

ALASKA AIR GROUP INC
Form 8-K
January 05, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT
TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

January 5, 2007

(Date of earliest event reported)

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

1-8957
(Commission File Number)

91-1292054
(IRS Employer Identification No.)

19300 International Boulevard, Seattle, Washington
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(206) 392-5040

98188
(Zip Code)

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

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(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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References in this report on Form 8-K to Air Group, Company, we, us, and our refer to Alaska Air Group, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless otherwise specified. Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air Industries, Inc. are referred to as Alaska and Horizon, respectively, and together as our airlines.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report contains forward-looking statements subject to the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements relate to future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that may cause actual outcomes to be materially different from those indicated by any forward-looking statements. Some of the things that could cause our actual results to differ from our expectations are: the competitive environment and other trends in our industry; changes in our operating costs including fuel, which can be volatile; our ability to meet our cost reduction goals; our inability to achieve or maintain profitability and fluctuations in our quarterly results; our significant indebtedness; our inability to secure new aircraft financing; the implementation of our growth strategy; the timing of the MD-80 fleet disposal, the market value of MD-80 aircraft, and the amounts of potential lease termination payments with lessors and sublease payments from sublessees; compliance with our financial covenants; potential downgrades of our credit ratings and the availability of financing; the concentration of our revenue from a few key markets; general economic conditions, as well as economic conditions in the geographic regions we serve; actual or threatened terrorist attacks; global instability and potential U.S. military actions or activities; insurance costs; labor disputes; our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel; an aircraft accident or incident; liability and other claims asserted against us; operational disruptions; increases in government fees and taxes; changes in laws and regulations; our reliance on automated systems; and our reliance on third-party vendors and partners. For a discussion of these and other risk factors, see Item 1A of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 and Item 1A of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended September 30, 2006. All of the forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the risk factors discussed therein. These risk factors may not be exhaustive. We operate in a continually changing business environment, and new risk factors emerge from time to time. Management cannot predict such new risk factors, nor can it assess the impact, if any, of such new risk factors on our business or events described in any forward-looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date of this report to conform them to actual results. Over time, our actual results, performance or achievements will likely differ from the anticipated results; performance or achievements that are expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements, and such differences might be significant and materially adverse.

ITEM 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

Pursuant to 17 CFR Part 243 (Regulation FD), the Company is submitting information relating to its financial and operational outlook for 2006. This report includes information regarding forecasts of available seat miles (ASMs), cost per available seat mile (CASM) excluding fuel consumption, as well as certain actual results for revenue passenger miles (RPMs), load factor and revenue per available seat mile (RASM), for its subsidiaries Alaska Airlines, Inc. and Horizon Air. Our disclosure of operating cost per available seat mile, excluding fuel and other noted items, provides us the ability to measure and monitor our performance without these items. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is total operating expense per available seat mile. However, due to the large fluctuations in fuel prices, we are unable to predict total operating expense for any future period with any degree of certainty. In addition, we believe the disclosure of financial performance without mark-to-market hedging gains and losses is useful to investors in evaluating our ongoing operational performance. Please see the cautionary statement under Forward-Looking Information.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2 of Form 8-K, the following information shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing. This Report will not be deemed an admission as to the materiality of any information required to be disclosed solely to satisfy the requirements of Regulation FD.

Alaska Airlines

During the third quarter, Alaska recorded a pretax charge of \$28.6 million related to a voluntary severance package offered to clerical, office and passenger service employees (COPS), and the ramp service and stores agents (RSSA), all represented by the International Association of Machinists (IAM).

Our charge was based on the number of eligible individuals who had given preliminary acceptance of the severance offer. As previously announced, the Company recorded a favorable adjustment in November of \$7.4 million pretax as a result of the decision by approximately 125 employees to withdraw their original election to participate in the program.

Our forecast for fourth quarter unit costs at Alaska, including the above adjustment, is as follows:

	Forecast Q4 2006	Change Yr/Yr
Capacity (ASMs in millions)	5,754	4%
Fuel gallons (000,000)	86.6	1%
Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)*	11.2	(1)%
Add: IAM restructuring adjustment (cents)*	0.1	NM
Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)*	3.3	(5)%
Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)*	8.0	1%

NM = Not meaningful

* For Alaska, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ from actual results due to several factors including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices and the finalization of certain matters, including possible adjustments to depreciation on our owned MD-80 fleet following a re-assessment of the salvage values and disposal dates and a retroactive rate increase at Los Angeles International Airport. Fuel cost per ASM above includes our estimate of fuel hedging gains that we expect to realize on settled hedges during the quarter and actual mark-to-market hedging losses recognized in the quarter for hedges that settle in future periods. See pages 5 and 6 for an additional information regarding fuel costs.

Alaska's December traffic increased 2.0 % to 1.469 billion RPMs from 1.440 billion flown a year earlier. Capacity for December was 1.957 billion ASMs, 3.1% higher than the 1.898 billion in December 2005. The passenger load factor (the percentage of available seats occupied by fare-paying passengers) for the month was 75.1%, compared to 75.9% in December 2005. The airline carried 1,412,400 passengers compared to 1,398,900 in December 2005.

In November 2006, year-over-year *total* RASM was up 7.1%, reflecting a 4.9% increase in *passenger* RASM coupled with an increase in Mileage Plan, freight and mail revenues compared to November 2005. The increase in *passenger* RASM is mainly due to higher yields offset by a slight decline in load factor.

In October 2006, *passenger* RASM increased 5.2% compared to October 2005. However, *total* RASM increased 3.2% because of lower Mileage Plan revenues, and flat freight and mail revenues.

Horizon Air

	Forecast		Change
	Q4 2006		Yr/Yr
Capacity (ASMs in millions)	903		5%
Fuel gallons (000,000)	14.0		11%
Cost per ASM as reported on a GAAP basis (cents)*	18.1	18.2	5 - 6%
Less: Fuel cost per ASM (cents)*	3.3		(3)%
Cost per ASM excluding fuel (cents)*	14.8 -		
	14.9		8%

* For Horizon, our forecasts of cost per ASM and fuel cost per ASM are based on forward-looking estimates, which will likely differ significantly from actual results. There are several factors impacting our estimates including, but not limited to, the volatility of fuel prices. Fuel cost per ASM above includes our estimate of fuel hedging gains that we expect to realize on settled hedges during the quarter and actual mark-to-market hedging losses recognized in the quarter for hedges that settle in future periods. See pages 5 and 6 for an additional information regarding fuel costs.

Horizon's December traffic decreased 0.6 % to 216.0 million RPMs from 217.4 million flown a year earlier. Capacity for December was 298.0 million ASMs, 2.8% higher than the 289.9 million in December 2005. The passenger load factor for the month was 72.5%, compared to 75.0% in December 2005. The airline carried 553,500 passengers compared to 551,900 in December 2005.

Year-over-year *total* RASM was up 7.4% in November. RASM from the Frontier contract flying increased 7.0% from November 2005 due to higher yields, offset by a decline in load factor. RASM from Native Network flying increased 6.0% primarily due to higher yields.

In October 2006, *total* RASM increased 3.0% compared to October 2005 primarily due to increasing yields.

Air Group (consolidated)

Fourth Quarter EPS forecast

While actual December revenues and expenses are not yet known and could vary significantly from our current expectations, we reiterate the guidance we disclosed in our December 22, 2006 Form 8-K that we expect our fourth quarter results, after adjusting for special items, to be approximately break-even.

Other Financial Information*Liquidity and Capital Resources*

As of December 31, 2006, Air Group cash and short-term investments totaled approximately \$1.0 billion.

Fuel Hedging

We are providing unaudited information about fuel price movements and the impact of our hedging program on our financial results. Management believes it is useful to compare results between periods that exclude the mark-to-market hedging gains/losses recorded on a GAAP basis and include the cash received or due on hedge positions settled during the period (although the related impact may have been recognized for financial reporting purposes in a prior period). We refer to this as the comparison of economic fuel cost, which is presented below in the aggregate for October and November 2006.

Calculation of Economic Fuel Cost Per Gallon

	Alaska Airlines		Horizon Air	
	(\$ in millions)	Alaska Airlines Cost/Gal	(\$ in millions)	Horizon Air Cost/Gal
October and November 2006 (unaudited)				
Raw or into-plane fuel cost	\$ 117.6	\$ 2.05	\$ 18.3	\$ 2.01
Less: gains on settled hedges*	(4.9)	(0.09)	(0.8)	(0.09)
Economic fuel expense	\$ 112.7	\$ 1.96	\$ 17.5	\$ 1.92
Add: Mark-to-market losses related to hedges that settle in future periods, including the reclassification of previously recorded mark-to-market gains on settled hedges*	5.1	0.09	0.8	0.09
GAAP fuel expense*	\$ 117.8	\$ 2.05	\$ 18.3	\$ 2.01

* Beginning in the first quarter of 2006, the Company records all fuel hedging activity, including mark-to-market gains and losses, in aircraft fuel expense.

For both Alaska and Horizon, economic fuel expense per gallon for the quarter is expected to be approximately \$1.98. December mark-to-market losses (as defined in the table above) are expected to be approximately \$14.7 million for the combined Air Group, bringing the total net mark-to-market loss for the quarter to approximately \$20.6 million.

The majority of the Company's hedge instruments are call options, which allow the Company to benefit if fuel prices decline. Alaska Air Group's future hedge positions are as follows:

	Approximate % of Expected Fuel Requirements	Approximate Crude Oil Price per Barrel
First Quarter 2007	50%	\$ 58.78
Second Quarter 2007	40%	\$ 57.66
Third Quarter 2007	41%	\$ 56.66
Fourth Quarter 2007	31%	\$ 58.71
First Quarter 2008	26%	\$ 61.89
Second Quarter 2008	20%	\$ 51.57
Third Quarter 2008	14%	\$ 63.20
Fourth Quarter 2008	16%	\$ 63.56
First Quarter 2009	5%	\$ 67.68

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Second Quarter 2009

5%

\$

67.50

5

Operating Fleet Plan

The following table provides a fleet summary for Alaska and Horizon for actual airplanes on hand as of the date of this report.

		On Hand
Alaska Airlines	Seats	January 5, 2007
B737-200C	111	2
B737-400F**		1
B737-400	144	39
B737-700	124	22
B737-800	157	15
B737-900	172	12
MD-80	140	23
Total		114
Horizon Air		
Q200	37	28
Q400	74	20
CRJ 700	70	21
Total		69

The following table summarizes firm aircraft commitments for Alaska (B737-800) and Horizon (Q400) by year.

	2007	2008	2009	2010	Thereafter	Total
B737-800	14	12	4	6	3	39
Q-400	13					13
Totals	27	12	4	6	3	52

In addition to the firm orders noted above, Alaska has options to acquire 24 additional B737-800s and purchase rights for 27 more. The company expects to exercise additional options and purchase rights on B737-800 order in the future as a result of acceleration of the retirement of its MD-80 fleet. Horizon has options to acquire 19 Q400s and 15 CRJ700s.

Giving consideration to the current fleet transition plan, the following table displays the currently anticipated fleet count for Alaska as of December 31, 2007 and 2008:

	2007	2008
737-200	0	0
MD80	15	0
737-400	35	35
737-400F**	1	1
737-400C**	4	4
737-700	20	20
737-800*	29	42
737-900	12	12
Totals	116	114

* The total also assumes Alaska will identify one airplane for delivery in 2008 for which the Company has not secured a delivery position.

** F=Freighter; C=Combination freighter/passenger

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ALASKA AIR GROUP, INC.
Registrant

Date: January 5, 2007

/s/ Brandon S. Pedersen
Brandon S. Pedersen
Vice President/Finance and Controller

/s/ Bradley D. Tilden
Bradley D. Tilden
Executive Vice President/Finance and Chief Financial Officer