Company believes that these funds plus its working capital will be sufficient to fund operations for the next twelve months, there can be no assurance that cash flows from operations will continue to improve in the near future. If the Company is unable to attain profitable operations and positive operating cash flows in a reasonable period of time, it may need to (i) seek additional funding, (ii) scale back its development plans, or (iii) reduce certain operations.

### **Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### *Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with initial maturities of six months or less to be cash equivalents.

*Reverse Stock Split*

On April 2, 2014, we effected the Reverse Split which was deemed effective with FINRA on April 7, 2014. All common stock share and per share information in this Form 10-Q, including the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, have been adjusted to reflect retrospective application of the Reverse Split, unless otherwise indicated.

*Business Combination*

On November 15, 2013, the Company entered into the Merger Agreement with A Squared, the Member, and the Acquisition Sub. Upon closing of the Merger, which occurred concurrently with entering into the Merger Agreement, our Acquisition Sub merged with and into A Squared, and A Squared, as the surviving entity, became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the Merger, the Company acquired the business and operations of A Squared.

The audited financial statements have been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 805 Business Combinations.

See Note 3 - Business Combination for additional information.

*Principles of Consolidation*

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Genius Brands International, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary A Squared. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

*Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods.

*Financial Statement Reclassification*

Certain account balances from prior periods have been reclassified in these unaudited consolidated financial statements so as to conform to current period classifications.

*Allowance for Sales Returns*

An Allowance for Sales Returns is estimated based on average sales during the previous year. Based on experience, sales growth, and our customer base, the Company concluded that the allowance for sales returns at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 should be \$44,108 and \$45,582, respectively.

*Inventories*



Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (average) or market and consist of finished goods such as DVDs, CDs and other products. A reserve for slow-moving and obsolete inventory is established for all inventory deemed potentially non-saleable by management in the period in which it is determined to be potentially non-saleable. The current inventory is considered properly valued and saleable. The Company concluded that there was an appropriate reserve for slow moving and obsolete inventory of \$53,338 and \$54,673 established as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

#### *Property and Equipment*

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation on property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from two to seven years. Maintenance, repairs, and renewals, which neither materially add to the value of the assets nor appreciably prolong their lives, are charged to expense as incurred. Gains and losses from any dispositions of property and equipment are reflected in the statement of operations.

#### *Goodwill and Intangible Assets*

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for by the purchase method. In accordance with ASC 350 Intangibles Goodwill and Other, goodwill and certain intangible assets are presumed to have indefinite useful lives and are thus not amortized, but subject to an impairment test annually or more frequently if indicators of impairment arise. The Company completes the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment tests at the end of each fiscal year. To test for goodwill impairment, we are required to estimate the fair market value of each of our reporting units, of which we have one. While we may use a variety of methods to estimate fair value for impairment testing, our primary methods are discounted cash flows. We estimate future cash flows and allocations of certain assets using estimates for future growth rates and our judgment regarding the applicable discount rates. Changes to our judgments and estimates could result in a significantly different estimate of the fair market value of the reporting units, which could result in an impairment of goodwill of indefinite lived intangible assets in future periods.

Other intangible assets have been acquired, either individually or with a group of other assets, and were initially recognized and measured based on fair value. Additionally, the Company develops new videos, music, books and digital applications in addition to adding content, improved animation and bonus songs/features to its existing product catalog. In accordance with ASC 350 Intangible Assets and ASC 730 Research and Development, the costs of new product development and significant improvement to existing products are capitalized while routine and periodic alterations to existing products are expensed as incurred. Annual amortization of these intangible assets is computed based on the straight-line method over the remaining economic life of the asset.

### *Films and Televisions Costs*

The Company capitalizes production costs for episodic series produced in accordance with ASC 926-20 Entertainment-Films - Other Assets - Film Costs. Accordingly, production costs are capitalized at actual cost and then charged against revenue based on the initial market revenue evidenced by a firm commitment over the period of commitment. The Company expenses all capitalized costs that exceed the initial market firm commitment revenue in the period of delivery of the episodes.

The Company capitalizes production costs for films produced in accordance with ASC 926-20 Entertainment-Films - Other Assets - Film Costs. Accordingly, production costs are capitalized at actual cost and then charged against revenue quarterly as a cost of production based on the relative fair value of the film(s) delivered and recognized as revenue. The Company evaluates their capitalized production costs annually and limits recorded amounts by their ability to recover such costs through expected future sales.

### *Revenue Recognition*

The Company recognized revenue related to product sales when (i) the seller's price is substantially fixed, (ii) shipment has occurred causing the buyer to be obligated to pay for product, (iii) the buyer has economic substance apart from the seller, and (iv) there is no significant obligation for future performance to directly bring about the resale of the product by the buyer as required by ASC 605 Revenue Recognition.

Revenues associated with the sale of products are recorded when shipped to customers pursuant to approved customer purchase orders resulting in the transfer of title and risk of loss. Cost of sales, rebates and discounts are recorded at the time of revenue recognition or at each financial reporting date.

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with ASC 926-605 Entertainment-Films - Revenue Recognition. Accordingly, the Company recognizes revenue when (i) persuasive evidence of a sale with customer exists, (ii) the film is complete and has been delivered or is available for delivery, (iii) the license period of the arrangement has begun and the customer can begin its exploitation, exhibition, or sale, (iv) the arrangement fee is fixed or determinable, and (v) collection of the arrangement fee is reasonably assured.

For its distribution, TV, and home entertainment income the Company generally enters in to flat fee arrangements to deliver multiple films or episodes. The Company allocates revenue to each film or episode based on their relative fair market values and recognizes revenue as each film or episode is complete and available for delivery.

The Company's licensing and royalty revenue represents both (a) variable payments based on net sales from brand licensees for content distribution rights. These license agreements are held in conjunction with third parties that are responsible for collecting fees due and remitting to the Company its share after expenses. Revenue from licensed products is recognized when realized or realizable based on royalty reporting received from licensees and (b) licensing income the Company recognizes revenue as an agent in accordance with ASC 605-45 Revenue Recognition - Principal Agent. Accordingly, the Company's revenue is its gross billings to its customers less the amounts it pays to suppliers for their products and services.

### *Earnings Per Share*

Basic earnings (loss) per common share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, plus the assumed exercise of all dilutive securities using the treasury stock or "as converted" method, as appropriate. During periods of net loss, all common stock equivalents are excluded from the diluted EPS calculation because they are antidilutive.

### *Income Taxes*

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized based on differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using presently enacted tax rates. At each balance sheet date, the Company evaluates the available evidence about future taxable income and other possible sources of realization of deferred tax assets, and records a valuation allowance that reduces the deferred tax assets to an amount that represents management's best estimate of the amount of such deferred tax assets that more likely than not will be realized.

### *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*

In July 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-11, "Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists" ("ASU No. 2013-11"). ASU No. 2013-11 requires an entity to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion of an unrecognized tax benefit, in the financial statements as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward, with limited exceptions. ASU No. 2013-11 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and may be applied retrospectively. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-08, “Presentation of Financial Statements (Topic 205) and Property, Plant and Equipment (Topic 360): Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity” (“ASU 2014-08”), which raises the threshold for a disposal to qualify as a discontinued operation and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the new definition of a discontinued operation. It also allows an entity to present a discontinued operation even when it has continuing cash flows and significant continuing involvement with the disposed component. The amendments in ASU 2014-08 are effective prospectively for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) of components of an entity that occur within annual periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those years. Early adoption is permitted but only for disposals (or classifications as held for sale) that have not been reported in financial statements previously issued or available for issuance. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)” (“ASU 2014-09”). The core principle of ASU 2014-09 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. To achieve that core principle, an entity should apply the following steps: identify the contract(s) with a customer; identify the performance obligations in the contract; determine the transaction price; allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification Topic No. 605, “Revenue Recognition,” most industry-specific guidance throughout the industry topics of the accounting standards codification, and some cost guidance related to construction-type and production-type contracts. ASU 2014-09 is effective for public entities for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is not permitted. Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt ASU 2014-09. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-12, “Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period” (“ASU 2014-12”). The amendments in ASU 2014-12 require that a performance target that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period be treated as a performance condition. A reporting entity should apply existing guidance in Accounting Standards Codification Topic No. 718, “Compensation - Stock Compensation” (“ASC 718”), as it relates to awards with performance conditions that affect vesting to account for such awards. The amendments in ASU 2014-12 are effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted. Entities may apply the amendments in ASU 2014-12 either: (a) prospectively to all awards granted or modified after the effective date; or (b) retrospectively to all awards with performance targets that are outstanding as of the beginning of the earliest annual period presented in the financial statements and to all new or modified awards thereafter. We are currently evaluating the potential impact of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

Various other accounting pronouncements have been recently issued, most of which represented technical corrections to the accounting literature or were applicable to specific industries, and are not expected to have a material effect on

our financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

### **Note 3: Business Combination**

#### *Overview*

On November 15, 2013, the Company entered into the Merger Agreement with A Squared and Acquisition Sub. Upon closing of the Merger, which occurred concurrently with entering into the Merger Agreement, our Acquisition Sub merged with and into A Squared, and A Squared, as the surviving entity, became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the Merger, the Company acquired the business and operations of A Squared.

Immediately following the Merger, the Company's pre-Merger shareholders and option holders owned approximately 50% of the Company's common stock on a fully-diluted basis, and former A Squared members directly and indirectly owned approximately 50% of the Company's common stock on a fully diluted basis.

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Merger:

At the closing of the Merger, the membership interests of A Squared issued and outstanding immediately prior to the closing of the Merger were cancelled, and the Member received 2,972,183 shares of our common stock.

Upon the closing of the Merger, Klaus Moeller resigned as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chairman, Larry Balaban resigned as the Company's Corporate Secretary, and Howard Balaban resigned as the Company's Vice President of Business Development. Simultaneously with the effectiveness of the Merger, Andrew Heyward was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Amy Moynihan Heyward was appointed as the Company's President and Gregory Payne was appointed as the Company's Corporate Secretary. Mr. Moeller remained a director of the Company until his subsequent resignation on May 15, 2014.

Effective upon the Company's meeting its information obligations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), Michael Meader, Larry Balaban, Howard Balaban and Saul Hyatt resigned as directors of the Company, and Andrew Heyward, Amy Moynihan Heyward, Lynne Segall, Jeffrey Weiss, Joseph "Gray" Davis, William McDonough and Bernard Cahill were appointed as directors of the Company. On December 9, 2013, these changes to the Board of Directors were made effective.

*Accounting Treatment*

Although the transaction was structured as a merger of equals, the merger was treated as a business combination for accounting purposes. The audited financial statements have been prepared using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations. Genius Brands is the deemed accounting acquirer, and A Squared is the deemed accounting acquiree based on the following factors: the transfer of the Company's equity as consideration for the merger, the relative size of the pre-merger assets and revenue bases with the Company holding a significantly larger asset and revenue base as compared to A Squared, and the fact that the Company paid a premium over the pre-combination fair value of A Squared.

*Purchase Price Allocation*

The following table summarizes the final purchase accounting for the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the Merger:

	<b>Allocated Fair Value</b>
Cash	\$283,199
Accounts Receivable	89,398
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	145,574
Property and equipment, net	75,385
Identifiable artistic-related intangible assets (a)	1,740,000
Total assets acquired	2,333,556
Accounts Payable	(404,757 )
Accrued Expenses	(450,000 )
Short Term Debt - Related Party	(516,966 )
Disputed Trade Payable	(925,000 )
Total liabilities assumed	(2,296,723 )
Net assets acquired	36,833
Consideration (b)	10,402,638
Goodwill	\$10,365,805

(a) The value of the identifiable artistic-related intangible assets was determined by an independent Corporate Finance and Business Valuation firm.

(b)

As consideration for the net assets acquired in the Merger, the Company issued an aggregate of 2,972,183 shares of its common stock to the Parent Member, valued at \$3.50 per share. The acquisition-date fair value of the common stock was based on the common stock sold under the private placement on the date of the Merger.

**Note 4: Investment in Stan Lee Comics, LLC**

In November 2009, A Squared formed a joint venture, Stan Lee Comics, LLC, with POW Entertainment Inc. (“POW”), a California corporation, and Archie Comics Publications, Inc. (“Archie”), a New York corporation, to create, produce, and distribute comic books and other intellectual property based on exclusive properties created by Stan Lee and owned by POW. Each of A Squared, POW, and Archie own one-third of Stan Lee Comics, LLC.

Upon formation, the parties agreed that POW would contribute certain properties to Stan Lee Comics, LLC as consideration for its ownership interest. Similarly, A Squared would contribute certain creative development functions and be entitled to the exercise of all audio-visual development, production and distribution rights in all media, as well as all merchandising rights, in and to the contributed properties as consideration for its ownership interest. Finally, Archie would be entitled to all comic book publication and distribution rights in and to the contributed properties as consideration for its ownership interest. Each party would be entitled to one-third of any net proceeds derived from the contributed properties or their derivative works after recoupment of production cost and fees. Stan Lee Comics, LLC is the owner of the *Stan Lee and the Mighty 7* property.

Upon closing of the Merger, the Company assumed the rights to Stan Lee Comics, LLC held by A Squared.

Pursuant to ASC 323-30, as of June 30, 2015, the Company has recorded the Investment in Stan Lee Comics, LLC at \$0 as no monetary consideration was paid by A Squared, or assumed by the Company in the Merger, for the ownership interest in Stan Lee Comics, LLC.

**Note 5: Inventory**

During the second quarter of 2014, the Company began a strategic initiative to restructure its product sales business by phasing out the direct sale of physical products including DVDs and CDs and shifting to a licensing model. On July 14, 2014, the Company employed Stone Newman in the newly created position of President - Worldwide Consumer Products to manage all consumer products, licensing and merchandising sales and rights for the Company’s brands and programming.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had recorded a total reserve of \$53,338 and \$54,673, respectively. In addition to nominal changes to the reserve made during the normal course of business, during the

second quarter of 2014, the Company determined that a portion of its inventory may not be saleable and recorded an additional reserve of \$174,963 which was recorded as a loss on inventory. Finally, during the fourth quarter of 2014, the Company donated certain inventory that had already been reserved for at which time the inventory was written off.



**Note 6: Property and Equipment, Net**

The Company has property and equipment as follows as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>12/31/2014</b>
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 12,385	\$ 12,385
Computer Equipment	40,600	36,649
Leasehold Improvements	176,903	99,778
Software	15,737	15,737
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(62,179 )	(132,129 )
Property and Equipment, Net	\$ 183,446	\$ 32,420

During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recorded depreciation expense of \$29,827 and \$25,108, respectively.

**Note 7: Film and Television Costs and Capitalized Product Development in Process**

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had Film and Television Costs of \$716,465 compared to \$303,953 at December 31, 2014. The increase relates to the development and production of episodes of *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* as well as the development of *Space Princesses* (working title).

As of June 30, 2015, the Company had Capitalized Product Development in Process of \$0 compared to \$7,500 as of December 31, 2014. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company fully impaired these assets.

**Note 8: Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net**

*Goodwill*

In association with the Merger, the Company recognized \$10,365,805 in Goodwill, representing the excess of the fair value of the consideration for the Merger over net identifiable assets acquired (See Note 3 - Business Combination for additional information). Pursuant to ASC 350-20, Goodwill is not subject to amortization but is subject to annual

review to determine if certain events warrant impairment to the Goodwill asset. Through June 30, 2015, the Company has not recognized any impairment related to Goodwill.

*Intangible Assets, Net*

The Company had following intangible assets as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>12/31/2014</b>
Identifiable artistic-related assets (a)	\$1,740,000	\$1,740,000
Trademarks (b)	129,831	129,831
Product Masters (b)	3,257,129	3,257,129
Other Intangible Assets (b)	172,220	70,000
Less Accumulated Amortization (c)	(3,350,844)	(3,320,522)
Intangible Assets, Net	\$1,948,336	\$1,876,438

In association with the Merger, the Company acquired \$1,740,000 in identifiable artistic-related assets. These assets, related to certain properties owned by A Squared and assumed by the Company, were valued using an independent firm during the fourth quarter of 2013. Based on certain legal, regulatory, contractual, and economic factors, the Company has deemed these assets to be indefinite-lived. Hence, pursuant to ASC 350-30, these assets are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Through June 30, 2015, the Company has not recognized any impairment expense related to these assets.

Pursuant to ASC 350-30-35, the Company reviews these intangible assets periodically to determine if the value should be retired or impaired due to recent events. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company did not recognize any impairment of these assets.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized \$30,322 and \$28,521, respectively, in amortization expense related to these intangible assets.

Expected future intangible asset amortization as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

<i>Fiscal Year:</i>	
2015	\$34,835
2016	38,596
2017	17,180
2018	8,655
2019	8,655
Total	\$107,921

### **Note 9: Deferred Revenue and Advances**

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had deferred revenue and advances of \$899,333 and \$882,577, respectively, resulting from the collection of certain advances or minimum guarantees against future royalty payments or flat license fees from its customers. These amounts represent collections for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met.

### **Note 10: Accrued Liabilities**

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company has the following accrued liabilities:

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>12/31/2014</b>
<i>Accrued Salaries and Wages</i>		
Accrued Salaries and Wages	\$88,053	\$50,288
<i>Disputed Trade Payables</i>		
Disputed Trade Payables (a)	925,000	925,000
<i>Services Advance</i>		
Services Advance (b)	1,489,583	739,583
<i>Accrued Expenses</i>		
Other Accrued Expenses	287,178	283,582
Total Accrued Liabilities	\$2,789,814	\$1,998,453

- (a) As part of the Merger, the Company assumed certain liabilities from a previous member of A Squared which has claimed certain liabilities totaling \$925,000. The Company disputes the basis for this liability. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company entered into an exclusive three year agreement with Sony DADC, the optical disc manufacturing and fulfillment arm of Sony, to provide all CD, DVD and BD replication, packaging and distribution to Genius Brands International's direct customers. Under the terms of the long-term, exclusive supply chain services agreement, the Company will order a minimum level of disc replication, packaging and distribution services for its content across all physical media, including DVD, CD, and Blu-ray from Sony DADC.
- (b) As consideration for these minimum order levels, the Company received a total of \$1,500,000, \$750,000 during the first quarter of 2014 and \$750,000 during the first quarter of 2015. At the end of the term, the Company is obligated to repay a pro-rata portion of the advance if it has not ordered a minimum number of DVD/CD units during the term.

**Note 11: Short Term Debt - Related Parties**

As part of the Merger, the Company acquired certain liabilities from A Squared. From time to time, A Squared required short-term advances to fund its operations and provide working capital from its founder, the Company's current Chief Executive Officer, Andrew Heyward. As of June 30, 2015, these advances totaled \$411,533, compared to \$411,008 as of December 31, 2014.

These advances are interest free and have no stated maturity. The Company has applied an imputed interest rate of 6% in accordance with ASC 835-30-45. During six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company recognized imputed interest expense of \$12,319 and \$13,370 as a contribution to additional paid-in capital, respectively.

**Note 12: Stockholders' Equity**

*Common Stock*

As part of the Reincorporation, the total number of authorized shares of common stock was changed to 250,000,000 shares, \$0.001 par value per share. The common stock and additional paid in capital accounts were restated as of December 31, 2012, and for the years then ended, to recognize the change from no par common stock to a par value of \$0.001 per share. The Company conducted a consent solicitation of its stockholders of record as of September 3, 2013 (the "Record Date") to approve certain corporate actions. Stockholders, representing at least a majority of outstanding shares of the Company's voting capital as of the Record Date voted by written consent to approve an amendment to the Company's Article of Incorporation in order to increase the number of common stock authorized to 700,000,000 from 250,000,000. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the total number of authorized shares of common stock was 700,000,000.

As part of the aforementioned consent solicitation, stockholders, representing at least a majority of outstanding shares of the Company's voting capital as of the Record Date, also voted by written consent to approve a proposal to effect the Reverse Split of the Company's common stock in a ratio to be determined by the Board which would not be less than One for Ten (1:10) and not more than One for One-Hundred (1:100), which was to be effective no later than September 30, 2014, at such ratio and at such time in the sole discretion of the Board and in lieu of issuing any fractional shares resulting from the Reverse Split, to issue the next whole share.

On April 2, 2014, we filed an amendment to our Articles of Incorporation to effect the Reverse Split on a one-for-one hundred basis. The Reverse Split was effective with FINRA on April 7, 2014. All common stock share and per share information in this Form 10-Q, including the accompanying consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, have been adjusted to reflect retrospective application of the Reverse Split, unless otherwise indicated. The total number of authorized shares of common stock was not adjusted in conjunction with the Reverse Split.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were 6,529,450 and 6,374,450 shares of common stock issued and outstanding.

### *Preferred Stock*

The Company has 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock authorized with a par value of \$0.001 per share. The Board of Directors is authorized, subject to any limitations prescribed by law, without further vote or action by our stockholders, to issue from time to time shares of preferred stock in one or more series. Each series of preferred stock will have such number of shares, designations, preferences, voting powers, qualifications and special or relative rights or privileges as shall be determined by our board of directors, which may include, among others, dividend rights, voting rights, liquidation preferences, conversion rights and preemptive rights.

On May 12, 2014, the Board of Directors authorized the designation of a class of preferred stock as “Series A Convertible Preferred Stock”. On May 14, 2014, the Company filed the Certificate of Designation, Preferences and Rights of the 0% Series A Convertible Preferred Stock with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada.

Each share of the newly designated Series A Preferred Stock is convertible into shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.001 per share based on a conversion calculation equal to the Base Amount divided by the conversion price. The Base Amount is defined as the sum of (i) the aggregate stated value of the Series A Preferred Stock to be converted and (ii) all unpaid dividends thereon. The stated value of each share of the Series A Preferred Stock is \$1,000 and the initial conversion price is \$2.00 per share, subject to adjustment in the event of stock splits, dividends and recapitalizations. Additionally, in the event the Company issues shares of its common stock or common stock equivalents at a per share price that is lower than the conversion price then in effect, the conversion price shall be adjusted to such lower price, subject to certain exceptions. The Company is prohibited from effecting a conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock to the extent that as a result of such conversion, the investor would beneficially own more than 9.99% in the aggregate of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company’s common stock, calculated immediately after giving effect to the issuance of shares of common stock upon conversion of the Series A Preferred Stock. Holders of our outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock are entitled to vote on an “as converted” basis with the holders of Common Stock, equal to the number of shares of Common Stock into which such shares of Series A Preferred Stock are convertible, but not in excess of any applicable beneficial ownership limitations governing such shares.

On May 14, 2014, we entered into securities purchase agreements with certain accredited investors pursuant to which we sold an aggregate of 6,000 shares of our newly designated Series A Convertible Preferred Stock at a price of \$1,000 per share for gross proceeds to us of \$6,000,000. Related to the sale, we incurred offering costs of \$620,085 resulting in net proceeds of \$5,379,915. The closing of the transaction was subject to certain customary closing conditions and closed on May 15, 2014. On various dates subsequent to June 30, 2015, the Company received notices of conversion from certain preferred stock holders to convert 310 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock into 155,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

On various dates during the six months ended June 30, 2015, the Company received notices of conversion from certain preferred stock holders to convert 310 shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock into 155,000 shares of the Company's common stock.

As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, 5,690 and 6,000 shares of preferred stock, designated as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, were issued and outstanding.

### **Note 13: Stock Options**

The Company has adopted the provisions of ASC 718 - Compensation which requires companies to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of those awards and to recognize the compensation expense over the requisite service period during which the awards are expected to vest.

On December 29, 2008, the Company adopted the Pacific Entertainment Corporation 2008 Stock Option Plan (the "Plan"), which provides for the issuance of qualified and non-qualified stock options to officers, directors, employees and other qualified persons. The Plan is administered by the Board of Directors of the Company or a committee appointed by the Board of Directors. The number of shares of the Company's common stock initially reserved for issuance under the Plan was 110,000. On September 2, 2011, the shareholders holding a majority of the Company's outstanding common stock adopted an amendment to the Company's 2008 Stock Option Plan to increase the number of shares of common stock issuable under the plan to 500,000.

The following schedule summarizes the changes in the Company's stock option plan during the six months ended June 30, 2015:

**Exercise**

**Aggregate**

	<b>Options Outstanding</b>	<b>Price</b>	<b>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life</b>	<b>Intrinsic Value</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share</b>
	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>per Share</b>			
Balance at December 31, 2014	350	\$6.00 - 33.60	2.29 years	\$ -	\$ 15.09
Options Granted	-				
Options Exercised	-				
Options Cancelled	(350 )				
Balance at June 30, 2015	-	-	-	\$ -	\$ -
Exercisable December 31, 2014	350	\$6.00 - 33.60	2.29 years	\$ -	\$ 15.09
Exercisable June 30, 2015	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

The Company did not recognize any stock based compensation expense during the six months ended June 30, 2015 or 2014.

#### **Note 14: Warrants**

The Company has warrants outstanding to purchase up to 300,000 shares of our common stock at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

In connection with the sale of the Company's newly designated Series A Convertible Preferred Stock in May 2014, Chardan Capital Markets LLC ("Chardan") acted as sole placement agent in consideration for which Chardan received a cash fee of \$535,000 and a warrant to purchase up to 300,000 shares of the Company's common stock. These warrants vested immediately, have an exercise price of \$2.00 per share, and have a five year term.



The following schedule summarizes the changes in the Company's outstanding warrants during the six months ended June 30, 2015:

	<b>Warrants Outstanding</b>	<b>Exercise Price</b>	<b>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life</b>	<b>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</b>	<b>Weighted Average Exercise Price per Share</b>
	<b>Number of Shares</b>	<b>per Share</b>			
Balance at December 31, 2014	300,000	\$ 2.00	4.37 years	–	\$ 2.00
Warrants Granted	–				
Warrants Exercised	–				
Warrants Expired	–				
Balance at June 30, 2015	300,000	\$ 2.00	3.88 years	\$ 60,000	\$ 2.00
Exercisable December 31, 2014	300,000	\$ 2.00	4.37 years	–	\$ 2.00
Exercisable June 30, 2015	300,000	\$ 2.00	3.88 years	\$ 60,000	\$ 2.00

#### **Note 15: Income Taxes**

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC 740 Income Taxes, which requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets at currently enacted tax rates for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. A valuation allowance is recognized to reduce the net deferred tax asset to an amount that is more likely than not to be realized.

ASC 740 provides guidance on the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements. ASC 740 requires a company to determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination based upon the technical merits of the position. If the more-likely-than-not threshold is met, a company must measure the tax position to determine the amount to recognize in the financial statements.

At the adoption date of January 1, 2008, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefit which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized.

The Company includes interest and penalties arising from the underpayment of income taxes in the statements of operation in the provision for income taxes. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company had no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and in the state of California. The Company is currently subject to U.S. federal, state and local, or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities since inception of the Company.

**Note 16: Employment Agreements**

On November 15, 2013, as a closing condition to the Merger, the Company entered into five-year employment agreements with Andrew Heyward to serve as Chief Executive Officer and Amy Moynihan Heyward to serve as President of the Company, for which each receives an annual base salary of \$200,000 and \$180,000, respectively.

Effective May 26, 2014, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Andrew Berman for the newly created position of Senior Vice President - International Sales. The agreement has a one year term with an additional one year term renewal subject to approval of the Company and Mr. Berman. The agreement provides for an annual salary of \$175,000.

Effective July 14, 2014, the Company employed Stone Newman in the newly created operating position of President - Worldwide Consumer Products and executed a three-year employment agreement which either party may terminate on the 12th and 24th month anniversary upon thirty (30) days' notice. Mr. Newman will have oversight over all consumer products, licensing and merchandising sales and rights for the Company's brands and programming as well as certain brands he previously managed prior to his employment by the Company. The agreement provides Mr. Newman with an annual salary of \$275,000 plus an additional participation for certain customers.

**Note 17: Lease Commitments**

As of December 31, 2014, the Company leased approximately 2,807 square feet of office space at 9401 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, California pursuant to a standard office lease dated February 3, 2012. The lease had a term of 3 years, from May 1, 2012 through April 30, 2015. The monthly rent was \$10,807 which was to be adjusted upward 3% each year on the anniversary of the lease. The Company did not renew this lease.

During the first quarter of 2015, the Company entered into an agreement for new office space to which it relocated its operations upon the expiration of its prior lease. Effective May 1, 2015, the Company began leasing approximately 3,251 square feet of general office space at 301 North Canon Drive, Suite 305, Beverly Hills, CA 90210 pursuant to a 35-month sub-lease that commenced on May 1, 2015. The Company will pay approximately \$136,542 annually subject to annual escalations of 3%.

Rental expenses incurred for operating leases during the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$72,136 and \$70,344, respectively.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required by the non-cancelable operating lease agreement:

<b>Year</b>	<b>Amount</b>
2015	\$68,226
2016	139,273
2017	143,451
2018	36,214
	\$410,053

**Note 18: Commitment and Contingencies**

In the normal course of the its business, the Company enters into agreements which call for the payment of royalties or “profit” participations for the use of third party intellectual property. For properties such as *Gisele & The Green Team*, *Martha & Friends* and *Stan Lee and the Mighty 7*, the Company is obligated to share net profits with the underlying rights holders on a certain basis, defined in the respective agreements.

In addition, the Company has also entered into an agreement with XingXing Digital Corporation, an animation company based in China pursuant to which in exchange for the investment of 100% of the costs of the animation, XingXing is entitled to receive a specified percentage of the net proceeds received by the Company from the exploitation of those series on which XingXing has provided animation services. The series covered by this arrangement are *Secret Millionaires Club* and *Gisele & the Green Team*.

The Company has also entered into a similar arrangement with another production vendor, BangZoom Entertainment, which calls for a payment of \$120,000 from the net profits received by the Company from the exploitation of the series *Secret Millionaires Club*. The payment represents the deferral of certain costs and fees for audio/video post-production work performed by such vendor in connection with that series.

In July 2014, the Company has partnered with Symbiosis Technologies (“Symbiosis”) in which Symbiosis will provide certain pre-production and production services to the Company for the production of *Thomas Edison’s Secret Lab* in exchange for a certain percentage of the series’ forthcoming adjusted revenues as well as the ability to distribute the series in certain territories.

In December 2014, the Company has partnered with Telegael Teoranta (“Telegael”) in which Telegael will provide certain production services to the Company for the production of *Thomas Edison’s Secret Lab* in exchange for a certain percentage of the series’ forthcoming adjusted revenues as well as the ability to distribute the series in certain territories.

#### **Note 19: Subsequent Events**

Pursuant to FASB ASC 855, Management has evaluated all events and transactions that occurred through the date of issuance of these financial statements. During this period, we did not have any significant subsequent events.

## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.**

*The following discussion and analysis of our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity and capital resources should be read in conjunction with our unaudited financial statements and related notes for the six months ended June 30, 2015. In addition to historical consolidated financial information, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements.*

### **Overview**

The MD&A is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make certain estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

### **Organization**

The Company commenced operations in January 2006, assuming all of the rights and obligations of its then Chief Executive Officer, under an Asset Purchase Agreement between the Company and Genius Products, Inc., in which the Company obtained all rights, copyrights, and trademarks to the brands “Baby Genius,” “Little Genius,” “Kid Genius,” “123 Favorite Music” and “Wee Worship,” and all then existing productions under those titles. In October 2011, the Company (i) changed its domicile to Nevada from California (the “Reincorporation”), and (ii) changed its name to Genius Brands International, Inc. from Pacific Entertainment Corporation. In connection with the Reincorporation, the Company changed its trading symbol from “PENT” to “GNUS”.

On November 15, 2013, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the “Merger Agreement”) with A Squared Entertainment LLC (“A Squared”), A Squared Holdings LLC and A2E Acquisition LLC (the “Merger”). Upon closing of the Merger, which occurred concurrently with entering into the Merger Agreement, our acquisition sub merged with and into A Squared, and A Squared, as the surviving entity, became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. As a result of the Merger, the Company acquired the business and operations of A Squared.

On April 2, 2014, the Company filed a certificate of amendment to its Articles of Incorporation to effect a reverse split of our issued and outstanding common stock on a one-for-one-hundred basis (the “Reverse Split”). The Reverse Split was effective with FINRA on April 7, 2014. All per share amounts referenced herein are reflective of the Reverse Split.

## Our Business

Genius Brands International, Inc. (“we”, “our” or the “Company”) is a global content and brand management company dedicated to providing entertaining and enriching “content and products with a purpose” for toddlers to tweens. Led by industry veterans Andrew Heyward (Chief Executive Officer) and Amy Moynihan Heyward (President), the Company produces original content and licenses the rights to that content to a variety of partners. Our licensees include (i) companies to which the audio-visual rights are licensed for exhibition in various formats such as Pay Television, Free or Broadcast Television, Video-on-Demand (“VOD”), subscription on demand (“SVOD”), DVDs/CDs and more and (ii) companies that develop and distribute products based on our content within different product categories such as toys, electronics, publishing, home goods, stationary, gifts, and more.

The Company owns a portfolio of original children’s entertainment that is targeted at children from toddlers to teens including the award-winning *Baby Genius*, Warren Buffett's *Secret Millionaires Club*, *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* and *Stan Lee's Mighty 7*, the first project from *Stan Lee Comics, LLC*, a joint venture with legendary Stan Lee's POW! Entertainment.

In addition to the Company’s wholly-owned brands, it also acts as licensing agent for certain brands, leveraging its existing licensing infrastructure to expand these brands into new product categories, new retailers, and new territories. These include the best-selling children’s book series, *Llama Llama; Psycho Bunny*, a luxury apparel line; *From Frank*, a humor greeting card and product line; *Celescence Technologies*, the world's leading microencapsulation company.

Consistent with the Company’s strategy of securing widespread distribution for its content in a variety of formats and building awareness and engagement for its brands that in turn drives its consumer products business, the Company has expanded its successful relationship with Comcast beyond the already popular *Baby Genius* on-demand offering. The Company has announced it will launch a new Kid Genius Channel in the Fall of 2015, offering 24-hours of video on-demand content that will be consistent with the Company’s “content and products with a purpose” mission. The new video on-demand channel will include the Company’s own content, in addition to other content the Company will curate to offer a robust line-up for kids. The Company’s Senior Vice President - International Sales, Andrew Berman, will oversee the channel.

## Strategic Initiatives

During 2014, the Company began a series of strategic initiatives to restructure certain areas of business in an effort to operate more profitably in the long run. This included product sales, content distribution, production, and product development:

1) During the second quarter of 2014, the Company began phasing out the direct production and sale of physical products including DVDs and CDs and shifted to a licensing model whereby these functions were outsourced to industry experts and category leaders in their respective industries. On July 14, 2014, the Company employed Stone Newman in the newly created position of President - Global Consumer Products to manage all consumer products, licensing and merchandising sales for the Company's brands.

2) Prior to the third quarter of 2014, the Company utilized an agency to license its content to international television broadcasters, home video, and digital distribution outlets. To exert greater control over the distribution of its expanding portfolio of content, during the second quarter of 2014, the Company formed a new global distribution division and appointed Andrew Berman to the newly created position of Senior Vice President - International Sales to oversee the division and the appointment of regional agents to represent the Company locally in key regions.

3) During the third and fourth quarter of 2014, the Company partnered with various pre-production, production, and animation companies to provide services to the Company for the production of *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* in exchange for a certain percentage of the series' forthcoming adjusted net revenues and the ability to distribute the series in certain languages in certain territories. This model helps to better manage the Company's cash flows while enabling it to exploit territories that would otherwise be challenging to manage and monetize. The Company intends to replicate the model for future productions.

4) The infrastructure the Company has put in place enables it to efficiently exploit a growing portfolio of brands. The Company is actively developing a number of new brands to add to its growing portfolio and consistently looks for existing brands to acquire or act as licensing agent, as with the best-selling line of books, *Llama Llama* which the Company recently signed. The Company remains focused on brands that lend themselves to interactive exploitation in multiple areas and are consistent with the Company's primary point of differentiation: providing multi-media "content and products with a purpose" that entertain and enrich kids.

## Results of Operations

*Comparison of Results of Operations for the Three months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014*

Below is a discussion of our operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2015, compared to our operating results during the comparable period in 2014. Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2015, was \$987,855 compared to net loss of \$1,140,629 for the three months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in net loss resulted from a decrease in revenue, a decrease in costs of sales, increases in operating costs, and offset by decreases in other expense, as described below.

**Revenues.**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Licensing & Royalties	\$ 121,322	\$ 61,887	\$ 59,435	96%
Television & Home Entertainment	8,875	36,814	(27,939)	-76%
Product Sales	3,418	118,495	(115,077)	-97%
Total Revenue	\$ 133,615	\$ 217,196	\$(83,581)	-38%

Licensing and royalty revenue includes items for which we license the rights to our copyrights and trademarks of our brands and those of the brands in which we act as a licensing agent. During the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014, this category increased \$59,435 due to an increase in revenue from our established agency properties while the licensing programs of wholly owned properties are in development.

Television & Home Entertainment revenue is generated from distribution of our properties for broadcast on television, VOD, or SVOD in domestic and foreign markets and the sale of DVDs for home entertainment. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, Television & Home Entertainment revenue decreased \$27,939 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014, as we continue to earn revenue from properties previously completed and in anticipation of meeting revenue recognition criteria of our current but yet to be delivered projects.

Product sales represent physical products including DVDs and CDs in which the Company holds intellectual property rights such as trademarks and copyrights to the characters and which are manufactured and sold by the Company either directly at wholesale to retail stores or online retailers. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, product sales decreased by \$115,077 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 due to the change in business strategy whereby the Company has transitioned from the direct production and sale of physical products to a licensing model in which these functions were outsourced to industry experts and category leaders. The Company plans to re-launch its *Baby Genius* brand in September 2015 utilizing a newly designed and expanded product line, resulting in a period-over-period loss in *Baby Genius* sales.



**Cost of Sales and Operating Costs.**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Cost of Sales	\$15,431	\$105,112	\$(89,681)	-85%
General and Administrative	872,960	855,240	17,720	2%
Marketing and Sales	162,885	86,038	76,847	89%
Depreciation & Amortization	34,540	29,088	5,452	19%
Total Costs of Sales and Operating Costs	\$1,085,816	\$1,075,478	\$10,338	1%

Cost of Sales decreased \$89,681 during three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period of 2014. The decrease was a result of the decrease in product sales discussed above as well as the elimination of the overhead associated with handling sales directly, replaced by a new model whereby these costs will be borne by our licensee.

General and Administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, employee benefits, as well as other expenses associated with finance, legal, facilities, marketing, rent, and other professional services. General and administrative costs for the three months ended June 30, 2015 increased \$17,720 compared to the same period in 2014. The aggregate increase for the category results primarily from increases in salaries and related expense of \$242,878 related to the addition of several critical hires in sales functions and digital initiatives offset by decreases in professional fees of \$169,902 and decrease in bad debt expense of \$55,000.

Marketing and sales expenses increased \$76,847 for the three months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to the amortization of certain prepaid marketing expenses which did not exist in the prior period as well as increased public relations activity and other advertising expenses related to the increased size of the portfolio of brands the Company promotes.

**Other Income / (Expense).**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Other Income	\$2,548	\$7,156	\$(4,608)	-64%
Interest Expense	(1,077)	(21)	(1,056)	5029%
Interest Expense - Related Parties	(6,229)	(6,207)	(22)	0%
Gain (Loss) on Distribution Contracts	—	(50,000)	50,000	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt	—	12,593	(12,593)	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets	—	(70,905)	70,905	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Inventory	—	(174,963)	174,963	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Foreign Currency Translation	(30,896)	—	(30,896)	100%

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Net Other Income (Expense)	\$ (35,654 )	\$ (282,347 )	\$ 246,693	-87%
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Other income (expense) represents non-operating income and expense such as interest expense and the gain or loss on certain transactions as well as unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments related to certain contracts denominated in foreign currency. For the three months ended June 30, 2015, other income (expense) totaled \$(35,654) compared to \$(282,347) in the prior period of 2014. This \$246,693 decrease was primarily the result of during the second quarter of 2014, the Company determined that a portion of its inventory was not saleable and recorded an additional reserve of \$174,963 which was recorded as a loss on inventory.

*Comparison of Results of Operations for the Six months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014*

Below is a discussion of our operating results for the six months ended June 30, 2015, compared to our operating results during the comparable period in 2014. Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2015, was \$1,624,117 compared to net loss of \$1,994,792 for the six months ended June 30, 2014. The decrease in net loss resulted from increases in revenue, offset by decreases in costs of sales, increases in operating costs, and increases in other income, as described below.

**Revenues.**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Licensing & Royalties	\$273,987	\$101,567	\$172,420	170%
Television & Home Entertainment	141,089	87,275	53,814	62%
Product Sales	15,173	204,636	(189,463)	-93%
Total Revenue	\$430,249	\$393,478	\$36,771	9%

Licensing and royalty revenue includes items for which we license the rights to our copyrights and trademarks of our brands and those of the brands for which we act as a licensing agent. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014, this category increased \$172,420 due to increased licensing activity given the strategic restructuring of the Company in 2014.

Television & Home Entertainment revenue is generated from distribution of our properties for broadcast on television, VOD, or SVOD in domestic and foreign markets and the sale of DVDs for home entertainment. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, Television & Home Entertainment revenue increased \$53,814 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014, representing expanded distribution of our content given the strategic restructuring of the Company in 2014.

Product sales represent physical products including DVDs and CDs in which the Company holds intellectual property rights such as trademarks and copyrights to the characters and which are manufactured and sold by the Company either directly at wholesale to retail stores or online retailers. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, product sales decreased by \$189,463 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 due to the change in business strategy whereby the Company has transitioned from the direct production and sale of physical products to a licensing model in which these functions were outsourced to industry experts and category leaders. The Company plans to re-launch its *Baby Genius* brand in September 2015 utilizing a newly designed and expanded product line, resulting in a period-over-period loss in *Baby Genius* sales.

**Cost of Sales and Operating Costs.**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Cost of Sales	\$22,572	\$241,147	\$(218,575)	-91%
General and Administrative	1,809,270	1,720,340	88,930	5%
Marketing and Sales	251,060	124,693	126,367	101%
Depreciation & Amortization	60,150	53,629	6,521	12%
Total Costs of Sales and Operating Costs	\$2,143,052	\$2,139,809	\$3,243	0%

Cost of Sales decreased \$218,575 during the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the same period of 2014. The decrease was a result of the decrease in product sales discussed above as well as the elimination of the overhead associated with handling sales directly, replaced by a new model whereby these costs will be borne by our licensee.

General and Administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, employee benefits, as well as other expenses associated with finance, legal, facilities, marketing, rent, and other professional services. General and administrative costs for the six months ended June 30, 2015 increased \$88,930 compared to the same period in 2014. The aggregate increase for the category results primarily from increases in salaries and related expense of \$424,924 related to the addition of several critical hires in sales functions and digital initiatives as well as increases in other general and administration expenses of \$34,708 offset by decreases in professional fees of \$315,944 and bad debt expense of \$56,550.

Marketing and sales expenses increased \$126,367 for the six months ended June 30, 2015 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to the amortization of certain prepaid marketing expenses which did not exist in the prior period as well as increased public relations activity and other advertising expenses related to the increased size of the portfolio of brands the Company promotes.

**Other Income / (Expense).**

	<b>6/30/2015</b>	<b>6/30/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>	<b>% Change</b>
Other Income	\$5,545	\$7,789	\$(2,244 )	-29%
Interest Expense	(1,490 )	(2,230 )	740	33%
Interest Expense - Related Parties	(12,319 )	(13,370 )	1,051	8%
Gain (Loss) on Distribution Contracts	150,000	(47,229 )	197,229	-418%
Gain (Loss) on Impairment of Assets	(7,500 )	–	(7,500 )	100%
Gain (Loss) on Extinguishment of Debt	–	52,447	(52,447 )	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Assets	–	(70,905 )	70,905	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Inventory	–	(174,963 )	174,963	-100%
Gain (Loss) on Deferred Financing Costs	(9,313 )	–	(9,313 )	100%
Gain (Loss) on Foreign Currency Translation	(36,237 )	–	(36,237 )	100%
Net Other Income (Expense)	\$88,686	\$(248,461 )	\$337,147	-136%

Other income (expense) represents non-operating income and expense such as interest expense and the gain or loss on certain transactions as well as unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments related to certain contracts denominated in foreign currency. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, other income totaled \$88,686 compared to other expense of \$(248,461) in the same period of 2014. This \$337,147 increase was primarily the result of the termination of a distribution contract in which certain amounts that had been included in deferred revenue were recognized as a gain on the settlement of the contract as well as an additional amounts due to the Company to terminate the contract.

**Liquidity***Comparison of Cash Flows for the Six months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014*

Cash totaled \$2,872,253 and \$5,576,206 at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The change in cash is as follows:

	<b>6/31/2015</b>	<b>6/31/2014</b>	<b>Change</b>
Cash Used in Operating Activities	\$(1,896,298)	\$(1,234,446)	\$(661,852 )
Cash Used in Investing Activities	(283,073 )	(89,481 )	(193,592 )
Cash Provided by Financing Activities	750,525	6,373,023	(5,622,498)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash	\$(1,428,846)	\$5,049,096	\$(6,477,942)

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, our primary source of cash was financing activity, specifically the collection of the second payment related to a long-term, exclusive supply chain services agreement. During the comparable period in 2014, our primary source of cash was financing activity including the collection of the first payment related to a long-term, exclusive supply chain services contract and the receipt of funds related to the issuance of preferred stock. During both periods, these funds were primarily used to fund operations as well as investments in fixed assets, intangible assets, and capitalized product development.

### ***Operating Activities***

Cash used in operating activities in the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,896,298 as compared to a use of \$1,234,446 during the prior period, representing an increase in cash used in operating activities of \$661,852 based on the operating results discussed above as well as increases in film and television costs related to the development and production of episodes of *Thomas Edison's Secret Lab* and the development of *Space Princesses* (working title).

### ***Investing Activities***

Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$283,073 as compared to a use of \$89,481 for the comparable period in 2014, representing an increase in cash used in investing activities of \$193,592. This increase is primarily the result of approximately \$121,000 spent on leasehold improvements in our new leased office space.

### ***Financing Activities***

Cash generated from financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2015 was \$750,525 as compared to \$6,373,023 generated in the comparable period in 2014 representing a decrease of \$5,622,498. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company entered into a long-term, exclusive supply chain services agreement in which it will order a minimum level of disc replication, packaging and distribution services for its content across all physical media. As consideration for these minimum order levels, the Company received a total of \$1,500,000, \$750,000 during the first quarter of 2014 and \$750,000 during the first quarter of 2015. Additionally, during the first quarter of 2014, the Company received net proceeds of \$355,116 from the sale of its common stock offset by repayment of related party notes of \$103,766. During the second quarter of 2014, the Company received net proceeds from the sale of its preferred stock of \$5,379,915.

### **Capital Resources**

As of June 30, 2015, the Company does not have any material commitments for capital expenditures.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The Company's accounting policies are described in the notes to the financial statements. Below is a summary of the critical accounting policies, among others, that management believes involve significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its financial statements.

#### ***Principles of Consolidation***

The Company's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Genius Brands International, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary A Squared. All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### ***Goodwill and Intangible Assets***

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations accounted for by the purchase method. In accordance with ASC Topic 350 Intangibles Goodwill and Other, goodwill and certain intangible assets are presumed to have indefinite useful lives and are thus not amortized, but subject to an impairment test annually or more frequently if indicators of impairment arise. The Company completes the annual goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible asset impairment tests during the fourth quarter. To test for goodwill impairment, we are required to estimate the fair market value of each of our reporting units. While we may use a variety of methods to estimate fair value for impairment testing, our primary methods are discounted cash flows. We estimate future cash flows and allocations of certain assets using estimates for future growth rates and our judgment regarding the applicable discount rates. Changes to our judgments and estimates could result in a significantly different estimate of the fair market value of the reporting units, which could result in an impairment of goodwill.

Other intangible assets have been acquired, either individually or with a group of other assets, and were initially recognized and measured based on fair value. Additionally, the Company develops new videos, music, books and digital applications in addition to adding content, improved animation and bonus songs/features to its existing product catalog. In accordance with ASC 350 Intangible Assets and ASC 730 Research and Development, the costs of new product development and significant improvement to existing products are capitalized while routine and periodic alterations to existing products are expensed as incurred. Annual amortization of these intangible assets is computed based on the straight-line method over the remaining economic life of the asset.

#### *Films and Televisions Costs*

The Company capitalizes production costs for episodic series produced in accordance with ASC 926-20 Entertainment-Films - Other Assets - Film Costs. Accordingly, production costs are capitalized at actual cost and then charged against revenue based on the initial market revenue evidenced by a firm commitment over the period of commitment. The Company expenses all capitalized costs that exceed the initial market firm commitment revenue in the period of delivery of the episodes.

The Company capitalizes production costs for films produced in accordance with ASC 926-20 Entertainment-Films - Other Assets - Film Costs. Accordingly, production costs are capitalized at actual cost and then charged against revenue quarterly as a cost of production based on the relative fair value of the film(s) delivered and recognized as revenue. The Company evaluates their capitalized production costs annually and limits recorded amounts by their ability to recover such costs through expected future sales.



### *Revenue Recognition*

The Company recognized revenue related to product sales when (i) the seller's price is substantially fixed, (ii) shipment has occurred causing the buyer to be obligated to pay for product, (iii) the buyer has economic substance apart from the seller, and (iv) there is no significant obligation for future performance to directly bring about the resale of the product by the buyer as required by ASC 605 Revenue Recognition.

Revenues associated with the sale of products, are recorded when shipped to customers pursuant to approved customer purchase orders resulting in the transfer of title and risk of loss. Cost of sales, rebates and discounts are recorded at the time of revenue recognition or at each financial reporting date.

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 926-605 Entertainment-Films - Revenue Recognition. Accordingly, the Company recognizes revenue when (i) persuasive evidence of a sale with customer exists, (ii) the film is complete and has been delivered or is available for delivery, (iii) the license period of the arrangement has begun and the customer can begin its exploitation, exhibition, or sale, (iv) the arrangement fee is fixed or determinable, and (v) collection of the arrangement fee is reasonably assured.

For its distribution, TV, and home entertainment income the Company generally enters in to flat fee arrangements to deliver multiple films or episodes. The Company allocates revenue to each film or episode based on their relative fair market values and recognizes revenue as each film or episode is complete and available for delivery.

The Company's licensing and royalty revenue represents both (a) variable payments based on net sales from brand licensees for content distribution rights. These license agreements are held in conjunction with third parties that are responsible for collecting fees due and remitting to the Company its share after expenses. Revenue from licensed products is recognized when realized or realizable based on royalty reporting received from licensees and (b) licensing income the Company recognizes revenue as an agent in accordance with ASC 605-45 Revenue Recognition - Principal Agent. Accordingly, the Company's revenue is its gross billings to its customers less the amounts it pays to suppliers for their products and services.

### *Other Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of

revenues and expenses during the reporting periods.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of June 30, 2015, the Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

#### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the ‘Exchange Act’). Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer’s management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon our evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective for the period ended June 30, 2015, in ensuring that information that we are required to disclose in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms.

#### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2015 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Inherent Limitations Over Internal Controls**

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error and circumvention by collusion or overriding of controls. Accordingly, even an effective internal control system may not prevent or detect material misstatements on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

***PART II - OTHER INFORMATION***

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

There are presently no material pending legal proceedings to which the Company is a party or as to which any of its property is subject, and no such proceedings are known to the Company to be threatened or contemplated against it.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.**

There have been no changes to the Risk Factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.**

None.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.**

There were no reportable events under this Item 3 during the six months ended June 30, 2015.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

**Exhibit No. Description**

31.1 Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.

31.2 Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.

32.1 Section 906 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.

32.2 Section 906 Certification of Chief Financial Officer

101.INS XBRL Instance Document

101.SCH XBRL Schema Document

101.CAL XBRL Calculation Linkbase Document

101.DEF XBRL Definition Linkbase Document

101.LAB XBRL Label Linkbase Document

101.PRE XBRL Presentation Linkbase Document

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**GENIUS BRANDS INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

Date: August 14, 2015 By: */s/ Andrew Heyward*  
Andrew Heyward, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 14, 2015 By: */s/ Michael Handelman*  
Michael Handelman, Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)