

ALASKA AIR GROUP INC
Form 8-K
May 19, 2006

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT
TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

May 19, 2006

(Date of earliest event reported)

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

1-8957
(Commission File Number)

91-1292054
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

19300 International Boulevard, Seattle, Washington
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

98188
(Zip Code)

(206) 392-5040

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

.. Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

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- .. Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

 - .. Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

 - .. Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report contains forward-looking statements subject to the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual outcomes to be materially different from those indicated by any forward-looking statements. Some of the things that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations are: the competitive environment and other trends in our industry; changes in our operating costs including fuel, which can be volatile; our ability to meet our cost reduction goals; our inability to achieve or maintain profitability and fluctuations in our quarterly results; our significant indebtedness; our inability to secure new aircraft financing; the implementation of our growth strategy; the timing of the MD-80 fleet disposal, the market value of MD-80 aircraft, and the amounts of potential lease termination payments with lessors and sublease payments from sublessees; compliance with our financial covenants; potential downgrades of our credit ratings and the availability of financing; the concentration of our revenue from a few key markets; general economic conditions, as well as economic conditions in the geographic regions we serve; actual or threatened terrorist attacks; global instability and potential U.S. military actions or activities; insurance costs; labor disputes; our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; an aircraft accident or incident; liability and other claims asserted against us; operational disruptions; increases in government fees and taxes; changes in laws and regulations; our reliance on automated systems; and our reliance on third-party vendors and partners. For a discussion of these and other risk factors, see Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. All of the forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the risk factors discussed therein. These risk factors may not be exhaustive. We operate in a continually changing business environment, and new risk factors emerge from time to time. Management cannot predict such new risk factors, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of such new risk factors on our business or events described in any forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform them to actual results. Over time, our actual results, performance or achievements will likely differ from the anticipated results, performance or achievements that are expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements, and such differences might be significant and materially adverse.

ITEM 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

Pursuant to 17 CFR Part 243 (Regulation FD), the Company is submitting information relating to its financial and operational outlook for 2006. This report includes information regarding forecasts of available seat miles (ASMs), cost per available seat mile (CASM) excluding fuel consumption, as well as certain actual results for revenue passenger miles (RPMs), load factor and revenue per available seat mile (RASM), for its subsidiaries Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air. Our disclosure of operating cost per available seat mile, excluding fuel and other noted items, provides us the ability to measure and monitor our performance without these items. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is total operating expense per available seat mile. However, due to the large fluctuations in fuel prices, we are unable to predict total operating expense for any future period with any degree of certainty. In addition, we believe the disclosure of financial performance without mark-to-market hedging gains and losses is useful to investors in evaluating our ongoing operational performance. Please see the cautionary statement under Forward-Looking Information.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the following information shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. This Report will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information required to be disclosed solely to satisfy the requirements of Regulation FD.

References in this report on Form 8-K to Air Group, Company, we, us, and our refer to Alaska Air Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise specified. Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air Industries, Inc. are referred to as Alaska and Horizon, respectively, and together as our airlines.

Second Quarter 2006

Alaska and the Association of Flight Attendants reached an agreement on a new four-year contract for the airline's approximately 2,500 flight attendants. The new contract was ratified on April 26, 2006. The new agreement includes an immediate 3% pay increase and a signing bonus in aggregate of approximately \$2.7 million. Additionally, Alaska will offer a voluntary severance package to a number of flight attendants that includes, among other things, a lump-sum payment of \$2,000 per year of service up to a maximum of 25 years and continuing travel benefits. Based on initial responses, we expect the lump-sum payment to be approximately \$5 million to \$7 million in the second quarter. For purposes of the forecast, we assume the charge will be \$6 million. The effect of each of these items is included in the forecast below.

| | Forecast Q2 | Change Yr/Yr |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Alaska Airlines | | |
| Capacity (ASMs in millions) | 5,815 | 5% |
| Fuel gallons (000,000) | 87.9 | 2% |
| Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)* | 10.5 | (1)% |
| Less: Flight attendant restructuring charge (cents)* | 0.1 | NM |
| Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)* | 2.5 | 9% |
| Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)* | 7.9 | (3)% |

NM = Not meaningful

Alaska Airlines' April traffic increased 7.1% to 1.486 billion RPMs from 1.387 billion flown a year earlier. Capacity during April was 1.890 billion ASMs, 4.3% higher than the 1.812 billion in April 2005. The passenger load factor (the percentage of available seats occupied by fare-paying passengers) for the month was 78.6%, compared to 76.6% in April 2005. The airline carried 1,420,300 passengers compared to 1,362,000 in April 2005.

In April 2006, RASM increased 8.8% compared to April 2005 primarily due to increased yields and higher load factor.

* For Alaska, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ from actual results due to the volatility of fuel prices. There are several factors impacting our estimates including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices, the finalization of the flight attendant severance package, and continued negotiation on other labor agreements. Fuel cost per ASM above includes our estimate of fuel hedging gains or losses that we expect to realize on settled hedges during the quarter and actual mark-to-market hedging gains recognized through April for hedges that settle in future periods. See page 5 for additional information regarding fuel costs.

| | Forecast Q2 | Change Yr/Yr |
|---------------------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Horizon Air | | |
| Capacity (ASMs in millions) | 895 | 6% |
| Fuel gallons (000,000) | 13.6 | 6% |
| Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)* | 16.7 | 10% |
| Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)* | 2.7 | 15% |
| Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)* | 14.0 | 9% |

Horizon Air's April traffic increased 18.4% to 221.8 million RPMs from 187.3 million flown a year earlier. Capacity during April was 294.5 million ASMs, 10.1% higher than the 267.6 million in April 2005. The passenger load factor for the month was 75.3%, compared to 70.0% in April 2005. The airline carried 554,600 passengers compared to 505,500 in April 2005.

In April 2006, RASM increased by 6.5% compared to April 2005 due primarily to higher load factor.

* For Horizon, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ significantly from actual results. There are several factors impacting our estimates including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices. Fuel cost per ASM above includes our estimate of fuel hedging gains or losses that we expect to realize on settled hedges during the quarter and actual mark-to-market hedging gains recognized through April for hedges that settle in future periods. See page 5 for additional information regarding fuel costs.

Other Financial Information

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash and short-term investments increased as of April 30, 2006 to approximately \$1.04 billion compared to \$1.01 billion at March 31, 2006.

Fuel Hedging

We are providing unaudited information about fuel price movements and the impact of our hedging program on our financial results. Management believes it is useful to compare results between periods that exclude the mark-to-market hedging gains/losses recorded on a GAAP basis and include the cash received or due on hedge positions settled during the period (although the related impact may have been recognized for financial reporting purposes in a prior period). We refer to this as the comparison of economic fuel cost, which is presented below for April 2006.

Calculation of Economic Fuel Cost Per Gallon

| | Alaska Airlines | | Horizon Air | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
| | (\$ in millions) | Alaska Airlines Cost/Gal | (\$ in millions) | Horizon Air Cost/Gal (cents) |
| April 2006 (unaudited) | | | | |
| GAAP fuel expense* | \$ 36.0 | \$ 1.25 | \$ 5.4 | \$ 1.27 |
| Mark-to-market gains related to hedges that settle in future periods, net of the reclassification of previously recorded mark-to-market gains on settled hedges | 14.2 | 0.49 | 2.3 | 0.54 |
| Economic fuel expense | \$ 50.2 | \$ 1.74 | \$ 7.7 | \$ 1.81 |

* Beginning in the first quarter of 2006, the Company records all fuel hedging activity, including mark-to-market gains and losses, in aircraft fuel expense. Includes gains on settled fuel hedges of \$9.7 million and \$1.6 million for Alaska and Horizon, respectively. For Alaska Airlines and Horizon Air, GAAP fuel expense per gallon for the quarter is expected to be approximately \$1.67 and \$1.82, respectively. The economic fuel expense per gallon for the quarter is expected to be approximately \$1.83 and \$1.99 for Alaska Airlines and Horizon Air, respectively.

Alaska Air Group's future hedge positions are as follows:

| | Approximate % of Expected Fuel Requirements | Approximate Crude Oil Price per Barrel |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Second Quarter 2006 | 53% | \$ 39.76 |
| Third Quarter 2006 | 46% | \$ 43.41 |
| Fourth Quarter 2006 | 35% | \$ 46.10 |
| First Quarter 2007 | 20% | \$ 43.09 |
| Second Quarter 2007 | 19% | \$ 45.11 |
| Third Quarter 2007 | 22% | \$ 45.27 |
| Fourth Quarter 2007 | 17% | \$ 47.89 |
| First Quarter 2008 | 11% | \$ 50.44 |
| Second Quarter 2008 | 6% | \$ 49.26 |
| Third Quarter 2008 | 6% | \$ 48.97 |
| Fourth Quarter 2008 | 5% | \$ 48.68 |

Operating Fleet Plan

The following table provides a fleet summary for Alaska and Horizon for actual airplanes on hand as of the date of this report.

| | Seats | On Hand May 19, 2006 |
|------------------------|-------|-------------------------|
| Alaska Airlines | | |
| B737-200C | 111 | 7 |
| B737- 400 | 144 | 40 |
| B737- 700 | 124 | 22 |
| B737- 800 | 157 | 6 |
| B737- 900 | 172 | 12 |
| MD-80 | 140 | 26 |
| Total | | 113 |
| Horizon Air | | |
| Q200 | 37 | 28 |
| Q400 | 74 | 20 |
| CRJ 700 | 70 | 21* |
| Total | | 69 |

* Includes one CRJ700 on a short-term operating lease agreement.

The following table summarizes firm aircraft commitments for Alaska (B737-800) and Horizon (Q400) by year, excluding aircraft that have already been delivered in 2006:

| | 2006 (Remaining) | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | Thereafter | Total |
|---------------|---------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|-----------|
| B737-800 | 9* | 12 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 41 |
| Q-400 | 2 | 10 | | | | | 12 |
| Totals | 11 | 22 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 53 |

* Includes operating lease agreements for two aircraft to be delivered in November and December of 2006.

In addition to the firm orders noted above, Alaska has options to acquire 31 additional B737-800s and purchase rights for 27 more. Horizon has options to acquire 20 Q400s and 15 CRJ700s.

On March 13, 2006, the Company announced its plan to transition to a single fleet type, the Boeing 737, by the end of 2008, which includes an acceleration of the retirement of its MD-80 fleet. As a result, the Company expects to exercise additional options and purchase rights on its Boeing 737-800 order in the future.

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Giving consideration to the fleet transition plan discussed above, the following table displays the currently anticipated fleet count for Alaska as of December 31, 2006, 2007 and 2008:

| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 |
|----------|------|------|------|
| 737-200 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| MD80 | 21 | 15 | 0 |
| 737-400 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 737-700 | 22 | 20 | 20 |
| 737-800* | 15 | 29 | 42 |
| 737-900 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Totals | 113 | 116 | 114 |

* Includes options for two aircraft in 2007 and five in 2008 which have not yet been exercised. The total also assumes Alaska will identify one airplane for delivery in 2008 for which the Company has not secured a delivery position.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC.

Registrant

Date: May 19, 2006

/s/ Brandon S. Pedersen
Brandon S. Pedersen

Staff Vice President/Finance and Controller

/s/ Bradley D. Tilden
Bradley D. Tilden

Executive Vice President/Finance and Chief Financial Officer