

SIERRA BANCORP
Form 10-K/A
July 23, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A

Amendment No. 1

**Annual Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

Commission file number: 000-33063

SIERRA BANCORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

California **33-0937517**
(State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

86 North Main Street, Porterville, California 93257
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(559) 782-4900

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, No Par Value	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC (NASDAQ Global Select Market)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes No

As of June 28, 2013, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant was approximately \$160 million, based on the closing price reported to the registrant on that date of \$14.80 per share. Shares of Common Stock held by each officer and director and each person or control group owning more than ten percent of the outstanding Common Stock have been excluded in that such persons may be deemed to be affiliates. This determination of affiliate status is not necessarily a conclusive determination for other purposes.

The number of shares of common stock of the registrant outstanding as of February 28, 2014 was 14,240,399.

Documents Incorporated by Reference: Portions of the definitive proxy statement for the 2014 Annual Meeting of Shareholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to SEC Regulation 14A are incorporated by reference in Part III, Items 10-14.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This Amendment No. 1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for Sierra Bancorp (the “Company”) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 initially filed on March 13, 2014 (the “Original Filing”), is being filed to reflect certain corrections by our independent registered public accounting firm to their reports included in the Original Filing. Specifically, this Amendment includes (i) the revised accountants’ report concerning the Company’s consolidated financial statements, to specifically include the Company’s consolidated statements of comprehensive income with the financial statements listed in the first paragraph of that report; and (ii) the revised accountants’ report concerning the Company’s internal control over financial reporting, to reference the fact that the Company utilized the original (1992) version of the Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

This Amendment is specifically intended to make only the two changes described above to the Company’s 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013. In addition, this Amendment includes new Section 302 and Section 906 certifications as required by SEC Rule 12b-15, and modifies the list of exhibits as necessary due to the filing of this Amendment. All other information presented in the Original Filing is unaffected by this Amendment, and has thus not been reiterated herein. All information in this Amendment is as of the date of the Original Filing and does not reflect any subsequent information or events occurring after the date of the Original Filing. As this Amendment does not include any changes to the financial statements or notes thereto, only a correction to the scope of the accountants’ report, the interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T have not been updated in this Amendment.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The following financial statements and independent auditors' reports listed below are included herein:

	Page
I. <u>Independent Auditor's Report from Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP</u>	4
II. <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets – December 31, 2013 and 2012</u>	5
III. <u>Consolidated Statements of Income – Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011</u>	6
IV. <u>Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income – Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011</u>	7
V. <u>Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity – Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011</u>	8
VI. <u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011</u>	9
VII. <u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	10

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors

Sierra Bancorp and Subsidiary

Porterville, California

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Sierra Bancorp and Subsidiary (the “Company”) as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company’s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sierra Bancorp and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations, changes in its shareholders' equity, and its cash flows for each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2013, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We have also audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company’s internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated March 13, 2014 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
March 13, 2014

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS****December 31, 2013 and 2012**

(dollars in thousands)

	2013	2012
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$51,342	\$42,079
Interest-bearing deposits in banks	26,664	19,739
Cash and cash equivalents	78,006	61,818
Investment securities available-for-sale	425,044	380,188
Loans held-for-sale	105	210
Loans and leases:		
Gross loans and leases	803,242	879,795
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(11,677)	(13,873)
Deferred loan and lease fees, net	1,522	1,156
Net Loans and Leases	793,087	867,078
Premises and equipment, net	20,393	21,830
Operating leases, net	-	12
Foreclosed assets	8,185	19,754
Goodwill	5,544	5,544
Other assets	79,885	81,469
Total Assets	\$1,410,249	\$1,437,903
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Non-interest bearing	\$365,997	\$352,597
Interest bearing	808,182	821,437
Total Deposits	1,174,179	1,174,034
Federal funds purchased and repurchase agreements	5,974	1,419
Short-term borrowings	-	36,650
Long-term borrowings	-	5,000
Subordinated debentures	30,928	30,928
Other liabilities	17,494	15,980
Total liabilities	1,228,575	1,264,011

Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)

Shareholders' equity

Serial Preferred stock, no par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		
Common stock, no par value; 24,000,000 shares authorized; 14,217,199 and 14,106,959 shares issued and outstanding in 2013 and 2012 resectively	65,780	64,384
Additional paid in capital	2,648	2,660
Retained earnings	112,817	103,128
Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of taxes of \$300 in 2013 and \$2,602 in 2012	429	3,720
Total shareholders' equity	181,674	173,892
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,410,249	\$1,437,903

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011**

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	2013	2012	2011
Interest income:			
Interest and fees on loans and leases	\$44,030	\$45,765	\$46,959
Interest on investment securities:			
Taxable	4,916	6,364	8,753
Exempt from federal tax	2,737	2,703	2,834
Interest on Federal funds sold and interest-bearing deposits	102	70	68
Total interest income	51,785	54,902	58,614
Interest expense:			
Interest on deposits	2,455	3,208	4,305
Interest on short-term borrowings	19	58	55
Interest on long-term borrowings	33	281	569
Interest on subordinated debentures	714	774	728
Total interest expense	3,221	4,321	5,657
Net Interest Income	48,564	50,581	52,957
Provision for loan and lease losses	4,350	14,210	12,000
Net Interest Income after Provision for Loan and lease losses	44,214	36,371	40,957
Non-interest revenue:			
Service charges on deposit accounts	9,022	9,676	9,543
Gain on sale of loans	129	183	139
Credit card fees	462	390	411
Checkcard fees	3,749	2,787	2,519
Gains on sales and calls of investment securities available-for-sale	6	1,762	1,660
Other-than-temporary impairment losses on equity securities	-	-	(1,370)
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	1,787	1,420	934
Other income	1,908	1,908	1,156
Total non-interest revenue	17,063	18,126	14,992
Other operating expense:			

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Salaries and employee benefits	21,920	20,734	20,669
Occupancy and equipment expense	6,274	6,381	6,758
Other	16,621	19,541	20,178
Total non-interest expense	44,815	46,656	47,605
Income before income taxes	16,462	7,841	8,344
Provision for income taxes	3,093	(344)	564
Net Income	\$13,369	\$8,185	\$7,780
Earnings per share:			
Basic	\$0.94	\$0.58	\$0.55
Diluted	\$0.94	\$0.58	\$0.55

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME****Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011**

(dollars in thousands)

	2013	2012	2011
Net (loss) income	\$13,369	\$8,185	\$7,780
Other comprehensive income, before tax:			
Unrealized gains on securities:			
Unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during period	(5,588)	1,560	5,266
Less: reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income	(6)	(1,762)	(1,660)
Plus: reclassification adjustment or other-than-temporary impairment losses (credit portion)	-	-	1,370
Other comprehensive (loss) income, before tax	(5,594)	(202)	4,976
Income tax benefit (expense) related to items of other comprehensive income, net of tax	2,303	74	(2,026)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(3,291)	(128)	2,950
Comprehensive income	\$10,078	\$8,057	\$10,730

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY****For the Three Years Ended December 31, 2013**

(dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid In Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Shareholders' Equity
Balance, January 1, 2011	13,976,741	\$63,477	\$ 1,652	\$93,570	\$ 898	\$ 159,597
Net Income				7,780		7,780
Net change in unrealized gain on investment securities available- for- sale, net of tax					2,950	2,950
Reversal of Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (EITF 06-4)				191		191
Issuance of Common stock		(23)				(23)
Exercise of stock options and related tax benefit	124,868	867	109			976
Stock compensation costs			460			460
Cash dividends - \$.24 per share				(3,367)		(3,367)
Balance, December 31, 2011	14,101,609	64,321	2,221	98,174	3,848	168,564
Net Income				8,185		8,185
Net change in unrealized gain on investment securities available- for- sale, net of tax					(128)	(128)
Reversal of Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (EITF 06-4)				154		154
Exercise of stock options and related tax benefit	5,350	63	(48)			15
Stock compensation costs			487			487
Cash dividends - \$.24 per share				(3,385)		(3,385)
Balance, December 31, 2012	14,106,959	64,384	2,660	103,128	3,720	173,892
Net Income				13,369		13,369

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Net change in unrealized gain on investment securities available- for-sale, net of tax						(3,291)	(3,291)
Exercise of stock options and related tax benefit	110,240	1,396	(280)				1,116
Stock compensation costs			268				268
Cash dividends - \$.26 per share					(3,680)		(3,680)
Balance, December 31, 2013	14,217,199	\$65,780	\$ 2,648	\$112,817	\$ 429		\$ 181,674

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS****Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011**

(dollars in thousands)

	2013	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$13,369	\$8,185	\$7,780
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Gain on investment of securities	(6)	\$(1,762)	\$(1,660)
Other-than-temporary impairment loss	-	-	1,370
Gain on sales of loans	(129)	(183)	(139)
(Gain) loss on disposal of fixed assets	(15)	30	25
Loss on sale of foreclosed assets	223	864	451
Writedown of foreclosed assets	730	3,173	4,184
Share-based compensation expense	268	487	460
Provision for loan losses	4,350	14,210	12,000
Depreciation and amortization	2,131	2,437	2,695
Net amortization on securities premiums and discounts	8,177	8,500	5,874
Decrease (increase) in unearned net loan fees	366	(535)	(509)
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance policies	(1,417)	(350)	(934)
Proceeds from sales of loans	5,459	8,191	7,210
Originations of Loans Held For Sale	(5,225)	(6,864)	(7,511)
Decrease in interest receivable and other assets	2,225	610	2,354
Increase in other liabilities	1,514	1,646	666
Net decrease in FHLB stock, at cost	438	670	1,321
Deferred income tax provision (benefit)	2,360	(564)	(881)
Excess tax benefit from equity based compensation	(280)	(48)	(109)
Net cash provided by operating activities	34,538	38,697	34,647
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Maturities of securities available for sale	1,724	1,120	7,107
Proceeds from sales/calls of securities available for sale	4,135	63,776	46,872
Purchases of securities available for sale	(160,251)	(150,305)	(205,500)
Principal paydowns on securities available for sale	95,772	104,752	76,171
Decrease (increase) in loans receivable, net	64,868	(163,789)	24,661
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(667)	(3,411)	(2,734)

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Proceeds from sales of foreclosed assets	15,023	15,538	7,212
Purchase of bank owned life insurance	-	-	(5,132)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	20,604	(132,319)	(51,343)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Increase in deposits	145	87,766	33,994
(Decrease) increase in borrowed funds	(41,650)	9,530	2,470
Increase (decrease) in Repurchase Agreements	4,555	(1,618)	3,037
Cash dividends paid	(3,680)	(3,385)	(3,367)
Issuance of Common Stock	-	-	(23)
Stock options exercised	1,396	63	867
Excess tax provision from equity based compensation	280	48	109
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(38,954)	92,404	37,087
Increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks	16,188	(1,218)	20,391
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	61,818	63,036	42,645
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$78,006	\$61,818	\$63,036
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$3,340	\$4,531	\$5,492
Income taxes	\$-	\$-	\$1,643
Non-cash investing activities			
Real estate acquired through foreclosure	\$4,990	\$23,965	\$6,520
Change in unrealized net (losses) gains on			
Investment securities available-for-sale	\$(5,594)	\$(202)	\$4,976

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. THE BUSINESS OF SIERRA BANCORP

Sierra Bancorp (the “Company”) is a California corporation registered as a bank holding company under the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956, as amended, and is headquartered in Porterville, California. The Company was incorporated in November 2000 and acquired all of the outstanding shares of Bank of the Sierra (the “Bank”) in August 2001. The Company’s principal subsidiary is the Bank, and the Company exists primarily for the purpose of holding the stock of the Bank and of such other subsidiaries it may acquire or establish. The Company’s only other direct subsidiaries are Sierra Statutory Trust II, which was formed in March 2004 solely to facilitate the issuance of capital trust pass-through securities, and Sierra Capital Trust III, which was formed in June 2006 for the same purpose.

The Bank operates twenty-five full service branch offices, an online branch, a real estate industries group, an agricultural credit division, and an SBA lending unit. The Bank’s deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to applicable legal limits. The Bank maintains a diversified loan portfolio comprised of agricultural, commercial, consumer, real estate construction and mortgage loans. Loans are made primarily within the market area of the South Central San Joaquin Valley of California, specifically, Tulare, Fresno, Kern, Kings, and Madera counties. These areas have diverse economies with principal industries being agriculture, real estate and light manufacturing.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and the consolidated accounts of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Bank of the Sierra. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior years' balances to conform to classifications used in 2013. The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) and prevailing practices within the banking industry.

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the Company’s investments in Sierra Statutory Trust II and Sierra Capital Trust III are not consolidated and are accounted for under the equity method and included in other assets on the consolidated

balance sheet. The subordinated debentures issued and guaranteed by the Company and held by the trusts are reflected on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant changes in the near-term relate to the determination of the allowance for loan and lease losses and the valuation of real estate acquired in connection with foreclosures or in satisfaction of loans. In connection with the determination of the allowances for loan and lease losses and other real estate, management obtains independent appraisals for significant properties, evaluates the overall loan portfolio characteristics and delinquencies and monitors economic conditions.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash and balances due from banks, federal funds sold, and interest bearing deposits in banks.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment Securities

Investments are classified into the following categories:

Securities available-for-sale, reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reflected, net of tax, as a separate component of shareholders' equity in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Securities held-to-maturity, which the Company has the intent and has the ability to hold to maturity, are carried at cost, adjusted for amortization of premiums and the accretion of discounts.

Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and may only change the classification in certain limited circumstances. All transfers between categories are accounted for at fair value.

Although the Company currently has the intent and the ability to hold the securities in its investment portfolio to maturity, the securities are all marketable and are currently classified as "available for sale" to allow maximum flexibility with regard to interest rate risk and liquidity management.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") on at least a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such an evaluation. For securities in an unrealized loss position, management considers the extent and duration of the unrealized loss and the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer. Management also assesses whether it intends to sell, or it is more likely than not that it will be required to sell, a security in an unrealized loss position before recovery of its amortized cost basis. Potential credit impairment is also a consideration. If it is determined that OTTI exists on a security, the entire difference between amortized cost and fair value is recognized as a charge through earnings.

Loans and Leases (Financing Receivables)

Our credit quality classifications of Loans and Leases include Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Impaired. These classifications are defined in Note 4 (Loans and Leases) to our consolidated financial statements.

Loans and leases are reported at the principal amounts outstanding, adjusted for unearned income, deferred loan origination fees and costs, purchase premiums and discounts, write-downs, and the allowance for loan and lease losses. Loan and lease origination fees, net of certain deferred origination costs, and purchase premiums and discounts are recognized as an adjustment to yield of the related loans and leases over the contractual life of the loan using both the effective interest and straight line methods.

Interest income for all performing loans, regardless of classification (Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Impaired), is recognized on an accrual basis, with interest accrued daily. Costs associated with successful loan originations are netted from loan origination fees, with the net amount (net deferred loan fees) amortized over the contractual life of the loan in interest income. If a loan has scheduled periodic payments, the amortization of the net deferred loan fee is calculated using the effective interest method over the contractual life of the loan. If the loan does not have scheduled payments, such as a line of credit, the net deferred loan fee is recognized as interest income on a straight line basis over the contractual life of the loan. Fees received for loan commitments are recognized as interest income over the term of the commitment. When loans are repaid, any remaining unamortized balances of deferred fees and costs are accounted for through interest income.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Generally, the Company places a loans or lease on nonaccrual status and ceases recognizing interest income when it has become delinquent more than 90 days and/or when Management determines that the repayment of principal and collection of interest is unlikely. The Company may decide that it is appropriate to continue to accrue interest on certain loans more than 90 days delinquent if they are well-secured by collateral and collection is in process. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, any accrued but uncollected interest for the loan is reversed out of interest income in the period in which the loan's status changed. For loans with an interest reserve, i.e., where loan proceeds are advanced to the borrower to make interest payments, all interest recognized from the inception of the loan is reversed when the loan is placed on non-accrual. Once a loan is on non-accrual status subsequent payments received from the customer are applied to principal, and no further interest income is recognized until the principal has been paid in full or until circumstances have changed such that payments are again consistently received as contractually required. Generally, loans and leases are not restored to accrual status until the obligation is brought current and has performed in accordance with the contractual terms for a reasonable period of time, and the ultimate collectability of the total contractual principal and interest is no longer in doubt.

Impaired loans are classified as either nonaccrual or accrual, depending on individual circumstances regarding the collectability of interest and principal according to the contractual terms.

Loans Modified in a Troubled Debt Restructuring

Loans are considered to have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") when due to a borrower's financial difficulties the Company makes certain concessions to the borrower that it would not otherwise consider.

Modifications may include interest rate reductions, principal or interest forgiveness, forbearance, and other actions intended to minimize economic loss and to avoid foreclosure or repossession of collateral. Generally, a non-accrual loan that has been modified in a TDR remains on non-accrual status for a period of six months to demonstrate that the borrower is able to meet the terms of the modified loan. However, performance prior to the modification, or significant events that coincide with the modification, are included in assessing whether the borrower can meet the new terms and may result in the loan being returned to accrual status at the time of loan modification or after a shorter performance period. If the borrower's ability to meet the revised payment schedule is uncertain, the loan remains on non-accrual status. TDRs may be removed from TDR designation in the calendar year following the restructuring, if the loan is in compliance with all modified terms and is yielding a market rate of interest.

A TDR is generally considered to be in default when it appears likely that the customer will not be able to repay all principal and interest pursuant to the terms of the restructured agreement.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The allowance for loan and lease losses is maintained at a level which, in management's judgment, is adequate to absorb loan and lease losses inherent in the loan and lease portfolio. The allowance for loan and lease losses is increased by a provision for loan and lease losses, which is charged to expense, and reduced by principal charge-offs, net of recoveries. The amount of the allowance is based on management's evaluation of the collectability of the loan and lease portfolio, changes in its risk profile, credit concentrations, historical trends, and economic conditions. This evaluation also considers the balance of impaired loans and leases. A loan or lease is impaired when it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all contractual principal and interest payments due in accordance with the terms of the loan or lease agreement. The impairment on certain individually identified loans or leases is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate of the loan or lease. As a practical expedient, impairment may be measured based on the loan's or lease's observable market price or the fair value of collateral if the loan or lease is collateral dependent. The amount of impairment, if any, is recorded through the provision for loan and lease losses and is added to the allowance for loan and lease losses, with any changes over time recognized as additional bad debt expense in our provision for loan losses. Impaired loans with homogenous characteristics, such as one-to-four family residential mortgages and consumer installment loans, may be subjected to a collective evaluation for impairment, considering delinquency and repossession statistics, historical loss experience, and other factors.

General reserves cover non-impaired loans and are based on historical net loss rates for each portfolio segment by call report code, adjusted for the effects of qualitative or environmental factors that are likely to cause estimated credit losses as of the evaluation date to differ from the portfolio segment's historical loss experience. Qualitative factors include consideration of the following: changes in lending policies and procedures; changes in international, national, regional, and local economic and business conditions and developments; changes in nature and volume of the portfolio; changes in the experience, ability and depth of lending management and staff; changes in the volume and severity of past due, nonaccrual and other adversely graded loans; changes in quality of the loan review system; changes in the value of the underlying collateral for collateral-dependent loans; concentrations of credit; and the effect of the other external factors such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements.

Most of the Company's business activity is with customers located within the South Central Valley of California, therefore the Company's exposure to credit risk is significantly affected by changes in the economy in that region. The Company considers this concentration of credit risk when assessing and assigning qualitative factors in the allowance for loan losses. Portfolio segments identified by the Company include Direct Financing leases, Agricultural, Commercial and Industrial, Real Estate, Small Business Administration, and Consumer loans. Relevant risk characteristics for these portfolio segments generally include debt service coverage, loan-to-value ratios and financial performance on non-consumer related loans; and credit scores, debt-to-income ratios, collateral type and loan-to-value ratios for consumer related loans.

Though management believes the allowance for loan and lease losses to be adequate, ultimate losses may vary from their estimates. However, estimates are reviewed periodically, and as adjustments become necessary they are reported in earnings during the periods they become known. In addition, the FDIC and the California Department of Business Oversight, as an integral part of their examination processes, review the allowance for loan and lease losses. These agencies may require additions to the allowance for loan and lease losses based on their judgment about information available at the time of their examinations.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reserve for Off-Balance Sheet Commitments

In addition to the exposure to credit loss from outstanding loans, the Company is also exposed to credit loss from certain off-balance sheet commitments such as unused commitments from revolving lines of credit, mortgage warehouse lines of credit, unused commitments on construction loans and commercial and standby letters of credit. Because the available funds have not yet been disbursed on these commitments the estimated losses are not included in the calculation of ALLL. The reserve for off-balance sheet commitments is an estimated loss contingency which is included in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The adjustments to the reserve for off-balance sheet commitments are reported as a noninterest expense. This reserve is for estimated losses that could occur when the Company is contractually obligated to make a payment under these instruments and must seek repayment from a party that may not be as financially sound in the current period as it was when the commitment was originally made.

Sale and Servicing of Loans

The Company periodically originates loans intended to be sold on the secondary market. These loans are recorded as “held for sale” and reported at the lower of cost or fair value in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The loan’s cost basis includes unearned deferred fees and costs, and premiums and discounts. These loans are generally held between 30 to 90 days from their origination date. Loans held for sale by the Company currently consist entirely of residential real estate loans. Loans classified as held for sale are disclosed in Note 4 of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

Gains and losses on sales of loans are recognized at the time of sale and are calculated based on the difference between the selling price and the allocated book value of loans sold. Book value allocations are determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Any inherent risk of loss on loans sold is transferred to the buyer at the date of sale.

The Company has issued various representations and warranties associated with the sale of loans. These representations and warranties may require the Company to repurchase loans with underwriting deficiencies as defined per the applicable sales agreements and certain past due loans within 90 days of the sale. The Company did not experience losses during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 or 2011 regarding these representations and warranties.

Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The useful lives of premises are estimated to be thirty years. The useful lives of furniture, fixtures and equipment are estimated to be three to twenty years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the life of the asset or the term of the related lease, whichever is shorter. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in income for the period. The cost of maintenance and repairs is charged to expense as incurred.

Impairment of long-lived assets is evaluated by management based upon an event or changes in circumstances surrounding the underlying assets which indicate long-lived assets may be impaired.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreclosed Assets

Foreclosed assets include real estate and other property acquired in full or partial settlement of loan obligations. When property is acquired, any excess of the recorded investment in the loan balance and accrued interest income over the appraised fair market value of the property, net of estimated selling costs, is charged against the allowance for loan and lease losses. A valuation allowance for losses on foreclosed assets is maintained to provide for temporary declines in value. The allowance is established through a provision for losses on foreclosed assets which is included in other non-interest expense. Subsequent gains or losses on sales or write-downs resulting from permanent impairments are recorded in other non-interest income or expense as incurred.

Goodwill

The Company acquired Sierra National Bank in 2000, and the acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The goodwill resulting from this transaction represents the amount by which the purchase price exceeded the fair value of the net assets. In accordance with U.S. GAAP the Company evaluates goodwill periodically for impairment. There was no impairment recognized for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011.

Income Taxes

The Company files its income taxes on a consolidated basis with its subsidiary. The allocation of income tax expense represents each entity's proportionate share of the consolidated provision for income taxes.

Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of temporary differences by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates would be recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance, if needed, reduces deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company adopted guidance issued by the FASB *accounting for income taxes*, effective January 1, 2007, which clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertainty in tax positions as defined. This guidance seeks to reduce the diversity in practice associated with certain aspects of the recognition and measurement related to accounting for income taxes. A tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is “more likely than not” that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely to be realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the “more likely than not” test, no tax benefit is recorded. We have determined that as of December 31, 2013 all tax positions taken to date are highly certain and, accordingly, no accounting adjustment has been made to the financial statements.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as part of income tax expense.

Salary Continuation Agreements and Directors’ Retirement Plan

The Company has entered into agreements to provide members of the Board of Directors and certain key executives, or their designated beneficiaries, with annual benefits for up to fifteen years after retirement or death. The Company accrues for these future benefits from the effective date of the plan until the director’s or executive’s expected retirement date in a systematic and rational manner. At the consolidated balance sheet date, the amount of accrued benefits equals the then present value of the benefits expected to be provided to the director or employee, any beneficiaries, and covered dependents in exchange for the director’s or employee’s services to that date.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income consists of net income and the net change in unrealized gains on securities available-for-sale, net of an adjustment for the effects of realized gains and losses and any applicable tax. Comprehensive income is a more inclusive financial reporting methodology that includes disclosure of other comprehensive income that historically has not been recognized in the calculation of net income. Unrealized gains and losses on the Company's available-for-sale investment securities are included in other comprehensive income after adjusting for the effects of realized gains and losses. Total comprehensive income and the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) are presented in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Stock-Based Compensation

At December 31, 2013, the Company had one stock-based compensation plan, the Sierra Bancorp 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2007 Plan"), which was adopted by the Company's Board of Directors on March 15, 2007 and approved by the Company's shareholders on May 23, 2007. The 2007 Plan is for 1,500,000 shares of the Company's authorized but unissued common stock, subject to adjustment for stock splits and dividends, and provides for the issuance of both "incentive" and "nonqualified" stock options to salaried officers and employees, and of "nonqualified" stock options to non-employee directors. The 2007 Plan also provides for the issuance of restricted stock awards to these same classes of eligible participants. We have not issued, nor do we currently have plans to issue, restricted stock awards. The 2007 plan supersedes the Company's 1998 Stock Option plan ("1998 Plan") which was terminated. The outstanding options issued under the 1998 Plan were not affected by this termination.

The Company is using the Black-Scholes model to value stock options. The "multiple option" approach is used to allocate the resulting valuation to actual expense for current period. Expected volatility is based on historical volatility of the Company's common stock. The Company uses historical data to estimate option exercise and post-vesting termination behavior. The expected term of options granted is based on historical data and represents the period of time that options granted are expected to be outstanding, which takes into account that the options are not

transferable. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the following assumptions:

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2013 ^(a)	2012	2011	
Dividend yield	N/A	2.35	% 2.27	%
Expected Volatility	N/A	56.71	% 52.92	%
Risk-free interest rate	N/A	0.43	% 1.06	%
Expected option life	N/A	5.5 years	6.8 years	

^(a) No stock options were issued in 2013.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2.SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2013-02, Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income, with the goal of improving the reporting of reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income. ASU 2013-02 requires an entity to provide information about the amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income, by component. In addition, if the amount reclassified is required under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) to be reclassified to net income in its entirety in the same reporting period, an entity is required to present significant amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by the respective line items of net income. For other amounts that are not required under U.S. GAAP to be reclassified in their entirety to net income, an entity is required to cross-reference to other disclosures that provide additional detail about those amounts. For public entities, this update became effective prospectively for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2012. We adopted ASU 2013-02 commencing with our report on Form 10-Q filed for the first quarter of 2013.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available-for-sale are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2013			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
US Government Agencies	\$5,395	\$18	\$(109)	\$5,304
Mortgage-backed securities	320,223	3,269	(2,771)	320,721
State and political subdivisions	97,361	1,723	(2,521)	96,563
Equity securities	1,336	1,120	-	2,456
Total investment securities	\$424,315	\$6,130	\$(5,401)	\$425,044

	December 31, 2012			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
US Government Agencies	\$2,987	\$ 3	\$(17)	\$ 2,973
Mortgage-backed securities	298,806	3,547	(964)	301,389
State and political subdivisions	70,736	3,430	(180)	73,986
Equity securities	1,336	508	(4)	1,840
Total investment securities	\$373,865	\$ 7,488	\$(1,165)	\$ 380,188

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale were \$700 thousand, \$56.4 million, and \$45.7 million, respectively. Gains and losses on the sale of investment securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

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Gross gains and losses from the sales and calls of investment securities for the years ended were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2012	2011
Gross Gains on Sales and Calls of Investment Securities	\$6 \$2,059	\$1,666
Gross Losses on Sales and Calls of Investment Securities	- (297)	(6)
Net Gains on Sales and Calls of Investment Securities	\$6 \$1,762	\$1,660

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE (Continued)

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company had 197 and 89 securities with unrealized gross losses, respectively. Information pertaining to these securities aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31, 2013			
	Less Than Twelve Months		Over Twelve Months	
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized	Fair Value
	Losses		Losses	
US Government Agencies	\$(92)	\$ 1,913	\$(17)	\$ 1,920
Mortgage-backed securities	(642)	21,747	(2,129)	124,317
State and political subdivisions	(461)	6,799	(2,060)	38,083
Equity securities	-	-	-	-
Total	\$(1,195)	\$ 30,459	\$(4,206)	\$ 164,320

	December 31, 2012			
	Less Than Twelve Months		Over Twelve Months	
	Gross	Gross	Gross	Gross
	Unrealized	Fair Value	Unrealized	Fair Value
	Losses		Losses	
US Government Agencies	\$(17)	\$ 1,996	\$ -	\$ -
Mortgage-backed securities	(903)	106,799	(61)	6,965
State and political subdivisions	(180)	9,324	-	-
Equity securities	(4)	242	-	-
Total	\$(1,104)	\$ 118,361	\$ (61)	\$ 6,965

The Company has reviewed all sectors and securities in the investment portfolio for impairment. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company realized slight gains and no losses from the sale of three debt securities which were sold to improve the credit quality of the portfolio by minimizing securities on our Municipal Bond Watch

List. During the year ended December 31, 2012 the Company realized losses through earnings from the sale of 22 debt securities for \$297,000. The securities were sold with 129 other debt securities for which \$2,059,000 in gains were realized, as a part of a liquidity strategy to fund new loan growth.

The Company has concluded as of December 31, 2013 that all remaining securities, currently in an unrealized loss position, are not other-than-temporarily-impaired. This assessment was based on the following factors: 1) the Company has the ability to hold the security, 2) the Company does not intend to sell the security, 3) the Company does not anticipate it will be required to sell the security before recovery, 4) and the Company expects to eventually recover the entire amortized cost basis of the security.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE (Continued)

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investment securities available-for-sale at December 31, 2013 by contractual maturity are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because the issuers of the securities may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without penalties.

	Amortized Cost	Fair Value
	(dollars in thousands)	
Maturing within one year	\$ 2,294	\$ 2,316
Maturing after one year through five years	241,396	242,493
Maturing after five years through ten years	59,572	59,402
Maturing after ten years	49,674	47,737
Investment securities not due at a single maturity date:		
U.S Government agencies collateralized by mortgage obligations	70,043	70,640
Other securities	1,336	2,456
	\$ 424,315	\$ 425,044

Investment securities available-for-sale with amortized costs totaling \$162,393,000 and estimated fair values totaling \$164,390,000 were pledged to secure other contractual obligations and short-term borrowing arrangements at December 31, 2013. (see Note 8)

Investment securities available-for-sale with amortized costs totaling \$174,930,000 and estimated fair values totaling \$178,550,000 were pledged to secure public deposits, other contractual obligations and short-term borrowing arrangements at December 31, 2012. (see Note 8)

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES

The composition of the loan and lease portfolio is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2013	2012
Real estate:		
Secured by residential, commercial and professional office properties, including construction and development	\$ 318,383	\$ 303,424
Secured by residential properties	150,952	170,514
Secured by farm land	108,504	71,851
Total Real Estate Loans	577,839	545,789
Agricultural	25,180	22,482
Commercial and industrial	158,756	257,896
Small Business Administration loans	14,905	20,523
Direct Financing leases	3,026	4,233
Consumer	23,536	28,872
Total Loans	803,242	879,795
Deferred loan and lease origination cost, net	1,522	1,156
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(11,677)	(13,873)
Loans, net	\$ 793,087	\$ 867,078

The Company monitors the credit quality of loans on a continuous basis using the regulatory and accounting classifications of pass, special mention, substandard and impaired to characterize and qualify the associated credit risk. Loans classified as "loss" are immediately charged-off. The Company uses the following definitions of risk classifications:

Pass Loans listed as pass include larger non-homogeneous loans not meeting the risk rating definitions below and smaller, homogeneous loans not assessed on an individual basis.

Special Mention Loans classified as special mention have the potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position and some future date.

Substandard Loans classified as substandard are those loans with clear and well-defined weaknesses such as a highly leveraged position, unfavorable financial operating results and/or trends, or uncertain repayment sources or poor financial condition, which may jeopardize ultimate recoverability of the debt.

Impaired A loan is considered impaired, when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Additionally, all loans classified as troubled debt restructurings are considered impaired.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Credit quality classifications as of December 31, 2013 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Impaired	Total
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ 1,720	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,720
Other Construction/Land	18,243	334	203	6,751	25,531
1-4 family - closed-end	67,051	1,305	770	17,898	87,024
Equity Lines	51,019	254	1,429	1,021	53,723
Multi-family residential	8,059	426	-	-	8,485
Commercial real estate owner occupied	158,155	17,033	3,261	7,563	186,012
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	89,475	3,630	240	13,495	106,840
Farmland	105,623	1,780	819	282	108,504
 Total Real Estate	 499,345	 24,762	 6,722	 47,010	 577,839
 Agricultural	 24,178	 532	 -	 470	 25,180
Commercial and Industrial	153,125	2,520	416	2,695	158,756
Small Business Administration loans	10,498	838	820	2,749	14,905
Direct finance leases	3,026	-	-	-	3,026
Consumer loans	19,387	478	208	3,463	23,536
 Total Gross Loans and Leases	 \$ 709,559	 \$ 29,130	 \$ 8,166	 \$ 56,387	 \$ 803,242

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Credit quality classifications as of December 31, 2012 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Impaired	Total
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ 1,599	\$ 1,333	\$ 89	\$ 153	\$ 3,174
Other Construction/Land	13,270	952	1,132	12,648	28,002
1-4 family - closed-end	73,002	2,484	1,209	23,222	99,917
Equity Lines	58,161	95	1,949	1,258	61,463
Multi-family residential	5,351	609	-	-	5,960
Commercial real estate owner occupied	144,207	22,895	6,562	8,950	182,614
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	67,407	6,864	568	17,969	92,808
Farmland	64,176	2,216	3,526	1,933	71,851
Total Real Estate	427,173	37,448	15,035	66,133	545,789
Agricultural	21,333	462	24	663	22,482
Commercial and Industrial	247,375	5,020	1,845	3,656	257,896
Small Business Administration loans	15,002	1,551	743	3,227	20,523
Direct finance leases	4,076	22	-	135	4,233
Consumer loans	23,881	445	198	4,348	28,872
Total Gross Loans and Leases	\$ 738,840	\$ 44,948	\$ 17,845	\$ 78,162	\$ 879,795

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

A summary of the transactions in the allowance for loan and lease losses follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Balance, beginning of year	\$13,873	\$17,283	\$21,138
Provision for loan and lease losses	4,350	14,210	12,000
Losses charged to allowance	(8,263)	(18,778)	(16,987)
Recoveries	1,717	1,158	1,132
Balance, end of year	\$11,677	\$13,873	\$17,283

Loans may or may not be collateralized, and collection efforts are continuously pursued. Loans or leases may be restructured by management when a borrower has experienced some change in financial status causing an inability to meet the original repayment terms and where the Company believes the borrower will eventually overcome those circumstances and make full restitution. Loans and leases are charged off when they are deemed to be uncollectible, while recoveries are generally recorded only when cash payments are received subsequent to the charge-off.

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the year 2013 and the recorded investment in loans and impairment method as of December 31, 2013 by portfolio segment (dollars in thousands):

	Commercial and Agricultural		Industrial	Administration	Direct Small Business Finance Leases	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
	Real Estate							
Allowance for credit losses:								
Beginning of year	\$ 8,034	\$ 258	\$ 2,056	\$ 1,246	\$ 165	\$ 2,114	\$ -	\$ 13,873
Charge-offs	(4,205)	(473)	(1,268)	(294)	(106)	(1,917)	-	(8,263)
Recoveries	618	-	747	37	18	297	-	1,717

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Provision	1,097	1,193	633	626	(73)	623	251	4,350
End of year	\$5,544	\$ 978	\$ 2,168	\$ 1,615	\$4	\$ 1,117	\$ 251	\$11,677
Reserves:								
Specific	\$2,867	\$ 126	\$ 655	\$ 1,270	\$-	\$431	\$ -	\$5,349
General	2,677	852	1,513	345	4	686	251	6,328
	\$5,544	\$ 978	\$ 2,168	\$ 1,615	\$4	\$ 1,117	\$ 251	\$11,677
Loans evaluated for impairment:								
Individually	\$47,010	\$ 470	\$ 2,695	\$ 2,749	\$-	\$ 3,463	\$ -	\$56,387
Collectively	530,829	24,710	156,061	12,156	3,026	20,073	-	746,855
	\$577,839	\$ 25,180	\$ 158,756	\$ 14,905	\$ 3,026	\$ 23,536	\$ -	\$803,242

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

The following table presents the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the year 2012 and the recorded investment in loans and impairment method as of December 31, 2012 by portfolio segment (dollars in thousands):

	Real Estate	Agricultural	Commercial and Industrial	Small Business Administration	Direct Finance Leases	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Allowance for credit losses:								
Beginning of year	\$ 8,260	\$ 19	\$ 4,638	\$ 1,447	\$ 311	\$ 2,608	\$ -	\$ 17,283
Charge-offs	(11,108)	(634)	(3,517)	(753)	(198)	(2,568)	-	(18,778)
Recoveries	302	-	483	95	-	278	-	1,158
Provision	10,580	873	452	457	52	1,796	-	14,210
End of year	\$ 8,034	\$ 258	\$ 2,056	\$ 1,246	\$ 165	\$ 2,114	\$ -	\$ 13,873
Reserves:								
Specific	\$ 4,180	\$ 28	\$ 934	\$ 1,038	\$ 67	\$ 878	\$ -	\$ 7,125
General	3,854	230	1,122	208	98	1,236	-	6,748
	\$ 8,034	\$ 258	\$ 2,056	\$ 1,246	\$ 165	\$ 2,114	\$ -	\$ 13,873
Loans evaluated for impairment:								
Individually	\$ 66,133	\$ 663	\$ 3,656	\$ 3,227	\$ 135	\$ 4,348	\$ -	\$ 78,162
Collectively	479,656	21,819	254,240	17,296	4,098	24,524	-	801,633
	\$ 545,789	\$ 22,482	\$ 257,896	\$ 20,523	\$ 4,233	\$ 28,872	\$ -	\$ 879,795

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Past due and nonaccrual loans as of December 31, 2013 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days Or More Past Due ⁽¹⁾	Total Past Due	Current	Total Financing Receivables	Non-Accrual Loans ⁽²⁾
Real Estate:							
1-4 family residential construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,720	\$ 1,720	\$ -
Other Construction/Land	294	-	116	410	25,121	25,531	5,528
1-4 family - closed-end	2,181	300	171	2,652	84,372	87,024	13,168
Equity Lines	98	-	288	386	53,337	53,723	778
Multi-family residential	-	-	-	-	8,485	8,485	-
Commercial real estate owner occupied	1,917	144	2,011	4,072	181,940	186,012	5,516
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	-	-	7,667	7,667	99,173	106,840	8,058
Farmland	331	-	-	331	108,173	108,504	282
Total Real Estate Loans	4,821	444	10,253	15,518	562,321	577,839	33,330
Agricultural	892	327	125	1,344	23,836	25,180	470
Commercial and Industrial	342	78	24	444	158,312	158,756	685
Small Business Administration Loans	976	509	1,274	2,759	12,146	14,905	1,937
Direct finance leases	-	-	-	-	3,026	3,026	-
Consumer loans	181	-	-	181	23,355	23,536	992
Total Gross Loans and Leases	\$ 7,212	\$ 1,358	\$ 11,676	\$ 20,246	\$ 782,996	\$ 803,242	\$ 37,414

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2013 there were no loans over 90 days past due and still accruing.

(2) Included in Total Financing Receivables

26

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Past due and nonaccrual loans as of December 31, 2012 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	90 Days Or More Past Due ⁽¹⁾	Total Past Due	Current	Total Financing Receivables	Non-Accrual Loans ⁽²⁾
Real Estate:							
1-4 family residential construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 153	\$ 153	\$3,021	\$ 3,174	\$ 153
Other Construction/Land	374	211	-	585	27,417	28,002	11,163
1-4 family - closed-end	1,335	88	376	1,799	98,117	99,916	15,381
Equity Lines	473	40	66	579	60,885	61,464	1,026
Multi-family residential	177	-	-	177	5,783	5,960	-
Commercial real estate owner occupied	1,372	813	1,289	3,474	179,140	182,614	5,314
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	7,831	-	1,499	9,330	83,478	92,808	11,642
Farmland	231	-	1,679	1,910	69,941	71,851	1,933
Total Real Estate Loans	11,793	1,152	5,062	18,007	527,782	545,789	46,612
Agricultural	24	157	506	687	21,795	22,482	664
Commercial and Industrial	1,419	518	7	1,944	255,952	257,896	2,386
Small Business Administration Loans	905	-	1,574	2,479	18,044	20,523	2,159
Direct finance leases	-	34	123	157	4,076	4,233	135
Consumer loans	238	189	87	514	28,358	28,872	1,138
Total Gross Loans and Leases	\$ 14,379	\$ 2,050	\$ 7,359	\$ 23,788	\$856,007	\$ 879,795	\$ 53,094

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2012 there were no loans over 90 days past due and still accruing.⁽²⁾ Included in Total Financing Receivables

Generally, the Company places a loan or lease on nonaccrual status and ceases recognizing interest income when it has become delinquent more than 90 days and/or when Management determines that the repayment of principal and collection of interest is unlikely. The Company may decide that it is appropriate to continue to accrue interest on certain loans more than 90 days delinquent if they are well-secured by collateral and collection is in process. When a loan is placed on nonaccrual status, any accrued but uncollected interest for the loan is reversed out of interest income in the period in which the loan's status changed. Subsequent payments received from the customer are applied to principal, and no further interest income is recognized until the principal has been paid in full or until circumstances have changed such that payments are again consistently received as contractually required.

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired and non-accrual loans (dollars in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2013	2012
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance	\$ 25,722	\$ 14,292
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	30,665	63,870
Total impaired loans ⁽¹⁾	\$ 56,387	\$ 78,162
Valuation allowance related to impaired loans	\$ 5,349	\$ 7,125
Total non-accrual loans	\$ 37,414	\$ 53,094
Total loans past-due ninety days or more and still accruing	\$ -	\$ -

⁽¹⁾ Principal balance only

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Individually impaired loans as of December 31, 2013 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2013				
	Unpaid Principal Balance ⁽¹⁾	Recorded Investment ⁽²⁾	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized ⁽³⁾
With an Allowance Recorded					
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Construction/Land	2,972	2,972	502	3,000	98
1-4 Family - closed-end	13,522	13,522	1,324	13,630	260
Equity Lines	528	528	123	530	13
Multifamily residential	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	2,047	2,047	217	2,069	135
Commercial real estate- non-owner occupied	3,715	3,715	701	3,813	238
Farmland	-	-	-	-	-
Total Real Estate	22,784	22,784	2,867	23,042	744
Agricultural	125	125	126	131	-
Commercial and Industrial	1,870	1,857	655	2,009	85
Small Business Administration	2,710	2,488	1,270	2,487	46
Direct finance leases	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer loans	3,411	3,411	431	3,591	172
	30,900	30,665	5,349	31,260	1,047
With no Related Allowance Recorded					
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Construction/Land	4,176	3,779	-	3,885	-
1-4 Family - closed-end	4,655	4,376	-	4,687	1
Equity Lines	565	493	-	493	-
Multifamily residential	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	7,436	5,516	-	5,568	-
Commercial real estate- non-owner occupied	10,077	9,780	-	9,820	115
Farmland	282	282	-	290	-

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Total Real Estate	27,191	24,226	-	24,743	116
Agricultural	345	345	-	837	-
Commercial and Industrial	891	838	-	1,346	57
Small Business Administration	358	261	-	261	-
Direct finance leases	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer loans	241	52	-	77	-
	29,026	25,722	-	27,264	173
Total	\$59,926	\$ 56,387	\$ 5,349	\$ 58,524	\$ 1,220

⁽¹⁾Contractual principal balance due from customer.

⁽²⁾Principal balance on Company's books, less any direct charge offs.

⁽³⁾Interest income is recognized on performing balances on a regular accrual basis.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Individually impaired loans as of December 31, 2012 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31, 2012				
	Unpaid Principal Balance ⁽¹⁾	Recorded Investment ⁽²⁾	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	Interest Income Recognized ⁽³⁾
With an Allowance Recorded					
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ 153	\$ 153	\$ 23	\$ 91	\$ -
Other Construction/Land	10,313	10,313	1,244	10,755	86
1-4 Family - closed-end	19,218	18,910	955	19,024	401
Equity Lines	1,142	1,142	163	1,144	9
Multifamily residential	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	5,846	5,585	563	5,666	126
Commercial real estate- non-owner occupied	18,539	17,579	1,230	18,079	481
Farmland	254	254	2	259	-
Total Real Estate	55,465	53,936	4,180	55,018	1,103
Agricultural	28	28	28	28	-
Commercial and Industrial	2,955	2,920	934	3,100	51
Small Business Administration	2,704	2,507	1,038	2,507	53
Direct finance leases	135	135	67	135	-
Consumer loans	4,349	4,344	878	4,493	183
	65,636	63,870	7,125	65,281	1,390
With no Related Allowance Recorded					
Real Estate:					
1-4 family residential construction	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Construction/Land	2,335	2,335	-	2,346	-
1-4 Family - closed-end	4,312	4,312	-	4,491	-
Equity Lines	116	116	-	155	1
Multifamily residential	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	4,298	3,365	-	3,540	-
Commercial real estate- non-owner occupied	390	390	-	421	3
Farmland	1,679	1,679	-	1,686	-

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Total Real Estate	13,130	12,197	-	12,639	4
Agricultural	1,008	635	-	1,017	-
Commercial and Industrial	735	736	-	740	-
Small Business Administration	1,008	720	-	720	-
Direct finance leases	-	-	-	-	-
Consumer loans	4	4	-	7	-
	15,885	14,292	-	15,123	4
Total	\$81,521	\$ 78,162	\$ 7,125	\$ 80,404	\$ 1,394

⁽¹⁾Contractual principal balance due from customer.

⁽²⁾Principal balance on Company's books, less any direct charge offs.

⁽³⁾Interest income is recognized on performing balances on a regular accrual basis.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Included in loans above are troubled debt restructurings that were classified as impaired. The Company had \$3,714,000 and \$3,427,000 in commercial loans, \$32,960,000 and \$40,639,000 in real estate secured loans and \$3,250,000 and \$3,976,000 in consumer loans, which were modified as troubled debt restructurings and consequently classified as impaired at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Additional commitments to existing customers with restructured loans totaled \$250,000 and \$195,000 at December 31, 2013 and 2012 respectively.

Interest income recognized on impaired loans was \$1,220,000, \$1,394,000, and \$1,214,000 for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 respectively. There was no interest income recognized on a cash basis on impaired loans for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 respectively.

The following is a summary of interest income from non-accrual loans in the portfolio at year-end that was not recognized (dollars in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest that would have been recorded under the loans' original terms	\$ 3,209	\$ 4,084	\$ 4,353
Less gross interest recorded	304	2,088	1,328
Foregone interest	\$ 2,905	\$ 1,996	\$ 3,025

Certain loans have been pledged to secure short-term borrowing arrangements (see Note 8). These loans totaled \$413,369,000 and \$392,644,000 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Salaries and employee benefits totaling \$2,804,000, \$2,745,000, and \$2,586,000, have been deferred as loan and lease origination costs to be amortized over the estimated lives of the related loans and leases for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

During the periods ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the terms of certain loans were modified as troubled debt restructurings. Types of modifications applied to these loans, include a reduction of the stated interest rate, a modification of term, an agreement to collect only interest rather than principal and interest for a specified period, or any combination thereof.

The following table presents troubled debt restructurings by type of modification during the period ending December 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

	Rate Modification	Term Modification	Interest Only Modification	Rate & Term Modification	Rate & Interest Only Modification	Term & Interest Only Modification	Rate, Term & Interest Only Modification	Total
Troubled Debt Restructurings								
Real Estate:								
Other Construction/Land	\$ -	\$ 416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$416
1-4 family - closed-end	-	3,338	-	238	-	-	102	3,678
Equity Lines	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	40
Commercial real estate owner occupied	-	-	-	557	-	-	-	557
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Real Estate Loans	-	3,754	40	795	-	-	102	4,691
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	-	1,563	-	308	-	-	-	1,871
Consumer Loans	-	469	-	-	-	-	92	561
Small Business Administration loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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\$ - \$ 5,786 \$ 40 \$ 1,103 \$ - \$ - \$ 194 \$7,123

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

The following table presents troubled debt restructurings by type of modification during the period ending December 31, 2012 (dollars in thousands):

	Rate Modification	Term Modification	Interest On Modification	Rate & Term Modification	Rate & Interest Only Modification	Term & Interest Only Modification	Rate, Term & Interest Only Modification	Total
Troubled Debt Restructurings								
Real Estate:								
Other Construction/Land	\$ -	\$ 458	\$ -	\$ 375	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$833
1-4 family - closed-end	-	313	-	200	-	222	616	1,351
Equity Lines	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	29
Commercial real estate owner occupied	-	1,006	-	1,184	-	-	-	2,190
Commercial real estate Non-owner occupied	-	330	-	60	-	-	-	390
Total Real Estate Loans	-	2,136	-	1,819	-	222	616	4,793
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	-	625	2	658	-	-	-	1,285
Consumer Loans	-	1,328	-	269	-	-	117	1,714
Small Business Administration loans	-	200	-	475	-	-	-	675
	\$ -	\$ 4,289	\$ 2	\$ 3,221	\$ -	\$ 222	\$ 733	\$8,467

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

The following tables present loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings including any subsequent defaults during the period ending December 31, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Loans	Pre- Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post- Outstanding Recorded Investment	Reserve Difference ⁽¹⁾
Real Estate:				
Other Construction/Land	2	\$ 418	\$ 416	\$ 38
1-4 family - closed-end	8	3,679	3,678	20
Equity Lines	1	40	40	40
Commercial real estate owner occupied	1	557	557	-
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	0	-	-	-
Total Real Estate Loans		4,694	4,691	98
Agricultural	0	-	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	8	1,858	1,871	257
Consumer Loans	13	561	561	54
Small Business Administration loans	0	-	-	-
		\$ 7,113	\$ 7,123	\$ 409

⁽¹⁾ This represents the increase or (decrease) in the allowance for loans and lease losses reserve for these credits measured as the difference between the specific post-modification impairment reserve and the pre-modification reserve calculated under our general allowance for loan loss methodology.

	Number of Loans	Subsequent Defaults Recorded Investment	Charge-Offs
Real Estate:			
Other Construction/Land	2	\$ 162	\$ 47

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1-4 family - closed-end	2	779	133
Equity Lines	0	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	1	308	245
Commercial real estate- non owner occupied	0	-	-
Total Real Estate Loans		1,249	425
Agricultural	0	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	7	374	373
Consumer Loans	7	181	132
Small Business Administration Loans	2	194	-
		\$1,998	\$930

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

The following tables present loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings including any subsequent defaults during the period ending December 31, 2012 (dollars in thousands):

	Number of Loans	Pre- Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post- Outstanding Recorded Investment	Reserve Difference ⁽¹⁾
Real Estate:				
Other Construction/Land	10	\$ 835	\$ 833	\$ 48
1-4 family - closed-end	11	1,365	1,351	101
Equity Lines	1	29	29	13
Commercial real estate owner occupied	6	1,857	2,190	(45)
Commercial real estate non-owner occupied	3	390	390	6
Total Real Estate Loans		4,476	4,793	123
Agricultural	0	-	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	20	1,295	1,285	109
Consumer Loans	37	1,723	1,714	21
Small Business Administration loans	2	668	675	8
		\$ 8,162	\$ 8,467	\$ 261

⁽¹⁾ This represents the increase or (decrease) in the allowance for loans and lease losses reserve for these credits measured as the difference between the specific post-modification impairment reserve and the pre-modification reserve calculated under our general allowance for loan loss methodology.

	Subsequent Defaults Recorded Number of Loans	Investment	Charge-Offs
Real Estate:			

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Other Construction/Land	0	\$ -	\$ -
1-4 family - closed-end	1	222	-
Equity Lines	0	-	-
Commercial real estate- owner occupied	1	332	-
Commercial real estate- non owner occupied	0	-	-
Total Real Estate Loans		554	-
Agricultural	0	-	-
Commercial and Industrial	1	66	66
Consumer Loans	2	115	-
Small Business Administration Loans	0	-	-
		\$ 735	\$ 66

In the tables above, the TDRs that subsequently defaulted increased the allowance for loan and lease losses by \$660,000 and \$31,000 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. Charge offs resulting from the above defaults were \$155,000 and \$66,000 respectively. The total allowance for loan and lease losses specifically allocated to the balances that were classified as TDRs during the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 is \$3,321,000 and \$1,079,000, respectively.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

4. LOANS AND LEASES (Continued)

Interest income for all performing loans, regardless of class (Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Impaired), is recognized on an accrual basis, with interest accrued daily. Costs associated with successful loan originations are netted from loan origination fees, with the net amount (net deferred loan fees) amortized over the contractual life of the loan in interest income. If a loan has scheduled periodic payments, the amortization of the net deferred loan fee is calculated using the effective interest method over the contractual life of the loan. If the loan does not have scheduled payments, such as a line of credit, the net deferred loan fee is recognized as interest income on a straight line basis over the contractual life of the loan. Fees received for loan commitments are recognized as interest income over the term of the commitment. When loans are repaid, any remaining unamortized balances of deferred fees and costs are accounted for through interest income.

Loan Servicing

The Company originates mortgage loans for sale to investors. During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, all mortgage loans that were sold by the Company were sold without retention of related servicing. The Company's servicing portfolio at December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 totaled \$1,585,000, \$2,596,000 and \$506,000, respectively. At December 31, 2013, loans were principally serviced for one investor.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

5. PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT

Premises and equipment at cost consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2013	2012
Land	\$2,607	\$2,607
Buildings and improvements	15,818	15,720
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	17,829	20,476
Leasehold improvements	10,536	10,496
	46,790	49,299
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	26,402	27,473
Construction in progress	5	4
	\$20,393	\$21,830

Depreciation and amortization included in occupancy and equipment expense totaled \$2,119,000, \$2,289,000, and \$2,505,000, for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

6. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2013	2012
Accrued interest receivable	\$4,990	\$5,095
Deferred tax assets	12,286	11,995

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Prepaid taxes	2,787	3,775
Investment in limited partnerships	9,204	10,316
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	5,581	6,019
Cash surrender value of officer life insurance policies	39,424	38,007
Other	5,613	6,262
	\$79,885	\$81,469

The Company has invested in limited partnerships that operate qualified affordable housing projects to receive tax benefits in the form of tax deductions from operating losses and tax credits. The Company accounts for these investments under the cost method and management analyzes these investments annually for potential impairment. The Company has no remaining capital commitments to these partnerships at December 31, 2013.

The Company holds certain equity investments that are not readily marketable securities and thus are classified as “other assets” on the Company’s balance sheet. These include investments in Pacific Coast Bankers Bancshares, California Economic Development Lending Initiative, and the Federal Home Loan Bank (“FHLB”).

The largest of these is the Company’s \$5,581,000 investment in FHLB stock, carried at cost. Quarterly, the FHLB evaluates and adjusts the Company’s minimum stock requirement based on the Company’s borrowing activity and membership requirements. Any stock deemed in excess is automatically repurchased by the FHLB at cost.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

7.DEPOSITS

Interest-bearing deposits consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2013	2012
Interest Bearing Demand Deposits	\$82,408	\$84,655
NOW	200,313	196,771
Savings	144,162	118,547
Money Market	73,132	71,222
CDAR's, Under \$100,000	437	791
CDAR's, \$100,000 or more	12,919	14,274
Time, Under \$100,000	79,261	101,893
Time, \$100,000 or more	205,550	218,284
Brokered Deposits	10,000	15,000
	\$808,182	\$821,437

Aggregate annual maturities of time deposits are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Year Ending December 31,	
2014	\$296,969
2015	8,467
2016	989
2017	833
2018	290
Thereafter	619
	\$308,167

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Interest expense recognized on interest-bearing deposits consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest Bearing Demand Deposits	\$ 281	\$ 257	\$ 137
NOW	359	556	860
Savings	285	241	203
Money Market	94	127	506
CDAR's, Under \$100,000	-	2	5
CDAR's, \$100,000 or more	36	50	194
Time, Under \$100,000	420	619	1,001
Time, \$100,000 or more	823	1,154	1,223
Brokered Deposits	157	202	176
	\$ 2,455	\$ 3,208	\$ 4,305

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

8. OTHER BORROWING ARRANGEMENTS

Short-term borrowings consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	2013		2012		
	Amount	Fixed Rate	Amount	Fixed Rate	
As of December 31:					
Repurchase agreements	\$5,974	.44	\$1,419	.60	%
Overnight Federal Home Loan					
Bank advances	-	-	36,650	.26	%
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	-	-	-	-	
	\$5,974		\$38,069		

The Company had unsecured lines of credit with its correspondent banks which, in the aggregate, amounted to \$70,000,000 and \$55,000,000 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, at interest rates which vary with market conditions. There was \$0 outstanding under these lines of credit at December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

At December 31, 2013, the Company had remaining borrowing capacity with the Federal Home Loan Bank of \$93,380,000 secured by government agencies and whole loan collateral.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

9. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes follows (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Federal:			
Current	\$ 563	\$ 220	\$ 627
Deferred	1,842	(647)	(706)
	2,405	(427)	(79)
State:			
Current	170	-	818
Deferred	518	83	(175)
	688	83	643
	\$ 3,093	\$ (344)	\$ 564

The components of the net deferred tax asset, included in other assets, are as follows (dollars in thousands):

	December 31,	
	2013	2012
Deferred tax assets:		
Allowance for loan losses	\$5,669	\$6,594
Foreclosed Assets	1,779	4,461
Deferred compensation	4,112	3,627
Accrued reserves	594	502
Non Accrual Loans	1,211	865
Other than temporary impairment charge	576	576
Credit Carryforward	3,089	2,273
Other	153	185
Total deferred tax assets	17,183	19,083

Deferred tax liabilities:		
Premises and equipment	(589)	(552)
Deferred loan costs	(2,254)	(2,152)
Unrealized gain on securities available-for-sale	(299)	(2,602)
Other	(1,755)	(1,782)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(4,897)	(7,088)
Net deferred tax assets	\$12,286	\$11,995

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

9. INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The expense for income taxes differs from amounts computed by applying the statutory Federal income tax rates to income before income taxes. The significant items comprising these differences consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Income tax expense at Federal statutory rate	\$5,597	\$2,666	\$2,837
Increase (decrease) resulting from:			
State franchise tax expense, net of Federal tax effect	414	-	540
Tax exempt income	(920)	(1,388)	(1,330)
Affordable housing tax credits	(1,257)	(1,639)	(1,605)
Other	(741)	17	122
	\$3,093	\$(344)	\$564
Effective tax rate	18.8 %	(4.4) %	6.8 %

The Company is subject to federal income tax and income tax of the state of California. Our federal income tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2011 and 2012 are open to audit by the federal authorities and our California state tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2010, 2011 and 2012 are open to audit by the state authorities.

There were no recorded interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions as part of income tax for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. We do not expect the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits to significantly increase or decrease within the next twelve months.

10. SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES

Sierra Statutory Trust II (“Trust II”) and Sierra Capital Trust III (“Trust III”), (collectively, the “Trusts”) were formed by the Company for the sole purpose of issuing trust preferred securities fully and unconditionally guaranteed by the Company. For financial reporting purposes, the Trusts are not consolidated and the Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Interest Debentures (the “Subordinated Debentures”) held by the Trusts and issued and guaranteed by the Company are reflected in the Company’s consolidated balance sheet in accordance with provisions of ASC Topic 810. Under applicable regulatory guidance, the amount of trust preferred securities that is eligible as Tier 1 capital is limited to twenty-five percent of the Company’s Tier 1 capital on a pro forma basis. At December 31, 2013, \$30,000,000 of the Company’s trust preferred securities qualified as Tier 1 capital.

During the first quarter of 2004, Sierra Statutory Trust II issued 15,000 Floating Rate Capital Trust Pass-Through Securities (TRUPS II), with a liquidation value of \$1,000 per security, for gross proceeds of \$15,000,000. The entire proceeds of the issuance were invested by Trust II in \$15,464,000 of Subordinated Debentures issued by the Company, with identical maturity, re-pricing and payment terms as the TRUPS II. The Subordinated Debentures, purchased by Trust II, represent the sole assets of the Trust II. Those Subordinated Debentures mature on March 17, 2034, bear a current interest rate of 2.99% (based on 3-month LIBOR plus 2.75%), with re-pricing and payments due quarterly.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

10. SUBORDINATED DEBENTURES (Continued)

Those Subordinated Debentures are currently redeemable by the Company, subject to receipt by the Company of prior approval from the Federal Reserve Bank, on any March 17th, June 17th, September 17th, or December 17th. The redemption price is par plus accrued and unpaid interest, except in the case of redemption under a special event which is defined in the debenture.

The TRUPS II are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of any early redemption of the related Subordinated Debentures and upon maturity of the Subordinated Debentures on March 17, 2034.

Trust II has the option to defer payment of the distributions for a period of up to five years, as long as the Company is not in default on the payment of interest on the Subordinated Debentures. The TRUPS II issued in the offering were sold in private transactions pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company has guaranteed, on a subordinated basis, distributions and other payments due on the TRUPS II.

During the second quarter of 2006, Sierra Capital Trust III issued 15,000 Floating Rate Capital Trust Pass-Through Securities (TRUPS III), with a liquidation value of \$1,000 per security, for gross proceeds of \$15,000,000. The entire proceeds of the issuance were invested by Trust III in \$15,464,000 of Subordinated Debentures issued by the Company, with identical maturity, repricing and payment terms as the TRUPS III. The Subordinated Debentures, purchased by Trust III, represent the sole assets of the Trust III. Those Subordinated Debentures mature on September 23, 2036, bear a current interest rate of 1.65% (based on 3-month LIBOR plus 1.40%), with repricing and payments due quarterly.

Those Subordinated Debentures are redeemable by the Company, subject to receipt by the Company of prior approval from the Federal Reserve Bank, on any March 23rd, June 23rd, September 23rd, or December 23rd. The redemption price is par plus accrued and unpaid interest, except in the case of redemption under a special event which is defined in the debenture. The TRUPS III are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of any early redemption of the related Subordinated Debentures and upon maturity of the Subordinated Debentures on September 23, 2036.

Trust III has the option to defer payment of the distributions for a period of up to five years, as long as the Company is not in default on the payment of interest on the Subordinated Debentures. The TRUPS III issued in the offering were sold in private transactions pursuant to an exemption from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company has guaranteed, on a subordinated basis, distributions and other payments due on the TRUPS III.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company leases certain of its branch facilities under non-cancelable operating leases. Rental expense included in occupancy and equipment expense totaled \$1,001,000, \$1,011,000 and \$1,167,000 and for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments on non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2014	\$ 1,036,000
2015	996,000
2016	792,000
2017	783,000
2018	669,000
Thereafter	4,339,000
	\$8,615,000

The Company has options to renew its branch facilities after the initial leases expire. The renewal options range from one to ten years and are not included in the payments reflected above.

Letter of Credit

The Company holds two letters of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco totaling \$78,000,000. A \$70,000,000 letter of credit is pledged to secure public deposits at December 31, 2013 and an \$8,000,000 standby letter of credit was obtained on behalf of one of our customers to guarantee financial performance. Should the standby letter of credit be drawn upon, the customer would reimburse the Company from an existing line of credit.

Federal Reserve Requirements

Banks are required to maintain reserves with the Federal Reserve Bank equal to a specified percentage of their reservable deposits less vault cash. The reserve balances maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank at December 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$41,761,000 and \$38,962,000, respectively.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

The Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business. These financial instruments consist of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party for commitments to extend credit and letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and letters of credit as it does for loans included on the balance sheet.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

The following financial instruments represent off-balance-sheet credit risk (dollars in thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2013	2012
Fixed-rate commitments to extend credit	\$ 64,148	\$ 53,550
Variable-rate commitments to extend credit	\$ 356,559	\$ 171,850
Standby letters of credit	\$ 8,703	\$ 6,690
Commercial and similar letters of credit	\$ 8,070	\$ 8,539

Commitments to extend credit consist primarily of the unused or unfunded portions of the following: home equity lines of credit; commercial real estate construction loans, where disbursements are made over the course of construction; commercial revolving lines of credit; mortgage warehouse lines of credit; unsecured personal lines of credit; and formalized (disclosed) deposit account overdraft lines. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Commitments to extend credit are made at both fixed and variable rates of interest as stated in the table above. Standby letters of credit are generally unsecured and are issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party, while commercial letters of credit represent the Company's commitment to pay a third party on behalf of a customer upon fulfillment of contractual requirements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to customers.

Concentration in Real Estate Lending

At December 31, 2013, in management's judgment, a concentration of loans existed in real estate related loans. At that date, approximately 72% of the Company's loans were real estate related. Balances secured by commercial buildings and construction and development loans represented 55% of all real estate loans, while loans secured by non-construction residential properties accounted for 26%, and loans secured by farmland were 19% of real estate loans. Although management believes the loans within these concentrations have no more than the normal risk of

collectability, a further decline in the performance of the economy in general or a further decline in real estate values in the Company's primary market areas, in particular, could have an adverse impact on collectability.

Concentration by Geographic Location

The Company grants commercial, real estate mortgage, real estate construction and consumer loans to customers primarily in the South Central San Joaquin Valley of California, specifically Tulare, Fresno, Kern, Kings and Madera counties. The ability of a substantial portion of the Company's customers to honor their contracts is dependent on the economy in these areas. Although the Company's loan portfolio is diversified, there is a relationship in this region between the local agricultural economy and the economic performance of loans made to non-agricultural customers.

Contingencies

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to such actions will not materially affect the consolidated financial position or results of operations of the Company.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

12.SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITYShare Repurchase Plan

At December 31, 2013, the Company had a stock repurchase plan which has no expiration date. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company did not repurchase any shares. The total number of shares available for repurchase at December 31, 2013 was 700,000. Repurchases are generally made in the open market at market prices.

Earnings Per Share

A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations is as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Basic Earnings Per Share			
Net income (dollars in thousands)	\$13,369	\$8,185	\$7,780
Weighted average shares outstanding	14,155,927	14,103,805	14,036,667
Basic earnings per share	\$0.94	\$0.58	\$0.55
Diluted Earnings Per Share			
Net income (dollars in thousands)	\$13,369	\$8,185	\$7,780
Weighted average shares outstanding	14,155,927	14,103,805	14,036,667

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Effect of dilutive stock options	134,223	16,508	48,534
Weighted average shares outstanding	14,290,150	14,120,313	14,085,201
Diluted earnings per share	\$0.94	\$0.58	\$0.55

Stock Options

In June 1998, Bank of the Sierra adopted the 1998 Stock Option Plan (the “1998 Plan”) for which shares were reserved for issuance to employees and directors under incentive and non-statutory agreements. The 1998 Plan was assumed by the Company effective August 10, 2001. Effective May 23, 2007, the 1998 Plan was terminated and no further options may be granted thereunder, but options granted under the 1998 Plan which were outstanding as of the termination date were not affected by this termination. As of December 31, 2013, options granted under the 1998 Plan covering 143,550 shares were still outstanding.

On March 15, 2007 the Board of Directors approved and adopted the Company’s 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (the “2007 Plan”), which was approved by the Company’s shareholders on May 23, 2007. The 2007 Plan provides for the issuance of both “incentive” and “nonqualified” stock options to officers and employees, and of “nonqualified” stock options to non-employee directors, of the Company and its subsidiaries. The 2007 Plan also provides for the issuance of restricted stock awards to these same classes of eligible participants, which awards may be granted on such terms and conditions as are established by the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee in its discretion. We have not issued, nor do we currently have plans to issue, restricted stock awards.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

12.SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

The maximum number of shares subject to issuance under the 2007 Plan was originally 1,500,000 shares of the Company's authorized but unissued common stock, covering both restricted stock awards and stock options. The number subject to issuance under the 2007 Plan had declined to 780,920 at December 31, 2013, due to stock options already granted under the plan net of any canceled options that were returned to the pool available for issuance.

All options granted under the 2007 Plan have been or will be granted at an exercise price of not less than 100% of the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant, exercisable in installments as provided in individual stock option agreements. In the event of a "Change in Control" as defined in the 2007 Plan, all outstanding options shall become exercisable in full (subject to certain notification requirements), and shall terminate if not exercised within a specified period of time unless such options are assumed by the successor corporation or substitute options are granted. Options also terminate in the event an optionee ceases to be employed by or to serve as a director of the Company or its subsidiaries, and the vested portion thereof must be exercised within 30 days after such cessation of employment or service.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity, including options from the 1998 Plan, follows (shares in thousands, except exercise price):

	2013			2012		2011	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value ⁽¹⁾	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	927	\$ 14.16		810	\$ 14.97	835	\$ 14.24
Exercised	(111)	\$ 9.87		(5)	\$ 9.45	(125)	\$ 6.72
Granted	-	\$ -		189	\$ 10.21	186	\$ 10.58
Canceled	(70)	\$ 15.75		(67)	\$ 13.08	(86)	\$ 10.43
Outstanding, end of year	746	\$ 14.65	\$ 2,961	927	\$ 14.16	810	\$ 14.97

Exercisable, end of year ⁽²⁾	542	\$ 16.30	\$ 583	599	\$ 16.07	504	\$ 17.15
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⁽¹⁾The aggregate intrinsic value of stock option in the table above represents the total pre-tax intrinsic value (the amount by which the current market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the option) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on December 31, 2013. This amount changes based on changes in the market value of the Company's stock.

⁽²⁾The weighted average remaining contractual life of stock options outstanding and exercisable on December 31, 2013 was 6.0 years and 7.1 years, respectively.

Information related to stock options during each year follows:

	2013	2012	2011
Weighted-average grant-date fair value per share	\$-	\$3.86	\$3.79
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$605,000	\$9,000	\$465,000
Total fair value of stock options vested	\$583,000	\$517,000	\$-

Cash received from the exercise of 110,240 shares was \$1,088,000 for the period ended December 31, 2013 with a related tax benefit of \$147,000.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

12. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

The Company is using the Black-Scholes model to value stock options. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, charges of \$268,000, \$487,000 and \$460,000 are reflected in the Company's income statements for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, as pre-tax compensation and directors' expense related to stock options. The related tax benefit of these options is \$110,000, \$200,000 and \$189,000 for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Unamortized compensation expense associated with unvested stock options outstanding at December 31, 2013 was \$280,000, which will be recognized over the next 3.8 years.

13. REGULATORY MATTERS

The Company and the Bank are subject to certain regulatory requirements administered by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the FDIC. Failure to meet these minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Bank's assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Company's and the Bank's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total and Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. Each of these components is defined in the regulations. Management believes that the Company and the Bank met all of their capital adequacy requirements as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. In addition, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, notification from the FDIC categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the Bank's category. To be categorized as well capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier 1 risk-based and leverage capital ratios as set forth below (dollars in

thousands):

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2013		2012	
	Capital	Ratio	Capital	Ratio
	Amount		Amount	
Leverage Ratio				
Sierra Bancorp and subsidiary	\$ 198,216	14.37 %	\$ 186,783	13.34 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	68,969	5.0 %	69,993	5.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	55,175	4.0 %	55,994	4.0 %
Bank of the Sierra				
Bank of the Sierra	\$ 195,001	14.18 %	\$ 184,024	13.17 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	68,765	5.0 %	69,866	5.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	55,012	4.0 %	55,893	4.0 %

46

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

13. REGULATORY MATTERS (Continued)

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2013		2012	
	Capital	Ratio	Capital	Ratio
	Amount		Amount	
Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital Ratio				
Sierra Bancorp and subsidiary	\$198,225	20.39 %	\$183,783	18.11 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	58,330	6.0 %	61,878	6.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	38,887	4.0 %	41,252	4.0 %
Bank of the Sierra	\$195,001	20.11 %	\$184,024	17.88 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	58,174	6.0 %	61,737	6.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	38,783	4.0 %	41,158	4.0 %
Total Risk-Based Capital Ratio				
Sierra Bancorp and subsidiary	\$210,669	21.67 %	\$199,700	19.36 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	97,217	10.0 %	103,131	10.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	77,773	8.0 %	82,504	8.0 %
Bank of the Sierra	\$206,960	21.35 %	\$196,912	19.14 %
Minimum requirement for "Well-Capitalized" institutions	96,957	10.0 %	102,895	10.0 %
Minimum regulatory requirement	77,565	8.0 %	82,316	8.0 %

Under current rules of the Federal Reserve Board, qualified trust preferred securities are one of several "restricted" core capital elements which may be included in Tier 1 capital in an aggregate amount limited to 25% of all core capital elements, net of goodwill less any associated deferred tax liability. Amounts of restricted core capital elements in excess of these limits generally may be included in Tier 2 capital. Since the Company had less than \$15 billion in assets at December 31, 2013, under the Dodd-Frank Act the Company will be able to continue to include its existing trust preferred securities in Tier 1 Capital to the extent permitted by FRB guidelines.

Dividend Restrictions

The Company's ability to pay cash dividends is dependent on dividends paid to it by the Bank, and is also limited by state corporation law. The California General Corporation Law allows a California corporation to pay dividends if the Company's retained earnings equal at least the amount of the proposed dividend. If the Company does not have sufficient retained earnings available for the proposed dividend, it may still pay a dividend to its shareholders if immediately after giving effect to the dividend the sum of the company's assets (exclusive of goodwill and deferred charges) would be at least equal to 125% of its liabilities (not including deferred taxes, deferred income and other deferred liabilities) and the current assets of the company would be at least equal to its current liabilities, or, if the average of its earnings before taxes on income and before interest expense for the two preceding fiscal years was less than the average of its interest expense for the two preceding fiscal years, at least equal to 125% of its current liabilities.

Dividends from the Bank to the Company are restricted under California law to the lesser of the Bank's retained earnings or the Bank's net income for the latest three fiscal years, less dividends previously declared during that period, or, with the approval of the Department of Business Oversight, to the greater of the retained earnings of the Bank, the net income of the Bank for its last fiscal year, or the net income of the Bank for its current fiscal year. As of December 31, 2013, the maximum amount available for dividend distribution under this restriction was approximately \$29,854,000.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

14. BENEFIT PLANS

Salary Continuation Agreements, Directors' Retirement and Officer Supplemental Life Insurance Plans

The Company has entered into salary continuation agreements with its executive officers, and has established retirement plans for qualifying members of the Board of Directors. The plans provide for annual benefits for up to fifteen years after retirement or death. The benefit obligation under these plans totaled \$4,952,000 and \$4,747,000 and was fully accrued for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The expense recognized under these arrangements totaled \$288,000 and \$292,000, and \$403,000 for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Salary continuation benefits paid to former directors or executives of the Company or their beneficiaries totaled \$83,000 for each of the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011. The Company also provides benefits to former executives of Sierra National Bank under salary continuation plans that were in effect at the time Sierra National Bank was merged into Bank of the Sierra. The benefit obligation under these plans totaled \$89,000, \$145,000 and \$197,000, and was fully accrued for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. Benefits paid to former executives of SNB under this plan totaled \$67,000, for each of the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively. Certain officers of the Company have supplemental life insurance policies with death benefits available to the officers' beneficiaries.

In connection with these plans the Company has purchased, or acquired through the merger, single premium life insurance policies with cash surrender values totaling \$35,250,000 and \$34,762,000 at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. On the consolidated balance sheet, the cash surrender values are included in other assets.

Officer and Director Deferred Compensation Plan

The Company has established a deferred compensation plan for certain members of the management group and a deferred fee plan for directors for the purpose of providing the opportunity for participants to defer compensation. The Company bears the costs for the plan's administration and the interest earned on participant deferrals. The related administrative expense was not material for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011. In connection with this plan, life insurance policies with cash surrender values totaling \$4,174,000 and \$3,245,000 at December 31, 2013

and 2012, respectively, are included on the consolidated balance sheet in other assets.

401(k) Savings Plan

The 401(k) savings plan (the "Plan") allows participants to defer, on a pre-tax basis, up to 15% of their salary (subject to Internal Revenue Service limitations) and accumulate tax-deferred earnings as a retirement fund. The Bank may make a discretionary contribution to match a specified percentage of the first 6% of the participants' contributions annually. The amount of the matching contribution was 60% for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 50% for each of the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The matching contribution is discretionary, vests over a period of five years from the participants' hire date, and is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors. The Company contributed \$360,000, \$302,000 and \$304,000 to the Plan in 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Continued)

15. NON-INTEREST REVENUE

The major grouping of non-interest revenue on the consolidated income statements includes several specific items: service charges on deposit accounts, gains on the sale of loans, credit card fees, check card fees, the net gain (loss) on sales and calls of investment securities available for sale, and the net increase (decrease) in the cash surrender value of life insurance.

Non-interest revenue also includes one general category of “other income” of which the following are major components (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Included in other income:			
Loss on limited partnerships	\$(1,063)	\$(395)	\$(885)
Dividends on Equity Investments	356	67	26
Rental income on leases	46	102	173
Other	2,569	2,134	1,842
Total other non-interest revenue	\$ 1,908	\$ 1,908	\$ 1,156

16. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSE

Other expense consisted of the following (dollars in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Professional fees	\$4,143	\$3,454	\$3,941
Data processing	1,987	1,807	1,523

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Advertising and promotion	1,960	1,771	2,051
Deposit services	1,980	2,266	2,516
Stationery and supplies	657	738	705
Telephone and data communication	1,613	1,549	1,291
Loan and credit card processing	1,327	419	1,082
Foreclosed assets expense	1,202	4,914	5,226
Postage	713	718	576
Other	1,039	1,905	1,267
Total other non-interest expense	\$16,621	\$19,541	\$20,178

SIERRA BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the normal course of business, the Bank enters into loans with related parties, including executive officers and directors. These loans are made with substantially the same terms, including rates and collateral, as loans to unrelated parties. The following is a summary of the aggregate activity involving related party borrowers (dollars in thousands):

Year Ended December 31,
2013 2012 2011