WEYERHAEUSER CO Form 10-O April 26, 2019

**UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  $^{\rm x}$  1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

TO FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM

**COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-4825** 

WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY

Washington 91-0470860

(State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification Number)

220 Occidental Avenue South

98104-7800 Seattle, Washington

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(206) 539-3000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). x Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer o Non-accelerated filer o

Smaller reporting company o Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). o Yes  $\times$  No

As of April 22, 2019, 744,786,160 shares of the registrant's common stock (\$1.25 par value) were outstanding.

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# FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

(31,332,332,7	QUART	יבס	
	ENDED		
	MARCI		7T T
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER-SHARE FIGURES	2019	2018	л
Net salas (Nets 2)			-
Net sales (Note 3)	\$1,643		)
Costs of sales	1,322	1,348	
Gross margin	321	517	
Selling expenses	21	23	
General and administrative expenses	89	78	
Research and development expenses	1	2	
Other operating costs, net (Note 15)	36	10	
Operating income	174	404	
Non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs	(470)	(24	)
Interest income and other	10	12	
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(107)	(93	)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(393)	299	
Income taxes (Note 16)	104	(30	)
Net earnings (loss)	\$(289)	\$269	
Earnings (loss) per share, basic and diluted (Note 4)	\$(0.39)	\$0.35	
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands) (Note 4):	Φ(0.5)	φ 0.55	
Basic	746,603	756.81	5
Diluted	746,603	-	
	, 40,003	132,40	_
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.			

# WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	QUAR	TER	
	ENDE	D	
DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARC	HMARC	CH
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	
Net earnings (loss)	\$(289)	\$ 269	
Other comprehensive income (loss):			
Foreign currency translation adjustments	14	(15	)
Changes in unamortized actuarial loss, net of tax expense of \$111 and \$19	344	54	
Changes in unamortized net prior service credit, net of tax benefit of \$0 and \$0		(1	)
Total other comprehensive income	358	38	
Total comprehensive income	\$69	\$ 307	
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.			

# WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

(UNAUDITED)			
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA	MARCH 3 2019	1, DECEMBEF 2018	R 31,
ASSETS	2017	2010	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 259	\$ 334	
Receivables, less discounts and allowances of \$1 and \$1	398	337	
Receivables for taxes	163	137	
Inventories (Note 5)	451	389	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	141	152	
Current restricted financial investments held by variable interest entities (Note 6)	362	253	
Total current assets	1,774	1,602	
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$3,424 and \$3,376	1,917	1,857	
Construction in progress	102	136	
Timber and timberlands at cost, less depletion	12,586	12,671	
Minerals and mineral rights, less depletion	291	294	
Deferred tax assets	18	15	
Other assets	444	312	
Restricted financial investments held by variable interest entities (Note 6)		362	
Total assets	\$ 17,132	\$ 17,249	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	, ,	,	
Current liabilities:			
Current maturities of long-term debt (Note 9)	\$ —	\$ 500	
Current debt (nonrecourse to the company) held by variable interest entities (Note 6)	302	302	
Borrowings on line of credit (Note 9)	245	425	
Accounts payable	243	222	
Accrued liabilities (Note 8)	411	490	
Total current liabilities	1,201	1,939	
Long-term debt (Note 9)	6,156	5,419	
Deferred tax liabilities	34	43	
Deferred pension and other postretirement benefits (Note 7)	542	527	
Other liabilities	398	275	
Total liabilities	8,331	8,203	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)			
Equity:			
Common shares: \$1.25 par value; authorized 1,360 million shares; issued and			
outstanding: 744,767 thousand shares at March 31, 2019 and 746,391 thousand shares	at931	933	
December 31, 2018			
Other capital	8,121	8,172	
Retained earnings	543	1,093	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (Note 12)	•	) (1,152	)
Total equity	8,801	9,046	
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 17,132	\$ 17,249	
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.			

# WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	QUARTER ENDED MARCHMARCI		
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	
Cash flows from operations:	* (***)	* * * * *	
Net earnings (loss)	\$(289)	\$ 269	
Noncash charges to earnings (loss):	100	100	
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	123	120	
Basis of real estate sold	48	12	
Deferred income taxes, net	(123)		
Pension and other postretirement benefits (Note 7)	478	34	
Share-based compensation expense	9	9	
Change in:	(77 )	(02	\
Receivables, less allowances		(83	)
Receivables and payables for taxes		5	\
Inventories Proposid expanses		(66	)
Prepaid expenses		(5	)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	, ,	(173	)
Pension and postretirement benefit contributions and payments Other	(14 ) 9	(16 20	)
		136	
Net cash from (used in) operations Cash flows from investing activities:	(14 )	130	
Capital expenditures for property and equipment	(41)	(61	`
Capital expenditures for property and equipment  Capital expenditures for timberlands reforestation	, ,	(20	)
Proceeds from note receivable held by variable interest entities (Note 6)	253	(20	,
Other	18	5	
Net cash from (used in) investing activities	212	(76	)
Cash flows from financing activities:	212	(70	,
Cash dividends on common shares	(254)	(242	)
Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt (Note 9)	739		,
Payments on long-term debt (Note 9)	(512)	(62.	)
Proceeds from borrowings on line of credit (Note 9)	245		,
Payments on line of credit (Note 9)	(425)	_	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	2	25	
Repurchases of common shares (Note 4)	(60)		
Other		(7	)
Net cash used in financing activities		(286	)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(226	)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	334	824	,
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$259	\$ 598	
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest, net of amount capitalized of \$1 and \$3	\$127	\$ 105	
Income taxes	\$50	\$ 17	
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.			

# WEYERHAEUSER COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA	QUART ENDED MARCH 2019	
Common shares:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$933	\$944
Issued for exercised stock options and vested restricted stock units	1	2
Repurchases of common shares (Note 4)	(3)	_
Balance at end of period	931	946
Other Capital:		
Balance at beginning of period	8,172	8,439
Issued for exercise of stock options	2	24
Repurchases of common shares (Note 4)	(57)	
Shared-based compensation	9	9
Other transactions, net	(5)	(6)
Balance at end of period	8,121	8,466
Retained Earnings:		
Balance at beginning of period	1,093	1,078
Net earnings (loss)	(289)	269
Dividends on common shares	(254)	(242)
Adjustments related to accounting pronouncements and other	(7)	260
Balance at end of period	543	1,365
Accumulated other comprehensive loss:		
Balance at beginning of period	(1,152)	(1,562)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	358	(224)
Balance at end of period (Note 12)	(794)	(1,786)
Total equity:		
Balance at end of period	\$8,801	\$8,991
Dividends paid per common share	\$0.34	\$0.32
See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.		

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# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND 2018

#### NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Our consolidated financial statements provide an overall view of our results of operations and financial condition.

They include our accounts and the accounts of entities we control, including:

majority-owned domestic and foreign subsidiaries and

variable interest entities in which we are the primary beneficiary.

They do not include our intercompany transactions and accounts, which are eliminated.

Throughout these Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, unless specified otherwise, references to "Weyerhaeuser," "we," "the company" and "our" refer to the consolidated company.

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. Except as otherwise disclosed in these Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, such adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission pertaining to interim financial statements. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in our annual Consolidated Financial Statements have been condensed or omitted. These quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. Results of operations for interim periods should not necessarily be regarded as indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year.

#### **NOTE 2: BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

We are principally engaged in growing and harvesting timber; manufacturing, distributing, and selling products made from trees; maximizing the value of every acre we own through the sale of higher and better use (HBU) properties; and monetizing reserves of minerals, oil, gas, coal, and other natural resources on our timberlands. Our business segments are categorized based primarily on products and services which includes:

•Timberlands – logs, timber and leased recreational access;

Real Estate & ENR – sales of HBU properties, rights to explore for and extract hard minerals, construction materials, oil and gas production, wind, solar and coal; and

Wood Products – softwood lumber, engineered wood products, structural panels, medium density fiberboard and building materials distribution.

A reconciliation of our business segment information to the respective information in the <u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u> is as follows:

	QUARTER ENDED		
DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH	MARCH	
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	
Sales to unaffiliated customers:			
Timberlands <sup>(1)</sup>	\$431	\$ 490	
Real Estate & ENR	118	51	
Wood Products <sup>(1)</sup>	1,094	1,324	
	1,643	1,865	
Intersegment sales:			
Timberlands <sup>(1)</sup>	125	142	
Total sales	1,768	2,007	
Intersegment eliminations <sup>(1)</sup>	(125)	(142)	
Total	\$ 1,643	\$ 1,865	
Net contribution to earnings:			
Timberlands	\$ 120	\$ 189	
Real Estate & ENR	55	25	
Wood Products	69	270	
	244	484	
Unallocated items <sup>(2)</sup>	(530)	(92)	
Net contribution to earnings (loss)	(286)	392	
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(107)	(93)	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(393)	299	
Income taxes	104	(30)	
Net earnings (loss)	\$ (289 )	\$ 269	
		~	

In January 2019, we changed the way we report our Canadian Forestlands operations, which are primarily operated to supply Weyerhaeuser's Canadian Wood Products manufacturing facilities. As a result, we no longer report

Unallocated items are gains or charges not related to, or allocated to, an individual operating segment. They include all or a portion of items such as share-based compensation, pension and postretirement costs, elimination of intersegment most in increase at the contract of the contra

<sup>(1)</sup> related intersegment sales in the Timberlands segment and we will now record the minimal associated third-party log sales in the Wood Products segment. These collective transactions did not contribute any earnings to the Timberlands segment. We have conformed prior period presentation with the current period.

<sup>(2)</sup> intersegment profit in inventory and LIFO, foreign exchange transaction gains and losses, interest income and other as well as legacy obligations.

#### **NOTE 3: REVENUE RECOGNITION**

A reconciliation of revenue recognized by our major products:

	QUARTE	R ENDED
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS		MARCH
	2019	2018
Net sales to unaffiliated customers:		
Timberlands Segment		
Delivered logs <sup>(1)</sup> :		
West		
Domestic sales	\$ 101	\$ 137
Export grade sales	104	129
Subtotal West	205	266
South	159	157
North	29	25
Subtotal delivered logs sales	393	448
Stumpage and pay-as-cut timber	9	15
Recreational and other lease revenue	15	14
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	14	13
Net sales attributable to Timberlands segment	431	490
Real Estate & ENR Segment		
Real estate	96	34
Energy and natural resources	22	17
Net sales attributable to Real Estate & ENR segment	118	51
Wood Products Segment		
Structural lumber	444	569
Oriented strand board	160	232
Engineered solid section	116	129
Engineered I-joists	70	78
Softwood plywood	44	50
Medium density fiberboard	38	43
Complementary building products	137	137
Other <sup>(3)</sup>	85	86
Net sales attributable to Wood Products segment	1,094	1,324
Total net sales	\$ 1,643	\$ 1,865

In January 2019, we changed the way we report our Canadian Forestlands operations. We no longer report

#### NOTE 4: NET EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE AND SHARE REPURCHASES

Our basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share were:

(0.39) during first quarter 2019 and

\$0.35 during first quarter 2018.

<sup>(1)</sup> intersegment sales related to these operations in the Timberlands segment and now record the minimal associated third-party log sales within the Wood Products segment. Refer to <u>Note 2: Business Segments</u> for additional details.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other Timberlands sales include seeds and seedlings from our nursery operations and chips.

Other Wood Products sales include chips, other byproducts and third-party residual log sales from our Canadian Forestlands operations.

Basic earnings (loss) per share is net earnings (loss) divided by the weighted average number of our outstanding common shares, including stock equivalent units where there is no circumstance under which those shares would not be issued. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is net earnings (loss) divided by the sum of the weighted average number of our outstanding common shares and the effect of our outstanding dilutive potential common shares.

QUARTER ENDED

SHARES IN THOUSANDS

MARCHMARCH
2019 2018

Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic

746,603 756,815

Dilutive potential common shares:

Stock options—1,682Restricted stock units—569Performance share units—396Total effect of outstanding dilutive potential common shares—2,647Weighted average common shares outstanding – dilutive746,603759,462

We use the treasury stock method to calculate the dilutive effect of our outstanding stock options, restricted stock units and performance share units. Share-based payment awards that are contingently issuable upon the achievement of specified performance or market conditions are included in our diluted earnings per share calculation in the period in which the conditions are satisfied.

Potential Shares Not Included in the Computation of Diluted Earnings per Share

The following shares were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because they were either antidilutive or the required performance or market conditions were not met. Some or all of these shares may be dilutive potential common shares in future periods.

QUARTER ENDED

 ${\rm SHARES~IN~THOUSANDS}_{2019-2018}^{\rm MARCMARCH}$ 

2019 2018 Stock options 2,862 1,301

Restricted stock units 383 — Performance share units 1,356 744

#### Share Repurchase Program

On February 7, 2019, our board of directors approved and announced a new share repurchase program (the 2019 Repurchase Program) under which we are authorized to repurchase up to \$500 million of outstanding shares. On the same day, the board terminated the remaining repurchase authorization under the share repurchase program approved by the board in November 2015.

During first quarter 2019, we repurchased over 2.3 million common shares for approximately \$60 million under the 2019 Repurchase Program. As of March 31, 2019, we had remaining authorization of \$440 million for future share repurchases. We did not repurchase shares during first quarter 2018.

All common share purchases under the share repurchase program are expected to be made in open-market transactions. We record share repurchases upon trade date as opposed to the settlement date when cash is disbursed. We record a liability for repurchases that have not yet been settled as of period end. There were no unsettled repurchases as of March 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018.

Inventories include raw materials, work-in-process, finished goods, as well as materials and supplies.

DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH 31, 2019	DECEMBER 31, 2018
LIFO inventories:		
Logs	\$ 15	\$ 11
Lumber, plywood, panels and fiberboard	83	75
Other products	12	10
FIFO or moving average cost inventories:		
Logs	58	35
Lumber, plywood, panels, fiberboard and engineered wood products	105	86
Other products	86	83
Materials and supplies	92	89
Total	\$ 451	\$ 389

LIFO – the last-in, first-out method – applies to major inventory products held at our U.S. locations. The FIFO – the first-in, first-out method – or moving average cost methods apply to the balance of our U.S. raw material and product inventories, all material and supply inventories and all foreign inventories. If we used FIFO for all LIFO inventories, our stated inventories would have been higher by \$79 million as of March 31, 2019, and December 31, 2018.

#### NOTE 6: VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

From 2002 through 2004, we sold certain nonstrategic timberlands. As a result of these sales, buyer-sponsored and monetization variable interest entities, or special purpose entities (SPEs), were formed. We are the primary beneficiary and consolidate the assets and liabilities of the SPEs involved in these transactions.

The assets of the buyer-sponsored SPEs are financial investments which consist of bank guarantees. These bank guarantees are in turn backed by bank notes, which are the liabilities of the monetization SPEs. Interest earned from the financial investments within the buyer-sponsored SPEs is used to pay interest accrued on the corresponding monetization SPE's note.

During first quarter 2019, we received \$253 million in proceeds related to our buyer-sponsored SPEs at maturity. During fourth quarter 2018, we paid \$209 million related to liabilities from our monetized SPEs at maturity. The financial investment related to our remaining buyer-sponsored SPE is \$362 million, which is scheduled to mature in first quarter 2020. We have classified this in current assets on our <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u>. The note related to our remaining monetization SPE is \$302 million and is scheduled to mature in third quarter of 2019. We have classified this in current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### NOTE 7: PENSION AND OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The components of net periodic benefit cost are:

•	PENSION			
	QUARTER			
	ENDED			
DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARC <b>M</b> IARCH			
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS		2018		
Service cost	\$8	\$ 10		
Interest cost	43	60		
Expected return on plan assets	(62)	(100)		
Amortization of actuarial loss	30	61		
Amortization of prior service cost	1	1		
Settlement charge	455	_		
Total net periodic benefit cost - pension	\$475	\$ 32		

	O	ГНЕ	ER			
	POSTRETIREMI			ME	NT	
	BE	ENE	FIT	S		
	QU	JAI	RTEI	R EN	1DF	ED
DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	M	AR	CH	$\mathbf{M}$	AR	СН
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	20	19		20	18	
Interest cost	\$	2		\$	2	
Amortization of actuarial loss	2			2		
Amortization of prior service credit	(1		)	(2		)
Total net periodic benefit cost - other postretirement benefits	\$	3		\$	2	

For the periods presented, service cost is included in "Costs of sales," "Selling expenses," and "General and administrative expenses". The remaining components are included in "Non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs." Refer to the <u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u>.

Fair Value of Pension Plan Assets and Obligations

In our year-end reporting process, we estimate the fair value of pension plan assets based upon the information available at that time. For certain assets, primarily private equity funds, the information available consists of net asset values as of an interim date, cash flows between the interim date and the end of the year and market events. We update the year-end estimated fair value of pension plan assets in the second quarter of each year to incorporate final net asset values reflected in financial statements received after we have filed our Annual Report on Form 10-K. At that time, we typically also incorporate adjusted census data and record an adjustment to year-to-date non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs to reflect the updated information. Historically, these adjustments have not been material.

#### Actions to Reduce Pension Plan Obligations

As part of our continued efforts to reduce pension plan obligations, as announced in 2018, we transferred approximately \$1.5 billion of U.S. qualified pension plan assets and liabilities to an insurance company through the purchase of a group annuity contract in January 2019. In connection with this transaction, we recorded a noncash pretax preliminary settlement charge of \$455 million during first quarter 2019, accelerating the recognition of previously unrecognized losses in "Accumulated other comprehensive loss", that would have otherwise been recorded in subsequent periods. This settlement charge will be adjusted in the second quarter once we finalize the prior year-end fair values of pension plan assets and obligations. Refer to "Fair Value of Pension Plan Assets and Obligations" above. The settlement triggered a remeasurement of plan assets and liabilities, and accordingly, we have updated the discount rate used to measure our projected benefit obligation for the U.S. qualified pension plan as of January 31, 2019 and to calculate the related net periodic benefit cost for the remainder of 2019 to 4.30 percent from 4.40 percent as of December 31, 2018. All other assumptions remain unchanged.

#### **Expected Funding and Benefit Payments**

We do not anticipate being required to make a contribution to our U.S. qualified pension plan for 2019. For all other U.S. and Canadian pension and postretirement plans we expect to contribute or make benefit payments of approximately \$40 million in 2019.

#### **NOTE 8: ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities were comprised of the following:

DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH 31, DECEMBER 3		
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	
Compensation and employee benefit costs	\$ 143	\$ 192	
Current portion of lease liabilities (Note 14)	28	_	
Customer rebates, volume discounts and deferred income	65	99	
Interest	66	109	
Taxes payable	28	30	
Other	81	60	
Total	\$ 411	\$ 490	

#### NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT AND LINES OF CREDIT

In February 2019, we issued \$750 million of 4.00 percent notes due in November 2029. The net proceeds after deducting the discount, underwriting fees and issuance costs were \$739 million. In March 2019, a portion of the net proceeds were used to redeem our outstanding \$500 million 7.38 percent note due in October 2019. A pretax charge of \$12 million was included in "Interest expense, net of capitalized interest" in the <a href="Consolidated Statement of Operations">Consolidated Statement of Operations</a> in first quarter 2019, for make-whole premiums, unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized debt discounts in connection with the early extinguishment of the \$500 million note.

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had \$245 million and \$425 million, respectively, of outstanding borrowings on our \$1.5 billion five-year senior unsecured revolving credit facility. This credit facility expires in March 2022.

#### NOTE 10: FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The estimated fair values and carrying values of our long-term debt and line of credit consisted of the following:

	MARCH 31,	DECEMBER 31,
	2019	2018
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	CARRYFNOR VALUE	CARRYINGIR VALUE
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	VALUE(LEVEL 2)	VALUE (LEVEL 2)
Long-term debt (including current maturities) and line of credit <sup>(1)</sup> :		
Fixed rate	\$5,931 \$ 6,775	\$5,694 \$ 6,345
Variable rate	470 470	650 650
Total debt	\$6,401 \$ 7,245	\$6,344 \$ 6,995

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes nonrecourse debt held by our Variable Interest Entities (VIEs).

To estimate the fair value of fixed rate long-term debt we used the market approach, which is based on quoted market prices we received for the same types and issues of our debt.

We believe that our variable rate long-term debt and line of credit instruments have net carrying values that approximate their fair values with only insignificant differences.

The inputs to these valuations are based on market data obtained from independent sources or information derived principally from observable market data. The difference between the fair value and the carrying value represents the theoretical net premium or discount we would pay or receive to retire all debt at the measurement date.

#### FAIR VALUE OF OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

We believe that our other financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, mutual fund investments held in grantor trusts, receivables, and payables, have net carrying values that approximate their fair values with only insignificant differences. This is primarily due to the short-term nature of these instruments and the allowance for doubtful accounts.

#### NOTE 11: LEGAL PROCEEDINGS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Legal Proceedings**

We are party to various legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. We are not currently a party to any legal proceeding that management believes could have a material adverse effect on our <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u>, <u>Consolidated Statement of Operations</u>, or <u>Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows</u>.

#### **Environmental Matters**

#### Site Remediation

Under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) – commonly known as the Superfund – and similar state laws, we:

are a party to various proceedings related to the cleanup of hazardous waste sites and

have been notified that we may be a potentially responsible party related to the cleanup of other hazardous waste sites for which proceedings have not yet been initiated.

As of March 31, 2019, our total accrual for future estimated remediation costs on the active Superfund sites and other sites for which we are potentially responsible was approximately \$62 million. These amounts are recorded in "Accrued liabilities" and "Other liabilities" on our Consolidated Balance Sheet.

#### **Asset Retirement Obligations**

We have obligations associated with the future retirement of tangible long-lived assets consisting primarily of reforestation obligations related to forest management licenses in Canada and obligations to close and cap landfills. As of March 31, 2019, our accrued balance for these obligations was \$32 million. These obligations are recorded in "Accrued liabilities" and "Other liabilities" on our <u>Consolidated Balance Sheet</u>.

Some of our sites have materials containing asbestos. We have met our current legal obligation to identify and manage these materials. In situations where we cannot reasonably determine when materials containing asbestos might be removed from the sites, we have not recorded an accrual because the fair value of the obligation cannot be reasonably estimated.

#### NOTE 12: ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

Changes in amounts included in our accumulated other comprehensive loss by component are:

	QUAR	TE	R	
	ENDE	D		
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH MAR			CH
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019		2018	
PENSION <sup>(1)</sup>				
Balance at beginning of period	\$(1,343	3)	\$(1,81	0)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(24	)	8	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	367		46	
Total other comprehensive income	343		54	
Reclassification of certain effects due to tax law changes <sup>(3)</sup>	<b>\$</b> —		\$(246	)
Balance at end of period	\$(1,000	0)	\$(2,00	2)
OTHER POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS <sup>(1)</sup>				
Balance at beginning of period	\$(19	)	\$(25	)
Amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income (loss) to earnings <sup>(2)</sup>	1		(1	)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	1		(1	)
Reclassification of certain effects due to tax law changes <sup>(3)</sup>	\$		\$(7	)
Balance at end of period	\$(18	)	\$(33	)
TRANSLATION ADJUSTMENTS AND OTHER				
Balance at beginning of period	\$210		\$273	
Translation adjustments	14		(15	)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	14		(15	)
Reclassification of accumulated unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities <sup>(4)</sup>	_		(9	)
Balance at end of period	\$224		\$249	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, end of period	\$(794	)	\$(1,78	6)

- (1) Amounts presented are net of tax.
- Amounts of actuarial loss and prior service (cost) credit are components of net periodic benefit cost (credit). See Note 7: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans.

We reclassified certain tax effects from tax law changes of \$253 million from "Accumulated other comprehensive

- (3)loss" to "Retained earnings" on our Consolidated Balance Sheet in accordance with ASU 2018-02 which we adopted in 2018.
  - We reclassified accumulated unrealized gains from available-for-sale securities of \$9 million from "Accumulated
- (4) other comprehensive loss" to "Retained earnings" on our Consolidated Balance Sheet in accordance with ASU 2016-01 which we adopted in 2018.

#### NOTE 13: SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share-based compensation activity during quarter-to-date 2019 included the following:

**GRANTED VESTED SHARES IN THOUSANDS** 

Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) 894 599 Performance Share Units (PSUs) 421 153

A total of 725 thousand shares of common stock were issued as a result of RSU vestings, PSU vestings and stock option exercises.

#### Restricted Stock Units

The weighted average fair value of the RSUs granted in 2019 was \$25.83. The vesting provisions for RSUs granted in 2019 were consistent with prior year grants.

#### Performance Share Units

The weighted average grant date fair value of PSUs granted in 2019 was \$29.66. The final number of shares granted in 2019 will range from 0 percent to 150 percent of each grant's target, depending upon actual company performance compared against the S&P 500 as well as an industry peer group. These measures are consistent with those utilized in prior year grants. The vesting provisions for PSUs granted in 2019 were consistent with prior year grants.

Weighted Average Assumptions Used in Estimating the Value of Performance Share Units Granted in 2019

PERFORMANCE SHARE UNITS

Performance period 1/1/2019 42/31/2021

Valuation date average stock price<sup>(1)</sup> \$25.83 Expected dividends 5.25%

 Risk-free rate
 2.43
 % 2.55%

 Expected volatility
 22.50
 % 27.40%

(1) Calculated as an average of the high and low prices on grant date.

#### **NOTE 14: LEASES**

We account for leases in accordance with ASC Topic 842, Leases, which we adopted on January 1, 2019, using the modified retrospective transition approach at the beginning of the adoption period through a cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings. This adoption resulted in the recognition of right-of-use assets ("ROU assets") of \$165 million and lease liabilities of \$172 million, with the difference of \$7 million recorded to "Retained earnings", on our Consolidated Balance Sheet on January 1, 2019.

The majority of our operating leases are related to our office and warehouse space, and the majority of our financing leases are related to vehicles and forklifts. Our leases have remaining lease terms of approximately 1 year to 25 years. Options to renew, extend or terminate a lease are reflected in our lease terms when we believe it is reasonably certain we will exercise that option. When our leases do not provide an implicit or an explicit interest rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of lease payments.

Expense related to leases for first quarter 2019 was \$5 million and \$4 million for operating leases and financing leases, respectively. Cash flows related to operating and financing leases were immaterial in first quarter 2019.

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	3	MARCH 31, 2019
LEASES	BALANCE SHEET CLASSIFICATION	
Assets		
Operating lease right-of-use assets	Other assets	\$ 125
Financing lease right-of-use assets	Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation	34
Total leased assets		\$ 159
Liabilities		
Current:		
Operating lease liabilities	Accrued liabilities	\$ 14
Financing lease liabilities	Accrued liabilities	14
Noncurrent:		
Operating lease liabilities	Other liabilities	113
Financing lease liabilities	Other liabilities	24
Total lease liabilities		\$ 165

Weighted average remaining lease term as of March 31, 2019:

Operating leases 10 years Financing leases 3 years

Weighted average discount rate as of March 31, 2019:

Operating leases 4.3 %

Financing leases 2.9%

Maturities of lease liabilities as of March 31, 2019:

DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	, OPERATING FINANCIN			
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	LEASES	LEASES		
2019	\$ 15	\$ 12		
2020	20	12		
2021	16	8		
2022	17	5		
2023	15	3		
Thereafter	76			
Total lease payments	159	40		
Less: interest	(32)	(2)		
Total present value of lease liabilities	\$ 127	\$ 38		

#### NOTE 15: OTHER OPERATING COSTS, NET

Other operating costs, net:

•includes both recurring and occasional income and expense items and ean fluctuate from year to year.

Items Included in Other Operating Costs, Net

	QUART	ER ENDEL
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH	MARCH
	2019	2018
Recoveries for product remediation	\$ —	\$ (20 )
Foreign exchange loss, net	3	2
Litigation expense, net	25	5
Other, net	8	23
Total other operating costs, net	\$ 36	\$ 10

#### **NOTE 16: INCOME TAXES**

As a REIT, we generally are not subject to federal corporate income taxes on REIT taxable income that is distributed to shareholders. We are required to pay corporate income taxes on earnings of our wholly-owned TRSs, which includes our Wood Products segment earnings and portions of our Timberlands and Real Estate & ENR segments' earnings.

The quarterly provision for income taxes is based on our current estimate of the annual effective tax rate and is adjusted for discrete taxable events that may occur during the quarter. Our 2019 estimated annual effective tax rate for our TRSs, excluding discrete items, is 20.5 percent, which is slightly lower than the U.S. federal statutory tax rate primarily due to state income tax benefits related to unitary state filings, partially offset by a higher tax rate applicable to Canadian earnings and the impact of most Canadian earnings no longer being permanently reinvested.

In first quarter 2019, we recorded as a discrete item a benefit of \$110 million related to the tax effects of the noncash pretax settlement charge recorded in connection with our U.S. pension plan. Refer to Note 7: Pension and Other

Postretirement Benefit Plans for additional details.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (MD&A)

#### NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains statements concerning our future results and performance that are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements may appear throughout this report. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by words such as "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "strategy," "future," "opportunity," "plan," "may," "should," "will," "would," and expression be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar words and expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and assumptions and are not guarantees of future performance. The realization of our expectations and the accuracy of our assumptions are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the content of these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to:

the effect of general economic conditions, including employment rates, interest rate levels, housing starts, general availability of financing for home mortgages and the relative strength of the U.S. dollar; market demand for the company's products, including market demand for our timberland properties with higher and better uses, which is related to, among other factors, the strength of the various U.S. business segments and U.S. and international economic conditions;

• changes in currency exchange rates, particularly the relative value of the U.S. dollar to the Japanese yen, the Chinese yuan, and the Canadian dollar, and the relative value of the euro to the yen;

restrictions on international trade and tariffs imposed on imports or exports;

the availability and cost of shipping and transportation;

economic activity in Asia, especially Japan and China;

performance of our manufacturing operations, including maintenance and capital requirements;

potential disruptions in our manufacturing operations;

the level of competition from domestic and foreign producers;

our operational excellence initiatives;

the successful and timely execution and integration of our strategic acquisitions, including our ability to realize expected benefits and synergies, and the successful and timely execution of our strategic divestitures, each of which is subject to a number of risks and conditions beyond our control including, but not limited to, timing and required regulatory approvals;

raw material availability and prices;

the effect of weather;

changes in global or regional climate conditions and governmental response to such changes;

the risk of loss from fires, floods, windstorms, hurricanes, pest infestation and other natural disasters;

energy prices;

transportation and labor availability and costs;

federal tax policies;

the effect of forestry, land use, environmental and other governmental regulations;

legal proceedings;

performance of pension fund investments and related derivatives;

the effect of timing of employee retirements and changes in the market price of our common stock on charges for share-based compensation;

the accuracy of our estimates of costs and expenses related to contingent liabilities:

changes in accounting principles; and

•

other risks and uncertainties identified in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K, which are incorporated herein by reference, as well as those set forth from time to time in our other public statements and other reports and filings with the SEC.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether because of new information, future events, or otherwise.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

In reviewing our results of operations, it is important to understand these terms:

Sales realizations for Timberlands and Wood Products refer to net selling prices. This includes selling price plus freight, minus normal sales deductions. Real Estate transactions are presented at the contract sales price before commissions and closing costs, net of any credits.

Net contribution to earnings does not include interest expense and income taxes.

#### ECONOMIC AND MARKET CONDITIONS AFFECTING OUR OPERATIONS

The demand for grade logs within our Timberlands segment is directly affected by production levels of domestic wood-based building products. The strength of the U.S. housing market strongly affects demand in our Wood Products segment, as does repair and remodeling activity. Our Timberlands segment, specifically the Western region, is also affected by export demand and trade policy. Japanese housing starts are a key driver of export log demand for Japan. The demand for pulpwood from our Timberlands segment is directly affected by the production of pulp, paper and OSB as well as the demand for biofuels, such as pellets made from pulpwood.

In first quarter 2019, housing starts averaged approximately 1.2 million total units on a seasonally adjusted annual basis according to the U.S Census Bureau. Single family units accounted for 71 percent of total housing starts in the first quarter. Single family starts are 2 percent higher than fourth quarter 2018 but 5 percent lower than first quarter 2018. Multifamily units declined 19 percent from the same period in 2018. Severe weather in the first quarter was a contributing factor to the decline in starts compared with first quarter 2018. We continue to expect improving U.S. housing starts and anticipate a level slightly below 1.3 million units in 2019 which would be an approximately 4 percent gain over 2018. We attribute this continued improvement primarily to ongoing employment growth, strong consumer confidence and mortgage rates, which have declined since peaking in late 2018 and remain affordable on a historic basis.

According to the Joint Center for Housing of Harvard University, the Leading Indicator of Remodeling Activity (LIRA) projects that the year-over-year increase in residential remodeling expenditures reached 7 percent in 2018 and is expected to average 6.5 percent in 2019.

In U.S. wood product markets, first quarter 2019 prices made a soft rebound from fourth quarter 2018. The price of the framing lumber composite averaged \$355/MBF in first quarter, while the fourth quarter average was \$347/MBF. According to Forest Economic Advisors, LLC, U.S. lumber consumption is expected to grow at a 3.5 percent rate in 2019, however, due to declines forecast in off-shore export volumes and increases in off-shore imports, the increase in overall demand on North American mills is expected to rise by 2.5 percent over 2018. Log markets in the west were consistent with wood products manufacturing, and weaker market prices for western logs continued into the first quarter 2019 from the second half of 2018. In the south, wet weather adversely affected logging operations and sawlog prices increased by 2 percent over fourth quarter 2018.

Log inventories in Chinese ports decreased 2.6 percent in March 2019 compared to February 2019 as reported by International Wood Markets China Bulletin. While the decline in overall volume was slight, there was a greater decline in North American Hemlock and Douglas fir volumes. These species were 7.8 percent lower in March 2019 compared to February 2019 which has positive implications for demand as suppliers will need to re-build depleted inventories. Exchange rates also affect our export business to China. A weaker yuan relative to the U.S. dollar reduces the competitiveness of U.S. logs relative to those imported from other countries whose currencies have not appreciated in a similar manner. First quarter of 2019 the yuan continued to slightly decrease relative to the U.S. dollar, which reduces the competitiveness of our export logs to China.

In Japan, housing starts for January and February 2019 are up 2.7 percent from the same period in 2018 and the key Post and Beam segment was 2.8 percent higher compared to 2018.

We expect demand from China and Japan in 2019 to be similar to 2018 levels.

Our Real Estate & ENR segment is affected by the health of the U.S. economy and especially the U.S. housing sector of the economy. According to the Realtors Land Institute (RLI) of the National Association of Realtors, the dollar volume of rural properties sold, including timber, grew 2 percent in 2018, and per acre prices were also up 2 percent on average. Additionally, RLI expects these trends to continue with prices and volumes of land transactions forecast to rise 3 percent in 2019.

#### **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

How We Did First Quarter 2019

	QUARTER ENDED		AMOUNT OF	
			CHANGE	
-DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS -EXCEPT PER-SHARE FIGURES -	MARCH	<b>IMARCH</b>	2019 VS.	
	2019	2018	2018	
Net sales	\$1,643	\$ 1,865	\$ (222	)
Costs of sales	1,322	1,348	(26	)
Operating income	174	404	(230	)
Net earnings (loss)	(289)	269	(558	)
Earnings (loss) per share, basic and diluted	\$(0.39)	\$ 0.35	\$ (0.74	)

Comparing First Quarter 2019 with First Quarter 2018

#### Net sales

Net sales decreased \$222 million – 12 percent – primarily due to:

Wood Products sales to unaffiliated customers decreased \$230 million, primarily attributable to decreased sales realizations as well as decreased sales volumes across the majority of our product lines and

Timberlands sales to unaffiliated customers decreased \$59 million, primarily attributable to decreased Western log sales realizations as well as sales volumes.

These decreases were offset by a \$67 million increase in our Real Estate & ENR segment, which was primarily attributable to increased acres sold as well as increased average price per acre.

#### Costs of sales

Costs of sales decreased \$26 million – 2 percent – primarily due to decreased sales volumes within our Wood Products and Timberlands segments, as well as decreased log sourcing costs within our Timberlands segment, partially offset by an increase in acres sold within our Real Estate & ENR segment. Refer to additional analysis of fluctuations within our <u>Timberlands</u>, <u>Real Estate</u>, <u>Energy and Natural Resources</u> and <u>Wood Products</u> discussions below.

#### Operating income

Operating income decreased \$230 million – 57 percent – primarily due to:

- a \$196 million decrease in consolidated gross margin, as described above, and
- a \$26 million increase in other operating costs, primarily attributable to a \$20 million legal charge recorded in first quarter 2019.

#### Net earnings

Net earnings decreased \$558 million – 207 percent. This was primarily due to:

- a \$446 million increase in non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs (refer to Note 7: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements).
- a \$230 million decrease in operating income, as described above, and
- a \$14 million increase in interest expense, net of capitalized interest, primarily attributable to a \$12 million charge related to the early extinguishment of debt (refer to <u>Interest Expense</u>).

These changes were partially offset by a \$134 million change in income tax, resulting from a \$104 million income tax benefit in first quarter 2019 compared to a \$30 million income tax charge in first quarter 2018 (refer to <u>Income</u> Taxes).

#### **TIMBERLANDS**

How We Did First Quarter 2019

	QUARTE	R ENDED	AMOUNT CHANGE	_
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH 2019	MARCH 2018		
Net sales to unaffiliated customers:				
Delivered logs:				
West	\$ 205	\$ 266	\$ (61	)
South	159	157	2	
North	29	25	4	
Subtotal delivered logs sales	393	448	(55	)
Stumpage and pay-as-cut timber	9	15	(6	)
Recreational and other lease revenue	15	14	1	
Other <sup>(1)</sup>	14	13	1	
Subtotal net sales to unaffiliated customers	431	490	(59	)
Intersegment sales	125	142	(17	)
Total sales	\$ 556	\$ 632	\$ (76	)
Costs of sales	\$ 413	\$ 422	\$ (9	)
Operating income and Net contribution to earnings	\$ 120	\$ 189	\$ (69	)

(1)Other Timberlands sales includes seeds and seedlings from our nursery operations and chips.

In January 2019, we changed the way we report our Canadian Forestlands operations, which are primarily operated to supply Weyerhaeuser's Canadian Wood Products manufacturing facilities. As a result, we no longer report related intersegment sales in the Timberlands segment and we will now record the minimal associated third-party log sales in the Wood Products segment. These collective transactions did not contribute any earnings to the Timberlands segment. We have conformed prior period presentation with the current period.

Comparing First Quarter 2019 with First Quarter 2018

Net sales to unaffiliated customers

Net sales to unaffiliated customers decreased \$59 million – 12 percent – primarily due to a \$61 million decrease in Western log sales, attributable to a 19 percent decrease in log sales realizations, as well as a 5 percent decrease in sales volumes.

Intersegment sales

Intersegment sales decreased \$17 million – 12 percent – primarily due to a decrease in Western log sales realizations, as discussed above.

Costs of sales

Costs of sales decreased \$9 million – 2 percent – primarily due to decreased log sourcing costs, as well as lower Western sales volumes, as discussed above.

Operating income and Net contribution to earnings

Operating income and net contribution to earnings decreased \$69 million -37 percent - primarily due to the change in gross margin, as discussed above.

Third-Party Log Sales Volumes and Fee Harvest Volumes

	OUARTER ENDED		AMOUNT	OF
			CHANGE	
VOLUMES IN THOUSANDS	MARCH	MARCH	2019 VS.	
VOLUMES IN THOUSANDS	2019	2018	2018	
Third party log sales – tons:				
West <sup>(1)</sup>	1,920	2,019	(99	)
South	4,499	4,510	(11	)
North	494	404	90	
Total	6,913	6,933	(20	)
Fee harvest volumes – tons:				
West <sup>(1)</sup>	2,385	2,443	(58	)
South	6,492	6,751	(259	)
North	627	549	78	
Total	9,504	9,743	(239	)

<sup>(1)</sup> Western logs are primarily transacted in thousand board feet (MBF) but are converted to ton equivalents for external reporting purposes.

#### REAL ESTATE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

How We Did First Quarter 2019

	QUARTER	ENDED	AMOUNT OF CHANGE
DOLLAD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH	MARCH	2019 VS.
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	2018
Net sales:			
Real estate	\$ 96	\$ 34	\$ 62
Energy and natural resources	22	17	5
Total	\$ 118	\$ 51	\$ 67
Costs of sales	\$ 56	\$ 19	\$ 37
Net contribution to earnings	\$ 55	\$ 25	\$ 30

The timing of real estate sales is a function of many factors, including the general state of the economy, demand in local real estate markets, the ability to obtain entitlements, the ability of buyers to obtain financing, the number of competing properties listed for sale, the seasonal nature of sales (particularly in the northern states), the plans of adjacent landowners, our expectation of future price appreciation, the timing of harvesting activities, and the availability of government and not-for-profit funding. In any period, the average sales price per acre will vary based on the location and physical characteristics of parcels sold.

Comparing First Quarter 2019 with First Quarter 2018

Net sales

Net sales increased \$67 million – 131 percent – primarily due to increased acres sold as well as increased average price per acre.

Costs of sales

Costs of sales increased \$37 million – 195 percent – primarily due to increased acres sold, as discussed above.

Net contribution to earnings

Net contribution to earnings increased \$30 million - 120 percent - primarily due to the increase in gross margin, as discussed above.

# REAL ESTATE SALES STATISTICS

	OLIADTE	D ENIDED	AMOUNT OF CHANGE
	QUARTE	K ENDED	CHANGE
	MARCH	MARCH	2019 VS.
	2019	2018	2018
Acres sold	38,834	21,771	17,063
Average price per acre	\$ 2,424	\$ 1,539	\$ 885

#### **WOOD PRODUCTS**

How We Did First Quarter 2019

	QUARTE	R ENDED	AMOUNT CHANGE	OF
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCH 2019	MARCH 2018	2019 VS. 2018	
Net sales:				
Structural lumber	\$ 444	\$ 569	\$ (125	)
Oriented strand board	160	232	(72	)
Engineered solid section	116	129	(13	)
Engineered I-joists	70	78	(8	)
Softwood plywood	44	50	(6	)
Medium density fiberboard	38	43	(5	)
Other products produced <sup>(1)</sup>	85	86	(1	)
Complementary building products	137	137		
Total	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,324	\$ (230	)
Costs of sales	\$ 967	\$ 1,020	\$ (53	)
Operating income and Net contribution to earnings	\$ 69	\$ 270	\$ (201	)
	.1 1	1 . 1		

<sup>(1)</sup> Other products produced includes sales of chips, other byproducts and third-party residual log sales from our Canadian Forestlands operations.

Comparing First Quarter 2019 with First Quarter 2018

#### Net sales

Net sales decreased \$230 million – 17 percent – primarily due to:

- a \$125 million decrease in structural lumber sales attributable to a 21 percent decrease in realizations as well as a 1 percent decrease in sales volumes;
- a \$72 million decrease in oriented strand board sales attributable to a 29 percent decrease in realizations as well as a 3 percent decrease in sales volumes;
- a \$13 million decrease in engineered solid selection sales attributable to a 16 percent decrease in sales volumes, partially offset by a 6 percent increase in realizations;
- an \$8 million decrease in engineered I-joist sales due to a 16 percent decrease in sales volumes, partially offset by an 8 percent increase in realizations and
- a \$6 million decrease in softwood plywood sales primarily due to a 13 percent decrease in realizations.

# Costs of sales

Costs of sales decreased \$53 million – 5 percent – primarily due to lower sales volumes across all product lines, as discussed above.

Operating income and Net contribution to earnings

Operating income and net contribution to earnings decreased \$201 million – 74 percent – primarily due to the change in gross margin, as discussed above.

### Third-Party Sales Volumes

	QUARTE	D ENIDED	AMOUNT OF	
	QUARTE	K ENDED	CHANGE	
VOLUMES IN MILLIONS(1)	MARCH	MARCH	2019 VS.	
VOLUMES IN MILLIONS	2019	2018	2018	
Structural lumber – board feet	1,133	1,140	(7	)
Oriented strand board – square feet (3/8")	717	739	(22	)
Engineered solid section – cubic feet	5.2	6.2	(1.0	)
Engineered I-joists – lineal feet	41	49	(8	)
Softwood plywood – square feet (3/8")	115	115	_	
Medium density fiberboard – square feet (3/4'	<b>'</b> }44	51	(7	)

Sales volumes include sales of internally produced products and products purchased for resale primarily through our distribution business.

### PRODUCTION AND OUTSIDE PURCHASE VOLUMES

Outside purchase volumes are primarily purchased for resale through our distribution business. Production volumes are produced for sale through our own sales organizations and through our distribution business. Production of oriented strand board and engineered solid section are also used to manufacture engineered I-joists.

	QUARTE	R ENDED	AMOUNT OF CHANGE				
VOLUMES IN MILLIONS	MARCH 2019	MARCH 2018	2019 VS. 2018				
Structural lumber – board feet:							
Production	1,145	1,160	(15	)			
Outside purchase	55	47	8				
Total	1,200	1,207	(7	)			
Oriented strand board – square feet (3/8"):							
Production	729	734	(5	)			
Outside purchase	81	100	(19	)			
Total	810	834	(24	)			
Engineered solid section – cubic feet:							
Production	5.9	6.3	(0.4	)			
Outside purchase	0.1	1.0	(0.9	)			
Total	6.0	7.3	(1.3	)			
Engineered I-joists – lineal feet:							
Production	44	56	(12	)			
Outside purchase	2	3	(1	)			
Total	46	59	(13	)			
Softwood plywood – square feet (3/8"):							
Production	98	97	1				
Outside purchase	16	20	(4	)			
Total	114	117	(3	)			
Medium density fiberboard – square feet (3/4"):							
Production	45	50	(5	)			
Outside purchase	_	_	_				
Total	45	50	(5	)			

### **UNALLOCATED ITEMS**

Unallocated items are gains or charges not related to, or allocated to, an individual operating segment. They include all or a portion of items such as share-based compensation, pension and postretirement costs, elimination of intersegment profit in inventory and LIFO, foreign exchange transaction gains and losses, interest income and other as well as legacy obligations.

Net Contribution to Earnings – Unallocated Items

	QUARTER	AMOUNT OF				
	ENDED	CHANGE				
DOLL AD AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	MARCHMARCH 2019 VS.					
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS	2019 2018	2018				
Unallocated corporate function and variable compensation expense	\$(19) \$(18)	\$ (1)				
Liability classified share-based compensation	(4 ) —	(4)				
Foreign exchange loss	(3) (2)	(1)				
Elimination of intersegment profit in inventory and LIFO	(5) (21)	16				
Other	(39 ) (39 )					
Operating income (loss)	(70 ) (80 )	10				
Non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs	(470 ) (24 )	(446 )				
Interest income and other	10 12	(2)				
Net contribution to earnings (loss)	\$(530) \$ (92)	\$ (438 )				

Comparing First Quarter 2019 with First Quarter 2018

Unallocated Items net contribution to earnings decreased \$438 million – 476 percent – primarily due to an increase in non-operating pension and other postretirement benefit costs, which is primarily attributable to the \$455 million noncash pretax pension settlement charge recorded during first quarter 2019. The settlement charge is related to the transfer of pension assets and liabilities through the purchase of a group annuity contract (refer to Note 7: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further details).

#### INTEREST EXPENSE

Our interest expense, net of capitalized interest incurred, was:

- \$107 million for first quarter 2019
- and

\$93 million for first quarter 2018.

Interest expense increased by \$14 million compared to first quarter 2018 primarily due to a \$12 million charge related to the early extinguishment of debt in first quarter 2019 (refer to Note 9: Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further details).

#### **INCOME TAXES**

Our provision for income taxes was:

- a \$104 million benefit for first quarter 2019 and
- a \$30 million expense for first quarter 2018.

Our provision for income taxes is primarily driven by earnings (losses) generated by our TRSs. During first quarter 2019, a noncash pretax settlement charge of \$455 million was recorded related to the transfer of pension assets and liabilities through the purchase of a group annuity contract. As a result of this charge, we recognized a tax provision benefit of approximately \$110 million in first quarter 2019. Overall performance results for our business segments can be found in Consolidated Results.

Refer to <u>Note 16: Income Taxes</u> and <u>Note 7: Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans</u> in the <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u> for additional information.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We are committed to maintaining an appropriate capital structure that provides flexibility and enables us to protect the interests of our shareholders and lenders and maintain access to all major financial markets.

#### **CASH FROM OPERATIONS**

Consolidated net cash used in or provided by our operations was:

- \$14 million net cash used in operations during first quarter 2019 and
- \$136 million net cash provided by operations during first quarter 2018.

Net cash from operations decreased \$150 million, primarily due to:

- a \$33 million increase in cash paid for income taxes, primarily related to a \$21 million cash payment for the resolution of an IRS matter, as accrued for during fourth quarter 2018;
- a \$22 million increase in cash paid for interest, net of capitalized amounts, primarily related to the early payment of accrued interest on our \$500 million 7.38 percent note (refer to Note 9: Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further details);

cash used in working capital changes and

decreased cash flows generated from our business segments.

#### CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Consolidated net cash used in or provided by investing activities was:

- \$212 million cash provided by investing activities during first quarter 2019 and
- \$76 million cash used in investing activities during first quarter 2018.

Net cash from investing activities increased \$288 million, primarily due to:

- \$253 million cash proceeds received related to our buyer-sponsored SPEs during first quarter 2019 and
- a \$20 million decrease in cash outflow for property and equipment capital expenditures.

Summary of Capital Spending by Business Segment

	•		_	-		_	
					QUA	RTE	R
					ENDED		
DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS		MAROMARCH					
		2019	2018	8			
Timbe	rlands				\$ 26	\$ 2	28
Real E	Estate &	ENR			_	—	
Wood	Product	s			30	52	
Unallo	ocated Ite	ems			3	1	
Total					\$ 59	\$ 8	31

We expect our net capital expenditures for 2019 will be approximately \$400 million. The amount we spend on capital expenditures could change.

#### CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Consolidated net cash used in financing activities was:

- \$273 million in first quarter 2019 and
- \$286 million in first quarter 2018.

Net cash used in financing activities decreased \$13 million primarily due to \$739 million cash proceeds received from the issuance of long-term debt during first quarter 2019, with no similar activity in first quarter 2018.

This increased cash inflow was partially offset by:

- a \$450 million increase in cash used for payments of long-term debt (including the \$12 million first quarter 2019 early extinguishment charge);
- a \$180 million net cash outflow related to borrowings on our line of credit, with no similar activity in first quarter 2018:
- a \$60 million cash outflow for the repurchase of common shares, with no similar activity in first quarter 2018;
- a \$23 million decrease in cash received from exercise of stock options and
- a \$12 million increase in cash used for payment of dividends on common shares.

# Line of Credit

As of March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, we had \$245 million and \$425 million, respectively, of outstanding borrowings on our \$1.5 billion five-year senior unsecured revolving credit facility. This credit facility expires in March 2022.

Refer to Note 9: Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### Long-Term Debt

In February 2019, we issued \$750 million of 4.00 percent notes due in November 2029. The net proceeds after deducting the discount, underwriting fees, and issuance costs were \$739 million. In March 2019, a portion of the net proceeds were used to redeem our outstanding \$500 million 7.38 percent note due in October 2019. A pretax charge of \$12 million was included in "Interest expense, net of capitalized interest" in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in first quarter 2019, for make-whole premiums, unamortized debt issuance costs and unamortized debt discounts in connection with the early extinguishment of debt.

During first quarter 2018, we paid our \$62 million 7.00 percent debenture at maturity.

Refer to Note 9: Long-Term Debt and Lines of Credit in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### **Debt Covenants**

As of March 31, 2019, Weyerhaeuser Company was in compliance with its debt covenants. There have been no significant changes during first quarter 2019 to the debt covenants presented in our 2018 Annual Report on Form 10-K for our existing long-term debt instruments.

#### **Option Exercises**

We received cash proceeds from the exercise of stock options of:

\$2 million in first quarter 2019 and

\$25 million in first quarter 2018.

Our average stock price was \$25.19 and \$35.29 for first quarter 2019 and first quarter 2018, respectively.

#### **Dividend Payments**

We paid cash dividends on common shares of:

\$254 million in first quarter 2019 and

\$242 million in first quarter 2018.

The increase in dividends paid is primarily due to an increase in our quarterly dividend from 32 cents per share in first quarter 2018 to 34 cents per share in first quarter 2019.

#### Share Repurchases

We repurchased over 2.3 million shares for approximately \$60 million (including transaction fees) during first quarter 2019, under the 2019 Repurchase Program. We did not repurchase shares during first quarter 2018. There were no unsettled repurchases as of March 31, 2019 or December 31, 2018. Refer to Note 4: Net Earnings (Loss) Per Share and Share Repurchases in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

#### PERFORMANCE MEASURES

We use Adjusted Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization (Adjusted EBITDA) as a key performance measure to evaluate the performance of the consolidated company and our business segments. This

measure should not be considered in isolation from, and is not intended to represent an alternative to, our results reported in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). However, we believe Adjusted EBITDA provides meaningful supplemental information for investors about our operating performance, better facilitates period to period comparisons, and is widely used by analysts, lenders, rating agencies and other interested parties.

Our definition of Adjusted EBITDA may be different from similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Adjusted EBITDA, as we define it, is operating income adjusted for depreciation, depletion, amortization, basis of real estate sold, and special items.

Adjusted EBITDA by Segment

**QUARTER ENDED** 

**AMOUNT OF** 

**CHANGE** 

DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS MARCH

MARCH 2019 VS.

2018 2018

Adjusted EBITDA by Segment:

Timberlands