

NEWMARKET CORP  
Form 10-Q  
July 29, 2009  
Table of Contents

**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549**  
**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2009

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-32190

**NEWMARKET CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**VIRGINIA**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**20-0812170**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**330 SOUTH FOURTH STREET**  
**RICHMOND, VIRGINIA**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**23218-2189**  
(Zip Code)

**Registrant's telephone number, including area code - (804) 788-5000**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

Number of shares of common stock, without par value, outstanding as of June 30, 2009: 15,204,207.

**Table of Contents**

NEWMARKET CORPORATION

INDEX

	<b>Page Number</b>
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
ITEM 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)	
<u>Consolidated Statements of Income – Second Quarter and Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Balance Sheets – June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008</u>	4
<u>Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows – Six Months Ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008</u>	5
<u>Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	6 - 32
<u>ITEM 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	33 - 42
<u>ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	42
<u>ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	42 - 43
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
<u>ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	44
<u>ITEM 1A. Risk Factors</u>	44
<u>ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders</u>	44 - 45
<u>ITEM 6. Exhibits</u>	45 - 46
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	47

**Table of Contents****PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. Financial Statements****NEWMARKET CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(In thousands, except per-share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Second Quarter Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Net sales	\$ 370,921	\$ 425,882	\$ 708,049	\$ 808,232
Cost of goods sold	259,508	343,689	505,562	644,436
Gross profit	111,413	82,193	202,487	163,796
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	29,256	30,499	55,523	59,272
Research, development, and testing expenses	21,092	21,879	39,846	42,108
Operating profit	61,065	29,815	107,118	62,416
Interest and financing expenses	2,859	2,873	5,795	5,888
Other (expense) income, net	(11,850)	300	(11,930)	679
Income before income tax expense	46,356	27,242	89,393	57,207
Income tax expense	15,698	9,618	30,047	19,811
Net income	\$ 30,658	\$ 17,624	\$ 59,346	\$ 37,396
Basic earnings per share	\$ 2.02	\$ 1.14	\$ 3.90	\$ 2.42
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.13	\$ 3.89	\$ 2.40
Shares used to compute basic earnings per share	15,204	15,488	15,204	15,473
Shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	15,242	15,556	15,242	15,557
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.40

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NEWMARKET CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(In thousands, except share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	June 30 2009	December 31 2008
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 112,048	\$ 21,761
Trade and other accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts (\$1,141 in 2009 and 2008)	208,086	203,551
Inventories:		
Finished goods	135,998	158,325
Raw materials	24,544	34,657
Stores, supplies and other	7,904	8,090
	168,446	201,072
Deferred income taxes	17,558	14,090
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	8,252	5,704
Total current assets	514,390	446,178
Property, plant and equipment, at cost	892,059	848,011
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	619,969	606,275
Net property, plant and equipment	272,090	241,736
Prepaid pension cost	28	159
Deferred income taxes	42,631	37,744
Other assets and deferred charges	37,340	31,566
Intangibles, net of amortization and goodwill	49,479	54,069
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 915,958</b>	<b>\$ 811,452</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 87,251	\$ 60,505
Accrued expenses	59,230	63,715
Dividends payable	3,416	2,646
Book overdraft	2,410	999
Long-term debt, current portion	809	784
Income taxes payable	25,976	7,264
Total current liabilities	179,092	135,913
Long-term debt	218,200	236,378
Other noncurrent liabilities	159,002	148,038
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Shareholders' equity:		

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Common stock and paid-in capital (without par value); authorized shares - 80,000,000; Outstanding shares - 15,204,207 in 2009 and 15,199,207 in 2008	137	115
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(79,735)	(95,750)
Retained earnings	439,262	386,758
	359,664	291,123
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders equity</b>	<b>\$ 915,958</b>	<b>\$ 811,452</b>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NEWMARKET CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>	\$ 21,761	\$ 71,872
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	59,346	37,396
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and other amortization	15,568	13,618
Amortization of deferred financing costs	580	499
Noncash environmental remediation and dismantling	3,988	473
Noncash pension benefits expense	6,756	5,617
Noncash postretirement benefits expense	1,411	1,758
Noncash foreign exchange impact on the Consolidated Statements of Income	4,235	2,422
Deferred income tax benefit	(10,624)	(223)
Unrealized loss on derivative instruments - net	11,955	183
Gain on legal settlement		(3,227)
Working capital changes	76,887	(54,631)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements		(900)
Cash pension benefits contributions	(11,021)	(6,814)
Cash postretirement benefits contributions	(576)	(741)
Proceeds from legal settlement		3,227
Other, net	(3,776)	(1,524)
Cash provided from (used in) operating activities	154,729	(2,867)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Capital expenditures	(15,138)	(13,198)
Foundry Park I capital expenditures	(23,822)	(18,798)
Deposit for interest rate lock agreement	(5,000)	
Proceeds from interest rate lock agreement	15,500	1,050
Deposit for interest rate swap	(15,850)	
Cash used in investing activities	(44,310)	(30,946)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Draws on Foundry Park I construction loan	24,133	15,847
Net repayments under revolving credit agreement	(41,900)	
Repurchases of common stock		(6,811)
Dividends	(6,842)	(6,247)
Change in book overdraft, net	1,411	(2,209)
Payment for financed intangible asset	(500)	(500)
Debt issuance costs	(412)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	22	231
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements		900
Payments on the capital lease	(386)	(363)

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Cash (used in) provided from financing activities	(24,474)	848
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents	4,342	885
<b>Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>90,287</b>	<b>(32,080)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 112,048</b>	<b>\$ 39,792</b>

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.



**Table of Contents****NEWMARKET CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES****NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

(Unaudited)

**1. Financial Statement Presentation**

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of NewMarket Corporation and its subsidiaries contain all necessary adjustments for the fair presentation of, in all material respects, our consolidated financial position as of June 30, 2009, as well as our consolidated results of operations for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 and our consolidated cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008. All adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature, unless otherwise disclosed. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the NewMarket Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008 (2008 Annual Report), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The results of operations for the six month period ended June 30, 2009 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2009. The December 31, 2008 consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to we, us, our, the Company and NewMarket are to NewMarket Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Certain amounts in the accompanying financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current presentation. There was no effect on net income.

At both June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, we had a book overdraft for some of our disbursement cash accounts. A book overdraft represents transactions that have not cleared the bank accounts at the end of the reporting period. There are no agreements with the same banks to offset the presented balance. We transfer cash on an as-needed basis to fund these items as they clear the bank in subsequent periods.

Cash dividends totaling 45 cents per share for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 40 cents per share for the six months ended June 30, 2008 were declared and paid as shown in the table below.

<b>Year</b>	<b>Date Declared</b>	<b>Date Paid</b>	<b>Per Share Amount</b>
2009	February 19, 2009	April 1, 2009	20 cents
	April 23, 2009	July 1, 2009	25 cents
2008	February 28, 2008	April 1, 2008	20 cents
	April 24, 2008	July 1, 2008	20 cents

During the six months ended June 30, 2009, we had noncash investing activity of \$7.7 million related to capital expenditures incurred, but not paid, for the construction of the office building by Foundry Park I, LLC (Foundry Park I), as well as other capital projects of Afton Chemical Corporation (Afton).

**Table of Contents**2. Asset Retirement Obligations

The following table illustrates the activity associated with our asset retirement obligations for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

	2009	2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Asset retirement obligations, January 1	\$ 3,009	\$ 5,048
Liabilities incurred	2,000	
Accretion expense	98	153
Liabilities settled	(1,539)	(771)
Changes in expected cash flows and timing	(526)	(688)
Foreign currency impact		(7)
Asset retirement obligations, June 30	\$ 3,042	\$ 3,735

3. Segment Information

The tables below show our consolidated segment net sales, operating profit (including a reconciliation of segment operating profit to income before income taxes), and depreciation and amortization.

The All other category includes the continuing operations of the tetraethyl lead (TEL) business (primarily sales of TEL in North America), certain contract manufacturing Ethyl Corporation (Ethyl) provides to Afton and to third parties, as well as the real estate development activities.

**Segment Net Sales**

*(in millions)*

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Petroleum additives	\$ 368.2	\$ 421.0	\$ 703.0	\$ 801.6
All other	2.7	4.9	5.0	6.6
Consolidated net sales	\$ 370.9	\$ 425.9	\$ 708.0	\$ 808.2

**Table of Contents****Segment Operating Profit***(in millions)*

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Petroleum additives (a)	\$ 67.6	\$ 31.6	\$ 117.7	\$ 69.4
All other	(1.6)	2.0	(2.3)	0.5
Segment operating profit	66.0	33.6	115.4	69.9
Corporate, general, and administrative expenses	(5.3)	(3.6)	(8.8)	(7.5)
Interest and financing expenses	(2.9)	(2.9)	(5.8)	(5.9)
Unrealized loss on derivative instrument (b)	(11.9)		(11.9)	
Other income, net	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.7
Income before income taxes	\$ 46.4	\$ 27.2	\$ 89.4	\$ 57.2

(a) *Petroleum additives segment operating profit for six months 2008 includes a gain of \$3.2 million from a class action lawsuit related to raw materials.*

(b) *The unrealized loss on derivative instrument represents the fair value of an interest rate swap which we entered into on June 25, 2009. We are not using hedge accounting to record the derivative, and accordingly, any change in the fair value is immediately recognized in earnings.*

**Segment Depreciation and Amortization***(in millions)*

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Petroleum additives	\$ 7.4	\$ 6.5	\$ 14.8	\$ 12.9
Corporate	0.7	0.6	1.3	1.2
Total depreciation and amortization	\$ 8.1	\$ 7.1	\$ 16.1	\$ 14.1

**4. Pension and Postretirement Benefit Plans**

During the six months ended June 30, 2009, we made cash contributions of approximately \$6.2 million for domestic pension plans and approximately \$500 thousand for domestic postretirement benefit plans. We expect to make total cash contributions in 2009 of approximately \$15 million for our domestic pension plans and approximately \$1 million for our domestic postretirement benefit plans.

**Table of Contents**

We made cash contributions of approximately \$4.8 million for our foreign pension plans and approximately \$70 thousand for a foreign postretirement benefit plan during the six months ended June 30, 2009. During 2009, we expect to make total cash contributions of approximately \$8 million for our foreign pension plans and approximately \$140 thousand for our foreign postretirement benefit plan.

The tables below present information on periodic benefit cost for our pension and postretirement benefit plans.

	<b>Domestic</b>			
	<b>Pension Benefits</b>		<b>Postretirement Benefits</b>	
	<b>Second Quarter Ended June 30</b>			
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Service cost	\$ 1,399	\$ 1,283	\$ 277	\$ 283
Interest cost	1,955	1,842	875	952
Expected return on plan assets	(2,071)	(1,954)	(419)	(415)
Amortization of prior service cost	72	73	2	3
Amortization of net loss (gain)	628	428	(85)	(7)
	\$ 1,983	\$ 1,672	\$ 650	\$ 816

	<b>Domestic</b>			
	<b>Pension Benefits</b>		<b>Postretirement Benefits</b>	
	<b>Six Months Ended June 30</b>			
	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Service cost	\$ 2,797	\$ 2,566	\$ 554	\$ 567
Interest cost	3,910	3,684	1,750	1,903
Expected return on plan assets	(4,143)	(3,908)	(838)	(831)
Amortization of prior service cost	145	146	5	6
Amortization of net loss (gain)	1,255	856	(171)	(13)
	\$ 3,964	\$ 3,344	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,632

**Table of Contents**

	Foreign			
	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	Second Quarter Ended June 30			
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Service cost	\$ 623	\$ 757	\$ 3	\$ 4
Interest cost	1,223	1,503	34	34
Expected return on plan assets	(942)	(1,484)		
Amortization of prior service cost	17	21		
Amortization of transition asset	(8)	(10)	11	14
Amortization of net loss	398	357	8	11
	\$ 1,311	\$ 1,144	\$ 56	\$ 63

	Foreign			
	Pension Benefits		Postretirement Benefits	
	Six Months Ended June 30			
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Service cost	\$ 1,231	\$ 1,510	\$ 6	\$ 9
Interest cost	2,411	3,000	67	68
Expected return on plan assets	(1,856)	(2,973)		
Amortization of prior service cost	34	42		
Amortization of transition asset	(16)	(20)	22	27
Amortization of net loss	790	714	16	22
Settlement loss	198			
	\$ 2,792	\$ 2,273	\$ 111	\$ 126

The settlement loss for the six months ended June 30, 2009 represents the termination of a pension plan of our Ethyl subsidiary in Belgium.

**Table of Contents**5. Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated as shown in the table below. Options are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when the option exercise price exceeds the average market price of the underlying common share, as the impact on earnings per share would be anti-dilutive. We had no anti-dilutive options that were excluded from the calculation of earnings per share for any period presented.

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	<i>(in thousands, except per-share amounts)</i>			
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 30,658	\$ 17,624	\$ 59,346	\$ 37,396
Denominator:				
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding	15,204	15,488	15,204	15,473
Basic earnings per share	\$ 2.02	\$ 1.14	\$ 3.90	\$ 2.42
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>				
Numerator:				
Net income	\$ 30,658	\$ 17,624	\$ 59,346	\$ 37,396
Denominator:				
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding	15,204	15,488	15,204	15,473
Shares issuable upon exercise of stock options	38	68	38	84
Total shares	15,242	15,556	15,242	15,557
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.13	\$ 3.89	\$ 2.40

**Table of Contents**6. Intangibles, net of amortization

The following table provides certain information related to our intangible assets. All of the intangibles relate to the petroleum additives segment.

	<b>Identifiable Intangibles</b>			
	<b>June 30 2009</b>		<b>December 31 2008</b>	
	<b>Gross Carrying Amount</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>	<b>Gross Carrying Amount</b>	<b>Accumulated Amortization</b>
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
<b>Amortizing intangible assets</b>				
Formulas	\$ 88,687	\$ 56,160	\$ 88,687	\$ 53,476
Contracts	16,380	5,362	16,380	3,687
Customer base	5,440	367	5,440	136
Goodwill	861		861	
	\$ 111,368	\$ 61,889	\$ 111,368	\$ 57,299

Amortization expense for the second quarter and six month periods was (in millions):

Second quarter ended June 30, 2009	\$ 2.2
Six months ended June 30, 2009	\$ 4.6
Second quarter ended June 30, 2008	\$ 1.6
Six months ended June 30, 2008	\$ 3.1

Estimated annual amortization expense related to our intangible assets for the next five years is expected to be (in millions):

2009	\$ 8.9
2010	\$ 8.3
2011	\$ 8.0
2012	\$ 6.9
2013	\$ 6.6

We amortize the cost of the customer base intangible by an accelerated method and the cost of the remaining intangible assets by the straight-line method over their estimated economic lives. We generally amortize contracts over 1.5 to 10 years and formulas, as well as the customer base, over 20 years.

**Table of Contents****7. Long-term Debt**

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	June 30 2009	December 31 2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Senior notes - 7.125% due 2016	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000
Foundry Park I construction loan - due 2010	67,632	43,499
Revolving credit facility - due 2011		41,900
Capital lease obligations	1,377	1,763
	219,009	237,162
Current maturities of long-term debt	(809)	(784)
	\$ 218,200	\$ 236,378

On January 5, 2009, we entered into a Supplement Agreement to the Second Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement to increase the commitment level of the revolving credit facility by \$5 million. Subsequently, on March 24, 2009, we entered into a Second Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement (Second Amendment). The Second Amendment increased the commitment level by an additional \$5 million, increased the letter of credit commitment level from \$50 million to \$75 million, increased the interest rate paid for borrowings, and amended certain defined terms and covenant calculations. On March 24, 2009, we entered into a Supplement Agreement to the Second Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement to increase the commitment level of the revolving credit facility by \$2.25 million. On April 20, 2009, we entered into an agreement to add an additional lender under our revolving credit facility and increase the commitment level by \$10 million. Subsequently, on June 30, 2009, that lender increased its commitment level by another \$10 million.

All of these transactions resulted in a commitment level of \$139.25 million at June 30, 2009. We paid financing costs of \$400 thousand related to these transactions, which will be amortized over the remaining term of the revolving credit facility. We had outstanding letters of credit of \$4.3 million at June 30, 2009, resulting in the unused portion of the revolving credit facility amounting to \$135.0 million.

**8. Contractual Commitments and Contingencies**

Except as discussed below, there have been no significant changes in our contractual commitments and contingencies from those reported in our 2008 Annual Report in Note 17 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Litigation**

We are involved in legal proceedings that are incidental to our business and include administrative or judicial actions seeking remediation under environmental laws, such as Superfund. Some of these legal proceedings relate to environmental matters and involve governmental authorities. For further information, see Environmental below.



## **Table of Contents**

While it is not possible to predict or determine with certainty the outcome of any legal proceeding, we believe the outcome of any of these proceedings, or all of them combined, will not result in a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

### **Environmental**

During 2000, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) named us as a potentially responsible party (PRP) under Superfund law for the clean-up of soil and groundwater contamination at the Sauget Area 2 Site in Sauget, Illinois. Without admitting any fact, responsibility, fault, or liability in connection with this site, we are participating with other PRPs in site investigations and feasibility studies.

The Sauget Area 2 Site PRPs are currently working with the EPA to submit an acceptable Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) to the EPA, which we expect to occur in late 2009. We have accrued our estimated proportional share of the expenses for the RI/FS, as well as our best estimate of our proportional share of the remediation liability proposed in our ongoing discussions and submissions with the agencies involved. The amount currently accrued for this site is not material.

At a former TEL plant site located in Louisiana, we have completed significant environmental remediation, although we will be monitoring and treating the site for an extended period. The accrual for this site was \$7.9 million at June 30, 2009 and \$8.8 million at December 31, 2008. We based these amounts on the best estimate of future costs discounted at approximately 3% in 2009 and 2% in 2008. An inflation factor is included in the estimate. The undiscounted liability was \$10.3 million at June 30, 2009 and \$9.6 million at December 31, 2008. The expected payments over the next five years amount to approximately \$800 thousand in 2010 and \$600 thousand for each of the years 2011 through 2014. Expected payments thereafter amount to approximately \$7 million.

At a plant site in Houston, Texas, we have accruals of \$8.1 million at June 30, 2009 and \$6.7 million at December 31, 2008 for environmental remediation, dismantling, and decontamination. Included in these amounts are \$7.8 million at June 30, 2009 and \$5.8 million at December 31, 2008 for remediation. The increase in the accruals between 2008 and 2009 primarily relate to additional costs expected to be incurred for the closure of a landfill on the plant site. The accruals for this site are discounted at approximately 3% at June 30, 2009 and approximately 4% at December 31, 2008 for a portion of the site. The accruals include an inflation factor. The undiscounted accrual for this site was \$11.4 million at June 30, 2009 and \$7.8 million at December 31, 2008. The expected payments over the next five years are approximately \$500 thousand in 2010, \$800 thousand in 2011, \$2.6 million in 2012, and \$200 thousand for each of 2013 and 2014. Expected payments thereafter amount to approximately \$6.8 million.

At a superfund site in Louisiana, we have an accrual of \$2.9 million at June 30, 2009 and \$3.3 million at December 31, 2008 for environmental remediation. The accrual for this site was discounted at approximately 3% and included an inflation factor. The undiscounted accrual for this site was \$3.5 million at June 30, 2009 and \$3.3 million at December 31, 2008. The expected payments over the next five years amount to approximately \$600 thousand in 2010 and \$200 thousand each for years 2011 through 2014. Expected payments thereafter amount to approximately \$2 million.

The remaining environmental liabilities are not discounted.

## Table of Contents

We accrue for environmental remediation and monitoring activities for which costs can be reasonably estimated and are probable. These estimates are based on an assessment of the site, available clean-up methods, and prior experience in handling remediation. While we believe we are currently fully accrued for known environmental issues, it is possible that unexpected future costs could have a significant impact on our financial position and results of operations.

Our total accruals for environmental remediation were approximately \$22.7 million at June 30, 2009 and \$20.6 million at December 31, 2008. In addition to the accruals for environmental remediation, we also have accruals for dismantling and decommissioning costs of \$500 thousand at June 30, 2009 and \$1.3 million at December 31, 2008.

### Letters of Credit and Guarantees

We have outstanding guarantees with several financial institutions in the amount of \$23.0 million at June 30, 2009. The guarantees are secured by letters of credit, as well as cash collateral. The outstanding letters of credit amounted to \$4.3 million at June 30, 2009, all of which were issued under the letter of credit sub-facility of our revolving credit facility. See Note 7 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The letters of credit primarily relate to insurance guarantees. We renew letters of credit as necessary. The remaining amounts represent performance, lease, custom and excise tax guarantees, as well as a cash deposit of \$15.9 million related to the Goldman Sachs Bank USA (Goldman Sachs) interest rate swap. The cash deposit is recorded in Other assets and deferred charges on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. See Note 9 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Expiration dates range from 2009 to 2012. Some of the guarantees have no expiration date.

We cannot estimate the maximum amount of potential liability under the guarantees. However, we accrue for potential liabilities when a future payment is probable and the range of loss can be reasonably estimated.

### Interest Rate Lock Agreement

The construction loan for the Foundry Park I project to construct an office building for MeadWestvaco is being financed by a group of banks and matures in August 2010. Prior to commencing construction, we took actions to identify the possible permanent lending source after construction. To that end, Foundry Park I entered into an Application with Principal Commercial Funding II, LLC (Principal) dated February 26, 2007 which outlined the terms and conditions under which Principal would provide permanent, fixed-rate financing in the maximum amount of \$116,000,000 amortized over 25 years with all amounts due 13.5 years after the date of the loan. The Application was not a loan commitment due to the lengthy time period of thirty-four months until the completion of the building. In order to obtain a fixed-rate loan, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Principal dated February 26, 2007. Principal simultaneously entered into a hedge with a third party based mainly on the forward rates of ten-year Treasuries. We were not a party to that hedging agreement. Under the rate lock agreement, we agreed to post a deposit with Principal and to increase the amount of that deposit if the exposure to Principal on their hedge increased.

Principal and Foundry Park I have determined that the loan terms set forth in the Application could not be syndicated based on current market conditions. As a result, Principal and Foundry Park I have terminated the loan application and related rate lock agreement and have mutually released each other from their respective rights and obligations under those arrangements. While we are

## Table of Contents

currently investigating alternative financing to replace the Foundry Park I project construction loan when it matures and believe that we can obtain financing on acceptable terms, we cannot predict the financing terms which will be available at that time. See Note 9 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the termination of the rate lock agreement and subsequent entry into an interest rate swap with Goldman Sachs related to the Foundry Park I project. All amounts which we had deposited with Principal under the rate lock agreement have effectively been returned to us at the termination of the rate lock agreement as Principal transferred the deposited funds to Goldman Sachs as collateral for the interest rate swap related to the Foundry Park I project.

### 9. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

#### Accounting Policy for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

We record all derivatives on the balance sheet at fair value. The accounting for changes in the fair value of derivatives depends on the intended use of the derivative, whether we have elected to designate a derivative in a hedging relationship and apply hedge accounting, and whether the hedging relationship has satisfied the criteria necessary to apply hedge accounting. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability, or firm commitment attributable to a particular risk, such as interest rate risk, are considered fair value hedges. Derivatives designated and qualifying as a hedge of the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows, or other types of forecasted transactions, are considered cash flow hedges. Derivatives may also be designated as hedges of the foreign currency exposure of a net investment in a foreign operation. Hedge accounting generally provides for the matching of the timing of gain or loss recognition on the hedging instrument with the recognition of the changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk in a fair value hedge or the earnings effect of the hedged forecasted transactions in a cash flow hedge. We may enter into derivative contracts that are intended to economically hedge certain of our risk, even though hedge accounting does not apply or we elect not to apply hedge accounting. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculative purposes.

#### Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

We are exposed to certain risks arising from both our business operations and economic conditions. We primarily manage our exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of our core business activities.

We manage certain economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of our debt funding, as well as through the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, we have entered into interest rate swaps to manage our exposure to interest rate movements.

Our foreign operations expose us to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These fluctuations may impact the value of our cash receipts and payments as compared to our reporting currency, the U.S. Dollar. To manage this exposure, we sometimes enter into foreign currency forward contracts to minimize currency exposure due to cash flows from foreign operations.

#### Cash Flow Hedge of Interest Rate Risk

We have entered into an interest rate swap to manage our exposure to interest rate movements on the Foundry Park I construction loan and add stability to capitalized interest expense. Further information on the construction loan is in our 2008 Annual Report in Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. The interest rate swap related to the Foundry Park I

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**Table of Contents**

construction loan is designated and qualifies as a cash flow hedge. As such, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the swap is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the swap is recognized immediately in earnings. We assess the effectiveness of the construction loan interest rate swap quarterly by comparing the changes in the fair value of the derivative hedging instrument with the change in present value of the expected future cash flows of the hedged transaction.

The construction loan interest rate swap involves the receipt of variable-rate amounts based on LIBOR in exchange for fixed-rate payments over the life of the agreement without exchange of the underlying notional amount. The fixed-rate payments are at a rate of 4.975%. The notional amount of the construction loan interest rate swap was approximately \$72.5 million at June 30, 2009 and \$52.9 million at December 31, 2008 and accretes to approximately \$94 million over the term of the swap. The accreting notional amount is necessary to maintain the swap notional at an amount that represents approximately 85% of the projected construction loan principal balance over the loan term. The maturity date of the construction loan interest rate swap is January 1, 2010.

Information on the amounts and location in our financial statements of the fair value, loss in other comprehensive income, and ineffectiveness of the construction loan interest rate swap is shown in the tables below. The unrealized loss, net of tax, related to the fair value of the construction loan interest rate swap and recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, amounted to approximately \$1.2 million at June 30, 2009 and \$1.9 million at December 31, 2008. Also recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' equity on the Consolidated Balance Sheets was the net amount of swap receipts and payments made since the inception of the construction loan interest rate swap. This amounted to approximately \$1.4 million, net of tax, at June 30, 2009 and \$400 thousand, net of tax, at December 31, 2008. Any amounts remaining in accumulated other comprehensive loss related to the construction loan interest rate swap will be recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income over the depreciable life of the office building beginning at the completion of the construction project, which is currently expected to be late 2009. Approximately \$43 thousand currently recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss is expected to be reclassified into earnings over the next twelve months.

**Non-designated Hedges**

On June 25, 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap with Goldman Sachs in the notional amount of \$97 million and with a maturity date of January 19, 2022 (Goldman Sachs interest rate swap). NewMarket entered into the Goldman Sachs interest rate swap in connection with the termination of a loan application and related rate lock agreement between Foundry Park I and Principal. See Note 8 for further information on the transaction between Foundry Park I and Principal. When the rate lock agreement was originally executed in 2007, Principal simultaneously entered into an interest rate swap with a third party to hedge Principal's exposure to fluctuation in the ten-year Treasuries rate. Upon the termination on June 25, 2009 of the rate lock agreement, Goldman Sachs both assumed Principal's position with the third party and entered into an offsetting interest rate swap with NewMarket. Under the terms of this interest rate swap, NewMarket will make fixed rate payments of 5.3075% and Goldman Sachs will make variable rate payments based on three month LIBOR. We have collateralized this exposure through cash deposits posted with Goldman Sachs amounting to \$15.9 million at June 30, 2009. This transaction effectively preserves the impact of the original rate lock agreement for the possible application to a future loan amount of \$97 million of a similar structure.

**Table of Contents**

In December 2008, we entered into \$17 million of Euro-denominated forward contracts to minimize foreign currency exposure from expected cash flows from foreign operations. The forward contracts obligate us to sell Euros for U.S. Dollars at a fixed exchange rate of 1.403, which was agreed to at the inception of the contracts. These contracts have maturity dates from January 2009 to December 2009. The outstanding Euro-denominated foreign currency forward contracts amounted to \$8 million at June 30, 2009 and \$17 million at December 31, 2008. Any foreign currency rate change that affects the fair value of any of these forward contract transactions is offset by a corresponding change in the value of the Euro-denominated transactions.

We elected not to use hedge accounting for both the Goldman Sachs interest rate swap and the forward contracts, and therefore immediately recognized any change in the fair value of these derivative financial instruments directly in earnings.

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The table below presents the fair value of our derivative financial instruments, as well as their classification on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

**Fair Value of Derivative Instruments**

(in thousands)

	Asset Derivatives				Liability Derivatives			
	June 30, 2009		December 31, 2008		June 30, 2009		December 31, 2008	
	Balance Sheet	Fair Value	Balance Sheet	Fair Value	Balance Sheet	Fair Value	Balance Sheet	Fair Value
	Location		Location		Location		Location	
<b>Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments</b>								
Construction loan interest rate swap					Accrued		Accrued	
		\$		\$	expenses	\$ 2,280	expenses	\$ 3,231
<b>Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments</b>								
Goldman Sachs interest rate swap					Other			
					long-term			
		\$		\$	liabilities	\$ 11,931		\$
Foreign currency forward contracts	Trade and other accounts receivable	\$ 3	Trade and other accounts receivable	\$ 164		\$		\$

**Table of Contents**

The tables below present the effect of our derivative financial instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

**Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income****Designated Cash Flow Hedges***(in thousands)*

Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationship	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative (Effective Portion)		Location of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative (Ineffective Portion and Amount Excluded from Effectiveness Testing)	
	Second Quarter Ended June 30			Second Quarter Ended June 30			Second Quarter Ended June 30	
	2009	2008		2009	2008		2009	2008
Construction loan interest rate swap	\$ (226)	\$ 814				Other (expense) income, net	\$ 50	\$ 138
	Six Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Construction loan interest rate swap	\$ (364)	\$ (141)				Other (expense) income, net	\$ (27)	\$ (103)

**Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Consolidated Statements of Income****Not Designated Derivatives***(in thousands)*

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Derivative			
		Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
		2009	2008	2009	2008
Goldman Sachs interest rate swap	Other (expense) income, net	\$ (11,931)	\$	\$ (11,931)	\$
Foreign currency forward contracts	Cost of goods sold	\$ 658	\$	\$ (161)	\$

**Table of Contents**Credit-risk-related Contingent Features

We have an agreement with one of our derivative counterparties that contains a provision which specifies that if we default on any of our indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then we could be declared in default on our derivative obligations. We also have a separate agreement with another one of our derivative counterparties that contains a provision where we could be declared in default on our derivative obligations if repayment of the underlying indebtedness is accelerated by the lender due to our default on the indebtedness.

As of June 30, 2009, the fair value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$13.2 million. We have minimum collateral posting thresholds with one of our derivative counterparties and have posted cash collateral of \$15.9 million as of June 30, 2009. If required, we could have settled our obligations under the agreements at their termination value of \$13.2 million at June 30, 2009.

10. Comprehensive Income and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The components of comprehensive income consist of the following:

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>			
Net income	\$ 30,658	\$ 17,624	\$ 59,346	\$ 37,396
Other comprehensive income, net of tax				
Pension plans and other postretirement benefits adjustments	711	590	1,548	1,181
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	(141)	508	(227)	(88)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	18,569	268	14,694	3,532
Other comprehensive income	19,139	1,366	16,015	4,625
Comprehensive income	\$ 49,797	\$ 18,990	\$ 75,361	\$ 42,021

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss consist of the following:

	June 30 2009	December 31 2008
	<i>(in thousands)</i>	
Pension plans and other postretirement benefit adjustments	\$ (62,020)	\$ (63,568)
Accumulated loss on derivative instruments	(2,528)	(2,301)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(15,187)	(29,881)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (79,735)	\$ (95,750)

**Table of Contents**11. Fair Value Measurements

The following table provides information on those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. No events occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2009, requiring adjustment to the recognized balances of assets or liabilities which are recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

	Carrying Amount in Consolidated Balance Sheets	Fair Value	Fair Value Measurements Using		
			Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			<b>June 30, 2009</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 112,048	\$ 112,048	\$ 112,048	\$	\$
Foreign currency forward contracts asset	\$ 3	\$ 3	\$	\$ 3	\$
Interest rate swaps liability	\$ 14,211	\$ 14,211	\$	\$ 14,211	\$
			<b>December 31, 2008</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,761	\$ 21,761	\$ 21,761	\$	\$
Foreign currency forward contracts asset	\$ 164	\$ 164	\$	\$ 164	\$
Interest rate swap liability	\$ 3,231	\$ 3,231	\$	\$ 3,231	\$

We determine the fair value of the derivative instruments shown in the table above by using widely accepted valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow analysis on the expected cash flows of each instrument. The analysis reflects the contractual terms of the derivatives, including the period to maturity, and uses observable market-based inputs.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps is determined using the market standard methodology of netting the discounted future fixed cash receipts and the discounted expected variable cash payments. The variable cash payments are based on an expectation of future interest rates derived from observable market interest rate curves. The fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts is based on interest differentials between the geographical areas and market forward points. In determining the fair value measurements, we incorporate credit valuation adjustments to appropriately reflect both our nonperformance risk and the counterparties' nonperformance risk.

Although we have determined that the majority of the inputs used to value our derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit valuation adjustment associated with the derivatives utilizes Level 3 inputs. These Level 3 inputs include estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by both us and the counterparties to the derivatives. As of June 30, 2009, we have assessed the significance of the impact of the credit valuation adjustment on the overall valuation of our derivatives and have determined that the credit valuation adjustment is not significant to the overall valuation of the derivatives. Accordingly, we have determined that our derivative valuations should be classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.



**Table of Contents**

We record the value of our long-term debt at historical cost. The estimated fair value of our long-term debt is shown in the table below and is based primarily on estimated current rates available to us for debt of the same remaining duration and adjusted for nonperformance risk and credit risk.

	June 30, 2009		December 31, 2008	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Long-term debt, including current maturities	\$ (219,009)	\$ (202,982)	\$ (237,162)	\$ (199,315)

12. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Financial Accounting Standard No. 166, Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets an amendment of FASB Statement No. 140 (FAS 166). FAS 166 clarifies the information that an entity must provide in its financial statements surrounding a transfer of financial assets and the effect of the transfer on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of the annual period beginning after November 15, 2009. We currently do not expect FAS 166 to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standard No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R) (FAS 167). FAS 167 clarifies and improves financial reporting by entities involved with variable interest entities. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of the annual period beginning after November 15, 2009. We currently do not expect FAS 167 to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

In June 2009, the FASB issued Financial Accounting Standard No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification*<sup>TM</sup> and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles a replacement of FASB Statement No. 162 (FAS 168). In addition in June 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2009-01, Topic 205 Generally Accepted Accounting Principles - amendments based on Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 168 *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification*<sup>TM</sup> and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (ASU 2009-1). Both FAS 168 and ASU 2009-1 recognize the *FASB Accounting Standards Codification*<sup>TM</sup> as the source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles to be utilized by nongovernmental entities. FAS 168 and ASU 2009-1 are effective for interim and annual periods ending after September 15, 2009.

13. Consolidating Financial Information

The 7.125% senior notes due 2016 are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by certain of our subsidiaries (Guarantor Subsidiaries) on a joint and several unsecured senior basis. The Guarantor Subsidiaries include all of our existing and future wholly-owned domestic restricted subsidiaries. The Guarantor Subsidiaries and the subsidiaries that do not guarantee the senior notes (the Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries) are wholly-owned by NewMarket Corporation (the Parent Company). The Guarantor Subsidiaries consist of the following:

Ethyl Corporation  
Ethyl Asia Pacific LLC  
Ethyl Canada Holdings, Inc.  
Ethyl Export Corporation

Afton Chemical Corporation  
Afton Chemical Asia Pacific LLC  
Afton Chemical Canada Holdings, Inc.  
Afton Chemical Japan Holdings, Inc.

**Table of Contents**

Ethyl Interamerica Corporation	Afton Chemical Additives Corporation
Ethyl Ventures, Inc.	Afton Chemical Intangibles LLC
Interamerica Terminals Corporation	The Edwin Cooper Corporation
NewMarket Development Corporation	NewMarket Investment Company
NewMarket Services Corporation	Old Town LLC
Foundry Park I, LLC	Foundry Park II, LLC
Gamble s Hill, LLC	Gamble s Hill Lab, LLC
Gamble s Hill Landing, LLC	Gamble s Hill Third Street, LLC
Gamble s Hill Tredegar, LLC	

We conduct all of our business and derive essentially all of our income from our subsidiaries. Therefore, our ability to make payments on the senior notes or other obligations is dependent on the earnings and the distribution of funds from our subsidiaries. There are no restrictions on the ability of any of our domestic subsidiaries to transfer funds to the Parent Company.

The following sets forth the Consolidating Statements of Income for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008, Consolidating Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008, and Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008 for the Parent Company, the Guarantor Subsidiaries, and Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries. The financial information is based on our understanding of the SEC's interpretation and application of Rule 3-10 of the SEC Regulation S-X.

The financial information may not necessarily be indicative of results of operations or financial position had the Guarantor Subsidiaries or Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries operated as independent entities. The Parent Company accounts for investments in these subsidiaries using the equity method.

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Statements of Income****Second Quarter Ended June 30, 2009**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Net sales	\$	\$ 205,225	\$ 165,696	\$	\$ 370,921
Cost of goods sold		106,627	152,881		259,508
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>98,598</b>	<b>12,815</b>		<b>111,413</b>
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	1,307	25,631	2,318		29,256
Research, development, and testing expenses		16,189	4,903		21,092
Operating (loss) profit	(1,307)	56,778	5,594		61,065
Interest and financing expenses (income)	2,979	(158)	38		2,859
Other (expense) income, net	(11,917)	207	(140)		(11,850)
(Loss) income before income tax (benefit) expense and equity income of subsidiaries	(16,203)	57,143	5,416		46,356
Income tax (benefit) expense	(7,239)	21,422	1,515		15,698
Equity income of subsidiaries	39,622			(39,622)	
Net income	\$ 30,658	\$ 35,721	\$ 3,901	\$ (39,622)	\$ 30,658

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Statements of Income****Second Quarter Ended June 30, 2008**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Net sales	\$	\$ 226,806	\$ 199,076	\$	\$ 425,882
Cost of goods sold		163,668	180,021		343,689
Gross profit		63,138	19,055		82,193
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	1,209	25,160	4,130		30,499
Research, development, and testing expenses		16,058	5,821		21,879
Operating (loss) profit	(1,209)	21,920	9,104		29,815
Interest and financing expenses (income)	2,990	(303)	186		2,873
Other income, net	24	136	140		300
(Loss) income before income tax (benefit) expense and equity income of subsidiaries	(4,175)	22,359	9,058		27,242
Income tax (benefit) expense	(2,071)	8,863	2,826		9,618
Equity income of subsidiaries	19,728			(19,728)	
Net income	\$ 17,624	\$ 13,496	\$ 6,232	\$ (19,728)	\$ 17,624

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Statements of Income****Six Months Ended June 30, 2009**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Net sales	\$	\$ 397,106	\$ 310,943	\$	\$ 708,049
Cost of goods sold		239,312	266,250		505,562
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>157,794</b>	<b>44,693</b>		<b>202,487</b>
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	2,353	46,137	7,033		55,523
Research, development, and testing expenses		31,013	8,833		39,846
Operating (loss) profit	(2,353)	80,644	28,827		107,118
Interest and financing expenses (income)	5,986	(332)	141		5,795
Other (expense) income, net	(11,917)	(26)	13		(11,930)
<b>(Loss) income before income tax (benefit) expense and equity income of subsidiaries</b>	<b>(20,256)</b>	<b>80,950</b>	<b>28,699</b>		<b>89,393</b>
Income tax (benefit) expense	(9,562)	30,513	9,096		30,047
Equity income of subsidiaries	70,040			(70,040)	
Net income	\$ 59,346	\$ 50,437	\$ 19,603	\$ (70,040)	\$ 59,346

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Statements of Income****Six Months Ended June 30, 2008**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
Net sales	\$	\$ 427,878	\$ 380,354	\$	\$ 808,232
Cost of goods sold		298,812	345,624		644,436
Gross profit		129,066	34,730		163,796
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	2,488	48,316	8,468		59,272
Research, development, and testing expenses		31,332	10,776		42,108
Operating (loss) profit	(2,488)	49,418	15,486		62,416
Interest and financing expenses (income)	6,057	(553)	384		5,888
Other income (expense), net	336	(47)	390		679
(Loss) income before income tax (benefit) expense and equity income of subsidiaries	(8,209)	49,924	15,492		57,207
Income tax (benefit) expense	(5,410)	19,610	5,611		19,811
Equity income of subsidiaries	40,195			(40,195)	
Net income	\$ 37,396	\$ 30,314	\$ 9,881	\$ (40,195)	\$ 37,396

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Balance Sheets****June 30, 2009**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 66,576	\$ 45,472	\$	\$ 112,048
Trade and other accounts receivable, net		104,998	103,088		208,086
Amounts due from affiliated companies		85,706	33,325	(119,031)	
Inventories		92,259	76,187		168,446
Deferred income taxes	2,008	7,362	8,188		17,558
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,811	3,265	1,176		8,252
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>5,819</b>	<b>360,166</b>	<b>267,436</b>	<b>(119,031)</b>	<b>514,390</b>
Amounts due from affiliated companies		6,280	7,500	(13,780)	
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		749,713	142,346		892,059
Less accumulated depreciation & amortization		509,522	110,447		619,969
<b>Net property, plant and equipment</b>		<b>240,191</b>	<b>31,899</b>		<b>272,090</b>
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries	619,551			(619,551)	
Prepaid pension cost			28		28
Deferred income taxes	36,262	2,055	4,314		42,631
Other assets and deferred charges	20,602	15,316	1,422		37,340
Intangibles, net of amortization and goodwill		49,479			49,479
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 682,234</b>	<b>\$ 673,487</b>	<b>\$ 312,599</b>	<b>\$ (752,362)</b>	<b>\$ 915,958</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 15	\$ 60,378	\$ 26,858	\$	\$ 87,251
Accrued expenses	8,768	37,054	13,408		59,230
Dividends payable	3,416				3,416
Book overdraft		2,410			2,410
Amounts due to affiliated companies	64,303	24,357	30,371	(119,031)	
Long-term debt, current portion		809			809
Income taxes payable	1,148	16,078	8,750		25,976
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>77,650</b>	<b>141,086</b>	<b>79,387</b>	<b>(119,031)</b>	<b>179,092</b>
Long-term debt	150,000	68,200			218,200
Amounts due to affiliated companies		7,499	6,281	(13,780)	
Other noncurrent liabilities	94,920	45,485	18,597		159,002
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>322,570</b>	<b>262,270</b>	<b>104,265</b>	<b>(132,811)</b>	<b>556,294</b>

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Shareholders' equity:

Common stock and paid-in capital	137	318,216	75,479	(393,695)	137
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(79,735)	(17,929)	(36,907)	54,836	(79,735)
Retained earnings	439,262	110,930	169,762	(280,692)	439,262
Total shareholders' equity	359,664	411,217	208,334	(619,551)	359,664
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 682,234</b>	<b>\$ 673,487</b>	<b>\$ 312,599</b>	<b>\$ (752,362)</b>	<b>\$ 915,958</b>



**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Consolidating Balance Sheets****December 31, 2008**

(in thousands)

	<b>Parent</b>	<b>Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Total Consolidating Adjustments</b>	<b>Consolidated</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 4,408	\$ 17,353	\$	\$ 21,761
Trade and other accounts receivable, net	1,307	102,982	99,262		203,551
Amounts due from affiliated companies	233,526	261,153	33,748	(528,427)	
Inventories		97,742	103,330		201,072
Deferred income taxes	2,134	8,204	3,752		14,090
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,865	1,885	954		5,704
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>239,832</b>	<b>476,374</b>	<b>258,399</b>	<b>(528,427)</b>	<b>446,178</b>
Amounts due from affiliated companies		19,783	7,500	(27,283)	
Property, plant and equipment, at cost		713,384	134,627		848,011
Less accumulated depreciation & amortization		500,507	105,768		606,275
<b>Net property, plant and equipment</b>		<b>212,877</b>	<b>28,859</b>		<b>241,736</b>
Investment in consolidated subsidiaries	531,400			(531,400)	
Prepaid pension cost			159		159
Deferred income taxes	31,767	(926)	6,903		37,744
Other assets and deferred charges	4,982	25,406	1,178		31,566
Intangibles, net of amortization and goodwill		54,069			54,069
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 807,981</b>	<b>\$ 787,583</b>	<b>\$ 302,998</b>	<b>\$ (1,087,110)</b>	<b>\$ 811,452</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>					
Accounts payable	\$ 219	\$ 41,996	\$ 18,290	\$	\$ 60,505
Accrued expenses	10,131	43,819	9,765		63,715
Dividends payable	2,646				2,646
Book overdraft		999			999
Amounts due to affiliated companies	227,274	245,456	55,697	(528,427)	
Long-term debt, current portion		784			784
Income taxes payable		1,656	5,608		7,264
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>240,270</b>	<b>334,710</b>	<b>89,360</b>	<b>(528,427)</b>	<b>135,913</b>
Long-term debt	191,900	44,478			236,378
Amounts due to affiliated companies		7,500	19,783	(27,283)	
Other noncurrent liabilities	84,688	42,438	20,912		148,038
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>516,858</b>	<b>429,126</b>	<b>130,055</b>	<b>(555,710)</b>	<b>520,329</b>

Shareholders' equity:

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Common stock and paid-in capital	115	317,234	74,909	(392,143)	115
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(95,750)	(17,723)	(52,122)	69,845	(95,750)
Retained earnings	386,758	58,946	150,156	(209,102)	386,758
Total shareholders' equity	291,123	358,457	172,943	(531,400)	291,123
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 807,981</b>	<b>\$ 787,583</b>	<b>\$ 302,998</b>	<b>\$ (1,087,110)</b>	<b>\$ 811,452</b>

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows****Six Months Ended June 30, 2009**

(in thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Total Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>Cash provided from operating activities</b>	\$ 1,508	\$ 113,166	\$ 40,055	\$	\$ 154,729
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>					
Capital expenditures		(10,974)	(4,164)		(15,138)
Foundry Park I capital expenditures		(23,822)			(23,822)
Proceeds from return of interest rate lock agreement		15,500			15,500
Deposit for interest rate lock agreement		(5,000)			(5,000)
Deposit for interest rate swap	(15,850)				(15,850)
Decrease in intercompany loans		12,999		(12,999)	
Cash dividends from subsidiaries	63,474			(63,474)	
Cash provided from (used in) investing activities	47,624	(11,297)	(4,164)	(76,473)	(44,310)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>					
Draws on Foundry Park I construction loan		24,133			24,133
Net repayments under revolving credit agreement	(41,900)				(41,900)
Dividends	(6,842)	(63,474)		63,474	(6,842)
Change in book overdraft, net		1,411			1,411
Payment for financed intangible asset		(500)			(500)
Debt issuance costs	(412)				(412)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	22				22
Repayment of intercompany note payable			(12,999)	12,999	
Payments on the capital lease		(386)			(386)
Cash used in financing activities	(49,132)	(38,816)	(12,999)	76,473	(24,474)
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents		(885)	5,227		4,342
<b>Increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>		<b>62,168</b>	<b>28,119</b>		<b>90,287</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>		<b>4,408</b>	<b>17,353</b>		<b>21,761</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 66,576</b>	<b>\$ 45,472</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ 112,048</b>

**Table of Contents****NewMarket Corporation and Subsidiaries****Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows****Six Months Ended June 30, 2008**

(in thousands)

	Parent	Guarantor Subsidiaries	Non-Guarantor Subsidiaries	Total Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
<b>Cash (used in) provided from operating activities</b>	\$ (12,752)	\$ 11,347	\$ (1,462)	\$	\$ (2,867)
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>					
Capital expenditures		(9,831)	(3,367)		(13,198)
Foundry Park I capital expenditures		(18,798)			(18,798)
Proceeds from interest rate lock agreement		1,050			1,050
(Increase) decrease in intercompany loans	(4,325)	213	(5,500)	9,612	
Cash dividends from subsidiaries	15,073			(15,073)	
Cash provided from (used in) investing activities	10,748	(27,366)	(8,867)	(5,461)	(30,946)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>					
Draws on Foundry Park I construction loan		15,847			15,847
Repurchases of common stock	(6,811)				(6,811)
Dividends	(6,247)	(15,073)		15,073	(6,247)
Change in book overdraft, net	427	(2,636)			(2,209)
Payment for financed intangible asset		(500)			(500)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	231				231
Excess tax benefits from stock-based payment arrangements	900				900
Repayment of intercompany note payable			(213)	213	
Financing from affiliated companies		9,825		(9,825)	
Payments on the capital lease		(363)			(363)
Cash (used in) provided from financing activities	(11,500)	7,100	(213)	5,461	848
Effect of foreign exchange on cash and cash equivalents		840	45		885
<b>Decrease in cash and cash equivalents</b>	(13,504)	(8,079)	(10,497)		(32,080)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year</b>	18,899	13,673	39,300		71,872
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	\$ 5,395	\$ 5,594	\$ 28,803	\$	\$ 39,792

**Table of Contents**

14. Subsequent Events

We have performed an evaluation of subsequent events through July 28, 2009. Our filing of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was made on July 29, 2009.

**Table of Contents**

**ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**  
**Forward-Looking Statements**

The following discussion contains forward-looking statements about future events and expectations within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future results. When we use words in this document, such as anticipates, intends, plans, believes, estimates, expects, should, could, may, similar expressions, we do so to identify forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements we make regarding future prospects of growth in the petroleum additives market, other trends in the petroleum additives market, our ability to maintain or increase our market share, and our future capital expenditure levels.

We believe our forward-looking statements are based on reasonable expectations and assumptions, within the bounds of what we know about our business and operations. However, we offer no assurance that actual results will not differ materially from our expectations due to uncertainties and factors that are difficult to predict and beyond our control.

These factors include, but are not limited to, changes in the demand for our products, increases in product cost and our ability to increase prices, timing of sales orders, gain or loss of significant customers, competition from other manufacturers and resellers, resolution of environmental liabilities, significant changes in new product introduction, the impact of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on reported results of operations, changes in various markets, geopolitical risks in certain of the countries in which we conduct business, our ability to complete the construction of the office building for MeadWestvaco within budget and in a timely manner and obtain replacement financing for the construction loan, changes in credit market conditions, and other factors detailed from time to time in the reports we file with the SEC, including the risk factors in Item 1A, Risk Factors, in the 2008 Annual Report. Readers are urged to review and consider carefully the disclosures we make in our filings with the SEC.

You should keep in mind that any forward-looking statement made by us in this discussion or elsewhere speaks only as of the date on which we make it. New risks and uncertainties arise from time to time, and it is impossible for us to predict these events or how they may affect us. We have no duty to, and do not intend to, update or revise the forward-looking statements in this discussion after the date hereof, except as may be required by law. In light of these risks and uncertainties, you should keep in mind that the events described in any forward-looking statement, made in this discussion or elsewhere, might not occur.

**Overview**

Operations during the first six months of 2009 generated strong results with operating profit in our petroleum additives segment increasing significantly over the first six months of 2008. Net sales were lower, reflecting the challenging economic environment in which we operate. Our financial position continues to be very good. We paid down \$41.9 million of outstanding debt on our revolving credit facility and our cash increased \$90.3 million over the December 31, 2008 balance.

**Table of Contents****Results of Operations****Net Sales**

Our consolidated net sales for the second quarter 2009 amounted to \$370.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 13% from the 2008 second quarter level of \$425.9 million. Six months 2009 consolidated net sales decreased 12% to \$708.0 million as compared to \$808.2 million for six months 2008. The table below shows our consolidated segment net sales.

**Segment Net Sales**

(in millions)

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Petroleum additives	\$ 368.2	\$ 421.0	\$ 703.0	\$ 801.6
All other	2.7	4.9	5.0	6.6
Consolidated net sales	\$ 370.9	\$ 425.9	\$ 708.0	\$ 808.2

**Petroleum Additives Segment**

Petroleum additives net sales for the second quarter 2009 of \$368.2 million decreased \$52.8 million, or approximately 13%, from \$421.0 million for the second quarter 2008. The decrease in sales reflects reductions in product shipments of 18% across all major product lines, but predominantly in the lubricant additives product lines. Also, included in the reduction in net sales between the 2009 and 2008 second quarter periods is an unfavorable foreign currency impact of approximately \$14 million. This unfavorable impact from foreign exchange reflects the strengthening of the U.S. Dollar versus the other currencies in which we conduct business. Partially offsetting the unfavorable impacts from lower product shipments and foreign currency were higher selling prices which were implemented during 2008.

Six months 2009 petroleum additive net sales of \$703.0 million were approximately 12% lower than six months 2008 results of \$801.6 million. Similar to the second quarter results, the decrease between the two six months periods reflects lower product shipments and a significant unfavorable foreign currency impact of \$25.1 million, which was partially offset by higher selling prices which were implemented during 2008. Product shipments were approximately 22% lower for six months 2009 than the same 2008 period. The decrease was primarily in the lubricant additives product lines.

The decrease in net sales for both 2009 periods reflects the impact of the worldwide economic slowdown and the destocking by our customers late in 2008 and early 2009. While product shipments were lower in 2009 than in 2008, product shipments increased 16% between the first quarter 2009 and second quarter 2009. As petroleum additive products are vital to the performance of modern machinery, we believe product shipments will continue to recover.

**Table of Contents**

The table below details the approximate components of the decrease between the two second quarter and six months periods.

	Second Quarter (in millions)	Six Months (in millions)
Period ended June 30, 2008	\$ 421.0	\$ 801.6
Decrease in shipments and changes in product mix	(65.7)	(155.7)
Change in selling prices, customer mix, and foreign currency	12.9	57.1
 Period ended June 30, 2009	 \$ 368.2	 \$ 703.0

**Segment Operating Profit**

NewMarket evaluates the performance of the petroleum additives business based on segment operating profit. NewMarket Services Corporation (NewMarket Services) departments and other expenses are charged to NewMarket and each subsidiary pursuant to service agreements between the companies. Depreciation on segment property, plant, and equipment, as well as amortization of segment intangible assets is included in segment operating profit.

The All other category includes the real estate development operating segment, as well as the operations of the TEL business (primarily sales of TEL in North America) and certain contract manufacturing that Ethyl provides to Afton and to third parties. Each of these is currently immaterial.

The table below reports segment operating profit for the second quarter and six months ended June 30, 2009 and June 30, 2008.

**Segment Operating Profit**

(in millions)

	Second Quarter Ended June 30		Six Months Ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
Petroleum additives	\$ 67.6	\$ 31.6	\$ 117.7	\$ 69.4
All other	\$ (1.6)	\$ 2.0	\$ (2.3)	\$ 0.5

**Petroleum Additives Segment**

The petroleum additives operating profit increased \$36.0 million when comparing second quarter 2009 to second quarter 2008 and \$48.3 million when comparing six months 2009 to six months 2008. The operating profit margin was 18.4% for second quarter 2009 and 7.5% for second quarter 2008. Similarly, the petroleum additives operating profit margin was 16.8% for six months 2009 and 8.6% for six months 2008. The 2008 six months period included a gain of \$3.2 million resulting from a legal settlement related to raw materials.

While six months 2009 results are significantly higher across both the lubricant additives and fuels additives product lines, the majority of the increase when comparing second quarter 2009 and second quarter 2008 was in the lubricant additives product lines.



## **Table of Contents**

The change in petroleum additives operating profit when comparing both the two second quarter periods and the two six-months periods was the result of several factors. The most significant favorable factors included lower raw material costs and higher selling prices. The key unfavorable factors were lower shipments, which are discussed above in the Net Sales section, and foreign currency impacts. While partially offset by selling price reductions made this year, the overall increase in selling prices for the 2009 second quarter and six months periods are the results of actions taken throughout 2008 to raise selling prices in response to higher raw material costs. Foreign currency resulted in an unfavorable impact of approximately \$10 million when comparing operating profit from second quarter 2009 with second quarter 2008 and approximately \$13 million when comparing the two six-month periods.

SG&A decreased approximately \$2.4 million or 9% for second quarter 2009, while R&D decreased approximately \$800 thousand or 4% when compared to the same 2008 period. For six months 2009, SG&A decreased \$4.9 million or 10% and R&D decreased \$2.3 million or 5% compared to six months 2008. The decreases were substantially the result of a favorable foreign currency impact. We continue to invest in SG&A and R&D to support our customers' programs and to develop the technology required to remain a leader in this industry.

*The following discussion references the Consolidated Financial Statements beginning on page 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.*

## **Interest and Financing Expenses**

Interest and financing expenses were \$2.9 million for both second quarter 2009 and second quarter 2008. Six months 2009 amounted to \$5.8 million, while six months 2008 was \$5.9 million.

Average interest rates for the second quarter 2009 were substantially unchanged from second quarter 2008, while average debt during second quarter 2009 was lower as we had no debt drawn on the revolving credit facility during second quarter 2009. Amortization of deferred financing costs was higher due to the cost related to increased commitment levels achieved on the revolving credit facility. See Note 7 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Six months 2009 average interest rates were slightly lower than the same 2008 period. The impact of the slightly lower interest rates for six months 2009 was offset by higher average debt during six months 2009. Similar to the second quarter 2009, amortization of deferred financing costs was higher than six months 2008.

## **Other (Expense) Income, Net**

Other expense, net for both second quarter 2009 and six months 2009 was \$11.9 million. The amount in both 2009 periods includes an unrealized loss of \$11.9 million on a derivative instrument representing an interest rate swap recorded at fair value, which we entered into on June

## **Table of Contents**

25, 2009. See Note 9 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information on the interest rate swap. Other income, net was \$300 thousand for second quarter 2008 and \$700 thousand for six months 2008 and primarily represented investment income earned on excess cash.

### **Income Tax Expense**

Income tax expense was \$15.7 million for the second quarter 2009 and \$9.6 million for second quarter 2008. The effective tax rate was 33.9% for second quarter 2009 and 35.3% for second quarter 2008. The increase in income before income tax expense resulted in an increase of \$6.8 million in income taxes, while the decrease in the effective tax rate from 2008 to 2009 resulted in a decrease of approximately \$700 thousand in income taxes when comparing the second quarter 2009 and 2008 periods.

Six months 2009 income tax expense was \$30.0 million with an effective tax rate of 33.6%. Income tax expense for six months 2008 was \$19.8 million with an effective tax rate of 34.6%. The increase in income before income tax expense from 2008 to 2009 resulted in an increase of \$11.1 million, which was partially offset by the reduction in the effective tax rate, resulting in a decrease in income tax expense of \$900 thousand.

The effective tax rate for both second quarter 2009 and six months 2009 includes the benefit of the settlement of certain income tax issues with the IRS.

Our deferred taxes are in a net asset position. Based on our current projections, we believe that we will recover the full benefit of our deferred tax assets and have therefore not recorded a valuation allowance.

### **Cash Flows, Financial Condition, and Liquidity**

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2009 were \$112.0 million, which was an increase of \$90.3 million since December 31, 2008 and included a \$4.3 million favorable impact from foreign currency translation.

We expect that cash from operations, together with borrowing available under our revolving credit facility, will continue to be sufficient to cover our operating expenses for the foreseeable future.

#### **Cash Flows – Operating Activities**

Cash flows provided from operating activities for the six months 2009 were \$154.7 million and included a decrease of \$76.9 million in working capital, including lower inventories, as well as higher accounts payable and income taxes payable. The decrease in inventories reflects the results of our efforts to lower inventories in response to the decreased demand for our products. The increase in accounts payable reflects a normal increase from an unusually low level of accounts payable at December 31, 2008. The increase in income taxes payable reflects the higher earnings levels in 2009.

Including cash, we had working capital of \$335.3 million at June 30, 2009 and \$310.3 million at December 31, 2008. The current ratio was 2.87 to 1 at June 30, 2009 and 3.28 to 1 at December 31, 2008.

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**Table of Contents**

Cash Flows Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$44.3 million during six months 2009 and included a net return of funds of \$10.5 million for a deposit related to the interest rate lock agreement, which is discussed below, as well as funding of \$15.9 million for a deposit related to the Goldman Sachs interest rate swap. Further information on the interest rate swap is discussed below and in Note 9 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Excluding the construction of the office building by Foundry Park I, we funded capital expenditures of \$15.1 million through June 30, 2009. We estimate our total capital spending during 2009, excluding the capital expenditures by Foundry Park I, will be approximately \$40 million to \$45 million. We expect to continue to finance capital spending, excluding the expenditures for the construction of the office building by Foundry Park I, through cash on hand and cash provided from operations, together with borrowing available under our revolving credit facility.

Capital expenditures during six months 2009 related to the Foundry Park I project amounted to \$23.8 million. We expect capital expenditures in 2009 related to the construction of the office building will be approximately \$63 million which will be substantially borrowed under our construction loan.

Cash Flows Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities during six months 2009 amounted to \$24.5 million. The use of cash included the funding of dividends of \$6.8 million, as well as debt issuance costs of \$400 thousand and a payment of \$500 thousand on the fourth quarter 2006 acquisition of an intangible asset. Our book overdraft increased \$1.4 million.

We had total long-term debt, including the current portion, of \$219.0 million at June 30, 2009, representing a decrease of approximately \$18.2 million in our total debt since December 31, 2008. The decrease resulted from the payment of \$41.9 million under the revolving credit facility and \$400 thousand on capital leases, which was partially offset by borrowings on the construction loan of \$24.1 million.

In addition to the Foundry Park I construction loan which is discussed below, at June 30, 2009, we had outstanding senior notes in the aggregate principal amount of \$150 million that bear interest at a fixed rate of 7.125% and are due in 2016.

At June 30, 2009, we also have a \$139.25 million revolving credit facility for general corporate purposes that bears interest at variable rates. The revolving credit facility includes a \$75 million sub-facility for letters of credit. The facility matures on December 21, 2011. At June 30, 2009, we had no outstanding borrowings under the revolving credit facility. We had outstanding letters of credit of \$4.3 million at June 30, 2009, resulting in the unused portion of the revolver amounting to \$135.0 million.

Both the senior notes and the revolving credit facility contain covenants, representations, and events of default that management considers typical of credit agreements of this nature. We were in compliance with these covenants as of both June 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

As a percentage of total capitalization (total debt and shareholders' equity), our total debt decreased from 44.9% at the end of 2008 to 37.8% at June 30, 2009. The change in the percentage was primarily the result of the decrease in debt, as well as an increase in shareholders' equity. The increase in shareholders' equity reflects our earnings, partially offset by the impact of dividend payments. Normally, we repay any outstanding long-term debt with cash from operations or refinancing activities.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Foundry Park I Construction Loan and Interest Rate Swap**

Foundry Park I and NewMarket Corporation entered into a construction loan agreement with a group of banks on August 7, 2007 to borrow up to \$116 million to fund the development and construction of an office building. The construction loan bears interest at LIBOR plus a margin of 140 basis points. The term of the loan is for a period of 36 months and is unconditionally guaranteed by NewMarket Corporation. No principal reduction payment is due during the construction period. As a condition of the construction loan and concurrently with the closing of the loan, Foundry Park I also obtained interest rate risk protection in the form of an interest rate swap. The interest rate swap is discussed in Note 9 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Interest Rate Lock Agreement**

The construction loan for the Foundry Park I project to construct an office building for MeadWestvaco is being financed by a group of banks and matures in August 2010. Prior to commencing construction, we took actions to identify the possible permanent lending source after construction. To that end, Foundry Park I entered into an Application with Principal dated February 26, 2007 which outlined the terms and conditions under which Principal would provide permanent, fixed-rate financing in the maximum amount of \$116,000,000 amortized over 25 years with all amounts due 13.5 years after the date of the loan. The Application was not a loan commitment due to the lengthy time period of thirty-four months until the completion of the building. In order to obtain a fixed-rate loan, we entered into a rate lock agreement with Principal dated February 26, 2007. Principal simultaneously entered into a hedge with a third party based mainly on the forward rates of ten-year Treasuries. We were not a party to that hedging agreement. Under the rate lock agreement, we agreed to post a deposit with Principal and to increase the amount of that deposit if the exposure to Principal on their hedge increased.

Principal and Foundry Park I have determined that the loan terms set forth in the Application could not be syndicated based on current market conditions. As a result, Principal and Foundry Park I have terminated the loan application and related rate lock agreement and have mutually released each other from their respective rights and obligations under those arrangements. While we are currently investigating alternative financing to replace the Foundry Park I project construction loan when it matures and believe that we can obtain financing on acceptable terms, we cannot predict the financing terms which will be available at that time. See Note 9 for additional information on the termination of the rate lock agreement and subsequent entry into an interest rate swap related to the Foundry Park I project. All amounts which we had deposited with Principal under the rate lock agreement have effectively been returned to us at the termination of the rate lock agreement as Principal transferred the deposited funds to Goldman Sachs as collateral for the interest rate swap related to the Foundry Park I project.

### **Critical Accounting Policies**

This report, as well as the 2008 Annual Report, includes a discussion of our accounting principles, as well as methods and estimates used in the preparation of our financial statements. We believe these discussions and financial statements fairly represent the financial position and operating results of our company in all material respects. The purpose of this portion of our discussion is to further emphasize some of the more critical areas where a significant change in facts and circumstances in our operating and financial environment might cause a change in reported financial results.

## Table of Contents

### Intangibles, Net of Amortization and Goodwill

We have certain identifiable intangibles, as well as goodwill, amounting to \$49.5 million at June 30, 2009. These intangibles relate to our petroleum additives business and, except for the goodwill, are being amortized over periods with up to approximately twenty years of remaining life. We continue to assess the market related to these intangibles, as well as their specific values, and have concluded the values and amortization periods are appropriate. We also evaluate these intangibles for any potential impairment when significant events or circumstances occur that might impair the value of these assets. These evaluations continue to support the value at which these identifiable intangibles are carried on our financial statements. However, if conditions were to substantially deteriorate in this market, it could possibly cause a reduction in the periods of the amortization charge or result in a noncash write-off of a portion of the intangibles' carrying value. A reduction in the amortization period would have no effect on cash flows. We do not anticipate such a change in the market conditions.

### Environmental and Legal Proceedings

We have made disclosure of our environmental issues in Part I, Item 1 of the 2008 Annual Report, as well as in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2008 Annual Report. We have made additional disclosures in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q. We believe our environmental accruals are appropriate for the exposures and regulatory guidelines under which we currently operate. While we currently do not anticipate significant changes to the many factors that could impact our environmental requirements, we continue to keep our accruals consistent with these requirements as they change.

Also, as noted in the discussion of Legal Proceedings in Part II, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and Part I, Item 3 of the 2008 Annual Report, while it is not possible to predict or determine with certainty the outcome of any legal proceeding, it is our opinion, based on our current knowledge, that we will not experience materially adverse effects on our results of operations or financial condition as a result of any pending or threatened proceeding.

### Pension Plans and Other Postretirement Benefits

We use assumptions to record the impact of the pension and postretirement plans in the financial statements. These assumptions include the discount rate, expected long-term rate of return on plan assets, rate of compensation increase, and health care cost trend rate. A change in any one of these assumptions could result in different results for the plans. We develop these assumptions after considering available information that we deem relevant. Information is provided on the pension and postretirement plans in Note 18 of the 2008 Annual Report. In addition, further disclosure on the effect of changes in these assumptions is provided in the Financial Position and Liquidity section of Part II, Item 7 of the 2008 Annual Report.

### Income Taxes

We file consolidated U.S. federal income and both consolidated and individual state income tax returns, as well as individual foreign income tax returns, under which assumptions may be made to determine the deductibility of certain costs. We make estimates related to the impact of tax positions taken on our financial statements when we believe the tax position is more likely than not to be upheld on audit. In addition, we make certain assumptions in the determination of the estimated future recovery of deferred tax assets.

## **Table of Contents**

### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

For a full discussion of the more significant pronouncements which may impact our financial statements, see Note 12 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Outlook**

The performance of our business for the first six months of this year was outstanding. We have actively managed our business during very challenging economic times and are confident in our strategy to serve our customers by helping them succeed in their marketplace by providing innovative solutions. We feel our financial results are a measure of how we are performing against that strategy.

We believe we returned to more historical levels of demand during the last part of the second quarter. We expect that some of the increase in product demand during the second quarter was a restocking effort, but also believe that underlying demand is increasing. For the first six months of 2009, our product shipments were 22% lower than the first six months of last year. We expect that the difference in product shipments between the second half of 2009 and the second half of 2008 will not be as significant. We are cautious in our outlook for demand, as we are still operating in a very uncertain economic environment. While we are pleased with this return to a more historical level of demand, it does present challenges that we will be managing. Our plants are running at very high rates, raw materials costs are beginning to increase, and we are experiencing some tightness in raw material availability.

Our operating margins have recovered from the low levels of last year. The improvement in operating margins during the first six months of the year will allow us to continue our investment in R&D programs and deliver measurable value to our customers. However, as raw material costs increase, we do not expect that operating margins will be sustainable at current levels.

In late July, we announced that we are expanding our supply chain capabilities by investing in a manufacturing facility in Singapore. This new plant will enable us to better serve our customers in that region with shorter lead-times and improved security of supply. In addition, the facility will allow us to manufacture to the specifications of our customers in the region with our most current technology. This investment in Singapore, along with the recent investments in R&D facilities in the region, will allow us to develop and produce customized solutions within the region to meet the specific demands of the region. While the initial capacity will represent a small increase to our overall global production capacity, the facility will be scalable, allowing us to add capacity as demand in that region grows.

Our project to construct a multi-story office building for MeadWestvaco continues to progress as expected. The project will be completed later this year. We are continuing our efforts to find financing to replace the construction loan, which is due in August 2010.

As we have communicated in the past, we intend to leverage our financial strength to increase shareholder value by growing the business, with acquisitions being an area of primary interest. Our primary focus in the acquisition area remains on the petroleum additives industry. It is our view that this industry will provide the greatest opportunity for a good return on our investment while minimizing risk. We remain focused on this strategy and will evaluate any future opportunities. Nonetheless, we are patient in this pursuit and intend to make the right acquisition for our company when the opportunity arises. Meanwhile, we believe we have many internal

**Table of Contents**

opportunities for growth in the near term, from both geographical and product line extensions. Until an acquisition materializes, we will build cash on our balance sheet and will continue to evaluate all alternative uses for that cash to enhance shareholder value, including stock repurchases and dividends.

**ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Other than our foreign currency risk and the entry into an interest rate swap, there have been no significant changes in our market risk from the information provided in the 2008 Annual Report.

At June 30, 2009, we had \$8.4 million in Euro-denominated foreign currency forward contracts outstanding. With other variables held constant, a hypothetical 10% adverse change in the June 30, 2009 forward Euro rates would have resulted in a decrease of approximately \$800 thousand in the value of the contracts.

On June 25, 2009, we entered into an interest rate swap with Goldman Sachs. We record the derivative at fair value, which amounted to \$11.9 million at June 30, 2009. Any change in fair value is recognized immediately in earnings. With other variables held constant, a hypothetical 50 basis point adverse parallel shift in the LIBOR yield curve would have resulted in an increase of approximately \$5 million in the fair value liability of the interest rate swap.

**ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures**

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain a system of internal control over financial reporting to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of the reliability of the financial records and the protection of assets. Our controls and procedures include written policies and procedures, careful selection and training of qualified personnel, and an internal audit program. We use a third-party firm, separate from our independent registered public accounting firm, to assist with internal audit services.

We work closely with the business groups, operations personnel, and information technology to ensure transactions are recorded properly. Environmental and legal staff are consulted to determine the appropriateness of our environmental and legal liabilities for each reporting period. We regularly review the regulations and rule changes that affect our financial disclosures.

Our disclosure control procedures include signed representation letters from our regional officers, as well as senior management.

We have formed a Financial Disclosure Committee, which is made up of the president of Afton, the general counsel of NewMarket, and the controller of NewMarket. The committee, as well as regional management, makes representations with regard to the financial statements that, to the best of their knowledge, the report does not contain any misstatement of a material fact or omit a material fact that is necessary to make the statements not misleading with respect to the periods covered by the report.

The committee and the regional management also represent, to the best of their knowledge, that the financial statements and other financial information included in the report fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the company as of and for the periods presented in the report.

**Table of Contents**

Pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), we carried out an evaluation, with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined under Rule 13a-15(e)) under the Exchange Act as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act, during the quarter ended June 30, 2009, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



**Table of Contents****PART II Other Information****ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

We are involved in legal proceedings that are incidental to our business and include administrative or judicial actions seeking remediation under environmental laws, such as Superfund. Some of these legal proceedings relate to environmental matters and involve governmental authorities. For further information, see Environmental in Part I, Item 1 of our 2008 Annual Report.

While it is not possible to predict or determine with certainty the outcome of any legal proceeding, we believe the outcome of any of these proceedings, or all of them combined, will not result in a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

**ITEM 1A. Risk Factors**

While we attempt to identify, manage, and mitigate risks and uncertainties associated with our business to the extent practical under the circumstances, some level of risk and uncertainty will always be present. Part I, Item 1A of our 2008 Annual Report describes some of the risks and uncertainties associated with our business. These risks and uncertainties have the potential to materially affect our results of operations and our financial condition. We do not believe that there have been any material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our 2008 Annual Report except as highlighted below.

**Development, construction, and permanent financing risks associated with Foundry Park I could adversely affect our financial results we may incur losses, which could be material, for breakage fees under an interest rate lock agreement in connection with our application for permanent financing.**

As previously discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, during the second quarter 2009, Principal and Foundry Park I have terminated the interest rate lock agreement. As a result, this risk factor no longer exists.

**We may incur losses, which could be material, related to the Goldman Sachs interest rate swap if the forward rates for three-month LIBOR decrease significantly.**

**ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders**

At the annual meeting of NewMarket shareholders held on April 23, 2009, the shareholders elected the directors nominated in the NewMarket Proxy Statement, dated March 13, 2009, with the following affirmative votes and votes withheld:

<b>Director</b>	<b>Affirmative Votes</b>	<b>Votes Withheld</b>
Phyllis L. Cothran	13,785,753	228,654
Mark M. Gambill	13,749,282	265,125
Bruce C. Gottwald	13,767,490	246,917
Thomas E. Gottwald	13,816,699	197,708
Patrick D. Hanley	13,907,748	106,659
James E. Rogers	13,929,609	84,798
Charles B. Walker	13,805,215	209,192

**Table of Contents**

The shareholders also approved the following proposals:

<b>Proposal</b>	<b>Affirmative Votes</b>	<b>Votes Against</b>	<b>Abstentions</b>
To ratify the appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2009	13,605,766	397,807	10,834
To re-approve the material terms of performance goals under the NewMarket Corporation 2004 Incentive Compensation and Stock Plan	13,500,574	444,119	69,714
There were no broker non-votes with respect to the election of directors, the ratification of our independent registered public accounting firm, or the re-approval of the material terms of the performance goals under the NewMarket Corporation 2004 Incentive Compensation and Stock Plan.			

**ITEM 6. Exhibits**

- Exhibit 3.1 Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-K (File No. 1-32190) filed March 14, 2005)
- Exhibit 3.2 NewMarket Corporation Bylaws Amended and Restated effective April 23, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Form 8-K (File No. 1-32190) filed February 23, 2009)
- Exhibit 10.1 Joinder Agreement dated as of April 20, 2009 by and among Citizens Bank of Pennsylvania, NewMarket Corporation and SunTrust Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K (File No. 1-32190) filed April 23, 2009)
- Exhibit 10.2 International Swap Dealers Association, Inc. Master Agreement dated June 25, 2009, between NewMarket Corporation and Goldman Sachs Bank USA (ISDA Master Agreement) (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Form 8-K (File No. 1-32190) filed June 30, 2009)
- Exhibit 10.3 Schedule to the ISDA Master Agreement dated June 25, 2009 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Form 8-K (File No. 1-32190) filed June 30, 2009)

**Table of Contents**

Exhibit 10.4	Credit Support Annex to the Schedule to the ISDA Master Agreement dated June 25, 2009, between NewMarket Corporation and Goldman Sachs Bank USA (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Form 8-K (File No. 1-32190) filed June 30, 2009)
Exhibit 10.5	Supplement Agreement dated June 30, 2009 between NewMarket Corporation and Citizens Bank of Pennsylvania, as Increasing Lender, and accepted by SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to Form 8-K (File No.1-32190) filed June 30, 2009)
Exhibit 31(a)	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by Thomas E. Gottwald
Exhibit 31(b)	Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by David A. Fiorenza
Exhibit 32(a)	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by Thomas E. Gottwald
Exhibit 32(b)	Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 by David A. Fiorenza

**Table of Contents**

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEWMARKET CORPORATION  
(Registrant)

Date: July 29, 2009

By: /s/ D. A. Fiorenza  
David A. Fiorenza  
Vice President and Treasurer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: July 29, 2009

By: /s/ Wayne C. Drinkwater  
Wayne C. Drinkwater  
Controller

(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Table of Contents**

EXHIBIT INDEX

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