MIZUHO FINANCIAL GROUP INC Form 6-K January 28, 2010 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER

PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16

UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of January 2010.

Commission File Number 001-33098

Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.

(Translation of registrant s name into English)

5-1, Marunouchi 2-chome

Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8333

Japan

(Address of principal executive office)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F x Form 40-F "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): "

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes	••	7	ΛT.	_	x
YAC		- 1	N	n	x

If Yes is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b):82-

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: January 28, 2010

Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.

By: /s/ Tetsuji Kosaki Name: Tetsuji Kosaki

Title: Deputy President / CFO

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The following is an English translation of excerpt regarding Basel II capital adequacy disclosure and relevant information released in our Japanese language disclosure material published in January 2010. The capital adequacy disclosure and other financial information included herein are based on Japanese GAAP pursuant to Japanese regulatory requirements.

In this report, we, us, and our refer to Mizuho Financial Group, Inc. and, unless the context indicates otherwise, its consolidated subsidiaries. Mizuho Financial Group refers to Mizuho Financial Group, Inc.

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Capital adequacy ratio highlights

The Basel II Framework, based on the International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards: A Revised Framework issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, requires the disclosure of capital adequacy information to ensure the enhanced effectiveness of market discipline. Our disclosure is made under the Matters Separately Prescribed by the Commissioner of the Financial Services Agency Regarding Capital Adequacy Conditions, etc. pursuant to Article 19-2, Paragraph 1, Item 5, Subitem (d), etc. of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Banking Law (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No. 10 of 1982) (FSA Notice No. 15 of 2007). As a method to calculate the amount of credit risk-weighted assets under the Basel II Framework, we have adopted the advanced internal ratings-based approach since March 31, 2009 in place of the foundation internal ratings-based approach that we had been using previously. In addition, as a method to calculate the amount equivalent to the operational risk, we have adopted the advanced measurement approach since September 30, 2009 in place of the gross profit allocation approach (the standardized approach). The figures disclosed herein are therefore based on the foundation internal ratings-based approach and the gross profit allocation approach for the six months ended September 30, 2008 and the advanced internal ratings-based approach and the advanced measurement approach for the six months ended September 30, 2009.

n Capital adequacy ratio highlights

Mizuho Financial Group (Consolidated)

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)	11.45%	12.91%
Tier 1 capital ratio	7.36%	8.71%
Tier 1 capital	4,747.0	5,148.7
Tier 2 capital	2,971.4	2,733.4
Deductions for total risk-based capital	337.3	249.5
Total risk-based capital	7,381.2	7,632.6
Risk-weighted assets	64,464.8	59,102.3
(Reference)		

Mizuho Corporate Bank (Consolidated)

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)	11.68%	14.53%
Tier 1 capital ratio	8.43%	11.44%
Tier 1 capital	3,011.4	3,784.5
Tier 2 capital	1,437.0	1,205.3
Deductions for total risk-based capital	280.2	184.3
Total risk-based capital	4,168.1	4,805.6
Risk-weighted assets	35,685.7	33,072.0
Mizuho Corporate Bank (Non-consolidated)	,	,

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Non-consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)	12.62%	15.60%
Tier 1 capital ratio	7.60%	10.39%
Tier 1 capital	2,641.1	3,136.8
Tier 2 capital	1,812.0	1,659.5
Deductions for total risk-based capital	67.2	89.4
Total risk-based capital	4,385.8	4,707.0

Risk-weighted assets	34,750.5	30,165.4
Mizuho Bank (Consolidated)		

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Consolidated capital adequacy ratio (Domestic standard)	11.58%	12.79%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.79%	7.50%
Tier 1 capital	1,865.8	1,837.1
Tier 2 capital	1,379.6	1,355.9
Deductions for total risk-based capital	61.5	62.1
Total risk-based capital	3,183.8	3,130.9
Risk-weighted assets	27,478.9	24,472.1
(Reference) Consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)	11.51%	12.76%

		(Billions of yen)
	As of September 30, 2008	As of September 30, 2009
Non-consolidated capital adequacy ratio (Domestic standard)	11.48%	13.01%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.75%	7.65%
Tier 1 capital	1,796.1	1,798.2
Tier 2 capital	1,352.0	1,355.0
Deductions for total risk-based capital	93.0	98.3
Total risk-based capital	3,055.1	3,054.9
Risk-weighted assets	26,600.2	23,480.7
(Reference) Non-consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)	11.43%	12.95%

Status of Mizuho Financial Group s consolidated capital adequacy

n Consolidated capital adequacy ratio

(1) Summary table of consolidated capital adequacy ratio (BIS standard)

		As of September 30, 200	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Tier 1 capital	Common stock and preferred stock	1,540	
	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock		
	Advance payment for new shares		
	Capital surplus	411	.2 552.1
	Retained earnings	1,290	.1 696.0
	Less: Treasury stock	6	5.1
	Advance payment for treasury stock		
	Less: Dividends (estimate), etc		
	Less: Unrealized losses on other securities		
	Foreign currency translation adjustments	(83	(93.2)
	Stock acquisition rights		2.3
	1		
	Minority interest in consolidated		
	subsidiaries	1,636	2,296.4
	Substantes	1,030	2,290.4
	D C 1 '4' ' 11		
	Preferred securities issued by overseas	1.461	1,027,1
	SPCs	1,461	.2 1,937.1
	Less: Goodwill equivalent		
	Less: Intangible fixed assets recognized as		
	a result of a merger		42.9
	Less: Capital increase due to securitization		
	transactions	10	7.1
	Less: 50% of excess of expected losses		
	relative to eligible reserves by banks		
	adopting internal ratings-based approach	31	.2 55.2
	Total of Tier 1 capital before deduction of		
	deferred tax assets (total of the above		
	items)	4,747	.0 5,148.7
	Deduction for deferred tax assets		
	Total	(A) 4,747	5,148.7
		, ,	
	Preferred securities with a step-up interest		
	rate provision	(B) 524	.0 524.0
	Ratio to Tier $1 = (B) / (A) \times 100$		03% 10.17%
	Radio to Tiel 1 – (B) / (N) X 100	11.0	10.17 %
Tier 2 capital	45% of unrealized gains on other securities	56	73.1
	45% of revaluation reserve for land	113	.0 112.1
	General reserve for possible losses on loans	7	5.6
	Excess of eligible reserves relative to		
	expected losses by banks adopting internal		

ratings-based approach

	Debt capital, etc.		2,794.4	2,542.5
	Perpetual subordinated debt and other debt			
	capital		681.8	629.6
	Dated subordinated debt and redeemable			
	preferred stock		2,112.5	1,912.8
	Total		2,971.4	2,733.4
	Tier 2 capital included as qualifying capital	(C)	2,971.4	2,733.4
Tier 3 capital	Short-term subordinated debt			
Tier 3 capitai	Short-term subordinated debt			
	Tier 3 capital included as qualifying capital	(D)		
	Tier 5 capital included as quantying capital	(D)		
Dadaatiana fantatal				
Deductions for total risk-based capital	Deductions for total risk-based capital	(E)	337.3	249.5
risk-baseu capitai	Deductions for total fisk-based capital	(E)	337.3	249.3
Total risk-based capital	(A) + (C) + (D) (E)	(F)	7,381.2	7,632.6
D'al '-l-4- I 4		(C)	50.126.6	52,002,2
Risk-weighted assets	Credit risk-weighted assets	(G)	59,136.6	53,802.2
	On-balance-sheet items		48,689.8	44,019.0
	Off-balance-sheet items		10,446.7	9,783.1
	OII-Datance-sneet items		10,440.7	9,765.1
	Market risk equivalent assets [(I)/8%]	(H)	1,753.0	1,384.1
	(Reference) Market risk equivalent	(I)	140.2	1,384.1
	Operational risk equivalent assets [(K)/8%]	(I) (J)	3,575.1	3,915.8
	(Reference) Operational risk equivalent	(K)	286.0	313.2
	Adjusted floor amount	(L)		
	Total $[(G) + (H) + (J) + (L)]$	(M)	64,464.8	59,102.3
		` /	- ,	,
Consolidated capital adec	μ		11.45%	12.91%
Tier 1 capital ratio = (A)	/ (M) X 100		7.36%	8.71%
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Notes:

- 1. The above figures are calculated based on the BIS standard applied on a consolidated basis under the Standards for Determining the Status of Capital Adequacy in consideration of assets held by a bank holding company and by its subsidiaries, in accordance with Banking Law Article 52-25 (FSA Notice No. 20 of 2006 (the Notice)). For the figures as of September 30, 2009, we did not apply the exception to the Notice (FSA Notice No. 79 of 2008).
- 2. As it is not possible to break down Mizuho Financial Group s common stock and preferred stock according to classes of stock, no value for non-cumulative perpetual preferred stock is stated separately from capital.
- 3. In calculating the consolidated capital adequacy ratio, we underwent an examination following the procedures agreed with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC, on the basis of Treatment in implementing examination by agreed-upon procedures for calculating capital adequacy ratio (Industry Committee Report No. 30 of the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants). Note that this is not a part of the accounting audit performed on our consolidated financial statements. This consists of an examination under agreed-upon procedures performed by Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC on a portion of the internal control structure concerning the calculation of the capital adequacy ratio and a report of the results to us. As such, they do not represent an opinion regarding the capital adequacy ratio itself nor the internal controls related to the calculation of the capital adequacy ratio.
- 4. The amounts of net deferred tax assets as of September 30, 2008 and 2009 were ¥841.0 billion and ¥615.1 billion, respectively, and the maximum amounts of deferred tax assets that can be recorded without diminishing the amount of Tier 1 capital for the purpose of calculating capital adequacy ratio as of September 30, 2008 and 2009 were ¥949.4 billion and ¥1,029.7 billion, respectively.
- 5. The adjusted floor amount as of September 30, 2008 is the amount obtained by multiplying (i) 12.5 by (ii) the excess, if any, of the required capital under Basel I multiplied by the rate prescribed in the Notice over the required capital under the foundation internal ratings-based approach and the gross profit allocation approach. The adjusted floor amount as of September 30, 2009 is the amount obtained by multiplying (i) 12.5 by (ii) the excess, if any, of the required capital under the advanced internal rating-based approach and the gross profit allocation approach multiplied by the rate prescribed in the Notice over the required capital under the advanced internal ratings-based approach and the advanced measurement approach.
- 6. Among our group companies that were subject to the calculation of consolidated capital adequacy ratio pursuant to Article 3 of the Notice, the numbers of consolidated subsidiaries were 147 and 164 as of September 30, 2008 and 2009, respectively. There was no company that was subject to the deductible items set forth in Article 8, Paragraph 1, Item 2, Subitem (a) through (c) of the Notice as of September 30, 2008 and 2009.

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Summary of preferred securities

We have included each of the following preferred securities issued by our overseas special purpose companies as Tier 1 capital for the purposes of our consolidated capital adequacy ratios.

Preferred securities issued by SPCs of Mizuho Financial Group

Issuer Mizuho Preferred Capital (Cayman) 1

Limited (as MPC1, and the preferred securities described below are referred to as

the MPC1 Preferred Securities.)

Type of securitiesNon-cumulative perpetual preferred securities

Mandatory redemption date None

Optional redemption Optionally redeemable on each dividend

payment date falling in or after June 2012 (subject to prior approval from regulatory

authorities)

Dividends Floating dividend rate (No dividend rate

step-up. As stated in Dividend suspension events below, dividend payments that are

suspended are non-cumulative.)

Dividend payment dateLast business day of June in each year

Total amount issued ¥171.0 billion

Issue date February 14, 2002

Dividend suspension events If any of the following events arise, dividend

payments are suspended on a non-cumulative

basis:

(1) when Mizuho Financial Group issues to MPC 1 a Loss Absorption Certificate⁽¹⁾;

(2) when dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock are suspended;

(3) when Mizuho Financial Group issues to MPC 1 a Distributable Amounts Limitation Certificate⁽⁴⁾ stating that there are no Available Distributable Amounts⁽³⁾; and

(4) when the dividend payment date is not a Mandatory Dividend Payment Date⁽⁵⁾, and Mizuho Financial Group issues to MPC 1 a dividend instruction instructing it not to pay any dividends on such dividend payment date.

Mandatory dividend event

If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock with respect to a fiscal year, full dividends must be paid on Parity Preferred securities⁽⁶⁾ in June of the calendar year in which such fiscal year ends. However, it is subject to the following conditions: (1) no Loss Absorption

Certificate⁽¹⁾ has been issued; (2) no preferred stock dividend limitation has arisen with respect thereto (partial dividend payments are made to the extent applicable); and (3) no Distributable Amounts Limitation Certificate⁽⁴⁾ has been issued with respect thereto (partial dividends are paid to the

extent applicable).

Distributable amounts limitation When Mizuho Financial Group issues a

Distributable Amounts Limitation

Certificate⁽⁴⁾ to MPC1, dividends are limited to the Available Distributable Amounts⁽³⁾.

Dividend limitationsWhen dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s

Preferred Stock⁽²⁾ are reduced, dividends on Parity Preferred Securities⁽⁶⁾ are also reduced

by an equal percentage.

Claims on residual assets Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s

Preferred Stock(2)

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Issuer Mizuho Capital Investment (USD) 1 Limited Mizuho Capital Investment (EUR) 1 Limited (MCI (USD) 1, and the preferred securities (MCI (EUR) 1, and the preferred securities described below are referred to as MCI (USD)described below are referred to as MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities.) 1 Preferred Securities.) Type of securities Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities Mandatory redemption date None None **Optional redemption** Starting from the dividend payment date Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2016, optionally redeemable falling in June 2011, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date in five-year on each dividend payment date in five-year intervals (subject to prior approval from intervals (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities) regulatory authorities) Dividends Fixed dividend rate for the first ten years Fixed dividend rate for the first five years (although a floating dividend rate is applied (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2016. No dividend rate step-up. June 2011. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.) non-cumulative.) Dividend payment date June 30th and December 30th of each year June 30th of each year until June 2011, and June 30th and December 30th of each year thereafter Total amount issued US\$600 million 500 million Issue date March 13, 2006 March 13, 2006 **Dividend suspension events** (Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction (Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event) event) (1) When a Liquidation Event⁽⁷⁾, (1) When a Liquidation Event⁽⁷⁾, Reorganization Event(8), Insolvency Event(9) Reorganization Event(8), Insolvency Event(9) or Governmental Action(10) has occurred to or Governmental Action(10) has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group; Mizuho Financial Group; (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts(11) is Available Distributable Amounts (12) is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock⁽¹³⁾ are suspended or reduced; stock(13) are suspended or reduced; (Optional dividend suspension or reduction (Optional dividend suspension or reduction event) event) (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital

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ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement,

or would fall short as a result of the dividend

payments on the MCI (USD) 1 Preferred

ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement,

or would fall short as a result of the dividend

payments on the MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred

Securities, and Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (USD) 1; and

Securities, and Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (EUR) 1; and

(4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to
pay dividends on its common stock and issues
a dividend suspension notice to MCI (USD)
1.

(4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to s pay dividends on its common stock and issues

Mandatory dividend event

If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock with respect to dividends on its common stock with respect to a fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities must be made on the dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided that no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.

a dividend suspension notice to MCI (EUR) If Mizuho Financial Group pays any

a fiscal year, dividend payments for the full

must be made on dividend payment dates

during the subsequent fiscal year; provided

that no event for the mandatory suspension or

amount of MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities

Distributable amounts limitation

Dividends for the MCI (USD) 1 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts(11).

reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event. Dividends for the MCI (EUR) 1 preferred

securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho

Financial Group s Available Distributable

Dividend limitations

When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.

Amounts(12). s When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities are also

Claims for residual assets

Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock(13)

Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock(13)

reduced by an equal percentage.

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Issuer		Mizuho Capital Investment (JPY) e 2 Limited (MCI (JPY) 2, and the preferred securities described below are referred to as MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities.)	Mizuho Capital Investment (JPY) e 3 Limited (MCI (JPY) 3, and the preferred securities described below (Series A and Series B) are collectively referred to as MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities.)
Type of securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities
Mandatory redemption date	None	None	None
Optional redemption	Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2016, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date in five-year intervals (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)	Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2018, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)	Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2019, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)
Dividends	Fixed dividend rate for the first ten years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2016. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)	Fixed dividend rate for the first ten years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2018. Dividend rate step-up is applied. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)	Fixed dividend rate for the first ten years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2019. Dividend rate step-up is applied. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.) Series B Fixed dividend rate for the first ten years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with
			respect to dividend payment dates after June 2019. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)
Dividend payment date	June 30th and December 30th of each year	June 30th and December 30th of each year	June 30th and December 30th of each year
Total amount issued	¥400 billion	¥274.5 billion	Series A ¥249.5 billion
			Series B ¥53.5 billion
Issue date	January 12, 2007	January 11, 2008	July 11, 2008
Dividend suspension events	(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)	(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)	(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)
	(1) When a Liquidation Event ⁽⁷⁾ , Reorganization Event ⁽⁸⁾ ,	(1) When a Liquidation Event ⁽⁷⁾ , Reorganization Event ⁽⁸⁾ ,	(1) When a Liquidation Event ⁽⁷⁾ , Reorganization Event ⁽⁸⁾ ,

Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action⁽¹⁰⁾ has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group; Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action⁽¹⁰⁾ has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group; Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action⁽¹⁰⁾ has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group;

- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group's Available Distributable Amounts⁽¹⁴⁾ is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock⁽¹³⁾ are suspended or reduced;
- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts⁽¹⁵⁾ is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock⁽¹³⁾ are suspended or reduced;
- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group's Available Distributable Amounts⁽¹⁶⁾ is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock⁽¹³⁾ are suspended or reduced:

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

- (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement, or would fall short as a result of the dividend payments on the MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 1; and
- (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement, or would fall short as a result of the dividend payments on the MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 2; and
- (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement, or would fall short as a result of the dividend payments on the MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 3; and

- (4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to pay dividends on its common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 1
- (4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to pay dividends on its common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 2
- (4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to pay dividends on its common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 3

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Mandatory dividend event	If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided that	If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided that	If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided that
	no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.	no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.	no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.
Distributable amounts limitation	Dividends for the MCI (JPY) 1 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts ⁽¹⁴⁾ .	Dividends for the MCI (JPY) 2 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts ⁽¹⁵⁾ .	Dividends for the MCI (JPY) 3 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts ⁽¹⁶⁾ .
Dividend limitations	When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock ⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.	When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock ³⁾ are reduced, dividends on MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.	Stock ⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on
Claims for residual assets	Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock ³⁾	Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock ³⁾	Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock ³⁾
Issuer		Mizuho Capital Investment (USD) e 2 Limited (MCI (USD) 2, and the preferred securities described below are referred to as MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities.)	` ` ` '
Type of securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities	Non-cumulative perpetual preferred securities
Mandatory redemption date	None	None	None
Optional redemption	Starting from the dividend	Starting from the dividend payment	Series A
	payment date falling in June 2015, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)	date falling in June 2014, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)	Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2014, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)

Series B

Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2015, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)

Series C

Starting from the dividend payment date falling in June 2015, optionally redeemable on each dividend payment date (subject to prior approval from regulatory authorities)

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Dividends

Fixed dividend rate for the first seven years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2015. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)

Fixed dividend rate for the first five Series A years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2014. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)

Fixed dividend rate for the first five years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2014. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)

Series B

Fixed dividend rate for the first six years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2015. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)

Series C

Fixed dividend rate for the first six years (although a floating dividend rate is applied with respect to dividend payment dates after June 2015. No dividend rate step-up. Dividend payments that are suspended are non-cumulative.)

Dividend p	ayment date	2
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March 31, 2009 and June 30th and June 30th and December 30th of December 30th of each year

each year

June 30th and December 30th of each year

Total amount issued

¥355 billion

\$850 million

Series A ¥139.5 billion

Issue date

December 29, 2008

February 27, 2009

Series B ¥72.5 billion

Series C¥25.0 billion Series A June 30, 2009

Series B August 31, 2009

Series C September 29, 2009

Dividend suspension events

(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Mandatory dividend suspension or reduction event)

- (1) When a Liquidation Event⁽⁷⁾, (1) When a Liquidation Event⁽⁷⁾, Reorganization Event⁽⁸⁾, Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action(10) has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group;
 - Reorganization Event⁽⁸⁾, Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action⁽¹⁰⁾ has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group;
- (1) When a Liquidation Event⁽⁷⁾, Reorganization Event⁽⁸⁾, Insolvency Event⁽⁹⁾ or Governmental Action(10) has occurred to Mizuho Financial Group;

- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts (17) is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock(13) are suspended or reduced;
- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock(13) are suspended or reduced;
- (2) when Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts (19) is insufficient, or dividends on its preferred stock(13) are suspended or reduced;

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

(Optional dividend suspension or reduction event)

- (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement, or would fall short as a result of the dividend payments on the MCI payments on the MCI (USD) 2 (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 4; and
 - (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement, or would meet the minimum requirement, fall short as a result of the dividend Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (USD) 2; and
- (3) when the capital adequacy ratio of Mizuho Financial Group or its Tier 1 capital ratio fails to or would fall short as a result of the dividend payments on the MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities and when Mizuho Financial Group issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 5; and
- (4) when Mizuho Financial Group fails to pay dividends on its fails to pay dividends on its common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 4
- (4) when Mizuho Financial Group (4) when Mizuho Financial common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (USD) 2
 - Group fails to pay dividends on its common stock and issues a dividend suspension notice to MCI (JPY) 5

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Mandatory dividend event

If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided

If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided

If Mizuho Financial Group pays any dividends on its common stock to holders of record as of a prescribed record date in the immediately preceding fiscal year, dividend payments for the full amount of MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities must be made on dividend payment dates during the subsequent fiscal year; provided

no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.

no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.

no event for the mandatory suspension or reduction of dividends has occurred and that no dividend suspension notice has been issued in conjunction with the occurrence of an optional dividend suspension or reduction event.

Distributable amounts limitation

Dividends for the MCI (JPY) 4 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts(17).

Dividends for the MCI (USD) 2 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable Amounts(18)

Dividends for the MCI (JPY) 5 preferred securities are paid to the extent of Mizuho Financial Group s Available Distributable $Amounts^{(19)}.\\$

Dividend limitations

When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on are reduced, dividends on MCI MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.

When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock⁽³⁾ (USD) 2 Preferred securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.

When dividends on Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ are reduced, dividends on MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred securities are also reduced by an equal percentage.

Claims for residual assets

Group s Preferred Stock3)

Same priority as Mizuho Financial Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock3)

Same priority as Mizuho Financial Group s Preferred Stock3)

Notes:

(1) Loss Absorption Certificate

Refers to a certificate that Mizuho Financial Group delivers to the issuer (in case of the loss absorption event set forth in clause (iv) below, the issuance thereof is at our discretion) upon any of the following events with respect to Mizuho Financial Group: (i) liquidation event that shall be deemed to occur where a liquidation proceeding is commenced by or against Mizuho Financial Group or a competent court in Japan shall have (a) adjudicated Mizuho Financial Group to be subject to bankruptcy proceedings or (b) approved a preparation of a reorganization plan for abolishment of all business of Mizuho Financial Group; (ii) reorganization event that shall be deemed to occur if a competent court in Japan shall have adjudicated (a) the commencement of a corporate reorganization proceeding of Mizuho Financial Group under the Corporate Reorganization Law or (b) the commencement of a civil rehabilitation proceeding of Mizuho Financial Group under the Civil Rehabilitation Law; (iii) governmental action that shall be deemed to occur if the government authority in Japan (a) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group is not able to pay its debts as they become due, (b) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group s liabilities exceed its assets, (c) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group to be under public management or (d) issues an order that Mizuho Financial Group be transferred to a third party; (iv) inadequate ratio event that shall be deemed to occur if capital adequacy ratio or Tier 1 capital ratio fails to meet the minimum requirement or would fall

short as a result of a dividend payment on the relevant preferred securities; (v) default event that shall be deemed to occur if Mizuho Financial Group is not able to pay its debts as they become due or would not be able to do so as a result of a dividend payment on the relevant preferred securities; or (vi) insolvency event shall be deemed to occur if the liabilities of Mizuho Financial Group exceeds its assets or would exceed its assets as a result of a dividend payment on the relevant preferred securities.

(2) Preferred Stock

Refers to preferred stock of Mizuho Financial Group qualifying as Tier 1 capital and ranking most senior compared to other preferred stock of Mizuho Financial Group as to dividend payments. It includes such preferred stocks that are issued in the future.

(3) Available Distributable Amounts

Refers to the maximum amount available for dividends (Distributable Amounts) calculated based on the immediately preceding fiscal year s financial statements, less the aggregate amount of dividends paid previously during the current fiscal year and scheduled to be paid thereafter in respect of such fiscal year in respect of any Preferred Stock (provided that each interim dividend payment on Preferred Stock to be paid during such current Fiscal Year shall be excluded in calculating Available Distributable Amounts). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there are securities issued by a company other than Mizuho Financial Group of which the rights to dividends and the rights at the time of liquidation, etc., are determined by reference to the financial condition and results of operation of Mizuho Financial Group and which rank, in relation to MPC1, equal in point of subordination as the Parity Preferred Securities () (Parallel Preferred Securities), the Available Distributable Amounts are adjusted as follows:

Available Distributable Amounts after the adjustment = Available Distributable Amounts x (Total of full dividend payment amount for Parity Preferred Securities⁽⁶⁾ in such fiscal year) / (Total of full dividend payment amount for Parity Preferred Securities⁽⁶⁾ in such fiscal year + Total amount of full dividend payment amount for Parallel Securities in such fiscal year)

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(4) Distributable Amounts Limitation Certificate

Refers to a certificate issued by Mizuho Financial Group on or before the annual general meeting of shareholders to issuers if Available Distributable Amounts falls short of total dividends to be paid on the dividend payment date, which shall set forth the Available Distributable Amounts of such fiscal year.

(5) Mandatory Dividend Payment Date

Refers to a dividend payment date in June of a calendar year when a fiscal year of Mizuho Financial Group ends with respect to which it paid dividends on its common stock.

(6) Parity Preferred Securities

Refers to the collective designation for preferred securities and MPC1 Preferred Securities issued by MPC1 which are perpetual and the dividend payment dates and the use of proceeds are the same as that of the relevant MPC1 Preferred Securities. (As to MPC1, for example, Parity Preferred Securities are the collective designation of MPC1 Preferred Securities as well as other preferred securities that satisfy the above conditions if newly issued in the future.)

(7) Liquidation Event

Shall be deemed to occur where a liquidation proceeding is commenced by or against Mizuho Financial Group or a competent court in Japan shall have (i) adjudicated Mizuho Financial Group to be subject to bankruptcy proceedings or (ii) approved a preparation of a reorganization plan for abolishment of all business of Mizuho Financial Group.

(8) Reorganization Event

Shall be deemed to occur if a competent court in Japan shall have adjudicated (i) the commencement of a corporate reorganization proceeding of Mizuho Financial Group under the Corporate Reorganization Law or (ii) the commencement of a civil rehabilitation proceeding of Mizuho Financial Group under the Civil Rehabilitation Law.

(9) Insolvency Event

Shall be deemed to occur if (i) Mizuho Financial Group is not able to pay its debts as they become due or would not be able to do so as a result of a dividend payment on the relevant preferred securities, or (ii) if the liabilities of Mizuho Financial Group exceeds its assets or would exceed its assets as a result of a dividend payment on the relevant preferred securities.

(10) Governmental Action

Shall be deemed to occur if the government authority in Japan (i) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group is not able to pay its debts as they become due, (ii) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group s liabilities exceed its assets, (iii) publicly declares Mizuho Financial Group to be under public management or (iv) issues an order that Mizuho Financial Group be transferred to a third party.

(11) Available Distributable Amounts for MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (USD) 1 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(12) Available Distributable Amounts for MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities

(Up to the dividend payment date falling in June 2011)

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend payment amount on MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities and the full dividend payment amount on preferred securities for the then current fiscal year that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities).

(From the dividend payment date falling in December 2011)

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend payment amount on MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on Equivalent Securities to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Sock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (EUR) 1 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(13) PreferredStocks

Refers to preferred stock of Mizuho Financial Group qualifying as Tier 1 capital and ranking most senior compared to other preferred stock of Mizuho Financial Group as to dividend payments and claims to residual assets.

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(14) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 1 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(15) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 2 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(16) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December (except for the amount available in December 2008)

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(iii) Amount available in December 2008

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments) and (B) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid from April 1, 2008 to June 30, 2008, pro-rated between full

dividends on MCI (JPY) 3 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December 2008 and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after June 30, 2008 up to the dividend payment date falling in December 2008.

(17) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in March 2009

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments) and (B) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid from April 1, 2008 to December 30, 2008, pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after December 30, 2008 up to the dividend payment date falling in March 2009.

(ii) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on Equivalent Securities to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities.

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(iii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 4 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(18) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (USD) 2 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(19) Available Distributable Amounts for the MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities

(i) Amount available in June

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), pro-rated between the full dividend amount on MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities and the full dividend amount on preferred securities that are equivalently subordinated in nature with MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities (Equivalent Securities) to which dividends are paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid on or prior to the relevant dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities.

(ii) Amount available in December (except for the amount available in December 2009)

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the immediately preceding fiscal year, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments), (B) the amount of dividend payments on MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities made or declared to be made on or prior to the dividend payment date falling in June and (C) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid on or prior to the dividend payment date in June, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after the dividend payment date of MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities falling in June up to the dividend payment date falling in December.

(iii) Amount available in December 2009

Refers to Distributable Amounts of Mizuho Financial Group calculated based on the financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009, less (A) the amount of dividend payments on Preferred Stock⁽¹³⁾ (excluding interim dividend payments) and (B) the dividends on Equivalent Securities paid or declared to be paid from April 1, 2009 to June 30, 2009, pro-rated between full dividends on MCI (JPY) 5 Preferred Securities for the dividend payment date falling in December 2009 and full dividends on Equivalent Securities paid in whole or in part or declared to be paid from the day after June 30, 2009 up to the dividend payment date falling in December 2009.

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n Risk-based capital

(2) Required capital by portfolio classification

	As of Sep EAD	tember 30, 2008 Required capital	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009 EAD Required capital		
Credit risk	150,194.6	5,979.7	153,459.9	5,973.0	
Internal ratings-based approach	141,591.5	5,652.0	145,097.7	5,706.0	
Corporate (except specialized lending)	54,967.3	3,312.7	52,284.2	3,436.0	
Corporate (specialized lending)	2,969.4	281.0	2,880.1	324.8	
Sovereign	44,925.5	67.5	55,956.0	65.7	
Bank	8,118.1	157.3	5,441.8	190.5	
Retail	12,996.7	564.5	13,147.3	568.2	
Residential mortgage	10,388.6	394.9	10,590.0	381.1	
Qualifying revolving loans	327.6	23.1	336.1	30.0	
Other retail	2,280.4	146.3	2,221.0	157.0	
Equities, etc.	4,797.7	539.2	3,830.5	455.1	
PD/LGD approach	1,097.1	175.0	899.8	155.6	
Market-based approach (simple risk weight method)	264.6	72.8	265.1	73.4	
Market-based approach (internal models approach)	20.10	72.0	200.1	70	
Transitional measure applied	3,435.9	291.3	2,665.5	226.0	
Regarded-method exposure	1,302.0	336.3	988.1	306.9	
Purchased receivables	2,595.4	104.9	2,081.6	99.7	
Securitizations	5,635.4	91.5	5,200.0	74.1	
Others	3,283.6	196.7	3,287.5	184.7	
	,		,		
Standardized approach	8,603.0	327.6	8,362.2	266.9	
Sovereign	2,433.1	2.2	3,787.5	5.7	
Bank	2,934.3	52.5	1,614.6	28.8	
Corporate	2,503.0	187.4	2,341.4	162.8	
Residential mortgage	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Securitizations	47.0	31.4	35.5	34.5	
Others	685.4	54.0	583.0	34.9	
	00011	2	202.0	5.1.5	
Market risk	n.a.	140.2	n.a.	110.7	
Market fisk	11.4.	170,2	11.a.	110.7	
Standardized approach		93.8		77.4	
Standardized approach Interest rate risk	n.a.	66.7	n.a.	54.9	
Equities risk	n.a.	18.6	n.a.	13.4	
Foreign exchange risk	n.a.	2.0	n.a.	2.5	
Commodities risk	n.a.	6.4	n.a.	6.4	
Option transactions	n.a. n.a.	0.4	n.a. n.a.	0.4	
Option transactions	II.a.		II.a.		
Internal models arranged		46.4		22.2	
Internal models approach	n.a.	46.4	n.a.	33.3	
		*0<0		242.4	
Operational risk	n.a.	286.0	n.a.	313.2	
Advanced measurement approach	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	248.5	
Gross profit allocation approach	n.a.	286.0	n.a.	n.a.	
Basic indicator approach	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	64.6	
					

Total required capital (consolidated) n.a. 5,157.1 n.a. 4,728.1

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Notes:

- 1. EAD: Exposure at default.
- 2. PD: Probability of default.
- 3. LGD: Loss given default.
- 4. Required capital: For credit risk, the sum of (i) 8% of credit risk-weighted assets, (ii) expected losses and (iii) deduction from capital. For market risk, the market risk equivalent amount. For operational risk, the operational risk equivalent amount.
- 5. Total required capital (consolidated): 8% of the denominator of the capital adequacy ratio.
- 6. The major exposures included in each portfolio classification of internal ratings-based approach are as follows:

specialized lending)

Corporate Credit that limits interest and principal repayment sources to cash flow derived from

specific real estate, chattel, businesses, etc.

(specialized lending)

Sovereign Credit to central governments, central banks and local governmental entities

Bank Credits to banks and securities companies, etc.

Retail Housing loans (residential mortgage), credit card loans (qualifying revolving retail

loans) and other individual consumer loans and loans to business enterprises with

total credit amount of less than ¥100 million (other retail), etc.

Equities, etc. Capital stock, preferred securities, perpetual subordinated debt, etc. (excluding

trading assets)

* The transitional measure applies to those held from September 30, 2004 or earlier, and others are applied either the PD/LGD approach or the market-based approach.

Regarded-method exposure Investment trusts and funds, etc.

Purchased receivables Receivables purchased from third parties excluding securities (excluding

securitizations)

Securitizations Transactions in the form of non-recourse or having a senior/subordinated structure

(excluding specialized lending)

- 7. Since September 30, 2009, cash has been added to calculate Others under internal ratings-based approach. In addition, such change is also reflected in the figures as of September 30, 2008 in the above table. Further, due to this change, the tables titled (A) Breakdown by geographical area, (B) Breakdown by industry and (C) Breakdown by residual contractual maturity in (3) Credit risk exposure, etc., as of September 30, 2008 and 2009, as set forth below, reflect such change.
- 8. EAD calculated using the standardized approach for credit risk represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs.

n Credit risk

(3) Credit risk exposure, etc.

We exclude regarded-method exposure and securitization exposure from the amount of credit risk exposure. The outstanding balance is based on exposure at default.

No significant difference exists between period-end credit risk exposure and the average credit risk position during the twelve months ended September 30, 2008 and 2009.

Status of credit risk exposure

(A) Breakdown by geographical area

	Loans,	As of September 30, 2008		(Billions of yen)		
	commitments and other non-OTC derivative off-balance-sheet exposures	Securities	OTC derivatives	Others	Total	
Domestic	72,759.2	24,517.0	2,228.6	6,909.6	106,414.4	
Overseas	18,283.5	5,283.5	3,389.8	1,282.7	28,239.6	
Asia	3,332.7	452.9	146.8	449.0	4,381.6	
Central and South America	2,032.5	107.5	161.0	6.7	2,307.8	
North America	6,321.2	2,870.4	1,055.6	156.3	10,403.6	
Eastern Europe	89.7		0.1	2.7	92.6	
Western Europe	5,016.4	1,673.8	1,938.3	495.6	9,124.2	
Others	1,490.7	178.8	87.7	172.3	1,929.6	
Total	91,042.7	29,800.5	5,618.4	8,192.3	134,654.0	
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,556.0	

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Exposure to non-Japanese residents is included in Overseas.
- 3. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

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Domestic	75,327.1	30,428.3	2,504.2	5,893.4	114,153.2
Overseas	14,661.8	4,888.8	2,696.7	2,508.8	24,756.2
Asia	2,609.4	474.4	119.7	467.0	3,670.7
Central and South America	1,895.8	147.7	224.0	4.2	2,271.9
North America	5,158.2	2,316.6	814.7	1,684.3	9,974.0
Eastern Europe	65.2		0.4	1.0	66.7
Western Europe	3,637.1	1,788.3	1,441.6	278.7	7,145.9
Others	1,295.7	161.6	96.0	73.3	1,626.7
Total	89,988.9	35,317.2	5,200.9	8,402.2	138,909.4
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,326.6

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Exposure to non-Japanese residents is included in Overseas.
- 3. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

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(B) Breakdown by industry

 $\label{eq:Billions of yen} (Billions of yen) \\ As of September 30, 2008$

Loans,

commitments and other

	off-balance-sheet exposures	Securities	OTC derivatives	Others	Total
Manufacturing	14,964.4	2,817.1	607.4	254.7	18,643.7
Construction	1,884.4	189.7	19.3	7.7	2,101.3
Real estate	8,334.5	604.5	39.6	69.3	9,048.0
Service industries	5,230.4	428.7	188.3	19.6	5,867.2
Wholesale and retail	8,374.9	720.1	737.3	440.9	10,273.3
Finance and insurance	9,674.8	1,834.2	3,514.6	2,050.9	17,074.7
Individuals	11,692.1		0.2	17.4	11,709.8
Others	15,015.5	5,675.0	507.5	4,048.5	25,246.7
Japanese Government; Bank of Japan	15,871.2	17,530.9	3.8	1,282.9	34,688.9
Total	91,042.7	29,800.5	5,618.4	8,192.3	134,654.0
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,556.0

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.
- 3. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification since September 30, 2009, and such amendment is also reflected in the figures as of September 30, 2008.

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009 Loans. commitments and other non-OTC derivative OTC off-balance-sheet exposures Securities derivatives Others **Total** Manufacturing 14,374.2 2,350.0 704.4 157.2 17,586.0 Construction 22.1 9.7 1,914.6 1,647.5 235.2 Real estate 7,581.9 561.7 56.4 52.4 8,252.5 Service industries 4,661.2 1,263.1 219.5 93.0 6,237.0 Wholesale and retail 7,491.3 827.7 350.5 9,275.4 605.6 Finance and insurance 10,053.7 1,312.3 2,637.9 829.0 14,833.1 Individuals 11,970.2 0.3 15.5 11,986.0 Others 14,071.3 4,581.2 725.7 5,419.2 24,797.6 Japanese Government; Bank of Japan 18,137.3 24,407.7 6.5 1,475.3 44,026.8

Total 89,988.9 35,317.2 5,200.9 8,402.2 138,909.4 Exempt portion n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. 8,326.6

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.
- 3. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification.
- 4. As a result of the partial amendment to our method of calculating industry breakdown applicable since March 31, 2009, ¥233.1 billion was recategorized from Service industries to Finance and insurance as of September 30, 2009.

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Less than one year

Five years or more

Exempt portion

From one year to less than three years From three years to less than five years

(C) Breakdown by residual contractual maturity

(Billions of yen) As of Sentember 30, 2008

8,556.0

	As of Septem	iber 30, 2008		
Loans,				
commitments and other				
non-OTC derivative				
off-balance-sheet		OTC		
exposures	Securities	derivatives	Others	Total
31,872.3	9,599.8	526.6	2,645.6	44,644.4
13,277.4	5,804.1	2,479.1	47.0	21,607.7
12,641.9	4,188.6	1,552.3	12.7	18,395.7
22,009.4	5,395.4	960.2	25.3	28,390.5
11,241.4	4,812.5	100.1	5,461.5	21,615.5
91,042.7	29,800.5	5,618.4	8,192.3	134,654.0

n.a.

n.a.

Notes:

Others

Total

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009 Loans, commitments and other non-OTC derivative OTC off-balance-sheet Others exposures Securities derivatives **Total** 11,954.0 1,192.8 43,448.8 Less than one year 29,765.1 536.7 From one year to less than three years 15,389.9 9,961.6 26.8 27,616.0 2,237.5 4,998.3 From three years to less than five years 9,779.3 1,297.2 6.5 16,081.4 Five years or more 21,450.4 4,550.6 1,041.6 25.9 27,068.7 Others 13,604.1 3,852.4 7,150.1 24,694.4 87.7 **Total** 89,988.9 35,317.2 5,200.9 8,402.2 138,909.4 **Exempt portion** n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. 8,326.6

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include cash, deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

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Status of exposure past due three months or more or in default

(D) Breakdown by geographical area

	Loans, commitments and other non-OTC derivative	As of Septemb	per 30, 2008	(Billi	ons of yen)
	off-balance-sheet	G	ОТС	0.0	TD . 4 . 1
Domestic	exposures 1,529.3	Securities 66.5	derivatives 25.3	Others 42.7	Total 1,664.0
Domestic	1,027.0	00.0	20.0	1207	1,00 110
Overseas	176.3	0.0	1.6	23.5	201.5
Asia	37.2	0.0	0.0	4.2	41.5
Central and South America	0.4	0.0		0.0	0.4
North America	50.0	0.0	0.0	18.4	68.4
Eastern Europe	0.5				0.5
Western Europe	73.7		1.3	0.7	75.8
Others	14.3		0.2	0.0	14.6
Total	1,705.6	66.5	26.9	66.3	1,865.5
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4.5

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Exposure to non-Japanese residents is included in Overseas.
- 3. Others include deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

				(Billi	ons of yen)
		As of Septemb	er 30, 2009		
	Loans, commitments and other non-OTC derivative off-balance-sheet exposures	Securities	OTC derivatives	Others	Total
Domestic	1,756.1	67.4	38.0	81.1	1,942.7
Overseas	295.9	0.6	0.1	25.9	322.7
Asia	47.8	0.0	0.0	4.4	52.4
Central and South America	20.9	0.0		0.0	20.9
North America	86.5	0.6	0.0	16.1	103.4
Eastern Europe	6.3			0.0	6.3
Western Europe	103.1		0.0	4.5	107.8
Others	31.0		0.0	0.6	31.6

Total	2,052.0	68.1	38.2	107.0	2,265.4
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5.5

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Exposure to non-Japanese residents is included in Overseas.
- 3. Others include deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.

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(E) Breakdown by industry

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2008 Loans. commitments and other non-OTC derivative OTC off-balance-sheet exposures Securities derivatives Others **Total** Manufacturing 284.0 6.2 4.3 12.2 306.9 Construction 105.7 13.2 0.5 1.6 121.1 Real estate 320.3 1.5 1.5 3.4 326.8 Service industries 254.4 4.4 0.7 266.2 6.6 Wholesale and retail 9.2 265.4 12.9 16.0 303.7 Finance and insurance 55.9 0.0 0.3 19.4 75.8 Individuals 131.2 1.4 132.7 Others 5.3 332.0 288.3 31.8 6.4 Total 17,05.6 26.9 66.3 1,865.5 66.5 **Exempt portion** 4.5 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.
- 3. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification since September 30, 2009, and such amendment is also reflected in the figures as of September 30, 2008.

				(Billio	ons of yen)
		As of Septemb	oer 30, 2009		
	Loans, commitments and other non-OTC derivative off-balance-sheet		отс		
	exposures	Securities	derivatives	Others	Total
Manufacturing	397.8	6.1	5.5	21.4	430.9
Construction	118.3	10.9	0.7	2.9	132.9
Real estate	423.7	2.4	0.7	11.1	438.0
Service industries	274.9	4.7	3.6	7.7	291.1
Wholesale and retail	262.5	10.4	12.8	34.9	320.8
Finance and insurance	98.4	0.9	0.5	17.8	117.8
Individuals	149.7			1.4	151.2
Others	326.4	32.3	14.1	9.4	382.4
Total	2,052.0	68.1	38.2	107.0	2,265.4
Exempt portion	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5.5

Notes:

- 1. Exempt portion represents the amount before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs, calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for the purpose of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 2. Others include deposits, call loans, other debt purchased, money held in trust, foreign exchange assets, other assets, etc.
- 3. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification.
- 4. As a result of the partial amendment to our method of calculating industry breakdown applicable since March 31, 2009, ¥12.9 billion was recategorized from Service industries to Finance and insurance as of September 30, 2009.

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Status of reserves for possible losses on loans

The amounts associated with regarded-method exposure and securitization exposure are not excluded.

(F) Period-end balances of reserves for possible losses on loans and changes during the six-month period

(after partial direct write-offs)

	As of, or for	(Billions of yen) As of, or for
	the six months ended, September 30, 2008	the six months ended, September 30, 2009
General reserve for possible losses on loans	,	
Beginning balance	510.9	583.2
Increase during the six-month period	483.9	584.5
Decrease during the six-month period	510.9	583.2
Ending balance	483.9	584.5
Specific reserve for possible losses on loans		
Beginning balance	173.4	305.6
Increase during the six-month period	203.7	357.0
Decrease during the six-month period	173.4	305.6
Ending balance	203.7	357.0
Reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries		
Beginning balance	0.0	0.5
Increase during the six-month period	0.0	0.4
Decrease during the six-month period	0.0	0.5
Ending balance	0.0	0.4
Total		
Beginning balance	684.4	889.5
Increase during the six-month period	687.7	942.0
Decrease during the six-month period	684.4	889.5
Ending balance	687.7	942.0

Note:

The above table shows the breakdown of general reserve for possible losses on loans, specific reserve for possible losses on loans and reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries in our consolidated balance sheet.

(G) Specific reserve for possible losses on loans by geographical area and industry

		(Bil	lions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2008	As of September 30, 2008	Change
Domestic	144.6	154.9	10.2
Manufacturing	12.0	16.1	4.0
Construction	5.3	4.2	(1.0)
Real estate	11.9	19.0	7.0
Service industries	24.1	22.3	(1.7)
Wholesale and retail	24.8	25.0	0.1
Finance and insurance	4.3	3.2	(1.0)
Individuals	55.4	57.9	2.4
Others	6.4	6.8	0.3
Overseas	24.7	42.6	17.8
Exempt portion	3.9	6.1	2.1
1 1			
Total	173.4	203.7	30.3

Notes:

- 1. The above table shows the breakdown of specific reserve for possible losses on loans in our consolidated balance sheet.
- 2. Exempt portion represents the amount calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for purposes of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 3. Partial amendment has been made to the industry classification since September 30, 2009, and such amendment is also reflected in the figures as of March 31, 2008 and September 30, 2008.

		(Bill	lions of yen)
	As of March 31, 2009	As of September 30, 2009	Change
Domestic	218.7	286.1	67.4
Manufacturing	16.1	14.4	(1.6)
Construction	5.4	6.2	0.7
Real estate	51.8	50.7	(1.0)
Service industries	34.2	26.0	(8.2)
Wholesale and retail	35.0	36.9	1.9
Finance and insurance	2.8	11.3	8.5
Individuals	58.7	61.3	2.6
Others	14.4	78.8	64.4
Overseas	80.5	60.9	(19.6)
Exempt portion	6.4	9.9	3.5
Total	305.6	357.0	51.3

Notes:

- 1. The above table shows the breakdown of specific reserve for possible losses on loans in our consolidated balance sheet.
- 2. Exempt portion represents the amount calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for purposes of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 3. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification and such amendment is reflected in the figures as of March 31, 2009 and September 30, 2009.

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(H) Write-offs of loans by industry

		(Billions of yen)
	For the six months ended	For the six months ended
	September 30, 2008	September 30, 2009
Manufacturing	6.6	6.3
Construction	12.9	1.3
Real estate	20.0	11.9
Service industries	5.8	3.5
Wholesale and retail	12.2	15.8
Finance and insurance	16.9	0.2
Individuals	1.1	1.0
Others	33.9	28.9
Exempt portion	0.2	0.3
Total	110.0	69.5

Notes:

- 1. The above table shows the breakdown of losses on write-offs of loans in our consolidated statement of income.
- 2. Exempt portion represents the amount calculated using the standardized approach for business units and asset classes that are immaterial for purposes of calculating credit risk-weighted assets.
- 3. Others include overseas and non-Japanese resident portions.
- 4. According to the revision of the Japan Standardized Industrial Classification in November 2007, partial amendment has been made to the industry classification, and such amendment is reflected in the figures for the six months ended September 30, 2008 and 2009.

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Status of exposure to which the standardized approach is applied

(I) Exposure by risk weight category after applying credit risk mitigation

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2008

	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Total	With external rating
Risk weight				
0%	456.3	1,865.9	2,322.3	70.0
10%	39.3		39.3	
20%	621.6	2,242.8	2,864.5	3.2
35%	0.0		0.0	
50%	55.7	4.7	60.5	0.0
100%	2,487.6	781.2	3,268.8	16.6
150%	0.3		0.3	
350%				
625%				
937.5%				
1,250%				
Total	3,661.2	4,894.7	8,556.0	90.0

Notes:

- 1. The amounts in the above table are before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs.
- 2. Off-balance-sheet exposure shows credit equivalent amount.

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009

	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Total	With external rating
Risk weight				
0%	791.7	2,872.4	3,664.1	75.1
10%	2.7		2.7	
20%	347.4	1,260.5	1,608.0	33.9
35%	0.0		0.0	
50%	32.7	20.3	53.0	16.2
100%	2,069.7	928.7	2,998.4	50.0
150%	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
350%				
625%		0.0	0.0	
937.5%				
1,250%		0.0	0.0	
Total	3,244.6	5,082.0	8,326.6	175.3

Notes:

- 1. The amounts in the above table are before the deduction of specific reserve for possible losses on loans, reserve for possible losses on loans to restructuring countries and partial direct write-offs.
- 2. Off-balance-sheet exposure shows credit equivalent amount.

(J) Deduction from capital

		(Billions of yen)
	As of September 30, 2008	As of September 30, 2009
Deduction from capital	30.6	34.3

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Status of exposure to which the internal ratings-based approach is applied

(K) Specialized lending exposure under supervisory slotting criteria by risk weight category

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Risk weight		
50%	283.8	253.5
70%	843.8	695.9
90%	121.5	159.3
95%	112.7	70.6
115%	352.5	388.8
120%	7.1	15.0
140%	12.2	13.0
250%	256.4	397.5
Default	11.4	32.6
Total	2,002.0	2,026.5

(L) Equity exposure under simple risk weight method by risk weight category

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Risk weight		
300%	199.6	194.4
400%	65.0	70.7
Total	264.6	265.1

Note: Of the equity exposure under the simple risk weight method, 300% risk weight is applied for listed equities and 400% for unlisted equities.

(M) Portfolio by asset class and ratings segment (Corporate)

(Billions of yen, except percentages)

					As of Septen	nber 30, 2008		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	PD (EAD weighted average) (%)	LGD (EAD weighted average) (%)	EL default (EAD weighted average (%)	Risk weight (EAD weighted average) (%)	EAD (Billions of yen)	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Amount of undrawn commitments	Weighted average of credit conversion factor (%)
Corporate	3.83	43.02	n.a.	53.52	58,293.0	43,424.0	14,868.9	n.a.	n.a.
Investment grade zone	0.11	43.00	n.a.	26.25	33,001.0	22,074.7	10,926.2	n.a.	n.a.
Non-investment grade zone	2.83	43.02	n.a.	94.83	23,767.7	19,886.8	3,880.9	n.a.	n.a.
Default	100.00	43.31	n.a.		1,524.2	1,462.4	61.7	n.a.	n.a.
Sovereign	0.01	44.77	n.a.	1.86	44,984.3	34,031.4	10,952.9	n.a.	n.a.
Investment grade zone	0.00	44.77	n.a.	1.58	44,854.0	33,903.7	10,950.3	n.a.	n.a.
Non-investment grade zone	1.46	44.93	n.a.	98.56	130.0	127.4	2.6	n.a.	n.a.
Default	100.00	45.00	n.a.		0.2	0.2		n.a.	n.a.
Bank	0.52	42.61	n.a.	21.76	8,296.4	3,333.6	4,962.8	n.a.	n.a.
Investment grade zone	0.07	42.63	n.a.	18.64	7,848.5	3,187.2	4,661.3	n.a.	n.a.
Non-investment grade zone	1.72	42.03	n.a.	82.07	417.3	122.4	294.9	n.a.	n.a.
Default	100.00	45.00	n.a.		30.5	23.9	6.6	n.a.	n.a.
Equity exposure under									
PD/LGD approach	3.08	90.00	n.a.	164.79	1,097.1	1,097.1		n.a.	n.a.
Investment grade zone	0.05	90.00	n.a.	114.67	769.4	769.4		n.a.	n.a.
Non-investment grade zone	4.34	90.00	n.a.	300.84	307.6	307.6		n.a.	n.a.
Default	100.00	90.00	n.a.		20.0	20.0		n.a.	n.a.
Total	2.05	44.14	n.a.	31.64	112,670.9	81,886.2	30,784.6	n.a.	n.a.
Investment grade zone	0.05	44.30	n.a.	13.55	86,473.0	59,935.1	26,537.8	n.a.	n.a.
Non-investment grade zone	2.82	43.60	n.a.	97.21	24,622.9	20,444.4	4,178.4	n.a.	n.a.
Default	100.00	43.94	n.a.		1,575.0	1,506.6	68.3	n.a.	n.a.

Notes:

- 1. Investment grade zone includes obligor ratings A1 to B2, non-investment grade zone includes C1 to E2 (excluding E2R), and default includes E2R to H1.
- 2. Corporate does not include specialized lending exposure under supervisory slotting criteria.
- 3. Each asset class includes purchased receivables.

(Billions	or yen,	except	pero	centages
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					As of Septen	nber 30, 2009			
	PD (EAD weighted	LGD (EAD weighted	EL default (EAD weighted	Risk weight (EAD weighted	EAD				Weighted average of
	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	(Billions of yen)	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Amount of undrawn commitments	credit conversion factor (%)
Corporate	5.14	35.82	n.a.	51.68	54,862.3	40,452.0	14,410.2	10,008.7	75.20
Investment grade zone	0.14	36.67	n.a.	26.37	29,241.7	19,081.6	10,160.1	7,846.9	75.21
Non-investment grade zone	3.94	33.09	n.a.	83.46	23,778.9	19,608.8	4,170.0	2,143.5	75.10
Default	100.00	57.68	54.43	43.10	1,841.7	1,761.5	80.1	18.1	81.06
Sovereign	0.01	39.15	n.a.	1.39	56,174.0	42,076.9	14,097.1	86.0	75.00
Investment grade zone	0.00	39.14	n.a.	1.18	56,029.8	41,937.3	14,092.5	85.6	75.00
Non-investment grade zone	1.28	39.13	n.a.	83.38	141.3	139.5	1.8	0.4	75.00
Default	100.00	99.04	96.85	29.09	2.8	0.1	2.7		
Bank	1.01	37.30	n.a.	33.91	5,581.0	1,758.9	3,822.0	356.9	77.23
Investment grade zone	0.14	36.46	n.a.	26.86	4,767.9	1,345.4	3,422.5	270.9	78.18
Non-investment grade zone	1.61	39.53	n.a.	77.41	775.5	376.5	398.9	86.0	74.24
Default	100.00	98.07	95.79	30.27	37.5	36.9	0.5		
Equity exposure under									
PD/LGD approach	4.07	90.00	n.a.	176.70	899.8	899.8			
Investment grade zone	0.08	90.00	n.a.	116.67	644.9	644.9			
Non-investment grade zone	5.45	90.00	n.a.	361.97	231.3	231.3			
Default	100.00	90.00	90.00		23.5	23.5			
Total	2.48	37.90	n.a.	27.75	117,517.3	85,187.8	32,329.4	10,451.7	75.27
Investment grade zone	0.06	38.57	n.a.	11.47	90,684.4	63,009.3	27,675.1	8,203.6	75.31
Non-investment grade zone	3.86	33.86	n.a.	85.86	24,927.3	20,356.3	4,570.9	2,229.9	75.07
Default	100.00	58.93	55.74	42.29	1,905.5	1,822.1	83.4	18.1	81.06

Notes:

- 1. Investment grade zone includes obligor ratings A1 to B2, non-investment grade zone includes C1 to E2 (excluding E2R), and default includes E2R to H1.
- 2. Corporate does not include specialized lending exposure under supervisory slotting criteria.
- 3. Each asset class includes purchased receivables.
- 4. The commitments that can be terminated at any time without condition or terminated automatically are not included in the amount of undrawn commitments and weighted average of credit conversion factor.

(Reference) Obligor ratings

Obligor ratings

(major category)	Definition of ratings	Classification
A1 A3	Obligors whose certainty of debt fulfillment is very high, hence their level of credit risk is excellent.	Investment grade zone
B1 B2	Obligors whose certainty of debt fulfillment poses no problems for the foreseeable future, hence their level of credit risk is sufficient.	
C1 C3	Obligors whose certainty of debt fulfillment and their level of credit risk pose no problems for the foreseeable future.	
D1 D3	Obligors whose current certainty of debt fulfillment poses no problems, however, their resistance to future changes in business environment is low.	Non-investment grade zone
E1	Obligors who require close watching going forward because there are problems with their	
E2	borrowings, such as reduced or suspended interest payments, problems with fulfillment	
	such as de facto postponements of principal or interest payments, or problems with their	
R*	financial positions as a result of their poor or unstable business conditions.	
F1	Obligors who are not yet bankrupt but are in financial difficulties and are deemed to be	Default
	very likely to go bankrupt in the future because they are finding it difficult to make	
	progress in implementing their management improvement plans (including obligors who	
	are receiving ongoing support from financial institutions).	
G1	Obligors who have not yet gone legally or formally bankrupt but who are substantially	
	bankrupt because they are in serious financial difficulties and are not deemed to be	
	capable of restructuring.	
H1	Obligors who have already gone bankrupt, from both a legal and/or formal perspective.	

^{*} Including restructured loans and loans past due for three months of more

(N) Portfolio by asset class and ratings segment (Retail)

					As of Septen	nber 30, 2008	(Billion	ons of yen, except percentages)	
	PD (EAD weighted	LGD (EAD weighted	EL default (EAD weighted	Risk weight (EAD weighted	EAD				Weighted average of
	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	(Billions of yen)	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Amount of undrawn commitments	credit conversion factor (%)
Residential mortgage	1.89	46.38	n.a.	35.92	10,388.6	9,920.2	468.4	9.4	100.00
Non-default	0.83	46.29	n.a.	35.96	10,277.9	9,814.7	463.2	9.4	100.00
Default	100.00	54.75	51.22	32.34	110.7	105.5	5.1		
Qualifying revolving loans									
(retail)	3.49	69.87	n.a.	57.70	327.6	231.1	96.5	1,411.5	6.82
Non-default	3.00	69.83	n.a.	57.70	326.0	229.7	96.2	1,409.2	6.81
Default	100.00	77.94	73.65	56.80	1.6	1.3	0.2	2.3	11.10
Other retail	4.37	49.77	n.a.	51.04	2,280.4	2,233.5	46.9	55.3	77.27
Non-default	1.78	49.62	n.a.	51.31	2,220.2	2,177.9	42.3	50.4	75.63
Default	100.00	55.42	51.67	41.18	60.2	55.6	4.6	4.9	94.19
Total	2.37	47.57	n.a.	39.12	12,996.8	12,384.8	611.9	1.476.3	10.05
Non-default	1.05	47.47	n.a.	39.17	12,824.2	12,222.3	601.8	1,469.0	9.77
Default	100.00	55.20	51.59	35.65	172.5	162.5	10.0	7.2	67.41

Notes:

- 1. Each asset class includes purchased receivables.
- 2. The commitments that can be terminated at any time without condition or terminated automatically are not included in the amount of undrawn commitments and weighted average of credit conversion factor.

							(Billions of yen, except percentages)			
	PD (EAD weighted	LGD (EAD weighted	EL default (EAD weighted	Risk weight (EAD weighted	As of September 30, 2009 EAD				Weighted average of	
	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	average) (%)	(Billions of yen)	On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	Amount of undrawn commitments	credit conversion factor (%)	
Residential mortgage	2.18	41.79	n.a.	32.26	10,590.0	10,178.4	411.5	9.6	75.00	
Non-default	0.87	41.65	n.a.	32.26	10,449.4	10,044.2	405.1	9.6	75.00	
Default	100.00	52.30	49.85	32.45	140.6	134.1	6.4			
Qualifying revolving loans										
(retail)	3.64	85.55	n.a.	73.13	336.1	233.9	102.2	1,413.4	7.23	
Non-default	3.22	85.55	n.a.	73.24	334.7	232.7	101.9	1,411.1	7.23	
Default	100.00	85.32	81.73	47.66	1.4	1.2	0.2	2.2	11.64	

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Other retail	4.50	57.01	n.a.	57.58	2,221.0	2,196.8	24.2	28.9	71.36
Non-default	1.84	57.09	n.a.	58.22	2,161.0	2,139.6	21.3	25.7	69.02
Default	100.00	54.37	51.76	34.59	60.0	57.1	2.8	3.1	90.33
Total	2.61	45.48	n.a.	37.58	13,147.3	12,609.2	538.0	1,451.9	8.96
Non-default	1.09	45.36	n.a.	37.65	12,945.1	12,416.6	528.4	1,446.5	8.78
Default	100.00	53.15	50.65	33.20	202.1	192.5	9.5	5.4	57.73

Notes:

- 1. Each asset class includes purchased receivables.
- 2. The commitments that can be terminated at any time without condition or terminated automatically are not included in the amount of undrawn commitments and weighted average of credit conversion factor.

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(O) Actual losses by asset class

	For the period from October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008 Actual losses	(Billions of yen) For the period from October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2009 Actual losses
Corporate	786.9	1,006.3
Sovereign	0.0	0.0
Bank	28.9	37.5
Residential mortgage	83.2	124.7
Qualifying revolving loans (retail)	4.9	7.0
Other retail	42.2	53.1
Total	946.3	1,228.9

Notes:

- 1. Actual losses are the sum of tax-qualified direct write-offs, losses from sales of non-performing loans, losses from debt forgiveness, losses from debt-equity swaps and partial direct write-offs during the period, as well as specific reserves for possible losses on loans, general reserves for possible losses on loans (for claims for special attention and lower), etc., as of the end of each period based on the consolidated financial statements. The amounts associated with regarded-method exposure and securitization exposure are not excluded.
- 2. The data of actual losses by asset class has been accumulated since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.
- 3. Equity exposure under the PD/LGD approach is not included within the amount of actual losses because losses related thereto are not recorded as a credit-related cost and it is difficult to determine whether the losses are due to credit risk.

<Analysis>

Actual losses increased by ¥282.6 billion from the period from October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2008 to ¥1,228.9 billion in the period from October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2009. The increase was due mainly to the increase in losses from corporate exposure reflecting the deterioration of obligor ratings as a result of the continued downturn of the domestic economy.

(P) Comparison of estimated and actual losses by asset class

					1	(Billions of yen)	
	For the peri October 1, 200 September	06 through	For the per October 1, 20 September	07 through	For the period from October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2009		
	Estimated losses	Actual losses	Estimated losses	Actual losses	Estimated losses	Actual losses	
Corporate	n.a.	1,022.4	1,060.5	786.9	998.6	1,006.3	
Sovereign	n.a.	0.0	2.2	0.0	1.6	0.0	
Bank	n.a.	3.7	8.0	28.9	18.9	37.5	
Residential mortgage	n.a.	95.3	85.8	83.2	96.4	124.7	
Qualifying revolving loans (retail)	n.a.	5.1	7.4	4.9	8.0	7.0	
Other retail	n.a.	52.5	50.1	42.2	53.2	53.1	
Total	n.a.	1,179.5	1,214.3	946.3	1,176.9	1,228.9	

Notes:

- 1. Estimated losses are expected losses as of September 30, 2007 and September 30, 2008.
- 2. We began estimating expected losses by asset class from March 31, 2007.
- 3. Actual losses are the sum of tax-qualified direct write-offs, losses from sales of non-performing loans, losses from debt forgiveness, losses from debt-equity swaps and partial direct write-offs during the period, as well as specific reserves for possible losses on loans, general reserves for possible losses on loans (for claims for special attention and lower), etc., as of the end of each period based on the consolidated financial statements. The amounts associated with regarded-method exposure and securitization exposure are not excluded.
- 4. The data of actual losses by asset class has been accumulated since the fiscal year ended March 31, 2007.
- 5. Equity exposure under the PD/LGD approach is not included within the amount of estimated and actual losses because losses related thereto are not recorded as a credit-related cost and it is difficult to determine whether the losses are due to credit risk.

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n Methods for credit risk mitigation

(4) Credit risk mitigation by portfolio classification

The amounts of exposure to which the method of credit risk mitigation through collateral and guarantees is applied are as follows. Note that, with respect to amounts as of September 30, 2009, with the adoption of the advanced internal ratings-based approach, the items that reflect the effects of credit risk mitigation were partially changed.

				(Bill	ions of yen)		
		As of So	As of September 30, 2008				
	Eligible financial	Other eligible		Credit			
	collateral	IRB collateral	Guarantees	derivatives	Total		
Internal ratings-based approach	2,634.0	4,405.3	3,792.0	509.0	11,340.5		
Corporate	2,073.1	4,309.2	1,950.0	482.7	8,815.2		
Sovereign	0.3	26.3	812.9		839.7		
Bank	535.8	5.4	241.7	26.3	809.3		
Retail	24.7	64.2	787.2		876.2		
Residential mortgage			314.0		314.0		
Qualifying revolving loans			0.9		0.9		
Other retail	24.7	64.2	472.2		561.2		
Others							
Standardized approach	1,420.9	n.a.	149.6	14.2	1,584.8		
Sovereign	1,354.0	n.a.	39.1		1,393.2		
Bank	5.2	n.a.	2.6		7.8		
Corporate	60.9	n.a.	107.7	14.2	183.0		
Residential mortgage		n.a.					
Securitizations	0.6	n.a.			0.6		
Others	0.0	n.a.			0.0		
Total	4,055.0	4,405.3	3,941.6	523.3	12,925.4		

				,	ions of yen)
	F3*	As of S			
	Financial collateral	Other collateral	Guarantees	Credit derivatives	Total
Internal ratings-based approach	3,019.3	5,005.3	5,427.4	174.1	13,626.2
Corporate	2,488.4	4,929.5	2,890.0	154.4	10,462.4
Sovereign	0.5	26.5	1,482.5	134.4	1,509.6
Bank	517.0	1.8	238.2	19.7	776.8
Retail	13.2	47.5	816.5	17.7	877.3
Residential mortgage	13.2	71.3	286.7		286.7
Qualifying revolving loans			0.9		0.9
Other retail	13.2	47.5	528.8		589.6
Others	10.2	.,,,,	220.0		203.0
Standardized approach	2,494.5	n.a.	87.6		2,582.2
Sovereign	2,260.0	n.a.	2.1		2,362.2
Bank	2,200.0	n.a.	2.1		1.7
			05 5		
Corporate	232.7	n.a.	85.5		318.2
Residential mortgage		n.a.			
Securitizations		n.a.			
Others		n.a.			

Total 5,513.8 5,005.3 5,515.0 174.1 16,208.4

- n Counterparty risk in derivatives transactions and long-settlement transactions
- (5) Status of counterparty risk in derivatives transactions and long-settlement transactions
- $(A) \ Status \ of \ derivatives \ transactions \ and \ long-settlement \ transactions$

Derivative transactions

		As of Se	ptember 30), 2008	As of Se	lions of yen) 0, 2009	
		Gross replacement cost	Gross add-on	Credit equivalent amount	Gross replacement cost	Gross add-on	Credit equivalent amount
Foreign exchange-related transactions		2,570.0	2,372.0	4,942.0	3,237.1	2,064.6	5,301.8
Interest rate-related transactions		6,986.0	4,955.0	11,941.0	13,060.6	3,752.8	16,813.5
Gold-related transactions		0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Equity-related transactions		147.5	94.7	242.2	92.8	67.7	160.6
Transactions related to precious metals (other than							
gold)		0.5	0.2	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other commodity-related transactions		221.0	132.6	353.7	149.5	107.1	256.6
Credit derivatives transactions		296.6	1,502.9	1,799.6	213.4	683.2	896.6
Subtotal	(A)	10,221.9	9,057.7	19,279.6	16,753.6	6,675.7	23,429.4
Effect of credit equivalent amounts mitigation by							
close-out netting settlement contracts	(B)	n.a.	n.a.	11,610.0	n.a.	n.a.	16,464.7
Subtotal	(C)=(A)+(B)	n.a.	n.a.	7,669.6	n.a.	n.a.	6,964.6
Effect of credit risk mitigation by collateral	(D)	n.a.	n.a.	515.3	n.a.	n.a.	970.0
	(G) (D)						- 004 6
Total	(C)+(D)	n.a.	n.a.	7,154.3	n.a.	n.a.	5,994.6

Note: The current exposure method is used as the method of calculating credit equivalent amounts.

Long-settlement transactions

	As of Se	ptember 30), 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009			
	Gross replacement Gross		Credit	Gross		Credit	
			equivalent	replacement	Gross	equivalent	
	cost	add-on	amount	cost	add-on	amount	
Long-settlement transactions	13.2	0.2	13.5	5.4	0.7	6.2	

Notes:

- 1. The current exposure method is used as the method to calculate credit equivalent amounts.
- 2. Neither the effect of credit equivalent amounts mitigation by close-out netting settlement contracts nor the effect of credit risk mitigation by collateral applies to long-settlement transactions.

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(B) Amounts of credit risk mitigation by type

	As of September 30, 2008	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009
Financial collateral	44.5	65.6
Other collateral	59.2	72.5
Guarantees, others	5.5	19.8
Total	109.3	158.0

(C) Notional amount of credit derivatives subject to credit equivalent amount calculations

		As of September 30, 2008 Notional amount	(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2009 Notional amount
Credit derivatives type:			
Credit default swap	Bought	10,322.9	5,327.1
	Sold	9,166.0	4,739.9
Total return swap	Bought		
	Sold		
Total	Bought	10,322.9	5,327.1
	Sold	9,166.0	4,739.9

Note: Credit derivatives used for credit risk mitigation are as follows:

		(Billions of yen)
	As of September 30, 2008	As of September 30, 2009
Credit derivatives used for credit risk mitigation	648.2	254.1

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n Securitization exposure

See pages 45 to 50 for the status of our group s securitization products (based on a definition thereof pursuant to our managerial accounting which differs from the definition set forth in the Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice, etc.), including those held in our banking and trading accounts and the status of our overseas ABCP programs, etc.

(6) Quantitative disclosure items for securitization exposure

Securitization exposure as originator

(A) Information by type of underlying assets

(Billions of yen)

As of, or for	the six months	s ended, Septem	ber 30, 2008
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		Residential		Lease				
	Credit cards	mortgage loans	Auto loans	payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Securitization products	Total
Conventional securitizations								
Amount of underlying assets (a)		291.7			22.0	12.4		326.2
Default exposure		2.7			0.9			3.6
Losses during the six-month period		0.1			0.1			0.2
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period								
Gains and losses recognized on sales during the								
six-month period								
Securitization subject to early amortization treatment								
Synthetic securitizations								
Amount of underlying assets (b)					524.5		224.6	749.1
Default exposure								
Losses during the six-month period								
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period					255.0		19.6	274.6
Total amount of underlying assets (a)+(b)		291.7			546.5	12.4	224.6	1,075.4

Notes:

- 1. Items that refer to during the six-month period show amounts accumulated during the six months ended September 30, 2008.
- 2. Amount of underlying assets and Losses during the six-month period include those related to, in addition to exposure originated by us, exposure to assets originated by other financial institutions if they are contained in the same securitization program.
- 3. Default exposure and Losses during the six-month period with respect to synthetic securitization transactions are based on the definition of default as set forth in the respective transactions.
- 4. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction.
- 5. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.
- 6. The risk mitigating effects, in the context of calculating capital adequacy ratio, of transfers (hedges) of risk through synthetic securitization transactions are reflected in Required capital of (B) Information of securitization exposure retained or purchased.
- 7. Of ¥224.6 billion in synthetic securitization transactions with underlying assets classified as Securitization products, the underlying assets of such securitization products that are subject to transfers (hedges) of risk consist mainly of residential mortgage loans and also include real estate and corporate loans, etc.

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Residential

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(Billions of yen)

As of, or for the six months ended, September 30	30, 2009
--------------------------------------------------	----------

		Residential		Lease				
	Credit cards	mortgage loans	Auto loans	payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Securitization products	Total
Conventional securitizations								
Amount of underlying assets (a)		252.1			8.1	1.7		261.9
Default exposure		2.7			1.2			3.9
Losses during the six-month period		0.2			0.0			0.3
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period								
Gains and losses recognized on sales during the								
six-month period								
Securitization subject to early amortization treatment								
Synthetic securitizations								
Amount of underlying assets (b)					741.4	20.2		761.6
Default exposure								
Losses during the six-month period								
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period					158.7			158.7
Total amount of underlying assets (a)+(b)		252.1			749.6	21.9		1,023.6

Notes:

- 1. Items that refer to during the six-month period show amounts accumulated during the six months ended September 30, 2009.
- 2. Amount of underlying assets and Losses during the six-month period include those related to, in addition to exposure originated by us, exposure to assets originated by other financial institutions if they are contained in the same securitization program.
- 3. Default exposure and Losses during the six-month period with respect to synthetic securitization transactions are based on the definition of default as set forth in the respective transactions.
- 4. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction.
- 5. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.
- 6. The risk mitigating effects, in the context of calculating capital adequacy ratio, of transfers (hedges) of risk through synthetic securitization transactions are reflected in Required capital of (B) Information of securitization exposure retained or purchased.
- 7. Of the securitization exposure retained or purchased whose risk has been transferred (hedged) through securitization schemes, we have categorized as securitization exposure as investor if the risk transfer (hedge) effects are not reflected in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio, following the definition for classification of securitization exposure set forth in the Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice, etc. In making such categorization, classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction, and transactions that are difficult to classify are included under Others.

(B) Information of securitization exposure retained or purchased

Exposure by risk weight category and underlying asset type and amount of required capital

(Billions of yen)

As of September 30, 20

	Credit cards	Residential mortgage loans	Auto loans	Lease payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Securitization products	Total	Required capital
Risk weight									
Up to 20%					487.2	3.0	212.8	703.1	4.5
Up to 50%					13.4			13.4	0.3
Up to 100%									
Up to 250%		42.1						42.1	4.8
Up to 650%					18.0		11.1	29.1	0.1
Over 650%					5.9			5.9	
Deduction from capital		0.0			2.9		0.6	3.6	1.4
Total		42.1			527.4	3.0	224.6	797.3	11.4

(Billions of yen)

As of September 30, 2009

	Credit cards	Residential mortgage loans	Auto loans	Lease payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Securitization products	Total	Required capital
Risk weight									
Up to 20%					703.5			703.5	4.3
Up to 50%						14.1		14.1	0.4
Up to 100%		40.5				3.0		43.6	3.3
Up to 250%						1.5		1.5	0.3
Up to 650%					5.0			5.0	
Over 650%					32.9			32.9	0.5
Deduction from capital		0.0			2.8	3.0		5.8	0.7
Total		40.5			744.3	21.7		806.6	9.7

Capital increase due to securitization transactions

(Billions of yen)

Acof	Sa	otember	- 30	2008
AS OI	Sei	nember	· ov.	ZUU 0

				F				
		Residential		Lease				
	Credit cards	mortgage loans	Auto loans	payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Securitization products	Total
Capital increase due to securitization	cur us	104115	104115	100011410105	Corporate	cstate	products	20002
transactions		8.8						8.8

(Billions of yen)

As of September 30, 2009 Corporate

Total

	Credit cards	Residential mortgage loans	Auto loans	Lease payment receivables	Real Securitization estate products
Capital increase due to securitization					
transactions		5.7			5.7
Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to	o Article	15 of Suppler	nentary	Provisions of the I	FSA Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice
	A-4:1-1	.	As o	of September 30, 200	(Billions of yen) 8 As of September 30, 2009
Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to Supplementary Provisions of the FSA Capital Adec Notice					

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Securitization exposure as sponsor of securitization programs (ABCP/ABL)

(C) Information by type of underlying assets

(Billions of yen) As of, or for the six months ended, September 30, 2008

		Residential		Lease	Account			
	Credit	mortgage	Auto	payment	and note	Real		
	cards	loans	loans	receivables	receivables	estate	Others	Total
Amount of underlying assets	148.9		131.5	242.2	676.3		49.5	1,248.6
Default exposure				2.6	9.4			12.1
Estimated loss amount related to underlying assets	1.3		1.1	1.2	5.7		0.1	9.6
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period	417.1		454.5	1.005.7	1.946.3		250.5	4.074.4

Notes:

- 1. Items that refer to during the six-month period show amounts accumulated during the six months ended September 30, 2008.
- 2. Securitization exposure that is acquired in securitization of customer s claims other than as sponsor (in the form of asset-backed securities, trust beneficiary rights and other transferable instruments) is categorized as securitization exposure as investor.
- 3. The amount of default exposure is the amount of the underlying assets recognized as default in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio.
- 4. Estimated loss amount related to underlying assets is based on the amount of the underlying assets as of the relevant date and the following parameters that are used in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio:

parameters used in the calculation of required capital for an underlying asset when applying the supervisory formula (e.g., PD); and

with respect to underlying assets classified as securitization exposure, the conservative application of risk weights used in the ratings-based approach.

- 5. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction.

 Transactions that are difficult to classify are included under Others.
- 6. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.

(Billions of yen)

As of, or for the six months ended, September 30, 2009

		Residential		Lease	Account			
	Credit cards	mortgage loans	Auto loans	payment receivables	and note receivables	Real estate	Others	Total
A		ivalis				estate		
Amount of underlying assets	178.2		132.5	368.7	434.9		55.3	1,169.9
Default exposure				0.8	5.6		0.1	6.6
Estimated loss amount related to underlying assets	0.8		1.2	1.2	4.4		0.4	8.3
Amount of exposures securitized during the six-month								
period	774.7		534.0	2,045.4	1,302.3		186.9	4,843.5

Notes:

- 1. Items that refer to during the six-month period show amounts accumulated during the six months ended September 30, 2009.
- 2. Securitization exposure that is acquired in securitization of customer s claims other than as sponsor (in the form of asset-backed securities, trust beneficiary rights and other transferable instruments) is categorized as securitization exposure as investor.
- 3. The amount of default exposure is the amount of the underlying assets recognized as default in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio.
- 4. Estimated loss amount related to underlying assets is based on the amount of the underlying assets as of the relevant date and the following parameters that are used in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio:

parameters used in the calculation of required capital for an underlying asset when applying the supervisory formula (e.g., PD); and

with respect to underlying assets classified as securitization exposure, the conservative application of risk weights used in the ratings-based approach.

- 5. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction.

 Transactions that are difficult to classify are included under Others.
- 6. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.

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(D) Information of securitization exposure retained or purchased

Exposure by risk weight category and underlying asset type and amount of required capital

(Billions of yen)

				As of Se	ptember 30, 2	008		`	• /
	Credit cards	Residential mortgage loans	Auto loans	Lease payment receivables	Account and note receivables	Real estate	Others	Total	Required capital
Risk weight									
Up to 20%	112.8		21.4	108.3	435.0		47.4	725.1	5.0
Up to 50%	60.0		36.7	96.1	22.8		4.1	219.9	5.0
Up to 100%	12.1		63.3	24.1	128.5		1.6	229.8	12.3
Up to 250%	1.6				21.3			22.9	2.7
Up to 650%					22.8			22.8	7.8
Over 650%									

Deduction from capital

Total	186.6	121.5	228.7	630.6	53.2	1,220.6	33.0
Exposure whose underlying assets are foreign							
assets	83.1		51.6	97.4	51.5	283.7	n.a.

Notes:

- 1. Securitization exposure retained or purchased includes unused portions of securitization programs that are subject to allocation of required capital.
- 2. The classification of transactions of which the underlying assets are foreign assets is conducted according to the principal underlying assets of each transaction.

(Billions of yen)

				As of Se	ptember 30, 2	009			• ,
	Credit cards	Residential mortgage loans	Auto loans	Lease payment receivables	Account and note receivables	Real estate	Others	Total	Required capital
Risk weight									
Up to 20%	161.1		95.4	364.4	351.3		53.6	1,026.0	6.7
Up to 50%					39.8			39.8	1.0
Up to 100%	10.5		38.8	0.3	1.2		8.1	59.1	3.4
Up to 250%	0.9			5.2	0.5			6.6	0.7
Up to 650%					1.9			1.9	0.4
Over 650%									

Deduction from capital

Total	172.5	134.2	370.0	394.9	61.7 1,133.6	12.3
Exposure whose underlying assets are foreign						
assets	26.3		9.0	36.8	40.1 112.3	n.a.

Notes:

- 1. Securitization exposure retained or purchased includes unused portions of securitization programs that are subject to allocation of required capital.
- 2. The classification of transactions of which the underlying assets are foreign assets is conducted according to the principal underlying assets of each transaction.

Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to Article 15 of Supplementary Provisions of the FSA Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice

(Billions of ven)

As of September 30, 2008

As September 30, 2009

Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to Article 15 of Supplementary Provisions of the FSA Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice

Securitization exposure as investor

(E) Information of securitization exposure retained or purchased

Exposure by risk weight category and underlying asset type and amount of required capital

								(Billio	ons of yen)
		Residential		As of Ser Lease					
	Credit cards	mortgage loans	Auto loans	payment receivables	Corporate	Real estate	Others	Total	Required capital
Risk weight					-				•
Up to 20%	94.8	1,492.2	316.7	321.8	334.0	597.6	150.4	3,307.8	31.3
Up to 50%		14.3		2.0	36.4	157.0	11.2	221.1	5.8
Up to 100%	29.6	14.0	0.2	1.3	8.0	19.2	1.6	74.2	4.8
Up to 250%					0.2			0.2	0.0
Up to 650%		1.4						1.4	0.3
Over 650%									
Deduction from capital		4.3			26.0	21.2	7.8	59.4	36.0
Total	124.5	1,526.3	316.9	325.2	404.8	795.2	171.1	3,664.4	78.5
Exposure whose underlying assets are foreign assets	53.5	122.5	82.1	16.2	261.4	38.3	17.1	591.3	n.a.
Exposure on resecuritizations		2.3			8.6	0.0	3.4	14.5	n.a.

Notes:

- 1. Subordinated contributions for managed collateralized loan obligations (CLO), etc., are included in the above table as exposure as investor even when the assets underlying those CLOs, etc., include exposures that were originated by us. Our subordinated contributions for those managed CLOs, etc., were ¥7.4 billion (treated as deduction from capital for purpose of capital adequacy ratio calculation), and our sale of assets to such managed CLOs, etc., during the six months ended September 30, 2008 was ¥1.1 billion.
- 2. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction. Transactions that are difficult to classify are included under Others.
- 3. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.
- 4. The classification of transactions of which the underlying assets are foreign assets is conducted according to the principal underlying assets of each transaction.
- 5. Securitization exposure retained or purchased whose risk transfer (hedge) effects are reflected in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio is categorized as securitization exposure as originator.
- 6. Securitization exposure as investor includes ¥70.7 billion liquidity facilities that we provide to ABCP programs sponsored by other companies.
- 7. We classify securitization products whose principal underlying assets are securitization products such as ABS, etc. (e.g., ABS CDO) as resecuritizations.

							(Billi	ions of yen)
			As of Sep	otember 30,	2009			
	Residential		Lease					
Credit	mortgage	Auto	payment		Real			Required
cards	loans	loans	receivables	Corporate	estate	Others	Total	capital
sk weight				_				_

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Up to 20%	31.6	1,455.5	304.4	241.7	259.3	445.9	123.0	2,861.7	26.9
Up to 50%	0.9	16.6	1.0	5.0	39.0	215.6	12.2	290.6	7.7
Up to 100%	4.3	25.7	0.2	1.3	13.7	21.4	1.0	67.9	4.6
Up to 250%		1.4			1.2	1.7		4.4	0.9
Up to 650%	2.8	3.7			4.2	2.8		13.8	5.4
Over 650%									
Deduction from capital		4.5			12.6	30.9	8.6	56.7	40.8
Deduction from capital Total	39.8	4.5 1,507.6	305.7	248.2		30.9 718.6		56.7 3,295.3	40.8 86.6
•	39.8		305.7	248.2					
•	39.8 17.0		305.7 50.1	248.2 16.7					

Notes:

- 1. Subordinated contributions for managed collateralized loan obligations (CLO), etc., are included in the above table as exposure as investor even when the assets underlying those CLOs, etc., include exposures that were originated by us. Our subordinated contributions for those managed CLOs, etc., were ¥6.6 billion (treated as deduction from capital for purpose of capital adequacy ratio calculation).
- 2. Classification based on type of underlying assets is conducted according to the principal underlying asset type for each transaction. Transactions that are difficult to classify are included under Others.
- 3. Credit cards include shopping credit receivables, card loans, etc.
- 4. The classification of transactions of which the underlying assets are foreign assets is conducted according to the principal underlying assets of each transaction.
- 5. Securitization exposure retained or purchased whose risk transfer (hedge) effects are reflected in the calculation of capital adequacy ratio is categorized as securitization exposure as originator.
- 6. Securitization exposure as investor includes ¥39.6 billion liquidity facilities that we provide to ABCP programs sponsored by other companies. Note that such transactions are not included in the amounts disclosed in pages 45 to 50.
- 7. We classify securitization products whose principal underlying assets are securitization products such as ABS, etc. (e.g., ABS CDO) as resecuritizations.

Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to Article 15 of Supplementary Provisions of the FSA Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice

(Billions of yen) As of September 30, 2008 As of September 30, 2009

Credit risk-weighted assets calculated pursuant to Article 15 of Supplementary Provisions of the FSA Capital Adequacy Ratio Notice

Note that, in addition to the above, within the provision of credit in the form of eligible servicer cash advance, set forth in Article 246 of the Notice, there was an undrawn portion to which no required capital is allocated.

The balances of such portion as of September 30, 2008 and 2009 were ¥38.6 billion and ¥30.4 billion, respectively.

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n Market risk

Trading activities

The following table shows VaR (Value at Risk) figures of our trading activities.

	For the six months ended September 30, 2008	For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2009	(Billions of yen) For the six months ended September 30, 2009
End of period	4.2	3.8	3.7
Maximum	7.7	7.7	4.3
Minimum	3.5	3.3	2.6
Average	5.1	4.7	3.4
The number of cases where assumptive losses			
exceeded VaR during the period	no case	1	no case

Notes:

- 1. The multiplication factor for the calculation of market risk equivalent (internal models approach) is determined by the number of cases where assumptive losses exceeded VaR during the period.
- Our group companies which conduct trading activities are Mizuho Bank, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Mizuho Trust & Banking and Mizuho Securities, etc.

VaR (Value at Risk)

The VaR method measures the maximum possible loss that could be incurred due to market movements within a certain time period (or holding period) and degree of probability (or confidence interval).

VaR related to our trading activities is based on the following:

variance co-variance model for linear risk and monte-carlo simulation for non-linear risk;

VaR: simple aggregation of linear risk and non-linear risk;

confidence interval: one-tailed 99.0%;

holding period of one day; and

historical observation period of one year.

Outlier criteria

As part of the new capital adequacy requirements under Basel II, the losses arising from a banking book in hypothetical interest rate shock scenarios under certain stress conditions are calculated and compared with the sum of Tier I and Tier II capital. If the interest rate risk of the banking book leads to an economic value decline of more than 20% of the sum of Tier I and Tier II capital, we will be deemed an outlier and may be required to reduce the banking book risk or adopt other responses.

The following table shows results of calculations under the outlier framework.

			(Billions of yen)
	Amount of loss	Broadly-defined capital	Loss ratio to capital
As of September 30, 2008	461.5	7,381.2	6.2%
As of March 31, 2009	532.4	6,226.9	8.5%
As of September 30, 2009	695.3	7,632.6	9.1%
Effect of yen interest rate	495.6	n.a.	n.a.
Effect of dollar interest rate	120.8	n.a.	n.a.
Effect of euro interest rate	69.6	n.a.	n.a.

Note:

For the interest rate shock scenario used in connection with the calculations under the outlier framework, we generate annual rate fluctuation data for five years derived from daily raw historical interest rate data of the past six years and then apply the actual fluctuation data at a 99.0% confidence level to the shock scenario.

n Operational risk

1. Basic approach

We define operational risk as the risk of loss that we may incur resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. We recognize that operational risk includes information technology risk, operations risk, legal risk, human resources risk, tangible asset risk, regulatory change risk and reputational risk. We have determined risk management policies concerning risk management structures and methods for each kind of risk. MHCB, MHBK, MHTB, MHSC, MHIS and TCSB respectively manage operational risk in an appropriate manner pursuant to risk management policies determined by MHFG.

2. Operational risk management structure

MHFG, MHCB, MHBK, MHTB, MHSC, MHIS and TCSB share common rules for data gathering, and we measure operational risk on a regular basis, taking into account possible future loss events and the changes in the business environment and internal management.

We have established and are strengthening management methods and systems to appropriately identify, assess, measure, monitor and control the operational risks which arise from the growing sophistication and diversification of financial operations and developments relating to information technology by utilizing control self-assessment and improving measurement methods.

3. Measurement of operational risk equivalent

(1) Implementation of advanced measurement approach

We have been implementing the Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) from September 30, 2009, in place of the gross profit allocation approach (The Standardized Approach (TSA)) that we had been using previously, for the calculation of operational risk equivalent in association with capital adequacy ratios based on Basel II. However, we use the Basic Indicator Approach (BIA) for entities that are deemed to be less important in the measurement of operational risk equivalent and for entities that are preparing to implement the AMA. The measurement results under the AMA are used not only as the operational risk equivalent in the calculation of capital adequacy ratios but also as Operational VAR for internal risk management purposes for implementing action plans to reduce operational risk, etc.

(2) Outline of the AMA

Outline of measurement system

We have established the model by taking account of four elements: internal loss data; external loss data; scenario analysis and business environment; and internal control factors (BEICFs). A statistical approach (one year holding period / one-tailed 99.9 percentile confidence interval) is taken for the calculation of operational risk equivalent, employing both internal loss data (i.e., actually experienced operational loss events) and scenario data to reflect unexperienced potential future loss events in the measurement.

In the measurement of operational risk equivalent as of September 30, 2009, we did not exclude expected losses and also did not recognize the risk mitigating impact of insurance. In addition, we did not take into account the events related to credit risk in measuring operational risk equivalent.

Outline of measurement model

Operational risk equivalent is calculated as a simple sum of those related to the seven loss event types defined by Basel II, large-scale natural disasters and litigation. In the measurement of operational risk equivalent as of September 30, 2009, we did not reflect the correlation effects among operational risk related to each of the seven loss event types.

Operational risk by the loss event type

Loss Distribution (Compound Poisson Distribution) Approach (LDA) is adopted for the calculation of operational risk. LDA is based on the assumption that Poisson Distribution applies to the occurrence frequency of operational risk events, and loss severity is expressed through a separate distribution. Operational risk is calculated for each of the seven loss event types employing both internal l