KRONOS INC Form 8-K May 15, 2007

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 15, 2007

Kronos Incorporated

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Massachusetts
(State or other juris-
diction of incorporation)

000-20109 (Commission File Number) **04-2640942**(IRS Employer Identification No.)

297 Billerica Road, Chelmsford, Massachusetts

(Address of principal executive offices)

01824

(Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (978) 250-9800

N/A

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

Kronos Incorporated (the Company) is hereby furnishing the following information, which was provided to potential lenders in connection with the syndication of a new credit facility intended to be used to finance the merger and related transactions described in the Company s definitive proxy statement on Schedule 14A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 4, 2007. The following presentation contains certain Non-GAAP financial measures. Please see below for a reconciliation of such measures to their most comparable GAAP measure.

This current report on Form 8-K contains forward-looking statements. Generally, you can identify these statements because they contain words like anticipates, believes, estimates, expects, forecasts, future, intends, plans and similar terms. These statements reflect the Compa expectations. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning its plans, objectives, goals, strategies, future events, capital expenditures, future results, its competitive strengths, its business strategy, the trends in its industry, and the benefits of its recent acquisitions.

Although the Company does not make forward-looking statements unless it believes that it has a reasonable basis for doing so, the Company does not guarantee their accuracy, and actual results may differ materially from those the Company anticipated due to a number of uncertainties, including, among others, the risks the Company faces as described under the Risk Factors section of its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), and are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created thereby. To the extent that such statements are not recitations of historical fact, such statements constitute forward-looking statements that, by definition, involve risks and uncertainties. In any forward-looking statement where the Company expresses an expectation or belief as to future results or events, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and is believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that such future results or events expressed by the statement of expectation or belief will be achieved or accomplished. The Company s actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, forward-looking statements. The Company can give you no assurance that any of the events anticipated by forward-looking statements will occur or, if any of them do, what impact they will have on the Company s results of operations and financial condition.

The Company cautions you that in light of the risks and uncertainties described in the Risk Factors section of its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2007, the matters referred to in the forward-looking statements contained in this current report on Form 8-K may not in fact occur. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

As provided in General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the information contained in this current report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed to be filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. Furnishing this information, the Company makes no admission as to the materiality of any information in this report that is required to be disclosed solely by reason of Regulation FD.

Introduction

On March 22, 2007, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) with Seahawk Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation (Parent), and Seahawk Merger Sub Corporation, a Massachusetts corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent (the Merger Sub). Under the Merger Agreement, the Merger Sub will be merged with and into the Company (the Merger), with the Company continuing after the Merger as the surviving corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Parent. Parent and Merger Sub are entities affiliated with Hellman & Friedman LLC, a private equity investment firm. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the Company s shareholders will receive \$55.00 in cash for each share of the Company s common stock (the Transaction). The acquisition of Kronos will be financed with \$1.055.0 million of funded

senior secured credit facilities, \$719.5 million of cash equity and \$101.7 million of cash from the Company (the Financing).

A. Transaction Summary

The Transaction, which is expected to close in early June, values the Company at approximately \$1.8 billion, or 12.5x (including fees and expenses) pro forma LTM 3/31/07 adjusted EBITDA(1) of \$141.8 million.

For the twelve months ended March 31, 2007, Kronos generated pro forma revenue(2) and pro forma adjusted EBITDA(1) of \$637.5 million, and \$141.8 million, respectively.

Pro forma for the Financing, the Company will have first lien and total debt to pro forma LTM 3/31/07 adjusted EBITDA of 4.7x and 7.4x, respectively.

- Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items; pro forma for Unicru Inc., (Unicru) acquisition in August 2006.
- (2) Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

B. Company Overview

For the twelve months ended March 31, 2007, Kronos generated pro forma revenue(1) of \$637.5 million and pro forma adjusted EBITDA(2) of \$141.8 million.

	Revenue (1)		Adjusted EBITDA (2)
(\$ in millions)		(\$ in millions)	

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

⁽²⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items; pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

Revenue (1)

(\$ in millions)

Adjusted EBITDA (2)

(\$ in millions)

Summary of Kronos Software Offerings

I	Kronos				Talant Managament
	Workforce Management Time & Labor	Scheduling	Absence Management	Labor Analytics/ Activities	Talent Management (Unicru) Recruiting/ Screening
PF FYE 2006 License Revenue(1)	\$104 million	• \$10 million	• \$11 million	• \$12 million	• \$43 million
% of Total Software Revenue (\$180 million)(2)	• 58%	• 6%	• 6%	• 6%	• 24%
r c c H h	Automates the management and collection of timesheet data Integrates with Kronos Time and labor hardware terminals Serves as the platform for all other WFM add-on modules (e.g., scheduling, etc.)	 Plans and optimizes scheduling of staff resources Able to forecast labor needs based on real-time info (e.g., POS data) 	 Administers and enforces attendance policies Manages leave time for employees 	 Analyzes performance of labor against productivity benchmarks Administers HR benefits, payroll, and compensation planning 	Allows candidates to apply for jobs online Evaluates applications and recommends candidates to hiring managers
	Workforce TimekeeperTM	Workforce SchedulerTM Workforce Operation Planner TM	Workforce LeaveTMWorkforce AttendanceTM	Workforce AnalyticsTMWorkforce ActivitiesTM	Workforce AcquisitionTM

^{(1) 2004-}LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru acquisition. 2005-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments.

^{(2) 2005-}LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items. 2004-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

		 Work VisionwareTM AccrualsTM 	
Competitive Position	 #1 vendor with ~60% market share in the WFM solutions market Significant revenue opportunity from capacity additions for existing customers and upgrades 	Leverage existing Kronos large, installed Time & Labor customer base for cross-selling opportunities	3rd largest pure play in a fragmented market

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

⁽²⁾ Total software revenue is defined as software revenue plus Unicru revenue.

2006 PF FYE Revenue by Type (\$ in millions)	2006 PF FYE Revenue by Industry
PF FYE 9/30/06 Revenues: \$619 million (1)	PF FYE 9/30/06 Revenues: \$619 million (1)

C. Key Investment Considerations

The Company has achieved 10 year (1996-2006) pro forma revenue CAGR of 15.8% and pro forma adjusted EBITDA CAGR of 19.3%.

Kronos has a loyal and stable customer base comprised of multinationals, small and mid-market companies and blue chip companies. Over 50% of existing customers have been with the Company for 10+ years. The stability of the customer base is enhanced by the stickiness of the product and the high vendor switching costs. Time and labor products are usually tied to employee compensation, which creates greater customer stickiness as customers are wary of new systems and potential risk of failure. Moreover, switching vendors is both cost and resource prohibitive. It requires time to train personnel on a new software system, and there are additional expenses associated with switching hardware and software. Finally, Kronos suite of solutions has demonstrated quantifiable cost savings and enhanced ROI for its customers. Management estimates that these factors have led to Kronos achieving annual maintenance retention rates in excess of 90%.

PF FYE 9/30/06 Revenues: \$619 million (1)

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

D. Historical Financial Performance

		ar Ended	-					LT	
(\$ in millions)	2004A		200	5A		200)6A	3/3	1/2007
Revenues (1)	Φ 104		Ф	221.6		Ф	220.0	Φ.	222.2
Product	\$ 196	0.7	\$	221.6		\$	230.9	\$	232.3
Maintenance	145.0		173			19		210	
Professional Services	109.0		126			143		148	
Subscription	31.6	. 2	36.3			42.	-	46.	
Total Revenue	\$ 482	3	\$	557.5		\$	619.4	\$	637.5
Gross Profit (2)									
Product	\$ 153	.9	\$	173.6		\$	185.1	\$	187.9
Maintenance	103.6		126	.6		142	2.9	157	'.3
Professional Services	17.2		22.1	1		30.	.5	28.	6
Subscription	12.4		24.6	5		28.	.3	18.	6
Total Gross Profit	\$ 287	'.1	\$	347.0		\$	386.8	\$	392.4
Adjusted EBITDA (2)	\$ 95.	0	\$	117.1		\$	136.7	\$	141.8
Capital Expenditures (3)	\$ 18.)	\$	29.5		\$	27.7	\$	27.5
	· ·								
Capitalized Software Development Costs	\$ 12.	8	\$	13.9		\$	13.5	\$	14.4
% Growth									
Revenues									
Product			12.0	5	%	4.2	?	%	
Maintenance			19.5			14.	.2	%	
Professional Services			16.0)	%	17.	.3	%	
Subscription			14.9	9	%	17.	.1	%	
Total Revenue			15.0	5	%	11.	.1	%	
Adjusted EBITDA			23.2	2	%	16.	.8	%	
% Margin									
Gross Profit									
Product	78.2	%	78.		%	80.		% 80.	
Maintenance	71.4	%	73.		%	72.		% 74.	
Professional Services	15.8	%	17.5		%	20.	.6	% 19.	
Subscription	39.4	%	67.8		%	66.		% 40.	
Total Gross Profit	59.5	%	62.2	2	%	62.	.4	% 61.	5
Adjusted EBITDA	19.7	%	21.0)	%	22.	.1	% 22.	2
Capital Expenditures	3.7	%	5.3		%	4.5	ī	% 4.3	
Capitalized Software Development Costs	2.6	%	2.5		%	2.2	<u> </u>	% 2.3	

^{(1) 2004-}LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru acquisition. 2005-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments.

⁽²⁾ 2005-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items. 2004-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

^{(3) 2004-}LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

LTM 3/31/07 EBITDA Bridge

(\$ in millions)

Fisca	l Year End	led Se	ptemb	er 30,				L	TM	
	` /		2005							
\$	450.7		\$	518.7		\$	578.2		599.0	
			15.1		%	11.5		%		
			\$	2.5		\$	5.2	\$	5.4	
31.6			36.3			36.0		3:	3.1	
\$	31.6		\$	38.8		\$	41.2	\$	38.5	
\$	482.3		\$	557.5		\$	619.4	\$	637.5	
			15.6		%	11.1		%		
\$	92.6		\$	109.1		\$	96.7	\$	105.3	
19.2		%	19.6		%	15.6		% 1	6.5	%
						\$	16.8	\$	17.4	
			2.5			5.2		5.	.4	
			0.1			2.5		0.	.7	
						1.3		2.	.3	
			0.8			8.0		7.	.0	
(0.5)	2.0			4.1		1.	.6	
			2.6			2.0		2	.1	
	94.7		\$	8.0		\$	40.0	\$	36.4	
•						•				
\$	95.0		\$	117.1		\$	136.7	\$	141.8	
19.7		%	21.0		%	22.1				%
	31.6 \$ \$ \$ 19.2	2004A (1) \$ 450.7 31.6 \$ 31.6 \$ 482.3 \$ 92.6 19.2	2004A (1) \$ 450.7 31.6 \$ 31.6 \$ 482.3 \$ 92.6 19.2 % (0.5) 2.6 \$ 94.7 \$ 95.0	2004A (1) 2005. \$ 450.7 \$ 15.1 31.6 \$36.3 \$ 31.6 \$ \$ 482.3 \$ 15.6 \$ 92.6 \$ 19.2 \$% 19.6 2.5 0.1 0.8 (0.5) 2.0 2.6 \$94.7 \$ \$ 95.0 \$	\$ 450.7	2004A (1) \$ 450.7 \$ 518.7 \$ 15.1 \$ % \$ 2.5 31.6 \$ 36.3 \$ 31.6 \$ 38.8 \$ 482.3 \$ 557.5 \$ 15.6 \$ % \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 19.2 \$ % 19.6 \$ % 0.8 (0.5 2.6 \$ 94.7 \$ 8.0 \$ 117.1	2004A (1)	2004A (1) 2005A 2006A \$ 450.7 \$ 518.7 \$ 578.2 15.1 % 11.5 31.6 36.3 36.0 \$ 31.6 \$ 38.8 \$ 41.2 \$ 482.3 \$ 557.5 \$ 619.4 15.6 % 11.1 \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 96.7 19.2 % 19.6 % 15.6 \$ 16.8 2.5 5.2 0.1 2.5 1.3 0.8 8.0 (0.5) 2.0 4.1 2.6 2.6 2.0 \$ 94.7 \$ 8.0 \$ 40.0	2004A (1) 2005A 2006A 33 \$ 450.7 \$ 518.7 \$ 578.2 \$ 11.5 \$ 15.1 % 11.5 % 11.5 % \$ 2.5 \$ 5.2 \$ 31.6 \$ 36.3 36.0 3 3.3 \$ 31.6 \$ 38.8 \$ 41.2 \$ 41.2 \$ 42.3 \$ 557.5 \$ 619.4 \$ 15.6 \$ 11.1 % \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 96.7 \$ 19.2 \$ 16.8	2004A (1) 2005A 2006A 3/31/2007 \$ 450.7 \$ 518.7 \$ 578.2 \$ 599.0 15.1 % 11.5 % \$ 2.5 \$ 5.2 \$ 5.4 31.6 36.3 36.0 33.1 \$ 31.6 \$ 38.8 \$ 41.2 \$ 38.5 \$ 482.3 \$ 557.5 \$ 619.4 \$ 637.5 \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 96.7 \$ 105.3 \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 96.7 \$ 105.3 \$ 92.6 \$ 109.1 \$ 96.7 \$ 105.3 \$ 10.2 % 15.6 % 16.5 \$ 10.3 2.3 0.7 \$ 1.3 2.3 0.7 \$ 0.8 8.0 7.0 \$ 0.5 2.0 2.1 \$ 94.7 \$ 8.0 40.0 \$ 36.4

^{(1) 2004} not adjusted for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items.

- Stock Based Compensation: Relates to the non-cash compensation expense that Kronos must take in accordance with FAS 123R. Kronos includes all non-cash share-based payments, including non-cash grants of stock options, restricted stock and employee stock purchase plan, in its income statement as an operating expense.
- **Deferred Revenue Write-down:** Corrects write-downs Kronos incurred with regard to various acquired companies. Kronos has acquired several companies in recent years and has accounted for these acquisitions using purchase accounting. As a result of purchase accounting rules, the Company has been required to write down a substantial portion of the deferred revenues attributable to these acquired companies. This add-back is meant to correct for this write-down so that EBITDA reflects an amount as if the revenue that was written down has actually been realized.
- One-time Expenses: Reflects the add-back for the custom contract losses related to contracts with Air France/KLM Royal Dutch Airline (Air France/KLM). The Company signed a contract with Air France/KLM to provide them with highly customized scheduling solutions. The Company provided the products and services to Air France/KLM at a loss.
- Severance Cost: Reflects the add-back of severance costs associated with the job elimination. In September 2006, Kronos restructured and realigned various business units to improve efficiency, which led to 66 position eliminations (33 in service, 26 in sales and 6 in marketing and G&A). In December 2006, the Company reduced 16 heads in its Altitude Division, a division focused on providing industry-specific solutions for the airline sector. In March 2007, the Company eliminated 45 positions in the profession services group.
- Wage Savings: Refers to wage savings arising from the Company's restructuring and realignment initiative (see above), which took place in FYE 2006 and FYE 2007. The add-backs are taken net of any EBITDA that would have otherwise been contributed by the employees affected by the restructuring cuts. In addition, during FYE 2006, the Company eliminated the Service Account Management Program (AMO). The AMO program was a customer service group that interacted with clients. Kronos has reallocated the duties of this division and eliminated 26 people. The adjustments reflect the cost savings from the headcount elimination, net of any additional costs due to reallocation of services.
- **Pro Forma Unicru Adjustment:** Reflects the additional EBITDA the Company would have received from Unicru had it acquired the business at the beginning of the fiscal year. In reality, Kronos acquired Unicru in August 2006, during Kronos fiscal fourth quarter.
- **Public Company Cost Savings:** Reflects certain costs related to operating a public company, such as maintaining compliance with Sarbanes-Oxley and with the SEC, filing fees/dues, costs associated with investor relations and increased Directors & Officers insurance as a result of being a public company, which will no longer be incurred by the Company.

	Quarter Er				PF	Quarter En	,			PF
(\$ in millions)	12/31/04	3/31/05	6/30/05	9/30/05	FYE 2005	12/31/05	3/31/06	6/30/06	9/30/06	FYE 2006
Revenues (1)										
Product	\$ 53.3	\$ 46.3	\$ 53.4	\$ 68.6	\$ 221.6	\$ 48.0	\$ 59.0	\$ 53.6	\$ 69.1	\$ 229.8
Services	26.3	31.9	32.7	35.4	126.4	34.0	37.5	38.8	38.0	148.3
Subscription	8.5	8.5	9.5	9.6	36.3	10.2	10.4	10.9	12.1	43.6
Maintenance	39.5	42.8	44.7	46.3	173.2	47.6	48.3	49.9	51.9	197.7
Total Revenue	\$ 127.6	\$ 129.5	\$ 140.3	\$ 160.0	\$ 557.5	\$ 139.7	\$ 155.2	\$ 153.3	\$ 171.2	\$ 619.4
% Growth						9.5 %	6 19.9	% 9.2	% 7.0	%11.1 %
Gross Profit (2)										
Product	\$ 41.9	\$ 34.7	\$ 41.6	\$ 55.4	\$ 173.6	\$ 37.8	\$ 46.5	\$ 43.4	\$ 57.5	\$ 185.1
Services	2.7	5.8	5.9	7.7	22.1	4.8	8.0	9.3	8.4	30.5

Subscription	6.6	5.8	6.1	6.0	24.6	5.7	5.6	6.1	11.0	28.3
Maintenance	28.4	31.8	33.5	33.0	126.6	34.3	34.5	36.3	37.7	142.9
Total Gross Profit	\$ 79.6	\$ 78.0	\$ 87.1	\$ 102.2	\$ 347.0	\$ 82.7	\$ 94.6	\$ 95.2	\$ 114.6	\$ 386.8
% Growth						3.9	% 21.3	% 9.3	% 12.1	% 11.5 %
% Margin	62.3	% 60.2	% 62.1	% 63.9	% 62.2	% 59.2	% 61.0	% 62.1	% 66.9	% 62.5 %
Adjusted EBITDA										
(2)	\$ 24.3	\$ 24.8	\$ 29.0	\$ 38.9	\$ 117.1	\$ 25.5	\$ 33.4	\$ 33.0	\$ 44.8	\$ 136.7
% Margin	19.1	% 19.2	% 20.7	% 24.3	% 21.0	% 18.3	% 21.5	% 21.5	% 26.2	% 22.1 %

^{(1) 2004-2006} pro forma for Unicru acquisition. 2005-2006 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments.

^{(2) 2004-2006} pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items; pro forma for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

E. Unparalleled Track Record of Growth in Revenue and EBITDA

The Company has achieved 10 year (1996-2006) pro forma revenue CAGR of 15.8% and pro forma adjusted EBITDA CAGR of 19.3%.

(\$ in millions)	FYE 200	06 REVENUE	IPO YEAR	YEARS OF PROFITABLE GROWTH
	\$	44,282	1986	25
	\$	619	(1) 1992	20
	\$	289	1998	16
Source: Can Harn Stratagies Inc. 2006	\$	1,254	1994	13

Source: Cap Horn Strategies, Inc. 2006

As illustrated below, the Company has achieved superior revenue and EBITDA growth over the last 10 years, with a 15.8% pro forma revenue CAGR and a 19.3% pro forma adjusted EBITDA CAGR.

Strong Revenue and EBITDA Growth

(\$ in millions)

% Revenue Growth	19 % 19 % 26 % 7 % 9 % 16 % 16 % 22 % 16 % 11 %
% EBITDA Growth	12 % 31 % 27 % (4 %) 13 % 30 % 24 % 21 % 18 % 25 %

Note: 2004-2006 revenue pro forma for Unicru acquisition; 2005-2006 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments. 2005-2006 EBITDA pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items; 2004-2006 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

F.	Diver	cified	Reven	ue Base
Г.	DIVEL	SHIEU	Neven	ue nase

PF FYE 9/30/06

Revenue(1) By Geography

PF FYE 9/30/06 Revenue: \$619 million(1)

G. Strong, Recurring Revenue Base

Maintenance and Subscription Revenue

(\$ in millions)

% of Total Revenue (2)

27 % 31 % 33 % 32 % 33 % 39 % 31 % 23 % 12 % 20 % 39 %

9

% Growth

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments.

^{(2) 2005-2006} pro forma for deferred revenue adjustment and one-time, non-recurring items. 2004-2006 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

H. Strong Free Cash Flow

Trailing Twelve Month Unlevered Free Cash Flow

(\$ in millions)

% of PF Adj. EBITDA

60

% 66

% 71

% 62

% 63

% 61

%

Note:

Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and one-time, non-recurring items; pro forma for Unicru acquisition in August

2006.

Declining Capital Expenditure Requirements

(\$ in millions)

Note: Pro forma for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

I.	History
A sumn	nary of the Company s significant milestones are as follows:
Note:	Revenues are for FYE September 30.
(1)	Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.
J.	Products and Services
	PF FYE 2006 Revenue by Type (1)
(\$ in mi	illions)

(1) Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

		FYE 2006 Rev	enue and Gross	Profit Streams			
(\$ in millions)							
Note: Revenue pro forma for U adjustments and one-time, non-	Inicru acquisition	on; pro forma for ; pro forma for U	deferred revenue nicru acquisition.	adjustments. Gro	oss profit pro form	na for deferred re	venue
		Ma	intenance Rever	nue			
(\$ in millions)							
% of Total Revenue (2) % Growth	27	% 31 31	% 33 % 23	% 32 % 12	% 33 % 20	% 32 % 14	% %

⁽¹⁾ Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments.

(2) 2005-2006 pro forma for deferred revenue adjustment and one-time, non-recurring items. 2004-2006 pro forma for Unicru acquisition.

K.	Product Development	
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R&D Spend (1)

(\$ in millions)

(1) 2004-LTM 3/31/07 pro forma for Unicru R&D expense; excludes capitalized R&D costs. 2006 and LTM 3/31/07 excludes FAS 123R

stock-ba	ased compensation cost allocated to R&D.
L.	Sales and Marketing
	FYE 2006 Sales By Channel
	PF FYE 9/30/06 Revenue: \$619 million (1)

(1) Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

Pavanna	T7	A 1	\mathbf{n}

(\$ in millions)

M. Growth Strategy

Kronos% of PF FYE 2006 Revenues (1)	93%	3%	3%	1%
Competitive Position:	• Established market leader	• #1 Provider in the UK	• #1 Provider in Australia	• Sales via partners / distributors
	• Strong direct sales force	• Valuating opportunities in continental Europe	• Recently established presence in China and	• Long-term focus market
	• Established presence in Canada &		Singapore	
	Mexico		• Beginning to establish presence in India	

Source: AMR Research

(1) Pro forma for deferred revenue adjustments and for Unicru acquisition in August 2006.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

KRONOS INCORPORATED

Date: May 15, 2007 By: /s/ Mark V. Julien

Name: Mark V. Julien

Title: Chief Financial Officer