American Midstream Partners, LP Form 10-Q May 12, 2014

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

S QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to Commission File Number: 001-35257

AMERICAN MIDSTREAM PARTNERS, LP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 27-0855785 (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1400 16th Street, Suite 310

Denver, CO 80202 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(720) 457-6060

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ý Yes "No Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ý Yes "No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "
Non-accelerated filer "
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

"Yes ý No

There were 11,139,729 common units, 5,353,970 Series A Units and 1,168,225 Series B Units of American Midstream Partners, LP outstanding as of May 8, 2014. Our common units trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "AMID."

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Glossary of Terms

As generally used in the energy industry and in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Quarterly Report"), the identified terms have the following meanings:

Bbl Barrels: 42 U.S. gallons measured at 60 degrees Fahrenheit.

Bcf One billion cubic feet.

Condensate Liquid hydrocarbons present in casinghead gas that condense within the gathering system and are removed prior to delivery to the gas plant. This product is generally sold on terms more closely tied to crude oil pricing.

/d Per day.

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

Fractionation Process by which natural gas liquids are separated into individual components.

GAAP Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Gal Gallons.

Mcf One thousand cubic feet.

MMcf One million cubic feet.

Mgal One thousand gallons

NGL or NGLs

Natural gas liquid(s): The combination of ethane, propane, normal butane, isobutane and natural gasoline that, when removed from natural gas, become liquid under various levels of higher pressure and lower temperature.

Throughput The volume of natural gas transported or passing through a pipeline, plant, terminal or other facility during a particular period.

As used in this Quarterly Report, unless the context otherwise requires, "we," "us," "our," the "Partnership" and similar terms refer to American Midstream Partners, LP, together with its consolidated subsidiaries.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited, in thousands)

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013
Assets	2014	2013
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,022	\$393
Accounts receivable	7,870	6,822
Unbilled revenue	24,900	22,005
Risk management assets	189	473
Other current assets	9,914	7,497
Current assets held for sale	1,582	1,268
Total current assets	46,477	38,458
Property, plant and equipment, net	365,252	312,510
Goodwill	16,253	16,447
Intangible assets, net	50,692	3,682
Other assets, net	8,819	9,064
Noncurrent assets held for sale, net	1,912	1,914
Total assets	\$489,405	\$382,075
Liabilities, Equity and Partners' Capital		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$1,592	\$3,261
Accrued gas purchases	17,534	16,394
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	15,969	15,058
Current portion of long-term debt	1,427	2,048
Risk management liabilities	488	423
Current liabilities held for sale	1,383	1,106
Total current liabilities	38,393	38,290
Risk management liabilities	75	101
Asset retirement obligations	34,827	34,636
Other liabilities	270	191
Long-term debt	125,650	130,735
Deferred tax liability	4,542	4,749
Noncurrent liabilities held for sale, net	82	95
Total liabilities	203,839	208,797
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 13)		
Convertible preferred units		
Series A convertible preferred units (5,354 thousand and 5,279 thousand units issue and outstanding as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively) Equity and partners' capital	ed 96,654	94,811
General partner interest (235 thousand and 185 thousand units issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively)	ng (3,747) 2,696
Limited partner interest (11,135 thousand and 7,414 thousand units issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively)	157,910	71,039

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Series B convertible units (1,168 thousand and zero units issued and outstanding as	s of 20,000	
March 31, 2014, and December 31, 2013, respectively)	30,000	_
Accumulated other comprehensive income	140	104
Total partners' capital	184,303	73,839
Noncontrolling interests	4,609	4,628
Total equity and partners' capital	188,912	78,467
Total liabilities, equity and partners' capital	\$489,405	\$382,075
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated finar	icial statements.	

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited, in thousands, except for per unit amounts)

	Three months ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Revenue	\$75,979	\$59,707	
Loss on commodity derivatives, net	(130) (305)
Total revenue	75,849	59,402	
Operating expenses:			
Purchases of natural gas, NGLs and condensate	50,924	47,301	
Direct operating expenses	8,850	4,803	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5,593	3,425	
Equity compensation expense	360	388	
Depreciation, amortization and accretion expense	7,632	5,646	
Total operating expenses	73,359	61,563	
Gain on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment		421	
Loss on sale of assets, net	(21) —	
Operating income (loss)	2,469	(1,740)
Other expense:			
Interest expense	(1,903) (1,731)
Net income (loss) before income tax benefit	566	(3,471)
Income tax benefit	11		
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	577	(3,471)
Discontinued operations:			
(Loss) income from operations of disposal groups, net of tax	(69) 73	
Net income (loss)	508	(3,398)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	108	155	
Net income (loss) attributable to the Partnership	\$400	\$(3,553)
General partner's interest in net income (loss)	\$7	\$(70)
	\$393	\$(3,483)
Limited partners' net (loss) income per common unit (See Note 4 and Note 10):			
Basic and diluted:			
	\$(0.31) \$(0.39)
* *	*	0.01	
•	*) \$(0.38)
Weighted average number of common units outstanding:			,
	9,846	9,167	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three months ended March 31,		
	2014	2013	
Net income (loss)	\$508	\$(3,398)
Unrealized gain (loss) on post retirement benefit plan assets and liabilities	36	(13)
Comprehensive income (loss)	544	(3,411)
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	108	155	
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to Partnership	\$436	\$(3,566)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated fi	nancial statemen	te	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Partners' Capital and Noncontrolling Interest (Unaudited, in thousands)

	General Partner Interest		Limited Partner Interest		Series B Convertible Units	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total Partners' Capital		Noncontrolling Interest	
Balances at December 31, 2012	\$548		\$79,266		\$ —	\$351	\$80,165		\$7,438	
Net income (loss)	(70)	(3,483)			(3,553)		155	
Unitholder distributions	(80))		_	(4,044))	_	
Net distributions to	`	ĺ	` '	ĺ			,		(210	`
noncontrolling interest holders					_	_			(210)
LTIP vesting	(183)	183		_	_			_	
Tax netting repurchase			(74)	_	_	(74))		
Unit based compensation	388				_	_	388			
Other comprehensive loss	_		_			(13)	(13))		
Balances at March 31, 2013	\$603		\$71,928		\$ —	\$338	\$72,869		\$7,383	
Balances at December 31, 2013	\$2,696		\$71,039		\$ —	\$104	\$73,839		\$4,628	
Net income	7		393			_	400		108	
Issuance of common units to public, net of offering costs	_		86,926		_	_	86,926		_	
Issuance of Series B convertible units	<u> </u>		_		30,000	_	30,000		_	
Unitholder contributions	1,276		_				1,276			
Unitholder distributions	(524)	(8,037)	_	_	(8,561))	_	
Issuance and exercise of warrant	(7,164		7,164	,	_	_	_		_	
Net distributions to										
noncontrolling interest owners						_			(98)
Acquisition of noncontrolling										
interest	_		21			_	21		(29)
LTIP vesting	(366)	494				128			
Tax netting repurchase	_	,	(90)	_	_	(90))	_	
Unit based compensation	328		_		_	_	328		_	
Other comprehensive income					_	36	36		_	
Balances at March 31, 2014	\$(3,747)	\$157,910)	\$30,000	\$140	\$184,303		\$4,609	
The accompanying notes are an		-	-						•	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited, in thousands)

	Three months ended March 3		
	2014	2013	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net income (loss)	\$508	\$(3,398)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating			
activities:			
Depreciation, amortization and accretion expense	7,632	5,678	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	428	283	
Amortization of weather derivative premium	284		
Unrealized loss on commodity derivatives	39	481	
Equity based compensation	360	388	
OPEB plan net periodic cost	12	18	
Gain on involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment		(421)
Deferred tax benefit	(26) —	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net:		,	
Accounts receivable	(1,041) 715	
Unbilled revenue	(3,222) (1,516)
Other current assets	(2,374) (1,020)
Other assets, net	(15) (59)
Accounts payable	(789) (787)
Accrued gas purchases	1,416	1,325	,
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	263	(525)
Other liabilities	79	(59)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,554	1,103	
Cash flows from investing activities	,	,	
Cost of acquisitions	(110,909) —	
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(3,928) (8,052)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	6,135		,
Insurance proceeds from involuntary conversion of property, plant and equipment		560	
Net cash used in investing activities	(108,702) (7,492)
Cash flows from financing activities		, , ,	
Proceeds from issuance of common units to public, net of offering costs	86,926		
Unitholder contributions	1,276		
Unitholder distributions	(5,379) (4,044)
Issuance of Series B Units	30,000	_	,
Acquisition of noncontrolling interest	(8) —	
Net distributions to noncontrolling interest owners	(98) (210)
LTIP tax netting unit repurchase	(90) (74)
Payments of deferred debt issuance costs	(144) (912)
Payments on other debt	(791) (358)
Borrowings on other debt	170	1,476	,
Payments on long-term debt	(49,771) (17,585)
Borrowings on long-term debt	44,686	27,565	,
Net cash provided by financing activities	106,777	5,858	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,629	(531)
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Cash and cash equivalents			
Beginning of period	393	576	
End of period	\$2,022	\$45	
Supplemental cash flow information			
Interest payments, net	\$1,781	\$1,487	
Supplemental non-cash information			
Decrease in accrued property, plant and equipment	\$(1,474) \$(3,977)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated fina	ncial statement	S.	
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American Midstream Partners, LP and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Nature of Business

American Midstream Partners, LP (the "Partnership"), was formed on August 20, 2009 as a Delaware limited partnership for the purpose of operating, developing and acquiring a diversified portfolio of midstream energy assets. We provide natural gas gathering, treating, processing, fractionating, marketing and transportation services primarily in the Gulf Coast and Southeast regions of the United States through our ownership and operation of eleven gathering systems, two processing facilities, one fractionation facility, four terminal sites, three interstate pipelines and five intrastate pipelines. In addition, we own a 50% undivided, non-operating interest in a processing plant located in southern Louisiana. Through our four marine terminal sites, we provide petroleum, agricultural, and chemical liquid storage services.

We hold our assets in a series of wholly owned limited liability companies, a limited partnership and a corporation. Our capital accounts consist of general partner interests and limited partner interests.

Our interstate natural gas pipeline assets transport natural gas through the FERC regulated interstate natural gas pipelines in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Tennessee. Our interstate pipelines include:

High Point Gas Transmission, LLC, which owns and operates approximately 400 miles of intrastate pipeline and is connected to 40 meters with 32 active producers and offers processing options at the Toca processing plant with delivery to Southern Natural Gas available downstream of the processing plant in Louisiana;

American Midstream (Midla), LLC, which owns and operates approximately 370 miles of interstate pipeline that runs from the Monroe gas field in northern Louisiana south through Mississippi to Baton Rouge, Louisiana;

American Midstream (AlaTenn), LLC, which owns and operates approximately 295 miles of interstate pipeline that runs through the Tennessee River Valley from Selmer, Tennessee, to Huntsville, Alabama and serves an eight-county area in Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.

Equity Offering and Series B Convertible Units Issuance

In January 2014, in connection with the Lavaca Acquisition as discussed in Note 3, the Partnership completed a public equity offering resulting in net proceeds of \$86.9 million and the issuance to our General Partner of 1,168,225 Series B convertible units ("Series B Units") representing Series B limited partnership interests in the Partnership. The Series B Units have the right to share in distributions from the Partnership on a pro-rata basis with holders of the Partnership's common units and will convert into common units on a one-for-one basis on January 31, 2016. Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from consolidated audited financial statements but does not include disclosures required by GAAP for annual periods. We have made reclassifications to amounts reported in prior period condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to our current year presentation. These reclassifications did not have an impact on net income for the period previously reported. The information furnished herein reflects all normal recurring adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of financial position and results of operations for the respective interim periods.

Our financial results for the three months ended March 31, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ended December 31, 2014. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in i) our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 ("Annual Report") filed on March 11, 2014 and ii) our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A that was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on May 12, 2014 which updated portions of our annual report.

Consolidation Policy

Our condensed consolidated financial statements include our accounts and those of our subsidiaries in which we have a controlling interest. We hold a 50% undivided interest in the Burns Point gas processing facility in which we are responsible for our proportionate share of the costs and expenses of the facility. Our condensed consolidated financial statements reflect our proportionate share of the revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of this undivided interest. As of March 31, 2014, we also hold a 92.2% undivided

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interest in the Chatom Processing and Fractionation facility (the "Chatom System"). Our condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the accounts of the Chatom System and the interests in the Chatom System held by non-affiliated working interest owners are reflected as noncontrolling interests in the Partnership's condensed consolidated financial statements.

Use of Estimates

When preparing condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management must make estimates and assumptions based on information available at the time. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Estimates and judgments are based on information available at the time such estimates and judgments are made. Adjustments made with respect to the use of these estimates and judgments often relate to information not previously available. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and judgments are inherent in the preparation of financial statements. Estimates and judgments are used in, among other things i) estimating unbilled revenues, accrued gas purchases and operating and general and administrative costs, ii) developing fair value assumptions, including estimates of future cash flows and discount rates, iii) analyzing long-lived assets, goodwill and intangible assets for possible impairment, iv) estimating the useful lives of assets and v) determining amounts to accrue for contingencies, guarantees and indemnifications. Actual results, therefore, could differ materially from estimated amounts.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") No. 2013-11, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists (a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force). This guidance was issued related to the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward exists. The updated guidance requires an entity to net its unrecognized tax benefits against the deferred tax assets for all same jurisdiction net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or tax credit carryforwards. A gross presentation will be required only if such carryforwards are not available or would not be used by the entity to settle any additional income taxes resulting from disallowance of the uncertain tax position. The update was effective for the Partnership effective January 1, 2014 and did not have a material impact on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASC No. 2014-08, Reporting Discontinued Operations and Disclosures of Disposals of Components of an Entity. This guidance amends the definition of discontinued operations to include components of an entity that have been disposed of, meet the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale, or has been abandoned/spun-off; and represents a strategic shift that has, or will have, a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results. The update applies to disposals and classifications as held-for-sale that occur after the effective date. The update is effective for all periods beginning after December 15, 2014 and is not expected to have a material impact on the Partnership.

3. Acquisitions and Divestitures

Lavaca Acquisition

On January 31, 2014, the Partnership acquired approximately 120 miles of high- and low-pressure pipelines ranging from 4 to 8 inches in diameter with over 9,000 horsepower of leased compression, and associated facilities located in the Eagle Ford shale in Gonzales and Lavaca Counties, Texas, the ("Lavaca Acquisition"). The consideration for the Lavaca Acquisition was financed with a portion of the net proceeds from the Partnership's January 2014 equity offering of \$86.9 million and proceeds of \$30.0 million from the issuance to our General Partner of 1,168,225 Series B Units.

The Lavaca Acquisition qualified as a business combination according to ASC 805, Business Combinations, and, as such, the Partnership engaged a third party to estimate the fair value of the assets as of the effective date of the acquisition. A combination of the income and cost approaches were utilized to estimate the fair value of the assets. These fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent a Level 3 measurement as defined by ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement.

Primarily using the cost approach to value the physical assets, the fair value estimates are based on i) replacement cost estimates using third party data based on installations of similar assets including an economic obsolescence factor and ii) estimated depreciation on the assets based on third party sources and analysis of the life and use of the assets.

It was determined as part of the fair value analysis of the acquisition, that the Partnership acquired separately identifiable intangible assets. The Lavaca Acquisition includes a 25-year gas gathering agreement which states that Penn Virginia Corporation (NYSE:

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PVA) ("PVA") will dedicate certain acreage and all related future production to the gathering infrastructure included in the acquisition. In accordance with ASC 805, contract based intangible assets include the value of rights derived from contractual agreements. The Partnership will receive incremental value from PVA's development of the reserves within the dedicated acreage and, therefore, it was determined that the dedicated acreage represents intangible assets acquired with the Lavaca Acquisition. The Partnership will amortize the Lavaca Acquisition intangibles using the straight-line method over the 25-year life of the related gas gathering agreement. The Partnership will amortize the Lavaca Acquisition intangibles using the straight-line method over the life of the related gas gathering agreement and recognize \$1.9 million of amortization expense annually over the gas gathering agreement.

Primarily using the income approach to value the intangible assets, the fair value estimates are based on: i) an assumed discount rate of 10.5%; ii) present value of estimated EBITDA; iii) estimated timing and amounts of future operating and development costs; iv) forward market prices as of December 2013 for natural gas and crude oil; and v) an increase in throughput volumes through 2019, declining thereafter.

The Partnership completed a preliminary purchase price allocation to determine the estimated fair value of the acquired assets. The preliminary allocation is subject to various purchase price adjustments, which could impact the allocation presented below. The following table summarizes the preliminary purchase price allocation for the Lavaca Acquisition (in thousands):

Property, plant and equipment:

Land	\$2
Pipelines	55,654
Equipment	753
Total property, plant and equipment	56,409
Intangible assets	48,000
Total cash consideration	\$104,409

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, Lavaca contributed \$2.3 million of revenue and \$1.6 million of net income attributable to the Partnership's Gathering and Processing segment, which are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Pro forma financial results are not presented as it is impractical to obtain the necessary information. The seller did not operate the acquired assets as a standalone business and, therefore, historical financial information that is consistent with the operations under the current agreement is not available.

Other Acquisition

In the fourth quarter of 2013, High Point Gas Gathering LLC, a subsidiary of the Partnership, entered into a purchase and sale agreement to acquire natural gas pipeline facilities and interests thereto for approximately \$6.5 million that are contiguous to, and connect with, our High Point System in offshore Louisiana; the ("Williams Pipeline Acquisition"). The closing of the purchase and sale agreement was subject to FERC approval of the seller's application to abandon by sale to us the pipeline facilities and to permit the facilities to serve a gathering function, exempt from FERC's jurisdiction. The FERC granted approval of the application during the first quarter of 2014, and the purchase and sale agreement closed on March 14, 2014. Total consideration was allocated to pipeline fixed assets using the income approach based on Level 3 inputs.

Blackwater Terminals Acquisition

Effective December 17, 2013, we acquired Blackwater Midstream Holdings, LLC ("Blackwater"), which operates 1.3 million barrels of storage capacity across four marine terminal sites located in Westwego, Louisiana; Brunswick, Georgia; Harvey, Louisiana; and Salisbury, Maryland.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, Blackwater contributed \$3.6 million of revenue and \$0.9 million of net income attributable to the Partnership's Terminals segment, which are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

High Point System Acquisition

Effective April 15, 2013, our General Partner contributed to us the High Point System, consisting of 100% of the limited liability company interests in High Point Gas Transmission, LLC and High Point Gas Gathering, LLC. The High Point System entities own midstream assets consisting of approximately 700 miles of natural gas and liquids pipeline assets located in southeast Louisiana, in the Plaquemines and St. Bernard's Parishes, and the shallow water and deep shelf Gulf of Mexico, including the Mississippi

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Canyon, Viosca Knoll, West Delta, Main Pass, South Pass and Breton Sound zones. Natural gas is collected at more than 75 receipt points that connect hundreds of wells with an emphasis on oil and liquids-rich reservoirs.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014, the High Point System contributed \$7.0 million of revenue and \$4.7 million of net income attributable to the Partnership's Transmission segment, which are included in the condensed consolidated statement of operations.

Madison Divestiture

On March 31, 2014, the Partnership completed the sale of certain gathering and processing assets in Madison County, Texas. We received \$6.1 million in cash proceeds related to the sale. The Partnership recognized a \$3.0 million impairment charge related to these assets for the year ended December 31, 2013, which wrote down the assets to a carrying value of \$6.1 million as of December 31, 2013.

4. Discontinued Operations

We classify long-lived assets to be disposed of through sales that meet specific criteria as held for sale. We cease depreciating those assets effective on the date the asset is classified as held for sale. We record those assets at the lower of their carrying value or the estimated fair value less the cost to sell. Until the assets are disposed of, an estimate of the fair value is re-determined when related events or circumstances change.

During the second quarter of 2013, the board of directors of our General Partner approved a plan to sell certain non-strategic gathering and processing assets which meet specific criteria, qualifying them as held for sale. Subsequently, as part of the Blackwater Acquisition described in Note 3, we acquired long-lived terminal assets classified as held for sale.

As a result of the planned divestiture of these non-strategic midstream assets, we have accounted for these disposal groups as discontinued operations within our Gathering and Processing and Terminal segments. Accordingly, we reclassified and excluded the disposal groups' results of operations from our results of continuing operations and reported the disposal groups' results of operations as (Loss) income from operations of disposal groups, net of tax in our accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations for all periods presented. We did not, however, elect to present separately the operating, investing and financing cash flows related to the disposal groups in our accompanying condensed consolidated statement of cash flows as this activity was immaterial for all periods presented. The following table presents the revenue and expenses and (Loss) income from operations of disposal groups, net of tax associated with the assets classified as held for sale for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (in thousands, except per unit amounts):

	Tillee illoil	ή,	
	2014	2013	
Revenue	\$4,626	\$3,638	
Expense	(4,685) (3,565)
Loss on sale of assets	(22) —	
Income tax benefit	12	_	
(Loss) income from operations of disposal groups, net of tax	\$(69) \$73	
Limited partners' net (loss) income per unit from discontinued operations (basic and	\$ (0.01) \$0.01	
diluted)			

5. Concentration of Credit Risk and Trade Accounts Receivable

Our primary market areas are located in the United States along the Gulf Coast and in the Southeast. We have a concentration of trade receivable balances due from companies engaged in the production, trading, distribution and marketing of natural gas, NGL and condensate products. This concentration of customers may affect our overall credit risk in that the customers may be similarly affected by changes in economic, regulatory or other factors. Generally,

Three months anded March 31

our customers' historical financial and operating information is analyzed prior to extending credit. We manage our exposure to credit risk through credit analysis, credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures, and for certain transactions, we may request letters of credit, prepayments or guarantees. We maintain allowances for potentially uncollectible accounts receivable; however, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, no allowances on or write-offs of accounts receivable were recorded.

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The following table summarizes the percentage of revenue earned from those customers that accounted for 10% or more of the Partnership's consolidated revenue in the condensed consolidated statement of operations for the each of the periods presented below:

	Three months	Three months ended March 31,				
	2014	2013				
Customer A	30	% 30	%			
Customer B		% 15	%			
Customer C	15	% 12	%			
Customer D	12	% 12	%			
Other	43	% 31	%			
Total	100	% 100	%			

6. Derivatives

Commodity Derivatives

To minimize the effect of commodity prices and maintain our cash flow and the economics of our development plans, we enter into commodity hedge contracts from time to time. Those commodity hedge contracts may be in the form of swaps, puts and/or collars. The terms of the contracts depend on various factors, including management's view of future commodity prices, acquisition economics on purchased assets and future financial commitments. This hedging program is designed to mitigate the effect of commodity price downturns while allowing us to participate in some commodity price upside. Management regularly monitors the commodity markets and financial commitments to determine if, when, and at what level commodity hedging is appropriate in accordance with policies that are established by the board of directors of our General Partner. As of March 31, 2014, the aggregate notional volume of our commodity derivatives was 3.1 million gallons.

We enter into commodity contracts with multiple counterparties. We may be required to post collateral with our counterparties in connection with our derivative positions. As of March 31, 2014, we have not posted collateral with any counterparty. Our counterparties are not required to post collateral with us in connection with their derivative positions. Netting agreements are in place with our counterparties that permit us to offset our commodity derivative asset and liability positions.

For accounting purposes, no derivative instruments were designated as hedging instruments and were instead accounted for under the mark-to-market method of accounting, with any changes in the fair value of the derivatives recorded in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and through earnings, rather than being deferred until the anticipated transactions affect earnings. The use of mark-to-market accounting for financial instruments can cause non-cash earnings volatility due to changes in the underlying commodity price indices or interest rates.

Interest Rate Swap

We entered into an interest rate swap to manage the impact of the interest rate risk associated with our credit facility, effectively converting a portion of our long-term variable rate debt into fixed rate debt. As of March 31, 2014, the notional amount of our interest rate swap was \$100.0 million. The interest rate swap was entered into with a single counterparty and we were not required to post collateral.

Weather Derivative

In the second quarter of 2013, we entered into a weather derivative to mitigate the impact of potential unfavorable weather to our operations under which we could receive payments totaling up to \$10.0 million in the event that a hurricane or hurricanes of certain strength pass through the area as identified in the derivative agreement. The weather derivative is being accounted for using the intrinsic value method, under which the fair value of the contract is zero and any amounts received are recognized as gains during the period received. The weather derivative was entered into with a single counterparty and we were not required to post collateral. We paid a premium of approximately \$1.1 million which is recorded in Risk management assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheet and is being

amortized to Direct operating expenses on a straight-line basis over the 1 year term of the contract. As of March 31, 2014, the unamortized amount of the risk management asset was approximately \$0.2 million. As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the value associated with our commodity derivatives, interest rate swap instrument and weather derivative were recorded in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, under the captions as follows (in thousands):

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	Gross Risk Management Assets		Gross Risk M Liabilities	Management	Net Risk Management Assets (Liabilities)		
Balance Sheet	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December 31,	March 31,	December	31,
Classification	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Current	\$189	\$473	\$ —	\$ —	\$189	\$473	
Noncurrent		_					
Total assets	\$189	\$473	\$ —	\$ —	\$189	\$473	
Current	\$55	\$27	\$(543) \$(450)	\$(488) \$(423)
Noncurrent		_	(75) (101	(75) (101)
Total liabilities	\$55	\$27	\$(618) \$(551)	\$(563) \$(524)

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, the realized and unrealized gains (losses) associated with our commodity derivatives, interest rate swap instrument and weather derivative were recorded in our condensed consolidated statements of operations, under the captions as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended Mar Gain (loss) on derivative			
Statement of Operations Classification	Realized	Unrealized		
2014				
Loss on commodity derivatives, net	\$(102) \$(28)	
Interest expense	(104) (11)	
Direct operating expenses	(284) —		
Total	\$(490) \$(39)	
2013				
Gain (loss) on commodity derivatives, net	\$176	\$ (481)	

7. Fair Value Measurement

The authoritative guidance for fair value measurements establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. These tiers include:

Level 1 – Inputs represent unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and

Level 3 – Inputs are unobservable and considered significant to fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the classification of assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy.

We believe the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. Our cash and cash equivalents would be classified as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy.

The recorded value of the amounts outstanding under the credit facility approximates its fair value, as interest rates are variable, based on prevailing market rates and the short-term nature of borrowings and repayments under the credit facility. Our existing revolving credit facility would be classified as Level 1 under the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of all derivatives instruments is estimated using a market valuation methodology based upon forward commodity price curves, volatility curves as well as other relevant economic measures, if necessary. Discount factors may be utilized to extrapolate a forecast of future cash flows associated with long dated transactions or illiquid market points. The inputs are obtained from independent pricing services, and we have made no adjustments to the obtained prices.

We have consistently applied these valuation techniques in all periods presented and believe we have obtained the most accurate information available for the types of derivatives contracts held. We recognize transfers between levels

at the end of the reporting period for which the transfer has occurred. There were no transfers out of Level 3 into Level 2 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

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Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy, our commodity derivative instruments and interest rate swap, included as part of Risk management assets and Risk management liabilities within the condensed consolidated balance sheet, that were measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 (in thousands):

	Carrying	Estimated Fair Value					
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Commodity derivative instruments	,						
net							
March 31, 2014	\$(98)	\$	\$(98) \$—	\$(98)	
December 31, 2013	(70)		(70) —	(70)	
Interest rate swap							
March 31, 2014	\$(465)	\$	\$(465) \$—	\$(465)	
December 31, 2013	(454)		(454) —	(454)	

The premium paid to enter the weather derivative described in Note 6 "Derivatives" is included within Risk management assets on the balance sheet but is not included as part of the above table as it is recorded at amortized carrying cost, not fair value.

8. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment, net, as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 were as follows (in thousands):

Useful Life	March 31,	December 31,
(in years)	2014	2013
N/A	\$6,017	\$6,015
N/A	6,978	6,443
N/A	1,108	1,108
4 to 40	5,358	5,109
8 to 40	97,799	97,106
5 to 40	292,498	239,826
4 to 20	11,822	11,793
20 to 40	7,954	7,942
20 to 40	22,432	22,432
8 to 20	8,076	6,293
5	3,598	3,531
	463,640	407,598
	(98,388)	(95,088)
	\$365,252	\$312,510
	(in years) N/A N/A N/A 4 to 40 8 to 40 5 to 40 4 to 20 20 to 40 20 to 40 8 to 20	(in years) 2014 N/A \$6,017 N/A 6,978 N/A 1,108 4 to 40 5,358 8 to 40 97,799 5 to 40 292,498 4 to 20 11,822 20 to 40 7,954 20 to 40 22,432 8 to 20 8,076 5 3,598 463,640 (98,388)

Of the gross property, plant and equipment balances at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$100.5 million and \$100.5 million, respectively, were related to AlaTenn, Midla and HPGT, our FERC regulated interstate and intrastate assets

Capitalized interest was \$0.1 million and less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Depreciation expense was \$6.5 million and \$5.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

9. Debt Obligations

As of March 31, 2014, the Partnership's Credit Agreement (the "Credit Agreement") provides for a maximum borrowing equal to \$200.0 million subject to, among other restrictions, the requirement that our indebtedness not exceed 5.75 times adjusted consolidated EBITDA. We can elect to have loans under our credit facility bear interest either at a Eurodollar-based rate plus a margin ranging from 1.50% to 3.75% depending on our total leverage ratio

then in effect, or a base rate which is a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the highest of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, (b) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Bank of America as its "prime rate", or (c) the Eurodollar Rate plus 1.00% plus a margin ranging from 2.50% to 4.75% depending on the total leverage ratio then in effect. We also paid a commitment fee of 0.50% per annum on the undrawn portion of the revolving loan.

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Our obligations under the credit facility are secured by a first mortgage in favor of the lenders in our real property. Advances made under the credit facility are guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by certain of our subsidiaries ("Guarantors"). These guarantees are full and unconditional and joint and several among the Guarantors. The terms of the new credit facility include covenants that restrict our ability to make cash distributions and acquisitions in some circumstances. The remaining principal balance of loans and any accrued and unpaid interest will be due and payable in full on the maturity date, August 1, 2016.

The credit facility also contains customary representations and warranties (including those relating to organization and authorization, compliance with laws, absence of defaults, material agreements and litigation) and customary events of default (including those relating to monetary defaults, covenant defaults, cross defaults and bankruptcy events). The primary financial covenants contained in the credit facility are i) a total consolidated leverage ratio test (not to exceed 5.75 times) and ii) a minimum interest coverage ratio test (not less than 2.50).

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the weighted average interest rate on borrowings under our credit facility was approximately 4.40% and 4.34%, respectively.

As of March 31, 2014, our consolidated total leverage was 3.13 times, which was in compliance with the consolidated total leverage ratio test in our credit facility, and we had approximately \$125.7 million of outstanding borrowings under our credit facility and approximately \$69.0 million of available borrowing capacity.

Other debt

Other debt represents insurance premium financing in the original amount of \$2.5 million bearing interest at 3.95% per annum, which is repayable in equal monthly installments of approximately \$0.3 million through the third quarter of 2014.

Our outstanding borrowings at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, were (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Revolving credit facility	\$125,650	\$130,735
Other debt	1,427	2,048
Total debt	127,077	132,783
Less: current portion	1,427	2,048
Long-term debt	\$125,650	\$130,735

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, letters of credit outstanding under the credit facility totaled \$5.4 million and \$4.8 million, respectively.

In connection with our credit facility and amendments thereto, we incurred \$6.6 million in debt issuance costs that are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the credit facility.

10. Partners' Capital and Convertible Preferred Units

Our capital accounts are comprised of approximately 1.3% general partner interest and 98.7% limited partner interests. Our limited partners have limited rights of ownership as provided for under our partnership agreement and the right to participate in our distributions. Our General Partner manages our operations and participates in our distributions, including certain incentive distributions pursuant to the IDRs that are non-voting limited partner rights held by our General Partner.

Series B Units

Effective January 31, 2014, the Partnership created and issued to its General Partner 1,168,225 Series B Units. The Series B Units participate in distributions of the Partnership along with common units, with such distributions being made in cash or as in-kind distributions at the election of the Partnership. The Series B Units are entitled to vote along with common unitholders and such units will automatically convert to common units two years after the issuance date. Proceeds from the issuance of the Series B Units were used to partially fund the Lavaca Acquisition. Equity Offering

On January 29, 2014, the Partnership and certain of its affiliates entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Barclays Capital Inc. and UBS Securities LLC (the "Underwriters"), providing for the issuance and sale by the Partnership, and the purchase by the Underwriter, of 3,400,000 common units representing limited partner interests in the

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Partnership at a price to the public of \$26.75 per common unit. The Partnership used the net proceeds of \$86.9 million to fund a portion of the Lavaca Acquisition.

General Partner Units

In connection with our equity offering, we received proceeds of \$1.3 million from our General Partner as consideration for 49,678 additional partner general units.

Issuance and Exercise of Warrant

Effective February 5, 2014, we issued to our General Partner a warrant to purchase up to 300,000 common units of the Partnership at an exercise price of \$0.01 per common unit (the "Warrant"). The Warrant was exercised on February 21, 2014, resulting in the issuance of approximately 300,000 common units. The value of the Warrant of \$7.2 million was determined based on the close price of \$23.89 of the common units on the exercise date.

The numbers of units outstanding as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, were as follows (in thousands):

	March 51,	December 31,
	2014	2013
Series A convertible preferred units	5,354	5,279
Series B convertible units	1,168	_
Limited partner common units	11,135	7,414
General partners units	235	185

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Net Income (Loss) attributable to Limited Partner Units

Net income (loss) is allocated to the General Partner and the limited partners in accordance with their respective ownership percentages, after giving effect to contractual distributions on Series A preferred convertible units, declared distributions on the Series B Units, limited partner and to the general partner units, including incentive distribution rights. Basic and diluted net income (loss) per limited partner unit is calculated by dividing limited partners' interest in net income (loss) by the weighted average number of outstanding limited partner units during the period. We compute earnings per unit using the two-class method. The two-class method requires that securities that meet the definition of a participating security be considered for inclusion in the computation of basic earnings per unit. Under the two-class method, earnings per unit is calculated as if all of the earnings for the period were distributed under the terms of the partnership agreement, regardless of whether the General Partner has discretion over the amount of distributions to be made in any particular period, whether those earnings would actually be distributed during a particular period from an economic or practical perspective, or whether the General Partner has other legal or contractual limitations on its ability to pay distributions that would prevent it from distributing all of the earnings for a particular period.

The two-class method does not impact our overall net income (loss) or other financial results; however, in periods in which aggregate net income exceeds our aggregate distributions for such period, it will have the impact of reducing net income (loss) per limited partner unit. This result occurs as a larger portion of our aggregate earnings, as if distributed, is allocated to the incentive distribution rights of the General Partner, even though we make distributions on the basis of available cash and not earnings. In periods in which our aggregate net income does not exceed our aggregate distributions for such period, the two-class method does not have any impact on our calculation of earnings per limited partner unit. We have no dilutive securities, therefore basic and diluted net income per unit are the same. We determined basic and diluted net income (loss) per limited partner unit as follows, (in thousands, except per unit amounts):

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	Three months ended March 31,		١,
	2014	2013	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	\$577	\$(3,471)
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	108	155	
Net income (loss) from continuing operations attributable to the Partnership	469	(3,626)
Less:			
Contractual distributions on Series A Units	3,182	_	
General partner's distribution	482	80	
General partner's share in undistributed loss	(106) (152)
Net loss from continuing operations available to limited partners	(3,089) (3,554)
Net (loss) income from operations of disposal groups, net of tax, available to	(68) 72	
limited partners	•	, ,2	
Net loss available to limited partners	\$(3,157) \$(3,482)
Weighted average number of units used in computation of limited partners' net (loss) income per unit (basic and diluted)	9,846	9,167	
Limited partners' net (loss) income per common unit			
Basic and diluted:			
Loss from continuing operations	\$(0.31) \$(0.39)
(Loss) income from discontinued operations	(0.01) 0.01	
Net loss	\$(0.32) \$(0.38)
Distributions			

We made distributions of \$6.7 million and \$4.0 million, inclusive of distributions of \$0.4 million and zero in respect of our General Partner's incentive distribution rights, in the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. We depend on our credit facility for future capital needs and may use it to fund a portion of cash distributions to unitholders, as necessary, depending on the level of our operating cashflow.

For the Series A Unit distributions for the quarter ended as of March 31, 2014, we have accrued \$1.3 million for the cash portion of the distribution and \$1.8 million for the paid-in-kind Series A Units. The distributions will be made in the second quarter of 2014.

11. Long-Term Incentive Plan

Our General Partner manages our operations and activities and employs the personnel who provide support to our operations. The board of directors of our General Partner provides a long-term incentive plan ("LTIP") for its employees, consultants and directors who perform services for it or its affiliates. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, 684,217 and 855,089 units, respectively, were available for future grant under the LTIP.

Ownership in the awards is subject to forfeiture until the vesting date. The LTIP is administered by the board of directors of our General Partner which, at its discretion, may elect to settle such vested phantom units with a number of units equivalent to the fair market value at the date of vesting in lieu of cash. Although our General Partner has the option to settle in cash upon the vesting of phantom units, it does not currently intend to settle these awards in cash. Although other types of awards are contemplated under the LTIP, all currently outstanding awards are phantom units without distribution equivalent rights.

Generally, grants issued under the LTIP vest in increments of 25% on each of the first four anniversary dates of the date of the grant and do not contain any other restrictive conditions related to vesting other than continued employment.

The following table summarizes our unit-based awards for each of the periods indicated, in units:

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	Three months ended March 31,		
	2014	2013	
Outstanding at beginning of period	75,529	90,938	
Granted	174,691	23,921	
Forfeited		(2,427)
Vested	(24,933) (10,483)
Outstanding at end of period	225,287	101,949	
Fair value per unit	\$24.05 to	\$13.36 to	
Tan value per unit	\$26.71	\$21.40	

The fair value of our phantom units, which are subject to equity classification, is based on the fair value of our units at the grant date. Compensation costs related to these awards, including amortization, for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were \$0.4 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, which are classified as equity compensation expense in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and the non-cash portion in partners' capital on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The total fair value of vested units at the time of vesting was \$0.6 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The total compensation cost related to unvested awards not yet recognized at March 31, 2014 and 2013 was \$4.1 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, and the weighted average period over which this cost is expected to be recognized as of March 31, 2014 is approximately 3.4 years.

12. Income Taxes

The Partnership is not a taxable entity for U.S. federal income tax purposes or for the majority of states that impose an income tax. Taxes on our net income generally are borne by our unitholders through the allocation of taxable income. However, one of our subsidiaries, Blackwater, is a taxable entity. Partnership income tax for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was a benefit of less than \$0.1 million, resulting in an effective tax rate of 1.9%.

The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014, differs from the statutory rate primarily due to transactions between the Partnership and its taxable subsidiary that generate tax deductions for the taxable subsidiary and are eliminated in the consolidation of Net income (loss) before income tax benefit.

13. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal proceedings

On September 5, 2013, HPIP, our General Partner and the Partnership were named as defendants in an action filed by AIM challenging the Equity Restructuring. AIM Midstream Holdings, LLC v. High Point Infrastructure Partners, LLC, American Midstream GP, LLC and American Midstream Partners, LP (Civil Action No. 8803-VCP) was filed in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware. Among claims against the other parties to the litigation, the action asserts a claim of tortious interference with contract against the Partnership and sought either rescission of the Partnership's equity restructuring agreement executed on August 9, 2013 or, in the alternative, monetary damages.

On February 5, 2014, we, HPIP and our General Partner entered into a settlement (the "Settlement") with AIM Midstream Holdings regarding the action filed in Delaware Chancery Court by AIM Midstream Holdings. Under the Settlement, among other things:

- · HPIP and AIM Midstream Holdings amended the LLC Amendment to, among other things, amend the Sharing Percentages (as defined therein) such that HPIP's sharing percentage thereafter is 95% and AIM Midstream Holdings's Sharing Percentage is 5%;
- · HPIP transferred all of the 85.02% of our outstanding new IDRs held by HPIP to our General Partner such that our General Partner owns 100% of the outstanding new IDRs; and

we issued to AIM Midstream Holdings a warrant to purchase up to 300,000 common units of the Partnership at an exercise price of \$0.01 per common unit, which Warrant, among other terms, i) was exercisable at any time on or after February 8, 2014 until the tenth anniversary of February 5, 2014, ii) contained cashless exercise provisions and iii) contains customary anti-dilution and other protections. The Warrant was exercised on February 21, 2014.

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Environmental matters

We are subject to federal and state laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment. Environmental risk is inherent to natural gas pipeline and processing operations, and we could, at times, be subject to environmental cleanup and enforcement actions. We attempt to manage this environmental risk through appropriate environmental policies and practices to minimize any impact our operations may have on the environment.

Commitments and contractual obligations

Future non-cancelable commitments related to certain contractual obligations as of March 31, 2014 are presented below (in thousands):

	Payments Due by Period						
	Total	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Thereafter
Operating leases and service contracts (a)	\$5,737	\$732	\$951	\$776	\$782	\$724	\$1,772
Asset retirement obligations	34,827			7,867			26,960
Total	\$						