GENERAL ELECTRIC CO Form 10-Q/A January 19, 2007

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A Amendment No. 1 to Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

þ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

OR

"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____

Commission file number 1-35

GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

14-0689340

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

3135 Easton Turnpike, Fairfield, CT

(Address of principal executive offices)

06828-0001

(Zip Code)

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code) (203) 373-2211

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer b Accelerated filer " Non-accelerated filer "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes "No b

There were 10,323,359,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.06 per share outstanding at June 30, 2006.

(1)

General Electric Company

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Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains "forward-looking statements" - that is, statements related to future, not past, events. In this context, forward-looking statements often address our expected future business and financial performance, and often contain words such as "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," or "will." Forward-looking statements nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain. For us, particular uncertainties which could adversely or positively affect our future results include: the behavior of financial markets, including fluctuations in interest rates and commodity prices; strategic actions, including dispositions; future integration of acquired businesses; future financial performance of major industries which we serve, including, without limitation, the air and rail transportation, energy generation, media, real estate and healthcare industries; unanticipated loss development in our insurance businesses; and numerous other matters of national, regional and global scale, including those of a political, economic, business, competitive and regulatory nature. These uncertainties may cause our actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in our forward-looking statements. We do not undertake to update our forward-looking statements.

(2)

Explanatory Note

Overview

General Electric Company (GE) is filing this amendment to its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2006, to amend and restate financial statements and other financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The restatement adjusts our accounting for interest rate swap transactions related to a portion of the commercial paper issued by General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC) and General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS), each a wholly-owned subsidiaries of GE, from January 1, 2001, the date we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended. The restatement has no effect on our cash flows or liquidity, and its effects on our financial position at the ends of the respective restated periods are immaterial. We have not found that any of our hedge positions were inconsistent with our risk management policies or economic objectives.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, this non-cash restatement had the following earnings effects:

	Effects of Correction										
	7	Three mo Jun	nths en e 30	nded		Six months en June 30	ded				
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006	2005				
Increase (decrease) in earnings from											
continuing operations	\$	94	\$	(139)	\$	229 \$	86				

Background

As previously disclosed, the Boston Office of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) is conducting a formal investigation of our application of SFAS 133. In the course of that investigation, the SEC Enforcement staff raised certain concerns about our accounting for the use of interest rate swaps to fix certain otherwise variable interest costs in a portion of our commercial paper program at GECC and GECS. The SEC Enforcement staff referred such concerns to the Office of Chief Accountant. We and our auditors determined that our accounting for the commercial paper hedging program satisfied the requirements of SFAS 133 and conveyed our views to the staff of the Office of Chief Accountant. Following our discussions, however, the Office of Chief Accountant communicated its view to us that our commercial paper hedging program as structured did not meet the SFAS 133 specificity requirement.

(3)

After considering the staff's view, management recommended to the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors that previously reported financial results be restated to eliminate hedge accounting for the interest rate swaps entered into as part of our commercial paper hedging program from January 1, 2001. The Audit Committee discussed and agreed with this recommendation. At a meeting on January 18, 2007, the Board of Directors adopted the recommendation of the Audit Committee and determined that previously reported results for GE should be restated and, therefore, that the previously filed financial statements and other financial information referred to above should not be relied upon. The restatement resulted from a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting, namely, that we did not have adequately designed procedures to designate, with the specificity required under SFAS 133, each hedged commercial paper transaction.

As of January 1, 2007, we modified our commercial paper hedging program and adopted documentation for interest rate swaps that we believe complies with the requirements of SFAS 133 and remediated the related internal control weakness.

The SEC investigation into our application of SFAS 133 and hedge accounting is continuing. We continue to cooperate fully.

Amendment to this Form 10-Q

The following sections of this Form 10-Q have been revised to reflect the restatement: Part I - Item 1 - Financial Statements, - Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Financial Condition and Operations, and - Item 4 - Controls and Procedures; and Part II - Item 6 - Exhibits are revised in this filing to reflect the restatement. Except to the extent relating to the restatement of our financial statements and other financial information described above, the financial statements and other disclosure in this Form 10-Q do not reflect any events that have occurred after this Form 10-Q was initially filed on July 24, 2006.

Effects of Restatement

The following tables set forth the effects of the restatement relating to the aforementioned hedge accounting on affected line items within our previously reported Statements of Earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The restatement has no effect on our cash flows or liquidity, and its effects on our financial position at the ends of the respective restated periods are immaterial.

(4)

Effects on Statements of Earnings

	Three mo Jur	nths ene 30	nded	Six months ended June 30			
Income (expense) (In millions; per share amounts in dollars)	2006		2005	2006		2005	
Consolidated							
Commercial paper interest rate swap							
adjustment (note 1) (a) \$	148	\$	(239)	\$ 356	\$	119	
Interest and other financial charges	6		11	19		23	
Earnings from continuing operations before							
income taxes	154		(228)	375		142	
Provision for income taxes	(60)		89	(146)		(56)	
Earnings from continuing operations	94		(139)	229		86	
Net earnings	94		(139)	229		86	

(a) Included in total revenues.

	Three months ended June 30					Six mont Jun	ded		
		2006 2005		2006			2005		
Per share amounts - earnings from continuing operations									
Diluted, as reported	\$	0.47	\$	0.41	\$	0.85	\$	0.75	
Adjustment		0.01		(0.01)		0.02		-	
Diluted, as restated	\$	0.48	\$	0.40	\$	0.87	\$	0.75	
Basic, as reported	\$	0.47	\$	0.41	\$	0.86	\$	0.75	
Adjustment		0.01		(0.01)		0.02		0.01	
Basic, as restated	\$	0.48	\$	0.40	\$	0.88	\$	0.76	
Per share amounts - net earnings									
Diluted, as reported	\$	0.47	\$	0.44	\$	0.88	\$	0.81	
Adjustment		0.01		(0.02)		0.02		0.01	
Diluted, as restated	\$	0.48	\$	0.42	\$	0.90	\$	0.82	
Basic, as reported	\$	0.47	\$	0.44	\$	0.88	\$	0.81	
Adjustment		0.01		(0.01)		0.02		0.01	
Basic, as restated	\$	0.48	\$	0.43	\$	0.90	\$	0.82	

	Three mo	onths e ne 30	nded	Six months ended June 30			
Income (expense) (In millions; per share amounts in dollars)	2006		2005	2006		2005	
(in mittons, per state amounts in dottars)	2000		2003	2000		2003	
GECS							
Commercial paper interest rate swap							
adjustment (note 1) ^(a)	148	\$	(239)	\$ 356	\$	119	
Interest and other financial charges	6		11	19		23	
Earnings from continuing operations before							
income taxes	154		(228)	375		142	
Provision for income taxes	(60)		89	(146)		(56)	
Earnings from continuing operations	94		(139)	229		86	
Net earnings	94		(139)	229		86	

(a) Included in total revenues.

For additional information relating to the effect of the restatement, see the following items:

Part I

Item 1 - Financial Statements

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Part II:

Item 6 - Exhibits

In light of the restatement, readers should not rely on our previously filed financial statements and other financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

(6)

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Condensed Statement of Earnings General Electric Company and consolidated affiliates

Three months ended June 30 (Unaudited)

	Financial								ıl			
		Consolidated GE						Services				
(In millions; per-share amounts in		2006		2005		2006	_	2005		2006	(0 -	2005
dollars)	(F	Restated)	(R	lestated)	(R	Restated)	(R	Restated)	(F	Restated)	(F	Restated)
,	`	,		,		,	`	,	`	,	`	,
Sales of goods	\$	16,524	\$	14,749	\$	15,993	\$	14,101	\$	712	\$	664
Sales of services		8,373		8,240		8,455		8,307		-		-
Other income		657		596		695		624		-		-
GECS earnings from continuing		-		-		2,594		1,889		-		-
operations												
GECS revenues from services		14,346		12,954		-		-		14,595		13,297
GECS commercial paper interest rate	•	148		(239)		-		-		148		(239)
swap adjustment												
Total revenues		40,048		36,300		27,737		24,921		15,455		13,722
Cost of goods sold		12,827		11,425		12,350		10,812		659		628
Cost of services sold		5,316		5,171		5,397		5,238		-		_
Interest and other financial charges		4,527		3,775		486		336		4,196		3,592
Investment contracts, insurance		.,		-,						.,-> -		-,
losses and												
insurance annuity benefits		793		799		_		_		831		850
Provision for losses on financing		896		958		_		_		896		958
receivables		0,0		,,,						0,0		,,,,
Other costs and expenses		9,406		8,741		3,647		3,266		5,853		5,643
Minority interest in net earnings of		,		,		,		,		,		,
consolidated affiliates		235		290		186		249		49		41
Total costs and expenses		34,000		31,159		22,066		19,901		12,484		11,712
Earnings from continuing operations												
before income taxes		6,048		5,141		5,671		5,020		2,971		2,010
Provision for income taxes		(1,100)		(904)		(723)		(783)		(377)		(121)
Earnings from continuing operations		4,948		4,237		4,948		4,237		2,594		1,889
Earnings (loss) from discontinued		1,240		1,237		1,240		1,237		2,377		1,007
operations,												
net of taxes		(2)		271		(2)		271		(2)		271
Net earnings	\$	4,946	\$	4,508	\$	4,946	\$	4,508	\$	2,592	\$	2,160
1,00 0411111150	Ψ	1,270	Ψ	1,500	Ψ	1,270	Ψ	1,500	Ψ	2,372	Ψ	2,100

Per-share amounts

Per-share amounts - earnings from

continuing operations Diluted earnings per share Basic earnings per share	\$ \$	0.48 0.48	\$ \$	0.40 0.40
Per-share amounts - net earnings Diluted earnings per share Basic earnings per share	\$ \$	0.48 0.48	\$ \$	0.42 0.43
Dividends declared per share	\$	0.25	\$	0.22

See notes to condensed, consolidated financial statements. Separate information is shown for "GE" and "Financial Services (GECS)." Transactions between GE and GECS have been eliminated from the "Consolidated" columns.

(7)

Condensed Statement of Earnings General Electric Company and consolidated affiliates

Six months ended June 30 (Unaudited)

Consider Consider					SIX IIIC	mun	is ended J	une	SU (Unai	Jan				
(In millions); per-share amounts in dollars) 2006 (Restated) 2005 (Restated) 2006 (Restated) 2006 (Restated) 2006 (Restated) 2006 (Restated) 2008 (Restated) 2008 (Restated) CRestated) CRESTate (Restated)														
Restated Restated														
Sales of goods \$ 31,059 \$ 28,405 \$ 30,019 \$ 27,089 \$ 1,267 \$ 1,338 Sales of services 17,322 15,989 17,515 16,152 Other income 1,108 1,108 11,174 1954 Other income 1,108 1,108 11,174 1954 1 Other income 1,108 1,107 1,10	•													
Sales of services 17,322 15,989 17,515 16,152	dollars)	(R	Restated)	(F	Restated)	(R	Restated)	(F	Restated)	(F	Restated)	(F	Restated)	
Other income GECS earnings from continuing operations 1,108 913 1,174 954 -<		\$	*	\$	•	\$		\$	-	\$	1,267	\$	1,338	
GECS earnings from continuing operations CECS revenues from services 28,232 25,582 - - 28,721 26,228			•		15,989		17,515		16,152		-		-	
Operations GECS revenues from services GECS commercial paper interest rate swap adjustment 28,232 25,582 28,721 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 119 356 356 119 356 356 119 356 357,07 356 356 357,07 357,0	Other income		1,108		913		,				-		-	
GECS revenues from services 28,232 25,582 - 28,721 26,228 GECS commercial paper interest rate swap adjustment 356 119 356 119 Total revenues 78,077 71,008 53,707 48,172 30,344 27,685 Cost of goods sold 24,483 22,031 23,538 20,789 1,172 1,263 Cost of services sold 11,321 10,107 11,514 10,270 - - Interest and other financial charges Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits 1,542 1,626 - - 1,636 1,716 Provision for losses on financing receivables 1,718 1,860 - - 1,718 1,860 Other costs and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 <td>GECS earnings from continuing</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>4,999</td> <td></td> <td>3,977</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	GECS earnings from continuing		-		-		4,999		3,977		-		-	
Cost of goods sold 24,483 22,031 23,538 20,789 1,172 1,263	•													
Swap adjustment Total revenues 78,077 71,008 53,707 48,172 30,344 27,685			-				-		-		,			
Total revenues 78,077 71,008 53,707 48,172 30,344 27,685 Cost of goods sold 24,483 22,031 23,538 20,789 1,172 1,263 Cost of services sold 11,321 10,107 11,514 10,270 - - Interest and other financial charges Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits 8,875 7,434 870 717 8,290 6,994 Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits 1,542 1,626 - - 1,636 1,716 Provision for losses on financing roll insurance annuity benefits 1,718 1,860 - - 1,718 1,860 receivables Other costs and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes		•	356		119						356		119	
Cost of goods sold 24,483 22,031 23,538 20,789 1,172 1,263 Cost of services sold 11,321 10,107 11,514 10,270 Interest and other financial charges 8,875 7,434 870 717 8,290 6,994 Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits 1,542 1,626 1,636 1,716 Provision for losses on financing 1,718 1,860 1,718 1,860 Provision for losses on financing 1,718 1,860 1,718 1,860 Cost of services and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued 261 676 261 676 261 676 operations, net of taxes Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76	- ·													
Cost of services sold	Total revenues		78,077		71,008		53,707		48,172		30,344		27,685	
Interest and other financial charges 8,875 7,434 870 717 8,290 6,994	Cost of goods sold		24,483		22,031		23,538		20,789		1,172		1,263	
Investment contracts, insurance losses and insurance annuity benefits	Cost of services sold		11,321		10,107		11,514		10,270		-		-	
Insurance annuity benefits	Interest and other financial charges		8,875		7,434		870		717		8,290		6,994	
insurance annuity benefits 1,542 1,626 - - 1,636 1,716 Provision for losses on financing receivables 1,718 1,860 - - 1,718 1,860 Other costs and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 5,260 4,653 Per-share amounts 9,386 8,698 </td <td></td>														
Provision for losses on financing receivables 1,718 1,860 - - 1,718 1,860 receivables Other costs and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 5,260 4,653 Per-share amounts 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 5,260 4,653 Per-share amounts per share 0,88 0,75 8,022			1.540		1.606						1.606		1.716	
Content Cont	· ·		*		•		-		-				-	
Other costs and expenses 18,443 17,589 7,043 6,577 11,576 11,333 Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations 0.87 0.75 8 0.75 8 0.75 8 0.75 8 0.86 0.75 8 0.75 8 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0	——————————————————————————————————————		1,/18		1,860		-		-		1,/18		1,860	
Minority interest in net earnings of consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 261 676 261 676 261 676 676 261 676 261 676 676 261 676 676 261 676 676 261 676			10 442		17.500		7.042		6.500		11.576		11 222	
consolidated affiliates 473 506 349 435 124 71 Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued 261 676 261 676 261 676 operations, net of taxes 9,386 8,698 9,386 8,698 5,260 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations 0.87 0.75 8 0.76 Basic earnings per share 0.88 0.76 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75			18,443		17,589		7,043		6,5//		11,5/6		11,333	
Total costs and expenses 66,855 61,153 43,314 38,788 24,516 23,237 Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes 11,222 9,855 10,393 9,384 5,828 4,448 Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 261 676 261 676 261 676 Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations 0.87 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.76 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75 \$ 0.75	•		472		506		240		125		104		71	
Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes														
before income taxes	Total costs and expenses		00,833		61,153		43,314		38,/88		24,516		23,237	
Provision for income taxes (2,097) (1,833) (1,268) (1,362) (829) (471) Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes 261 676 261 676 261 676 Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings														
Earnings from continuing operations 9,125 8,022 9,125 8,022 4,999 3,977 Earnings from discontinued 261 676 261 676 261 676 operations, net of taxes Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings			•		•				-					
Earnings from discontinued 261 676 261 676 261 676 operations, net of taxes Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings											, ,			
operations, net of taxes Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings			-										-	
Net earnings \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 9,386 \$ 8,698 \$ 5,260 \$ 4,653 Per-share amounts Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings	•		261		676		261		676		261		676	
Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings	•													
Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings	Net earnings	\$	9,386	\$	8,698	\$	9,386	\$	8,698	\$	5,260	\$	4,653	
Per-share amounts - earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings	Per-share amounts													
continuing operations Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings	Per-share amounts - earnings from													
Diluted earnings per share \$ 0.87 \$ 0.75 Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings														
Basic earnings per share \$ 0.88 \$ 0.76 Per-share amounts - net earnings		\$	0.87	\$	0.75									
	Per-share amounts - net earnings													
	_	\$	0.90	\$	0.82									
Basic earnings per share \$ 0.90 \$ 0.82														

Dividends declared per share \$ 0.50 \$ 0.44

See notes to condensed, consolidated financial statements. Separate information is shown for "GE" and "Financial Services (GECS)." Transactions between GE and GECS have been eliminated from the "Consolidated" columns.

(8)

Condensed Statement of Financial Position General Electric Company and consolidated affiliates

					Fina	ncial			
	Conso	lidated	G	E	Services	(GECS)			
	6/30/06	12/31/05	6/30/06	12/31/05	6/30/06	12/31/05			
(In millions; except share amounts)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)			
	11.000	Φ 0.005	ф. 1 <i>7</i> ((Φ 2.015	Ф 0.404	Ф 7.120			
Cash and equivalents	,	\$ 8,825	•	\$ 2,015		\$ 7,130			
Investment securities	45,021	42,148	469	461	44,559	41,710			
Current receivables	12,043	14,851	12,255	15,058	-	_			
Inventories	11,744	10,474	11,579	10,315	165	159			
Financing receivables - net	303,899	287,639	-	-	303,899	287,639			
Other GECS receivables	15,732	14,332	-	-	20,282	18,625			
Property, plant and equipment (including									
equipment leased to others) - net	71,005	67,528	16,724	16,504	54,281	51,024			
Investment in GECS	_	-	48,608	50,812	-	-			
Intangible assets - net	85,583	81,630	60,719	57,839	24,864	23,791			
All other assets	91,221	84,828	36,641	36,752	55,702	49,440			
Assets of discontinued operations	15,090	61,066	50,041	30,732	15,090	61,066			
•	-	-		¢ 190.756	•				
Total assets	6 662,437	\$ 673,321	\$ 100,701	\$ 189,756	\$ 528,326	\$ 540,584			
8	5 157,449	\$ 158,156		\$ 1,127	\$ 156,327	\$ 157,672			
Accounts payable, principally trade	19,446	21,183	10,577	11,870	12,848	13,043			
accounts	4.700	1 150	4.700	1 150					
Progress collections and price adjustments accrued	4,708	4,456	4,708	4,456	-	-			
Other GE current liabilities	21,020	21,042	21,020	21,059	-	-			
Long-term borrowings	236,935	212,281	9,090	9,081	229,033	204,397			
Investment contracts, insurance									
liabilities									
and insurance annuity benefits	34,491	33,097	-	-	34,872	33,387			
All other liabilities	40,933	39,966	23,328	23,273	17,702	16,787			
Deferred income taxes	15,432	16,208	3,750	3,733	11,682	12,475			
Liabilities of discontinued	14,957	49,527	_	_	14,959	49,763			
operations	ŕ	,			,	,			
Total liabilities	545,371	555,916	73,990	74,599	477,423	487,524			
Minority interest in equity of	8,274	8,054	5,979	5,806	2,295	2,248			
consolidated affiliates									
Common stock (10,323,359,000									
and 10,484,268,000									
shares outstanding at June 30, 2006									
and									
December 31, 2005, respectively)	669	669	669	669	1	1			
Accumulated gains (losses) - net									
Investment securities	453	1,831	453	1,831	381	1,754			
Currency translation adjustments	4,267	2,532	4,267	2,532	3,435	2,287			
,	,	,· -	,	, —	- ,	,			

Cash flow hedges Minimum pension liabilities Other capital Retained earnings	27 (917) 25,482 101,817	(352) (874) 25,227 97,644	27 (917) 25,482 101,817	(352) (874) 25,227 97,644	23 (192) 12,524 32,436	(343) (179) 12,386 34,906
Less common stock held in treasury	(23,006)	(17,326)	(23,006)	(17,326)	-	-
Total shareowners' equity	108,792	109,351	108,792	109,351	48,608	50,812
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 662,437	\$ 673,321 \$	188,761	\$ 189,756 \$	528,326	\$ 540,584

The sum of accumulated gains (losses) on investment securities, currency translation adjustments, cash flow hedges and minimum pension liabilities constitutes "Accumulated nonowner changes other than earnings," and amounted to \$3,830 million and \$3,137 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

See notes to condensed, consolidated financial statements. Separate information is shown for "GE" and "Financial Services (GECS)." June 30, 2006, data are unaudited. Transactions between GE and GECS have been eliminated from the "Consolidated" columns.

(9)

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows General Electric Company and consolidated affiliates

Six months ended June 30 (Unaudited)

					Fina	ncial
	Consol	idated	G	E	Services	(GECS)
	2006	2005 (Pastatad) ^(a)	2006 (Restated)	2005 (Dantata d)	2006	2005
(In millions)	(Restated) ^(a)	(Restated) ^(a)	(Restated) ^{(a}	(Restated) (a)	(Restated) ^(a)	(Restated)
Cash flows - operating activities						
Net earnings	\$ 9,386	\$ 8,698	\$ 9,386	\$ 8,698	\$ 5,260	\$ 4,653
Earnings from discontinued operations	(261)	(676)	-	-	(261)	(676)
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings						
to cash						
provided from operating activities						
Depreciation and amortization of						
property,						
plant and equipment	4,378	4,266	1,300	1,225	3,078	3,041
Earnings retained by GECS	-	-	2,330	(2,814)	-	-
Deferred income taxes	395	(493)	55	(87)	340	(406)
Decrease in GE current receivables	2,931	1,544	2,925	1,663	-	-
Increase in inventories	(1,467)	(613)	(1,461)	(583)	(6)	(30)
Decrease in accounts payable	(1,537)	(1,401)	(915)	(1,228)	(373)	(71)
Increase in GE progress collections	246	110	246	110	-	-
Provision for losses on GECS	1,718	1,860	-	-	1,718	1,860
financing receivables						
All other operating activities	(3,576)	(34)	457	1,043	(974)	(525)
Cash from operating activities -	12,213	13,261	14,323	8,027	8,782	7,846
continuing operations						
Cash from (used for) operating	(9)	2,407	_	-	(9)	2,407
activities - discontinued operations						
Cash from operating activities	12,204	15,668	14,323	8,027	8,773	10,253
Cash flows - investing activities						
Additions to property, plant and	(7,384)	(6,141)	(1,497)	(1,049)	(5,887)	(5,092)
equipment						
Dispositions of property, plant and	2,930	3,071	-	-	2,896	3,075
equipment						
Net decrease (increase) in GECS	(15,483)	4,249	-	-	(15,483)	4,249
financing receivables						
Payments for principal businesses	(7,000)	(10,341)	(3,491)	(3,499)	(3,509)	(6,842)
purchased	0.110	2 402			0.110	2 402
Proceeds from sales of discontinued	8,112	3,403	-	-	8,112	3,403
operations	1.065	(1.0(2)	1 402	607	(2.401)	(2.504)
All other investing activities	1,965	(1,263)	1,403	687	(2,481)	(2,584)
Cash used for investing activities -	(16,860)	(7,022)	(3,585)	(3,861)	(16,352)	(3,791)
continuing operations	(2.550)	(1 121)			(2.550)	(1 121)
Cash used for investing activities -	(2,558)	(1,131)	-	-	(2,558)	(1,131)
discontinued operations						

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Cash used for investing activities	(19,418)	(8,153)	(3,585)	(3,861)	(18,910)	(4,922)
Cash flows - financing activities						
Net increase (decrease) in borrowings	(3,312)	(5,667)	561	48	(4,127)	(5,801)
(maturities of 90 days or less)						
Newly issued debt (maturities longer	44,178	40,526	64	87	43,974	40,378
than 90 days)						
Repayments and other reductions (maturities longer than 90 days)	(21,935)	(38,191)	(148)	(692)	(21,787)	(37,499)
Net purchases of GE treasury shares	(6,217)	(389)	(6,217)	(389)	-	-
Dividends paid to shareowners	(5,247)	(4,677)	(5,247)	(4,677)	(7,590)	(1,839)
All other financing activities	(546)	(860)	-	-	(546)	(860)
Cash from (used for) financing	6,921	(9,258)	(10,987)	(5,623)	9,924	(5,621)
activities - continuing operations						
Cash used for financing activities -	(256)	(691)	-	-	(256)	(691)
discontinued operations						
Cash from (used for) financing	6,665	(9,949)	(10,987)	(5,623)	9,668	(6,312)
activities						
Decrease in cash and equivalents	(549)	(2,434)	(249)	(1,457)	(469)	(981)
Cash and equivalents at beginning of	11,801	15,328	2,015	3,155	10,106	12,367
year						
Cash and equivalents at June 30	11,252	12,894	1,766	1,698	9,637	11,386
Less cash and equivalents of	153	3,852	-	-	153	3,852
discontinued operations at June 30						
Cash and equivalents of continuing operations at June 30	\$ 11,099	\$ 9,042	\$ 1,766	\$ 1,698	\$ 9,484	\$ 7,534

See notes to condensed, consolidated financial statements. Separate information is shown for "GE" and "Financial Services (GECS)." Transactions between GE and GECS have been eliminated from the "Consolidated" columns. (a) Certain individual line items within cash from operating activities have been restated.

(10)

Summary of Operating Segments General Electric Company and consolidated affiliates

	Three mor June 30 (U	dited)	Six mont June 30 (U	dited)
(In millions)	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues				
Infrastructure	\$ 11,332	\$ 10,221	\$ 21,484	\$ 19,595
Industrial	8,788	8,253	16,928	15,921
Healthcare	4,156	3,768	7,815	7,089
NBC Universal	3,858	3,858	8,340	7,459
Commercial Finance	5,527	4,929	11,011	10,001
Consumer Finance	5,268	4,928	10,358	9,617
Total segment revenues	38,929	35,957	75,936	69,682
Corporate items and eliminations, as	1,119	343	2,141	1,326
restated				
Consolidated revenues	\$ 40,048	\$ 36,300	\$ 78,077	\$ 71,008
Segment profit (a)				
Infrastructure	\$ 2,107	\$ 1,916	\$ 3,810	\$ 3,456
Industrial	729	635	1,329	1,161
Healthcare	795	672	1,291	1,081
NBC Universal	882	979	1,536	1,688
Commercial Finance	1,057	872	2,231	1,798
Consumer Finance	880	735	1,716	1,470
Total segment profit	6,450	5,809	11,913	10,654
Corporate items and eliminations, as	(293)	(453)	(650)	(553)
restated				
GE interest and other financial charges	(486)	(336)	(870)	(717)
GE provision for income taxes	(723)	(783)	(1,268)	(1,362)
Earnings from continuing operations	4,948	4,237	9,125	8,022
Earnings (loss) from discontinued				
operations,				
net of taxes	(2)	271	261	676
Consolidated net earnings	\$ 4,946	\$ 4,508	\$ 9,386	\$ 8,698

⁽a) Segment profit always excludes the effects of principal pension plans, results reported as discontinued operations and accounting changes, and may exclude matters such as charges for restructuring; rationalization and other similar expenses; in-process research and development and certain other acquisition-related charges and balances; technology and product development costs; certain gains and losses from dispositions; and litigation settlements or other charges, responsibility for which preceded the current management team. Segment profit excludes or includes interest and other financial charges and income taxes according to how a particular segment's management is measured - excluded in determining segment profit, which we refer to

as "operating profit," for Healthcare, NBC Universal and the industrial businesses of the Infrastructure and Industrial segments; included in determining segment profit, which we refer to as "net earnings," for Commercial Finance, Consumer Finance, and the financial services businesses of the Infrastructure segment (Aviation Financial Services, Energy Financial Services and Transportation Finance) and the Industrial segment (Equipment Services).

(11)

Notes to Condensed, Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. 2007 Restatement

General Electric Company (GE) is filing this amendment to its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2006, to amend and restate financial statements and other financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The restatement adjusts our accounting for interest rate swap transactions related to a portion of the commercial paper issued by General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC) and General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS), each wholly-owned subsidiaries, from January 1, 2001, the date we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended. The restatement has no effect on our cash flows or liquidity, and its effects on our financial position at the ends of the respective periods are immaterial.

Background

As previously disclosed, the Boston Office of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) is conducting a formal investigation of our application of SFAS No. 133. In the course of that investigation, the SEC Enforcement staff raised certain concerns about our accounting for the use of interest rate swaps to fix certain otherwise variable interest costs in a portion of our commercial paper program at GECC and GECS. The SEC Enforcement staff referred such concerns to the Office of Chief Accountant. We and our auditors determined that our accounting for the commercial paper hedging program satisfied the requirements of SFAS 133 and conveyed our views to the staff of the Office of Chief Accountant. Following our discussions, however, the Office of Chief Accountant communicated its view to us that our commercial paper hedging program as structured did not meet the SFAS 133 specificity requirement

After considering the staff's view, management recommended to the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors that previously reported financial results be restated to eliminate hedge accounting for the interest rate swaps entered into as part of our commercial paper hedging program from January 1, 2001. The Audit Committee discussed and agreed with this recommendation. At a meeting on January 18, 2007, the Board of Directors adopted the recommendation of the Audit Committee and determined that previously reported results for GE should be restated and, therefore, that the previously filed financial statements and other financial information referred to above should not be relied upon. The restatement resulted from a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting, namely, that we did not have adequately designed procedures to designate, with the specificity required under SFAS 133, each hedged commercial paper transaction.

The SEC investigation into our application of SFAS 133 and hedge accounting is continuing. We continue to cooperate fully.

(12)

Effects of the restatement by line item follow:

GECS

		20		ee mon June	nths ended te 30 2005					Six months ended June 30 2006 2005								
(In millions; per share amounts in dollars) (unaudited)	prev	As riously orted		As stated	-	As viously ported		As stated	_	As eviously ported		As estated	pre	As viously oorted		As stated		
Statement of Earnings																		
Consolidated GECS commercia paper interest rate swap adjustment (Interest and other financial charges Earnings from continuing operations	a) \$	4,533	\$	148 4,527	\$	3,786	\$	(239) 3,775	\$	8,894	\$	356 8,875	\$	- 7,457	\$	119 7,434		
before income		5,894		6,048		5,369		5,141		10,847		11,222		9,713		9,855		
taxes Provision for income taxes	(1,040)		(1,100)		(993)		(904)		(1,951)		(2,097)		(1,777)		(1,833)		
Earnings from continuing		4,854		4,948		4,376		4,237		8,896		9,125		7,936		8,022		
operations Net earnings		4,852		4,946		4,647		4,508		9,157		9,386		8,612		8,698		
(a) Include	d in to	otal revo	enue	S.														
Per share amounts Earnings from continuing operations Diluted earnings per share Basic earnings per share	\$	0.47 0.47	\$	0.48 0.48	\$	6 0.41 0.41	\$	0.40	\$	0.85	\$	0.87	\$	0.75 0.75	\$	0.75 0.76		
Net earnings Diluted earnings per share Basic earnings per share	\$	0.47	\$	0.48 0.48	\$	0.44	\$	0.43	\$	0.88	\$	0.90	\$	0.81 0.81	\$	0.82 0.82		

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GECS commercial								
paper interest rate								
swap adjustment (a) \$	-	\$ 148 \$	- \$	(239) \$	- \$	356 \$	- \$	119
Interest and other	4,202	4,196	3,603	3,592	8,309	8,290	7,017	6,994
financial charges								
Earnings from								
continuing								
operations								
before income	2,817	2,971	2,238	2,010	5,453	5,828	4,306	4,448
taxes								
Provision for	(317)	(377)	(210)	(121)	(683)	(829)	(415)	(471)
income taxes								
Earnings from	2,500	2,594	2,028	1,889	4,770	4,999	3,891	3,977
continuing								
operations								
Net earnings	2,498	2,592	2,299	2,160	5,031	5,260	4,567	4,653

(a) Included in total revenues.

(13)

		6/30	/06			12/31	1/05	
		As				As		
	_	eviously		As	-	eviously		As
(In millions) (unaudited)	r	eported	Ì	restated		eported	r	estated
Statement of Financial Position								
Consolidated								
All other assets	\$	91,199	\$	91,221	\$	84,849	\$	84,828
Total assets		662,415		662,437		673,342		673,321
Accounts payable		19,315		19,446		21,183		21,183
Other liabilities		40,910		40,933		39,966		39,966
Deferred income taxes		15,583		15,432		16,226		16,208
Total liabilities		545,368		545,371		555,934		555,916
Cash flow hedges		(236)		27		(822)		(352)
Retained earnings		102,061		101,817		98,117		97,644
Total shareowners' equity		108,773		108,792		109,354		109,351
Total liabilities and equity		662,415		662,437		673,342		673,321
GECS								
All other assets	\$	55,680	\$	55,702	\$	49,461	\$	49,440
Total assets		528,304		528,326		540,605		540,584
Accounts payable		12,717		12,848		13,043		13,043
Other liabilities		17,679		17,702		16,787		16,787
Deferred income taxes		11,833		11,682		12,493		12,475
Total liabilities		477,420		477,423		487,542		487,524
Cash flow hedges		(240)		23		(813)		(343)
Retained earnings		32,680		32,436		35,379		34,906
Total shareowners' equity		48,589		48,608		50,815		50,812
Total liabilities and equity		528,304		528,326		540,605		540,584

The accompanying condensed, consolidated financial statements represent the consolidation of General Electric Company and all companies that we directly or indirectly control, either through majority ownership or otherwise. See note 1 to the consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. That note discusses consolidation and financial statement presentation. As used in this report on Form 10-Q (Report) and in the Annual Report on Form 10-K, "GE" represents the adding together of all affiliated companies except General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS or financial services), which is presented on a one-line basis; GECS consists of General Electric Capital Services, Inc. and all of its affiliates; and "Consolidated" represents the adding together of GE and GECS with the effects of transactions between the two eliminated. We reclassified certain prior-period amounts to conform to the current period's presentation. Unless otherwise indicated, information in these notes to condensed, consolidated financial statements relates to continuing operations.

(14)

- 2. The condensed, consolidated financial statements and notes thereto are unaudited. These statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) that we considered necessary to present a fair statement of our results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The results reported in these condensed, consolidated financial statements should not be regarded as necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year. We label our quarterly information using a calendar convention, that is, first quarter is labeled as ending on March 31, second quarter as ending on June 30, and third quarter as ending on September 30. It is our longstanding practice to establish interim quarterly closing dates using a fiscal calendar, which requires our businesses to close their books on either a Saturday or Sunday, depending on the business. The effects of this practice are modest and only exist within a reporting year. The fiscal closing calendar from 1993 through 2013 is available on our website, www.ge.com/secreports.
- 3. We classified GE Life, Genworth Financial, Inc. (Genworth) and most of GE Insurance Solutions Corporation (GE Insurance Solutions) as discontinued operations. Associated results of operations, financial position and cash flows are separately reported for all periods presented.

Completed sale of GE Insurance Solutions

In June 2006, we completed the sale of the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance businesses and the European life and health operations of GE Insurance Solutions to Swiss Reinsurance Company (Swiss Re) for \$9,297 million, including the assumption of \$1,700 million of debt. We received \$5,359 million in cash and \$2,238 million of newly issued Swiss Re common stock, representing a 9% interest in Swiss Re, that we are not permitted to sell until June 4, 2007, under the agreement we have with Swiss Re. GE Insurance Solutions' earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, for the second quarter of 2006 and first six months of 2006 were \$101 million and \$236 million, respectively.

Completed sale of Genworth

In March 2006, we completed the sale of our remaining 18% investment in Genworth through a secondary public offering of 71 million shares of Class A Common Stock and direct sale to Genworth of 15 million shares of Genworth Class B Common Stock. As a result, we recognized a pre-tax gain of \$516 million (\$300 million after tax) in the first quarter of 2006.

Planned sale of GE Life

In March 2006, we initiated a plan to sell GE Life, our U.K.-based life insurance operation. GE Life's revenues for the second quarter and first six months of 2006 were \$63 million and \$862 million, respectively; and its earnings from operations for the second quarter and first six months of 2006 were \$12 million and \$17 million, respectively. For the first six months of 2006, we have provided for a pre-tax loss of \$320 million (\$285 million after tax), including a \$110 million loss recognized in the second quarter of 2006 based on our best estimate of sales proceeds. We do not expect to realize a tax benefit for this loss. We anticipate selling GE Life by March 31, 2007.

(15)

Summarized financial information

Summarized financial information for discontinued operations is set forth below. Gain (loss) on disposal included both actual (GE Insurance Solutions and Genworth) and estimated (GE Life) effects.

		Three mon		nded	led Six months en June 30			ded		
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Discontinued operations before disposal Revenues from services	\$	1,337	\$	5,017	\$	3,682	\$	10,230		
Earnings from discontinued operations before										
minority interest and income taxes Minority interest Earnings from discontinued operations before	\$	203	\$	636 145	\$	382	\$	1,334 244		
income taxes Income tax expense Earnings from discontinued operations before		203 (41)		491 (220)		382 (82)		1,090 (500)		
disposal, net of taxes	\$	162	\$	271	\$	300	\$	590		
Disposal Gain (loss) on disposal before income taxes Income tax benefit (expense) Gain (loss) on disposal, net of taxes	s\$ \$	(295) 131 (164)	\$	- - -	\$ \$	11 (50) (39)	\$ \$	156 (70) 86		
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations,										
net of taxes	\$	(2)	\$	271	\$	261	\$	676		
						At				
(In millions)					6/30/06	1	2/31/05			
Assets Cash and equivalents Investment securities Other receivables Other Assets of discontinued operations Eliminations				\$	153 11,776 472 2,689 15,090	\$	2,976 37,633 13,915 6,542 61,066			
Total				\$	15,090	\$	61,066			
Liabilities and equity Investment contracts, insurance liabilities a benefits	ınd	insurance an	nnuity	y \$	13,018	\$	43,378			

Other	1,941	6,385
Liabilities of discontinued operations	14,959	49,763
Eliminations	(2)	(236)
Total	\$ 14,957	\$ 49,527
Total accumulated nonowner changes other than earnings	\$ 168	\$ 652

(16)

4. GECS revenues from services are summarized in the following table.

	Three moi Jun	nths e e 30	ended	Six months ended June 30				
(In millions)	2006		2005	2006		2005		
Interest on loans	\$ 5,627	\$	5,238	\$ 10,969	\$	10,101		
Operating lease rentals	3,152		2,799	6,067		5,556		
Fees	1,009		971	2,016		1,818		
Financing leases	1,025		1,035	2,027		2,068		
Investment income	566		587	1,226		1,242		
Premiums earned by insurance activities	485		570	976		1,123		
Other income	2,731		2,097	5,440		4,320		
Total	\$ 14,595	\$	13,297	\$ 28,721	\$	26,228		

5. We sponsor a number of pension and retiree health and life insurance benefit plans. Principal pension plans include the GE Pension Plan and the GE Supplementary Pension Plan. Principal retiree benefit plans generally provide health and life insurance benefits to employees who retire under the GE Pension Plan with 10 or more years of service. Other pension plans include the U.S. and non-U.S. pension plans whose pension assets or obligations exceeded \$50 million. Smaller pension plans and other retiree benefit plans are not material individually or in the aggregate. The effect on operations of the pension and retiree benefit plans follows.

	Principal Pension Plans										
	Т	Three mor	ths e	nded		Six months ended					
		Jun	e 30			Jun	e 30				
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005			
Expected return on plan assets	\$	(953)	\$	(970)	\$	(1,905)	\$	(1,940)			
Service cost for benefits earned		323		325		689		650			
Interest cost on benefit obligation		573		563		1,152		1,120			
Prior service cost		57		62		115		124			
Net actuarial loss recognized		181		90		369		171			
Cost of pension plans	\$	181	\$	70	\$	420	\$	125			

			(Other Pen	sion l	Plans				
	T	hree mor	ths e	nded		Six mont	ded			
	June 30 Ju							ine 30		
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Expected return on plan assets	\$	(99)	\$	(88)	\$	(197)	\$	(176)		
Service cost for benefits earned		83		69		166		142		
Interest cost on benefit obligation		94		89		187		179		
Prior service cost		1		1		2		3		
Net actuarial loss recognized		39		26		78		57		
Cost of pension plans	\$	118	\$	97	\$	236	\$	205		

(17)

Principal Retiree Health and Life Insurance Plans

	1	Three mor Jun	nded		ded		
(In millions)		2006	2005		2006		2005
Expected return on plan assets	\$	(32)	\$ (35)	\$	(64)	\$	(69)
Service cost for benefits earned		54	54		108		107
Interest cost on benefit obligation		114	127		228		253
Prior service cost		72	74		146		149
Net actuarial loss recognized		18	18		36		36
Cost of principal retiree benefit plans	\$	226	\$ 238	\$	454	\$	476

(18)

6. GE's authorized common stock consists of 13,200,000,000 shares having a par value of \$0.06 each. Information related to the calculation of earnings per share follows.

	Three months ended June 30 2006 2005												
(In millions; per-share amounts in dollars))	Diluted		Basic		Diluted		Basic					
Consolidated													
Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations	\$	4,948	\$	4,947	\$	4,237	\$	4,237					
for per-share calculation ^(b)		(2)		(2)		269		271					
Net earnings available for per-share calculation	\$	4,946	\$	4,945	\$	4,506	\$	4,508					
Average equivalent shares													
Shares of GE common stock outstanding Employee compensation-related shares,		10,362		10,362		10,604		10,604					
including stock options		38		-		46		-					
Total average equivalent shares		10,400		10,362		10,650		10,604					
Per-share amounts													
Earnings from continuing operations	\$	0.48	\$	0.48	\$	0.40	\$	0.40					
Earnings from discontinued operations	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.03	\$	0.03					
Net earnings	\$	0.48	\$	0.48	\$	0.42	\$	0.43					
				months e	nded								
			Six 06		nded	20	05						
(In millions; per-share amounts in dollars))	20 Diluted		a months e	nded		05	Basic					
Consolidated)				nded	20	05	Basic					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for		Diluted	06	Basic		20 Diluted							
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a)	\$				nded \$	20	905 \$	Basic 8,023					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations		Diluted 9,126	06	Basic 9,125		20 Diluted 8,023		8,023					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a)		Diluted	06	Basic		20 Diluted							
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b)	\$	9,126 261	\$	9,125 261	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672	\$	8,023 676					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share	\$	9,126 261	\$	9,125 261	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672	\$	8,023 676					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding	\$	9,126 261	\$	9,125 261	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672	\$	8,023 676					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding Employee compensation-related shares,	\$	9,126 261 9,386	\$	9,125 261 9,386	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672 8,694	\$	8,023 676 8,698					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding	\$	9,126 261 9,386	\$	9,125 261 9,386	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672 8,694	\$	8,023 676 8,698					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding Employee compensation-related shares, including stock options	\$	9,126 261 9,386 10,403 38	\$	9,125 261 9,386	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672 8,694 10,599 45	\$	8,023 676 8,698 10,599					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding Employee compensation-related shares, including stock options Total average equivalent shares Per-share amounts Earnings from continuing operations	\$ \$	9,126 261 9,386 10,403 38	\$	9,125 261 9,386	\$	20 Diluted 8,023 672 8,694 10,599 45	\$	8,023 676 8,698 10,599					
Consolidated Earnings from continuing operations for per-share calculation ^(a) Earnings from discontinued operations for per-share calculation ^(b) Net earnings available for per-share calculation Average equivalent shares Shares of GE common stock outstanding Employee compensation-related shares, including stock options Total average equivalent shares Per-share amounts	\$	9,126 261 9,386 10,403 38 10,441	\$ \$	9,125 261 9,386 10,403	\$ \$	20 Diluted 8,023 672 8,694 10,599 45 10,644	\$	8,023 676 8,698 10,599					

- (a) Including dividend equivalents.
- (b) Including dilutive effects of subsidiary-issued stock-based awards in 2005.

(19)

Earnings-per-share amounts are computed independently each quarter for earnings from continuing operations, earnings from discontinued operations and net earnings. As a result, the sum of each quarter's per-share amount may not equal the total per-share amount for the respective year-to-date period; and the sum of per-share amounts from continuing operations and discontinued operations does not always equal the total per-share net earnings for the respective quarters.

7. Inventories consisted of the following.

	A	t	
(In millions)	6/30/06	-	12/31/05
Raw materials and work in process	\$ 6,615	\$	5,527
Finished goods	5,385		5,311
Unbilled shipments	363		333
	12,363		11,171
Less revaluation to LIFO	(619)		(697)
Total	\$ 11,744	\$	10,474

8. GECS financing receivables - net, consisted of the following.

	At				
(In millions)		6/30/06		12/31/05	
Loans, net of deferred income	\$	240,838	\$	227,923	
Investment in financing leases, net of deferred income		67,679		64,309	
		308,517		292,232	
Less allowance for losses		(4,618)		(4,593)	
Financing receivables - net	\$	303,899	\$	287,639	

Included in the above are the financing receivables of consolidated, liquidating securitization entities as follows (see note 14):

	At						
(In millions)	6/30/06		12/31/05				
Loans, net of deferred income	\$ 13,728	\$	15,868				
Investment in financing leases, net of deferred income	85		769				
	13,813		16,637				
Less allowance for losses	(34)		(22)				
Financing receivables - net	\$ 13,779	\$	16,615				

(20)

9. Property, plant and equipment (including equipment leased to others) - net, consisted of the following.

	A	t			
(In millions)	6/30/06		12/31/05		
Original cost	\$ 116,708	\$	111,733		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(45,703)		(44,205)		
Property, plant and equipment - net	\$ 71,005	\$	67,528		

10. Intangible assets - net, consisted of the following.

	At						
(In millions)		6/30/06	-	12/31/05			
Goodwill	\$	72,468	\$	69,611			
Intangible assets subject to amortization		10,857		9,932			
Indefinite-lived intangible assets ^(a)		2,258		2,087			
Total	\$	85,583	\$	81,630			

(a) Indefinite-lived intangible assets principally comprised trademarks, tradenames and U.S. Federal Communications Commission licenses.

Changes in goodwill balances follow.

(In millions)	alance 1/1/06	pu acc	uisitions/ rchase ounting istments	exc	rrency hange l other	Balance 6/30/06	
Infrastructure	\$ 10,166	\$	588	\$	115	\$	10,869
Industrial	8,702		360		10		9,072
Healthcare	13,404		1,095		22		14,521
NBC Universal	17,534		754		(372)		17,916
Commercial Finance	10,621		18		54		10,693
Consumer Finance	9,184		62		151		9,397
Total	\$ 69,611	\$	2,877	\$	(20)	\$	72,468

The amount of goodwill related to new acquisitions recorded during the first six months of 2006 was \$2,709 million, the largest of which were IDX Systems Corporation (\$1,114 million) by Healthcare, iVillage Inc. (\$465 million) by NBC Universal and ZENON Membrane Solutions (\$420 million) by Infrastructure. During 2006, we increased goodwill associated with previous acquisitions by \$168 million; the largest such adjustment was an increase of \$122 million associated with the 2005 acquisition of Ionics, Inc. by Infrastructure. Also during 2006, goodwill at NBC Universal declined by \$304 million as part of the sale of four television stations.

(21)

Intangible Assets Subject to Amortization

					A	t				
			6	5/30/06				12	2/31/05	
(In millions)	Gross carrying amount			umulated ortization	Gross carrying Net amount			umulated ortization	Net	
Patents, licenses and trademarks	\$	5,089	\$	(1,541)	\$ 3,548	\$	5,311	\$	(1,406)	\$ 3,905
Capitalized software		5,942		(3,410)	2,532		5,586		(3,059)	2,527
All other		6,229		(1,452)	4,777		4,737		(1,237)	3,500
Total	\$	17,260	\$	(6,403)	\$ 10,857	\$	15,634	\$	(5,702)	\$ 9,932

Consolidated amortization expense related to intangible assets subject to amortization amounted to \$468 million and \$362 million for the quarters ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Consolidated amortization expense related to intangible assets subject to amortization for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$900 million and \$725 million, respectively.

(22)

11. GECS borrowings are summarized in the following table.

	At				
(In millions)	6/30/06		12/31/05		
Short-term borrowings					
Commercial paper					
U.S.					
Unsecured	\$ 63,305	\$	67,643		
Asset-backed ^(a)	7,620		9,267		
Non-U.S.	22,845		20,456		
Current portion of long-term debt ^{(b)(c)}	43,498		41,792		
Other	19,059		18,514		
Total	156,327		157,672		
Long-term borrowings					
Senior notes					
Unsecured	205,296		180,546		
Asset-backed ^(d)	6,661		6,845		
Extendible notes ^(e)	13,984		14,022		
Subordinated notes ^(f)	3,092		2,984		
Total	229,033		204,397		
Total borrowings	\$ 385,360	\$	362,069		

- (a) Entirely obligations of consolidated, liquidating securitization entities. See note 14.
- (b) Included short-term borrowings by consolidated, liquidating securitization entities of \$700 million and \$697 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively. See note 14.
- (c) Included \$250 million of subordinated notes guaranteed by GE at both June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005.
- (d) Included asset-backed senior notes issued by consolidated, liquidating securitization entities of \$5,536 million and \$6,845 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively. See note 14.
- (e) Included \$38 million of obligations of consolidated, liquidating securitization entities at December 31, 2005. See note 14.
- (f) Included \$750 million of subordinated notes guaranteed by GE at both June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005.
- 12. A summary of increases (decreases) in shareowners' equity, net of income taxes, that did not result directly from transactions with shareowners follows.

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	Three months ended June 30					Six months ended June 30			
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005	
Net earnings	\$	4,946	\$	4,508	\$	9,386	\$	8,698	
Investment securities - net		(706)		1,496		(1,378)		676	
Currency translation adjustments - net		1,995		(3,734)		1,735		(3,673)	
Cash flow hedges - net		201		(333)		379		(11)	
Minimum pension liabilities - net		(28)		11		(43)		24	
Total	\$	6,408	\$	1,948	\$	10,079	\$	5,714	

(23)

13. We adopted the 2004 revision to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 123, *Share-Based Payment* (SFAS 123R), on January 1, 2006, using the modified prospective method. Among other things, SFAS 123R requires expensing the fair value of stock options, a previously optional accounting method that we adopted voluntarily in 2002. The transitional effects of this provision of SFAS 123R consisted of reductions in net earnings of \$3 million and \$6 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, to expense the unvested portion of options granted in 2001.

A comparison of reported net earnings for 2006 and 2005, and pro-forma net earnings for 2005, including effects of expensing stock options, follows.

	Three moi	 nded	Six months ended June 30				
(In millions; per-share amounts in dollars)	2006	2005	2006		2005		
Net earnings, as reported	\$ 4,946	\$ 4,508	\$ 9,386	\$	8,698		
Earnings per share, as reported							
Diluted	0.48	0.42	0.90		0.82		
Basic	0.48	0.43	0.90		0.82		
Stock option expense included in net earnings	26	21	50		58		
Total stock option expense	26	36 ^(a)	50		100 ^(a)		
Pro-forma effects							
Net earnings, on pro-forma basis		4,493			8,656		
Earnings per share, on pro-forma basis							
Diluted		0.42			0.81		
Basic		0.42			0.82		

Other share-based compensation expense recognized in net earnings amounted to \$31 million and \$30 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The total income tax benefit recognized in earnings for all share-based compensation arrangements amounted to \$29 million and \$28 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Other share-based compensation expense recognized in net earnings amounted to \$57 million and \$51 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The total income tax benefit recognized in earnings for all share-based compensation arrangements amounted to \$56 million and \$59 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

(a) As if we applied SFAS 123R to expense stock options in all periods. Included amounts we actually recognized in earnings.

SFAS 123R also required us to change the statement of cash flow classification of certain tax benefits from share-based compensation deductions beginning on January 1, 2006. As a result, we classified \$64 million as cash from financing activities rather than cash from operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Other Stock-Related Information

We grant stock options, restricted stock units (RSUs) and performance share units (PSUs) to employees under the 1990 Long-Term Incentive Plan as described in our current Proxy Statement. In addition, we grant options and RSUs in limited circumstances to consultants, advisors and independent contractors (primarily non-employee talent at NBC Universal) under a plan approved by our Board of Directors in 1997 (the consultants' plan). There are outstanding grants under two separate shareowner-approved option plans for non-employee directors. Share requirements for all plans may be met from either unissued or treasury shares. Stock options expire 10 years from the date they are granted and vest over service periods that range from one to five years. RSUs give recipients the right to receive shares of our stock upon the lapse of their related restrictions. Restrictions on RSUs lapse in various increments and at various dates, beginning after three years from date of grant through grantee retirement. Although the plan permits us to issue RSUs settleable in cash, we have only issued RSUs settleable in shares of our stock. PSUs give recipients the right to receive shares of our stock upon the achievement of certain performance targets.

All grants of GE options under all plans must be approved by the Management Development and Compensation Committee, which consists entirely of outside directors.

Stock Option Activity

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	259,116	\$ 33.07		
Granted	9,898	33.99		
Exercised	(10,104)	16.05		
Forfeited	(1,833)	32.08		
Expired	(2,755)	40.75		
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	254,322	\$ 33.70	4.6	\$ 892
Exercisable at June 30, 2006	193,117	\$ 34.16	3.6	\$ 793
Options expected to vest	55,077	\$ 32.19	7.6	\$ 94

We measure the fair value of each stock option grant at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$8.41 and \$9.44, respectively. The following assumptions were used in arriving at the fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively: risk-free interest rates of 5.0% and 4.0%; dividend yields of 2.9 and 2.4%; expected volatility factors of 25% and 28%; and expected lives of 6 years and 6 years. Risk free interest rate reflects the yield on zero-coupon U.S. Treasury securities. Expected dividend yield presumes a set dividend rate. Expected volatility is based on implied volatility from traded options and historical volatility of our stock. The expected option life is based on our historical experience of employee exercise behavior.

The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$183 million and \$454 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$191 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested options. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 3 years and 10 months.

(25)

RSU Activity

	Shares (in thousands)	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (in years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	33,078		
Granted	3,814		
Vested	(587)		
Forfeited	(1,146)		
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	35,159	5.7	\$ 1,159
RSUs expected to vest	31,774	5.3	\$ 1,047

The fair value of each restricted stock unit is the market price of our stock on the date of grant. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of RSUs granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$34.12 and \$35.22, respectively. The total intrinsic value of RSUs vested during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$20 million and \$45 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$530 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested RSUs. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 5 years and 3 months.

PSU Activity

As of June 30, 2006, 1.1 million PSUs with a weighted-average remaining contractual term of 2 years and 1 month, an aggregate intrinsic value of \$37 million and \$16 million of unrecognized compensation cost were outstanding.

(26)

14. The following table represents assets in securitization entities, both consolidated and off-balance sheet.

	At							
(In millions)		6/30/06		12/31/05				
Receivables secured by:								
Equipment	\$	10,201	\$	12,949				
Commercial real estate	Ψ	12,122	Ψ	13,010				
Residential real estate		7,478		8,882				
Other assets		14,206		12,869				
Credit card receivables		11,355		10,039				
GE trade receivables		3,640		3,960				
Total securitized assets	\$	59,002	\$	61,709				
		A	At					
(In millions)		6/30/06		12/31/05				
Off-balance sheet ^{(a)(b)}	\$	44,133	\$	43,805				
On-balance sheet ^(c)	Ψ	14,869	Ψ	17,904				
Total securitized assets	\$	59,002	\$	61,709				
		•						

- (a) At June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, liquidity support amounted to \$1,793 million and \$1,931 million, respectively. These amounts are net of \$3,293 million and \$3,786 million, respectively, participated or deferred beyond one year. Credit support amounted to \$5,138 million and \$5,988 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.
- (b) Liabilities for recourse obligations related to off-balance sheet assets amounted to \$65 million and \$93 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.
- (c) At June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, liquidity support amounted to \$8,204 million and \$10,044 million, respectively. These amounts are net of \$21 million and \$138 million, respectively, participated or deferred beyond one year. Credit support amounted to \$3,830 million and \$4,780 million at June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, respectively.

Assets in consolidated, liquidating securitization entities are shown in the following captions in the Condensed Statement of Financial Position.

	At					
(In millions)		6/30/06		12/31/05		
Financing receivables - net (note 8)	\$	13,779	\$	16,615		
All other assets		1,090		1,289		
Total	\$	14,869	\$	17,904		

(27)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

2007 Restatement

As discussed in the explanatory note to the Form 10-Q/A and in note 1 to our financial statements, we are restating financial statements and other financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005. The restatement adjusts our accounting for interest rate swap transactions related to a portion of the commercial paper issued by General Electric Capital Corporation (GECC) and General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS), from January 1, 2001, the date we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, as amended. The restatement has no effect on our cash flows or liquidity, and its effects on our financial position at the end of the respective restated periods are immaterial.

Interest rate swaps - agreements under which we pay a fixed rate of interest and receive a floating rate of interest on an agreed notional amount - are used in meeting our objective of managing interest rate risk related to our commercial paper program. Many of our financial assets - such as loans and leases - have long-term, fixed-rate yields, and funding them with proceeds of commercial paper would expose us to interest rate risk. Interest rate swaps are used to manage this risk. We use commercial paper in connection with interest rate swaps because that financing structure is highly effective at fixing interest rates, enabling us to match fixed rate assets with fixed rate funding (or "match funding") provided by the hedged commercial paper. Consistent with our hedge documentation, we had measured and recognized hedge ineffectiveness each reporting period. We had never used the short-cut treatment provided for in FAS 133 for any of these hedges.

The following table sets forth the effects of the error in accounting for interest rate swaps related to our commercial paper hedging program, more fully described beginning on page 3, on our previously reported earnings for the three and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005.

	Increase (decrease) in earnings from continuing operations									
	Three months ended					Six months ended				
		June	30			Jun	e 30			
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Total adjustment	\$	94	\$	(139)	\$	229	\$	86		
Previously reported earnings from continuing										
operations	\$	4,854	\$	4,376	\$	8,896	\$	7,936		
Percent variation from previously reported earnings										
from continuing operations		1.9%		(3.2)%		2.6%		1.1%		

(28)

Changes to our previously reported earnings detailed above reflect the volatility resulting from recognizing changes in the fair value of our commercial paper interest rate swaps immediately in earnings, rather than recording them in earnings over the remaining term of the hedging relationship. Values of these swaps move directly with changes in interest rates: increases in interest rates produce positive earnings effects from fair value gains on the interest rate swaps, as the amount of cash we receive on the swaps' variable cash flow stream increases versus its fixed payment stream; similarly, negative earnings effects result from fair value losses on the swaps associated with decreases in interest rates as the amount of cash received on the swaps' variable cash flow stream decreases versus its fixed payment stream. As these swaps are used in match funding arrangements, which protect against the economic exposure to changes in interest rates, there are offsetting fair value changes associated with the related fixed rate assets. Because fair value changes related to fixed rate assets are not recognized in earnings under the current accounting model, the elimination of hedge accounting through correction of the error presents the current earnings effects of only one of two equal and offsetting components of the economic relationship.

A. Results of Operations

General Electric Company's consolidated financial statements represent the combination of the industrial manufacturing and product services businesses of General Electric Company (GE) and the financial services businesses of General Electric Capital Services, Inc. (GECS or financial services).

In the accompanying analysis of financial information, we sometimes use information derived from consolidated financial information but not presented in our financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Certain of these data are considered "non-GAAP financial measures" under the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules. For such measures, we have provided supplemental explanations and reconciliations in Exhibit 99 to this report on Form 10-Q.

Unless otherwise indicated, we refer to captions such as revenues and earnings from continuing operations simply as "revenues" and "earnings" throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis. Similarly, discussion of other matters in our consolidated financial statements relates to continuing operations unless otherwise indicated.

Overview

General Electric Company earnings from continuing operations increased 17% to \$4.948 billion in the second quarter of 2006 compared with \$4.237 billion in 2005. Earnings per share (EPS) from continuing operations were \$0.48 in the second quarter of 2006, up 20% from last year's \$0.40. Five of our six segments contributed double-digit earnings growth for the quarter.

For the first six months of 2006, earnings from continuing operations increased 14% to \$9.125 billion compared with \$8.022 billion in 2005. EPS from continuing operations were \$0.87 in the first six months of 2006, up 16% from last year's \$0.75.

Loss from discontinued operations was an inconsequential amount for the second quarter of 2006 compared with earnings of \$0.3 billion in 2005 and included the results of Genworth Financial, Inc. (Genworth), GE Life and most of GE Insurance Solutions Corporation (GE Insurance Solutions).

Earnings from discontinued operations were \$0.3 billion for the first six months of 2006 compared with \$0.7 billion in 2005.

Net earnings increased 10% to \$4.946 billion and EPS increased 14% to \$0.48 in the second quarter of 2006 compared with \$4.508 billion and \$0.42, respectively, in 2005.

For the first six months of 2006, net earnings increased 8% to \$9.386 billion compared with \$8.698 billion in 2005, and EPS increased 10% to \$0.90, compared with last year's \$0.82.

Revenues of \$40.0 billion in the second quarter of 2006 were 10% higher reflecting strong organic growth of 8%. A reconciliation between reported and organic revenues is shown in Exhibit 99. Industrial sales increased 9% to \$24.4 billion, primarily reflecting organic growth. Sales of product services (including sales of spare parts and related services) increased 11% to \$7.4 billion in the second quarter of 2006. Financial services revenues grew 13% to \$15.5 billion, reflecting organic growth and the effects of acquisitions.

Revenues for the first six months of 2006 rose 10% to \$78.1 billion, compared with \$71.0 billion last year. Industrial sales of \$47.5 billion were 10% higher than in 2005 reflecting strong organic growth, the effects of the first quarter 2006 Olympics broadcasts and acquisitions. Financial Services revenues for the first six months of 2006 were \$30.3 billion, a \$2.7 billion, or 10%, increase over the first six months of last year. Revenues increased as a result of acquisitions and organic revenue growth, partially offset by dispositions.

Overall, acquisitions contributed \$0.7 billion and \$3.7 billion to consolidated revenues in the second quarters of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Our consolidated net earnings in the second quarters of 2006 and 2005 included approximately \$0.1 billion and \$0.3 billion, respectively, from acquired businesses. We integrate acquisitions as quickly as possible. Only revenues and earnings from the date we complete the acquisition through the end of the fourth following quarter are attributed to such businesses. Dispositions also affected our operations through lower revenues of \$0.1 billion and \$0.2 billion in the second quarters of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The effects of dispositions on earnings were increases in net earnings of \$0.1 billion and \$0.3 billion in the second quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Acquisitions contributed \$1.7 billion and \$7.5 billion to consolidated revenues in the first six months of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Our consolidated net earnings in the first six months of 2006 and 2005 included approximately \$0.2 billion and \$0.7 billion, respectively, from acquired businesses. Dispositions also affected our operations through lower revenues of \$0.4 billion in the first six months of both 2006 and 2005. The effects of dispositions on earnings were increases in net earnings of \$0.1 billion and \$0.2 billion in the first six months of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The most significant acquisitions affecting Healthcare, Infrastructure and NBC Universal results in 2006 were IDX Systems Corporation, Edwards System Technology and the consolidation of MSNBC, respectively. The most significant acquisitions affecting Commercial Finance and Consumer Finance results in 2006 were a strategic joint venture with Garanti Bank, a full service bank in Turkey; the Transportation Financial Services Group of CitiCapital; the Inventory Finance division of Bombardier Capital; Antares Capital Corp., a unit of Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Co.; and a strategic joint venture with Hyundai Card Company, a credit card lender in South Korea. These acquisitions collectively contributed \$0.4 billion and \$0.1 billion to second quarter revenues and earnings, respectively. Contributions to revenues and earnings for the first six months of 2006 were \$0.8 billion and \$0.2 billion, respectively.

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Segment Operations

Operating segments comprise our six businesses focused on the broad markets they serve: Infrastructure, Industrial, Healthcare, NBC Universal, Commercial Finance and Consumer Finance. For segment reporting purposes, certain GECS businesses are included in the industrial operating segments that actively manage such businesses and report their results for internal performance measurement purposes. These include Aviation Financial Services, Energy Financial Services and Transportation Finance reported in the Infrastructure segment, and Equipment Services reported in the Industrial segment.

Segment profit is determined based on internal performance measures used by the Chief Executive Officer to assess the performance of each business in a given period. In connection with that assessment, the Chief Executive Officer may exclude matters such as charges for restructuring; rationalization and other similar expenses; in-process research and development and certain other acquisition-related charges and balances; technology and product development costs; certain gains and losses from dispositions; and litigation settlements or other charges, responsibility for which preceded the current management team.

Segment profit always excludes the effects of principal pension plans, results reported as discontinued operations and accounting changes. Segment profit excludes or includes interest and other financial charges and income taxes according to how a particular segment's management is measured - excluded in determining segment profit, which we refer to as "operating profit," for Healthcare, NBC Universal and the industrial businesses of the Industrial and Infrastructure segments; included in determining segment profit, which we refer to as "net earnings," for Commercial Finance, Consumer Finance, and the financial services businesses of the Infrastructure segment (Aviation Financial Services, Energy Financial Services and Transportation Finance) and the Industrial segment (Equipment Services).

We have reclassified certain prior-period amounts to conform to the current period's presentation. In addition to providing information on segments in their entirety, we have also provided supplemental information for certain businesses within the segments.

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Infrastructure

	Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30				
(In millions)		2006		2005	2006		2005		
Revenues	\$	11,332	\$	10,221	\$ 21,484	\$	19,595		
Segment profit	\$	2,107	\$	1,916	\$ 3,810	\$	3,456		
Revenues									
Aviation	\$	3,291	\$	2,971	\$ 6,332	\$	5,561		
Aviation Financial Services		981		819	1,915		1,636		
Energy		4,442		3,884	8,277		7,835		
Energy Financial Services		364		382	665		610		
Oil & Gas		1,094		763	1,866		1,404		
Transportation		1,002		892	2,025		1,648		
Segment profit									
Aviation	\$	728	\$	690	\$ 1,373	\$	1,217		
Aviation Financial Services		310		185	516		348		
Energy		689		625	1,125		1,202		
Energy Financial Services		146		179	263		273		
Oil & Gas		108		75	163		102		
Transportation		165		101	369		183		

Infrastructure revenues increased 11%, or \$1.1 billion, in the second quarter of 2006 reflecting higher volume (\$1.1 billion) and higher prices (\$0.1 billion) at the industrial businesses of the segment. The increase in volume reflected increased sales at the power generation equipment business at Energy, primarily wind related, strong equipment sales at Oil & Gas and Transportation, and increased commercial engine sales at Aviation. Higher prices were primarily at Aviation. Revenues also increased as a result of organic revenue growth at Aviation Financial Services (\$0.2 billion). Intra-segment revenues, which increased \$0.2 billion, were eliminated from total Infrastructure revenues.

Segment profit rose 10%, or \$0.2 billion, in the second quarter as higher volume (\$0.2 billion) and higher prices (\$0.1 billion) were partially offset by higher material and other costs (\$0.1 billion) at the industrial businesses of the segment. Volume increases were primarily at Energy, Aviation and Oil & Gas. Higher prices and higher material and other costs were primarily at Aviation. Segment profit from the financial services businesses increased \$0.1 billion as a result of core growth at Aviation Financial Services, including growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations.

Infrastructure revenues rose 10% to \$21.5 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2006, as higher volume (\$1.9 billion) was partially offset by the effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.2 billion) at the industrial businesses of the segment. The increase in volume reflected increased sales of power generation equipment at Energy, commercial and military services and commercial engines at Aviation and equipment at Oil & Gas, as well as increased locomotive sales at Transportation. Revenues also increased as a result of organic revenue growth at Aviation Financial Services (\$0.3 billion) and Energy Financial Services (\$0.1 billion). Intra-segment revenues, which increased \$0.3 billion, were eliminated from total Infrastructure revenues.

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Segment profit for the first six months of 2006 rose 10% to \$3.8 billion, compared with \$3.5 billion in 2005, as higher volume (\$0.3 billion) and productivity (\$0.1 billion) were partially offset by higher material and other costs (\$0.2 billion) at the industrial businesses of the segment. Volume increases were primarily at Aviation, Energy, Transportation and Oil & Gas. We realized productivity improvements at Transportation and Aviation. Higher material and other costs were primarily at Aviation. Segment profit from the financial services businesses increased \$0.2 billion as a result of core growth at Aviation Financial Services. Core growth included growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations and lower one-time benefits from our aircraft leasing reorganization.

Industrial

	Three months ended June 30					Six months ended June 30				
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005		
Revenues	\$	8,788	\$	8,253	\$	16,928	\$	15,921		
Segment profit	\$	729	\$	635	\$	1,329	\$	1,161		
Revenues										
Consumer & Industrial	\$	3,852	\$	3,576	\$	7,386	\$	6,837		
Equipment Services		1,797		1,652		3,431		3,226		
Plastics		1,684		1,640		3,328		3,288		
Segment profit										
Consumer & Industrial	\$	318	\$	227	\$	538	\$	392		
Equipment Services		60		36		76		46		
Plastics		183		208		408		448		

Industrial revenues rose 6%, or \$0.5 billion, in the second quarter of 2006 reflecting higher volume (\$0.5 billion) at the industrial businesses in the segment. The increase in volume was primarily at Consumer & Industrial and Plastics. Revenues also increased at Equipment Services as a result of the consolidation of GE SeaCo, an entity previously accounted for using the equity method (\$0.1 billion) and organic revenue growth (\$0.1 billion).

Segment profit rose 15%, or \$0.1 billion, in the second quarter of 2006 as productivity (\$0.3 billion), primarily at Consumer & Industrial and Plastics, was partially offset by higher material and other costs (\$0.2 billion), primarily at Consumer & Industrial and Plastics. Segment profit was not significantly affected by price as higher prices at Consumer & Industrial partially offset lower prices at Plastics.

Industrial revenues rose 6% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 as higher volume (\$1.0 billion) was partially offset by the effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.2 billion) at the industrial businesses in the segment, primarily Consumer & Industrial, Plastics and Security, which acquired Edwards Systems Technology late in the first quarter of 2005. Revenues also increased at Equipment Services as a result of organic revenue growth (\$0.1 billion) and the consolidation of GE SeaCo (\$0.1 billion).

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Segment profit rose 14% for the six months ended June 30, 2006, as productivity (\$0.4 billion), primarily at Consumer & Industrial, Advanced Materials and Plastics, and higher volume (\$0.1 billion) were partially offset by higher material and other costs (\$0.3 billion), primarily at Consumer & Industrial, Advanced Materials and Plastics. Segment profit was not significantly affected by price as higher prices at Consumer & Industrial offset lower prices at Plastics. See Corporate items and eliminations for a discussion of items not allocated to this segment.

Healthcare revenues rose \$0.4 billion, or 10%, in the second quarter of 2006 as higher volume (\$0.5 billion) more than offset the effect of lower prices (\$0.1 billion). The rise in volume related to increases in healthcare services including the effects of the 2006 acquisition of IDX and stronger equipment sales. Operating profit of \$0.8 billion in 2006 was 18% higher than in the second quarter of 2005 as the effects of productivity (\$0.1 billion) and higher volume (\$0.1 billion) more than offset the effect of lower prices (\$0.1 billion).

Healthcare revenues rose 10% to \$7.8 billion in the first six months of 2006 as higher volume (\$1.0 billion) more than offset the effect of lower prices (\$0.2 billion) and the effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.1 billion). The rise in volume related to increases in healthcare services including the effects of the 2006 acquisition of IDX, stronger equipment sales and growth at Biosciences. Operating profit of \$1.3 billion in the first six months of 2006 was 19% higher than in 2005 as productivity (\$0.2 billion) and the effects of higher volume (\$0.1 billion) more than offset the effects of lower prices (\$0.2 billion) and higher material and other costs (\$0.1 billion).

NBC Universal reported revenues of \$3.9 billion in the second quarter of 2006, the same as second quarter 2005. We achieved improvements in our cable business, including \$0.1 billion from consolidating MSNBC, and realized a \$0.1 billion increase from the net effects of certain strategic actions, including 2006 gains from sale of four television stations and a favorable settlement compared with 2005's gain on acquisition of preferred shares net of effects of an impairment. Revenues were reduced by lower ratings on network and station ad sales (\$0.1 billion) and the combination of lower home video sales and license fees (\$0.1 billion). Segment profit declined 10% in the second quarter of 2006 as \$0.1 billion lower earnings from network and station operations and \$0.1 billion lower film profitability (the result of timing of theatrical releases and lower home video sales) exceeded the net effects of the above-mentioned strategic actions (\$0.1 billion).

NBC Universal reported revenues of \$8.3 billion in the first six months of 2006, a 12% increase from 2005, resulting primarily from absence of a prior-year counterpart to the 2006 Olympic Games broadcasts (\$0.7 billion), the effects of exiting a film distribution agreement (\$0.2 billion), improvements in the cable business (\$0.3 billion) and the above-mentioned strategic actions (\$0.1 billion), partially offset by the effects of lower ratings on network and station ad sales (\$0.3 billion). Segment profit declined 9%, or \$0.2 billion, in the first six months of 2006 as the effects of lower earnings from network and station operations (\$0.3 billion), including the 2006 Olympics broadcasts (\$0.1 billion), and lower earnings from the film business (\$0.1 billion), including the \$0.1 billion favorable effects of the film distribution exit, were partially offset by higher earnings from the cable business (\$0.1 billion) and the net effects of the above-mentioned strategic actions (\$0.1 billion). See Corporate items and eliminations for a discussion of items not allocated to this segment.

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Commercial Finance

	Three mo	nths e e 30	ended	Six months ended June 30				
(In millions)	2006		2005		2006		2005	
Revenues	\$ 5,527	\$	4,929	\$	11,011	\$	10,001	
Segment profit	\$ 1,057	\$	872	\$	2,231	\$	1,798	
			At					
(In millions)	6/30/06		6/30/05		12/31/05			
Total assets	\$ 206,510	\$	185,665	\$	190,546			
	Three mor	ended		Six mont		ded		
(In millions)	Jun 2006	ie 30	2005		June 2006	e 30	2005	
Revenues								
Capital Solutions	\$ 3,047	Ф	2056	Φ.	5 0 7	Φ.	5,745	
Real Estate	•	\$	2,856 744	\$	5,867 2,122	\$		
Real Estate	1,047	>	2,856 744	\$	2,122	\$	1,642	
Segment profit	\$ •	\$			•	\$		
	\$ 1,047		744	\$	2,122		1,642	
Segment profit Capital Solutions	\$ 1,047		744 325 240		2,122		1,642	
Segment profit Capital Solutions	\$ 1,047		744 325		2,122		1,642	
Segment profit Capital Solutions Real Estate (In millions) Assets	1,047 433 334 6/30/06	\$	744 325 240 At 6/30/05	\$	2,122 772 775 12/31/05		1,642	
Segment profit Capital Solutions Real Estate (In millions)	\$ 1,047 433 334		744 325 240		2,122 772 775		1,642	

Commercial Finance revenues and net earnings increased 12% and 21%, respectively, in the second quarter of 2006. 2006 revenues included \$0.2 billion from acquisitions, but were reduced by dispositions (\$0.1 billion). Revenues for the second quarter also increased as organic revenue growth (\$0.6 billion) exceeded effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.1 billion). The increase in net earnings resulted primarily from core growth (\$0.3 billion), including growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations.

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Commercial Finance revenues and net earnings increased 10% and 24%, respectively, in the first six months of 2006. Revenues for the first six months of 2006 and 2005 included \$0.4 billion and \$0.1 billion from acquisitions, respectively, and in 2006 were reduced by dispositions (\$0.2 billion). Revenues for the first six months also increased as organic revenue growth (\$1.1 billion) exceeded effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.2 billion). The increase in net earnings resulted primarily from core growth (\$0.5 billion), including growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations, and acquisitions (\$0.1 billion), partially offset by the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.1 billion).

Consumer Finance

	Three mon	nths e e 30	Six months ended June 30				
(In millions)	2006		2005		2006		2005
Revenues	\$ 5,268	\$	4,928	\$	10,358	\$	9,617
Segment profit	\$ 880	\$	735	\$	1,716	\$	1,470
			At				
(In millions)	6/30/06		6/30/05		12/31/05		
Total assets	\$ 169,416	\$	149,568	\$	158,829		

Consumer Finance revenues and net earnings increased 7% and 20%, respectively, in the second quarter of 2006. 2006 revenues included \$0.2 billion from acquisitions. Revenues for the second quarter also increased as organic revenue growth (\$0.3 billion) exceeded effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.2 billion). The increase in net earnings resulted primarily from core growth (\$0.1 billion), including growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations.

Consumer Finance revenues and net earnings increased 8% and 17%, respectively, in the first six months of 2006. 2006 revenues included \$0.4 billion from acquisitions. Revenues for the first six months also increased as organic revenue growth (\$0.7 billion) exceeded effects of the strengthening U.S. dollar (\$0.4 billion). The increase in net earnings resulted primarily from core growth (\$0.2 billion), including growth in lower-taxed earnings from global operations, and acquisitions (\$0.1 billion).

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Discontinued Insurance Operations

	Three months ended June 30					Six months ended June 30			
(In millions)		2006		2005		2006		2005	
Earnings (loss) from discontinued operations,									
net of taxes	\$	(2)	\$	271	\$	261	\$	676	

In June 2006, we completed the sale of the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance businesses and the European life and health operations of GE Insurance Solutions Corporation (GE Insurance Solutions) to Swiss Reinsurance Company (Swiss Re) for \$9.3 billion, including the assumption of \$1.7 billion of debt. We received \$5.4 billion in cash and \$2.2 billion of newly issued Swiss Re common stock, representing a 9% interest in Swiss Re, that we are not permitted to sell until June 4, 2007, under the agreement we have with Swiss Re.

In March 2006, we completed the sale of our remaining 18% investment in Genworth Financial, Inc. (Genworth) through a secondary public offering of 71 million shares of Class A Common Stock and direct sale to Genworth of 15 million shares of Genworth Class B Common Stock. As a result, we recognized a pre-tax gain of \$0.5 billion (\$0.3 billion after tax).

In March 2006, we initiated a plan to sell GE Life, our U.K.-based life insurance operation. For the first six months of 2006, we have provided a loss of \$0.3 billion, including a \$0.1 billion loss recognized in the second quarter of 2006, based on our best estimate of sales proceeds. We do not expect to realize a tax benefit for this loss. We anticipate selling GE Life by March 31, 2007.

Discontinued operations comprise GE Life; the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance businesses and the European life and health operations of GE Insurance Solutions and most of its affiliates; and Genworth, our formerly wholly-owned subsidiary that conducted most of our consumer insurance business, including life and mortgage insurance operations. Results of these businesses are reported as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, for the second quarter of 2006 reflected earnings from GE Insurance Solutions through the date of disposal (\$0.2 billion), loss on disposal of GE Insurance Solutions (\$0.1 billion) and a provision for estimated loss on the planned sale of GE Life (\$0.1 billion). GE Life results will be included in our discontinued operations until a transaction is completed.

Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, for the second quarter of 2005 reflected operations of GE Insurance Solutions (\$0.2 billion) and our share of Genworth's earnings from operations (\$0.1 billion).

Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, for the first six months of 2006 reflected earnings from GE Insurance Solutions through the date of disposal (\$0.3 billion), the gain on the sale of our remaining 18% investment in Genworth common stock (\$0.3 billion), partially offset by a provision for estimated loss on the planned sale of GE Life (\$0.3 billion) and the loss on disposal of GE Insurance Solutions (\$0.1 billion).

Earnings from discontinued operations, net of taxes, for the first six months of 2005 reflected earnings from GE Insurance Solutions (\$0.3 billion), our share of Genworth's earnings from operations (\$0.3 billion) and the gain related to Genworth's secondary public offering (\$0.1 billion).

Corporate items and eliminations expense for the second quarter of 2006, decreased \$0.2 billion compared with 2005, as the effects of the GECS commercial paper interest rate swap adjustment more than offset higher costs of our principal pension plans. Corporate item and eliminations expense for the first six months of 2006 increased \$0.1 billion principally from higher costs of our principal pension plans.

Certain amounts included in this caption are not allocated to GE operating segments because they are excluded from the measurement of their operating performance for internal purposes. In the second quarter and first six months of 2006, these comprised \$0.1 billion for a gain on sale of a business interest at the Equipment Services business of Industrial, offset by \$0.1 billion for technology and product development costs at NBC Universal.

B. Statement of Financial Position

Overview of Financial Position

Major changes in our financial position resulted from the following:

- During the second quarter of 2006, we completed the sale of the property and casualty insurance and reinsurance businesses and the European life and health operations of GE Insurance Solutions to Swiss Re. This transaction reduced assets and liabilities of discontinued operations by \$43.8 billion and \$36.0 billion, respectively.
- During the first quarter of 2006, we completed the sale of our remaining 18% investment in Genworth common stock and we initiated a plan to sell GE Life. We have separately reported the assets and liabilities related to these discontinued operations for all periods presented.
- During the first six months of 2006, we completed the acquisitions of IDX Systems Corporation at Healthcare;
 iVillage Inc. at NBC Universal; ZENON Membrane Solutions at Infrastructure; Arden Realty, Inc., a fully integrated real estate company at Commercial Finance; and the private-label credit card portfolio of Hudson's Bay Co. at Consumer Finance.
 - The U.S. dollar was weaker at June 30, 2006, than it was at December 31, 2005, increasing the translated levels of our non-U.S. dollar assets and liabilities. However, on average, the U.S. dollar in 2006 has been stronger than during the comparable 2005 period, decreasing the translated levels of our non-U.S. dollar operations, as noted in the preceding Results of Operations section.

Consolidated assets were \$662.4 billion at June 30, 2006, a decrease of \$10.9 billion from December 31, 2005. GE assets decreased \$1.0 billion, while financial services' assets decreased \$12.3 billion.

GE assets were \$188.7 billion at June 30, 2006, a \$1.0 billion decrease from December 31, 2005. The decrease reflects a \$2.8 billion decrease in current receivables and a \$2.2 billion decrease in GE's investment in GECS, partially offset by a \$2.9 billion increase in intangible assets, primarily related to the acquisition of IDX Systems Corporation by Healthcare, and a \$1.3 billion increase in inventories.

Financial services assets were \$528.3 billion at June 30, 2006. The \$12.3 billion decrease from December 31, 2005, was primarily attributable to decreases in assets of discontinued operations of \$46.0 billion, partially offset by increases in financing receivables of \$16.3 billion, other assets of \$6.2 billion, property, plant and equipment of \$3.3 billion and investment securities of \$2.8 billion.

Consolidated liabilities of \$545.4 billion at June 30, 2006, were \$10.6 billion lower than the year-end 2005 balance. GE liabilities decreased \$0.6 billion, while financial services' liabilities decreased \$10.1 billion.

GE liabilities were \$74.0 billion at June 30, 2006. During 2006, accounts payable decreased \$1.3 billion to \$10.6 billion and total borrowings increased \$0.4 billion to \$10.6 billion (\$1.5 billion short term and \$9.1 billion long term) at June 30, 2006, compared with December 31, 2005. The ratio of borrowings to total capital invested for GE at the end of the second quarter was 8.5% compared with 8.1% at the end of last year and 8.8% at June 30, 2005.

Financial services liabilities decreased \$10.1 billion to \$477.4 billion reflecting a decrease in liabilities of discontinued operations of \$34.8 billion, offset by an increase in total borrowings of \$23.3 billion, from year-end 2005.

Consolidated cash and equivalents were \$11.1 billion at June 30, 2006, an increase of \$2.3 billion during the first six months of 2006. Cash and equivalents amounted to \$9.0 billion at June 30, 2005, a decrease of \$3.0 billion from December 31, 2004. GE cash from operating activities (CFOA) is a useful measure of performance for our non-financial services businesses and totaled \$14.3 billion in the first six months of 2006 and \$8.0 billion in the first six months of 2005.

With respect to GE CFOA, we believe that it is useful to supplement our GE Condensed Statement of Cash Flows and to examine in a broader context the business activities that provide and require cash.

	Six months ended June 30			
(In billions)	2006		2005	
Operating cash collections	\$ 48.6	\$	44.5	
Operating cash payments	(41.9)		(38.3)	
Cash dividends from GECS	7.6		1.8	
GE cash from operating activities	\$ 14.3	\$	8.0	

The most significant source of cash in CFOA is customer-related activities, the largest of which is collecting cash following a product or services sale. GE operating cash collections increased by about \$4.1 billion during the first six months of 2006. These increases are consistent with the changes in comparable GE operating segment revenues. Analyses of operating segment revenues discussed in the preceding Segment Operations section is the best way of understanding their customer-related CFOA.

The most significant operating use of cash is to pay our suppliers, employees, tax authorities and others for the wide range of material and services necessary in a diversified global organization. GE operating cash payments increased in the first six months of 2006 by about \$3.6 billion, comparable to the increases in GE total costs and expenses.

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Dividends from GECS represented distribution of a portion of GECS retained earnings, including proceeds from certain business sales, and are distinct from cash from continuing operating activities within the financial services businesses, which increased in the first six months of 2006 by \$0.9 billion to \$8.8 billion. The amount we show in CFOA is the total dividend, including the normal dividend as well as any special dividends from excess capital primarily resulting from GECS business sales. Special dividends of \$5.7 billion were paid by GECS to GE in the first six months of 2006; no special dividends were paid by GECS during the first six months of 2005.

Based on past performance and current expectations, in combination with the financial flexibility that comes with a strong balance sheet and the highest credit ratings, we believe that we are in a sound position to grow dividends, continue to execute on our announced \$25 billion share repurchase program and continue making selective investments for long-term growth.

C. Financial Services Portfolio Quality

Investment securities comprise mainly available-for-sale investment-grade debt securities supporting obligations to annuitants and policyholders. We regularly review investment securities for impairment based on criteria that include the extent to which cost exceeds market value, the duration of that market decline, our intent and ability to hold to recovery and the financial health and specific prospects for the issuer. Of available-for-sale securities with unrealized losses at June 30, 2006, an immaterial amount was at risk of being charged to earnings in the next 12 months. Impairment losses for the first six months of 2006 totaled \$0.1 billion compared with an inconsequential amount in the 2005 period. We do not believe that any of the 2006 impairment losses indicate likely future impairments in the remaining portfolio.

Financing receivables is our largest category of assets and represents one of our primary sources of revenues. The portfolio of financing receivables, before allowance for losses, amounted to \$308.5 billion at June 30, 2006, and \$292.2 billion at December 31, 2005. The related allowance for losses amounted to \$4.6 billion at both June 30, 2006, and December 31, 2005, representing our best estimate of probable losses inherent in the portfolio. A discussion of the quality of certain elements of the financing receivables portfolio follows. For purposes of that discussion, "delinquent" receivables are those that are 30 days or more past due; and "nonearning" receivables are those that are 90 days or more past due (or for which collection has otherwise become doubtful).

Financing receivables, before allowance for losses, increased \$16.3 billion from December 31, 2005, primarily as a result of core growth (\$32.6 billion), the effects of the weaker U.S. dollar at June 30, 2006 (\$4.5 billion) and acquisitions (\$2.6 billion), partially offset by securitizations and sales (\$20.9 billion) and loans transferred to assets held for sale (\$1.3 billion). Related nonearning receivables were \$4.5 billion (1.5% of outstanding receivables) at June 30, 2006, compared with \$4.1 billion (1.4% of outstanding receivables) at year-end 2005. This increase was primarily related to the weaker U.S. dollar and higher nonearning receivables in our European secured financing business at Consumer Finance, a business that tends to experience relatively higher delinquencies but lower losses than the rest of our consumer portfolio.

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Delinquency rates on managed Commercial Finance equipment loans and leases and managed Consumer Finance financing receivables follow.

	Deli	Delinquency rates at			
	6/30/06 (a)	12/31/05	6/30/05		
Commercial Finance	1.29%	1.31%	1.31%		
Consumer Finance	5.22	5.08	5.15		

(a) Subject to update.

Delinquency rates at Commercial Finance decreased from December 31, 2005, and June 30, 2005, to June 30, 2006, primarily resulting from improved credit quality across all portfolios.

Delinquency rates at Consumer Finance increased from December 31, 2005, to June 30, 2006, as a result of higher delinquencies in our European secured financing business, discussed above, and our Australian business, which generally obtains credit insurance for certain receivables, partially offset by decreases in our U.S. business resulting from a continued strong economic environment. The increase from June 30, 2005, to June 30, 2006, reflected higher delinquencies in our European secured financing and Australian businesses, discussed above.

D. Debt Instruments

During the first six months of 2006, GECS and GECS affiliates issued \$43 billion of senior, unsecured long-term debt. This debt was both fixed and floating rate and was issued to institutional and retail investors in the U.S. and 15 other global markets. Maturities for these issuances ranged from one to forty years. We used the proceeds for repayment of maturing long-term debt, and to fund acquisitions and organic growth. We anticipate that we will issue between \$22 billion and \$32 billion of additional long-term debt during the remainder of 2006, mostly to repay maturing long-term debt. The ultimate amount we issue will depend on our needs and on the markets.

E. Other Information

New Accounting Standards

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued two related standards that address accounting for income taxes: FASB Interpretation No. (FIN) 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, and FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 13-2, *Accounting for a Change in the Timing of Cash Flows Relating to Income Taxes Generated by a Leveraged Lease Transaction*. Among other things, FIN 48 requires applying a "more likely than not" threshold to the recognition and derecognition of tax positions, while FSP FAS 13-2 requires a recalculation of returns on leveraged leases if there is a change or projected change in the timing of cash flows relating to income taxes generated by the leveraged lease. The new guidance will be effective for us on January 1, 2007. We expect the transition effects to be modest and to consist of reclassification of certain income tax-related liabilities in our Statement of Financial Position and an immaterial adjustment to the balance of retained earnings. Prior periods will not be restated as a result of this required accou