ARCH WIRELESS INC Form 10-Q August 03, 2004

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)	
[X]	Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2004
	or
[]	Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of
	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
	For the transition period from
	to
	Commission File Number 001-14248
	Arch Wireless, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

DELAWARE

31-1358569

(State of incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1800 West Park Drive, Suite 250 Westborough, Massachusetts (address of principal executive offices) 01581

(Zip Code)

(508) 870-6700

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13, or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes [X] No []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: no shares of the Registrant s Common Stock (\$.001 per value per share) and 19,623,094 shares of the Registrant s Class A Common Stock (\$0.0001 par value per share) were outstanding as of July 30, 2004.

Form 10-Q

ARCH WIRELESS, INC. QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

ARCH WIRELESS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited and in thousands)

	 June 30, 2004	De	cember 31, 2003
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 22,367 20,279	\$	34,582 26,052

June 30, 2004	De	ecember 31, 2003
 3,224		6,776
384		514
8,331		7,381
25,893		30,206
 80,478		105,511
391,936		394,436
(224,615)		(180,563)
 167,321		213,873
		1,139
		3
 191,955		189,346
\$ 439,757	\$	509,872
\$ 	\$	20,000
		8,836
		17,820
		7,893
8,887		10,076
0.470		1,520
		11,481
		8,104
 21,316		25,477
 68,335		111,207
		40,000
6,921		4,042
		<u>-</u> _
2		2
		339,928
		(2,682)
 25,296		17,375
 364,501		354,623
\$ 439,757	\$	509,872
\$	3,224 384 8,331 25,893 80,478 391,936 (224,615) 167,321 3 191,955 \$ 439,757 \$ 8,403 7,131 7,100 8,887 8,470 7,028 21,316 68,335 6,921 2 (3,112) 344,576 (2,261) 25,296 364,501	3,224 384 8,331 25,893 80,478 391,936 (224,615) 167,321 3 191,955 \$ 439,757 \$ \$ \$ 8,403 7,131 7,100 8,887 8,470 7,028 21,316 68,335 6,921 2 (3,112) 344,576 (2,261) 25,296 364,501

ARCH WIRELESS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

(in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

(unaudited)

Т	hree Month	s End	led June 30,		Six Months l	Ended	l June 30,
	2004		2003		2004		2003
\$	115,797	\$	154,076	\$	239,456	\$	318,829
	956		1 274		1.704		3,032
	650		1,374		1,794		3,032
	36,988		48.511		75,976		98,646
	/		- /-		,		,-
	8,757		11,721		17,825		24,215
	28,968		43,887		60,085		92,979
			,				63,861
	2,510		4,276				6,471
					3,018		
	109,150		140,407		221,526		289,204
	6,647		13,669		17,930		29,625
	(1,700)		(4,827)		(5,029)		(10,473)
	177		73		345		83
	5,124		8,915		13,246		19,235
	(2,060)		(3,671)		(5,325)		(7,920)
\$	3,064	\$	5,244	\$	7,921	\$	11,315
\$	0.15	\$	0.26	\$	0.40	\$	0.57
_				_			
\$	0.15	\$	0.26	\$	0.39	\$	0.57
19	9,965,076	20	0,000,000	1	9,982,635	20	0,000,000
20	0,109,191	20	0,025,555	2	0,093,617	20	0,012,848
	\$ \$ \$ \$	2004 \$ 115,797 856 36,988 8,757 28,968 31,071 2,510 109,150 6,647 (1,700) 177 5,124 (2,060) \$ 3,064 \$ 0.15	2004 \$ 115,797 \$ 856	\$ 115,797 \$ 154,076 856 1,374 36,988 48,511 8,757 11,721 28,968 43,887 31,071 30,638 2,510 4,276 109,150 140,407 6,647 13,669 (1,700) (4,827) 177 73 5,124 8,915 (2,060) (3,671) \$ 3,064 \$ 5,244 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 19,965,076 20,000,000	2004 2003 \$ 115,797 \$ 154,076 \$ 856 1,374 36,988 48,511 8,757 11,721 28,968 43,887 31,071 30,638 2,510 4,276 109,150 140,407 6,647 13,669 (1,700) (4,827) 177 73 5,124 8,915 (2,060) (3,671) \$ 3,064 \$ 5,244 \$ 0.15 0.26 \$ 0.15 0.26 \$ 0.15 0.26 \$ 19,965,076 20,000,000 1	2004 2003 2004 \$ 115,797 \$ 154,076 \$ 239,456 856 1,374 1,794 36,988 48,511 75,976 8,757 11,721 17,825 28,968 43,887 60,085 31,071 30,638 57,380 2,510 4,276 5,448 3,018 3,018 109,150 140,407 221,526 6,647 13,669 17,930 (1,700) (4,827) (5,029) 177 73 345 5,124 8,915 13,246 (2,060) (3,671) (5,325) \$ 3,064 \$ 5,244 \$ 7,921 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 \$ 0.40 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 \$ 0.39 19,965,076 20,000,000 19,982,635	2004 2003 2004 \$ 115,797 \$ 154,076 \$ 239,456 \$ 856 1,374 1,794 36,988 48,511 75,976 8,757 11,721 17,825 28,968 43,887 60,085 31,071 30,638 57,380 2,510 4,276 5,448 3,018 109,150 140,407 221,526 6,647 13,669 17,930 (1,700) (4,827) (5,029) 177 73 345 5,124 8,915 13,246 (2,060) (3,671) (5,325) \$ 3,064 \$ 5,244 \$ 7,921 \$ \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 \$ 0.40 \$ \$ 0.15 \$ 0.26 \$ 0.39 \$ 19,965,076 20,000,000 19,982,635 20

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ARCH WIRELESS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited and in thousands)

Six Months Ended June 30,

Cash flows from operating activities: Total come state of the come of the cash provided by operating activities: \$7,921 \$11,315 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: \$7,380 63,861 Depreciation and amortization \$57,380 63,861 Accretion of long-term debt 4,750 Amortization of stock based compensation 1,448 7,732 Deferred income tax expense 5,335 7,920 (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service 110 (119) adjustments 4,378 1,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 2 (2,298) Changes in assets and liabilities: 1 (2,298) Accounts receivable 1,395 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (19 13,071 Propendic expenses and other (18,711) (16,708) Cash flows from investing activities 35,307 96,313 Net cash provided by operating activities: (8,138) <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>			
Net income \$ 7,921 \$ 11,315 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 57,380 63,861 Depreciation and amortization 57,380 63,861 Accretion of long-term debt 4,750 Amortization of stock based compensation 1,448 1,773 Deferred income tax expense 5,325 7,920 (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 1,395 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts receivable 1,895 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (18,711) (16,708) Cast counts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from invest		2004	2003
Net income \$ 7,921 \$ 11,315 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: 57,380 63,861 Depreciation and amortization 57,380 63,861 Accretion of long-term debt 4,750 Amortization of stock based compensation 1,448 1,773 Deferred income tax expense 5,325 7,920 (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 1,395 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts receivable 1,895 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (18,711) (16,708) Cast counts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from invest	Cash flows from operating activities:		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Accretion of long-term debt Amortization of stock based compensation Deferred income tax expense (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment Other income adjustments Accounts nesters and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other Accounts payable and accrued expenses Customer deposits and deferred revenue Other long-term liabilities Act cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Act cash used for investing activities Cash flows from financing activities Cash flows from financing activities Receipts from note receivable Net cash used for financing activities Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, end of period Sapplemental disclosures: Interest paid Sapplemental disclosures: Interest paid Sapplemental disclosures: Interest paid		\$ 7,921	\$ 11,315
Provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization 4,750			, ,-
Depreciation and amortization	3		
Accretion of long-term debt 4,750 Amortization of stock based compensation 1,448 1,773 Deferred income tax expense 5,325 7,920 (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 4,378 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts receivable (18,711) (16,708) Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: 4,6161 (4,161) (4,161) Additions to property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Receipts from note receivable (6,000) (6,000)		57 380	63 861
Amortization of stock based compensation 1,448 1,773 Deferred income tax expense 5,325 7,920 (Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 3,352 (2,298) Accounts receivable 1,395 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities (60,000) (80,000) </td <td></td> <td>37,360</td> <td></td>		37,360	
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(Gain) loss on disposals of property and equipment Other income (230) 61 Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities: 3 (2,298) Accounts receivable (129) 13,071 Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 3,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment (8,138) 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities (6,410) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (8,38) (8,9		*	,
Other income (110) (119) Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities:		,	
Provisions for doubtful accounts and service adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities:		` '	
adjustments 4,378 15,294 Changes in assets and liabilities:		(110)	(119)
Changes in assets and liabilities: 1,395 (2,298) Accounts receivable (129) 13,071 Prepaid expenses and other (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: (8,138) (9,695) Additions to property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment activities (6,410) 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: </td <td>Provisions for doubtful accounts and service</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Provisions for doubtful accounts and service		
Accounts receivable 1,395 (2,298) Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: (8,138) (9,695) Additions to property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: 1 1 1<	adjustments	4,378	15,294
Prepaid expenses and other (129) 13,071 Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities: 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: 4dditions to property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: 8 (80,000) Repayment of long-term debt (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplement	Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: (8,138) (9,695) Additions to property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Repayment of long-term debt (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: 1<	Accounts receivable	1,395	(2,298)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (18,711) (16,708) Customer deposits and deferred revenue (4,161) (4,340) Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: (8,138) (9,695) Additions to property and equipment (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Repayment of long-term debt (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: 1<	Prepaid expenses and other	(129)	13,071
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Other long-term liabilities 2,801 1,733 Net cash provided by operating activities 57,307 96,313 Cash flows from investing activities: 8,138 (9,695) Additions to property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from disposals of property and equipment 1,618 2,232 Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities: (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$6,690 \$5,456			
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Additions to property and equipment Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment Receipts from note receivable (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment Receipts from note receivable 1,618 2,232 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Net cash provided by operating activities	57,307	96,313
Additions to property and equipment Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment Receipts from note receivable (8,138) (9,695) Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment Receipts from note receivable 1,618 2,232 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from disposals of property and equipment Receipts from note receivable 1,618 110 119 2,232 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Repayment of long-term debt Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid		(8.138)	(9.695)
Receipts from note receivable 110 119 Net cash used for investing activities (6,410) (7,344) Cash flows from financing activities: (60,000) (80,000) Repayment of long-term debt Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456			
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Repayment of long-term debt Purchase of treasury shares (60,000) Purchase of treasury shares (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$6,690 \$5,456	Net cash used for investing activities	(6,410)	(7,344)
Repayment of long-term debt Purchase of treasury shares (60,000) Purchase of treasury shares (80,000) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period (12,215) 8,969 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$6,690 \$5,456	Cash flows from financing activities:		
Purchase of treasury shares (3,112) Net cash used for financing activities (63,112) (80,000) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$22,367 \$46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$6,690 \$5,456		(60.000)	(80.000)
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Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period 34,582 37,187 Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(12.215)	8.969
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period \$ 22,367 \$ 46,156 Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456			
Supplemental disclosures: Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Cash and Cash equivalents, beginning of period		57,107
Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 22,367	\$ 46,156
Interest paid \$ 6,690 \$ 5,456	Supplemental disclosures:		
		\$ 6,690	\$ 5,456
	-		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

ARCH WIRELESS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

- (a) Preparation of Interim Financial Statements The consolidated financial statements of Arch Wireless, Inc. (Arch or the Company) have been prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial information included herein, other than the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2003, has been prepared without audit. The consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2003 has been derived from, but does not include all the disclosures contained in, the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003. In the opinion of management, these unaudited statements include all adjustments and accruals consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the results of all interim periods reported herein. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in Arch s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. The results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year.
- (b) Risks and Other Important Factors Based on current and anticipated levels of operations, Arch s management anticipates that net cash provided by operating activities, together with the \$22.4 million of cash on hand at June 30, 2004, will be adequate to meet its anticipated cash requirements for the foreseeable future.

In the event that net cash provided by operating activities and cash on hand are not sufficient to meet future cash requirements, Arch may be required to reduce planned capital expenditures, sell assets or seek additional financing. Arch can provide no assurances that reductions in planned capital expenditures or proceeds from asset sales would be sufficient to cover shortfalls in available cash or that additional financing would be available or, if available, offered on acceptable terms.

Arch believes that future fluctuations in its revenues and operating results may occur due to many factors, particularly the decreased demand for its messaging services. If the rate of decline of messaging units in service exceeds Arch s expectations, its revenues will be negatively impacted, and such impact could be material. Arch s plan to consolidate its networks may also negatively impact revenues as customers may experience a reduction in, and possible disruptions of, service in certain areas. Arch may be unable to adjust spending in a timely manner to compensate for any future revenue shortfall. It is possible that, due to these fluctuations, Arch s revenue or operating results may not meet the expectations of investors and creditors, which could impair the value of its equity securities.

(c) Proposed Merger On March 29, 2004, Arch announced the execution of a definitive merger agreement with Metrocall Holdings, Inc. (Metrocall). Under terms of the merger agreement, a new holding company was formed to own both Arch and Metrocall. In the aggregate, Metrocall common stockholders will receive \$150 million in cash pursuant to a cash election and approximately 27.5% of the shares of the new holding company s common stock on a fully diluted basis. Under the cash election, Metrocall shareholders will be entitled to elect to receive cash in the amount of \$75.00 per Metrocall share for up to two million Metrocall shares. The remaining approximately four million fully diluted Metrocall shares will be converted into approximately 27.5% of the new holding company s outstanding common stock on a fully diluted basis. To the extent that cash elections are made in respect of a number greater than or less than two million shares, the merger consideration will be adjusted on a pro rata basis so that two million of Metrocall s outstanding shares are exchanged for cash.

Arch shareholders will receive one share of new holding company common stock for each share of Arch common stock they own. Based on Arch s outstanding shares and options as of July 30, 2004, 20,151,773 shares and options of the new holding company would be issued to Arch stakeholders. This amount consists of 19,623,094 shares currently outstanding, 278,683 shares remaining to be issued pursuant to Arch splan of reorganization and options to purchase 249,996 shares of Arch common stock issued to certain members of the board of directors which fully vested on May 29, 2004. The current balance of outstanding shares above includes 316,002 shares of restricted stock issued to certain members of management that are currently subject to repurchase and other restrictions. If all 316,002 shares were repurchased, Arch shareholders would receive 19,835,771 shares of the new holding company s common stock and Metrocall s shareholders would receive 7,560,515 shares of the new holding company s common stock, reflecting an exchange ratio of 1.876 new holding company shares for each Metrocall share.

Arch and Metrocall have received opinions from tax counsel indicating the merger will qualify as a tax-free reorganization to the extent that shareholders receive stock rather than cash. Upon completion of the merger, Arch shareholders will own approximately 72.5% and Metrocall shareholders will own approximately 27.5% of the new company on a fully diluted basis.

Arch expects the new holding company will incur up to \$150.0 million of indebtedness to provide the funds necessary to purchase the two million Metrocall shares subject to the cash election referred to above. If such financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, the merger may be abandoned by either Arch or Metrocall.

The merger will be accounted for under the purchase method of accounting pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141, *Business Combinations*. Arch has been deemed the acquiring entity due its former shareholders holding a majority of the common stock of the new holding company. Accordingly, the basis of Arch s assets and liabilities as

of the acquisition date will be reflected on the new holding company s balance sheet at their historical basis. Amounts allocated to Metrocall s assets and liabilities will be based upon the total purchase price and the estimated fair values of such assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date.

Arch expects the merger, which has been approved by the boards of directors of Arch and Metrocall, but is subject to regulatory review, shareholder approval and other third-party consents, to be completed in the late third or early fourth quarter.

(d) Long-lived Assets Intangible and other assets were comprised of the following at June 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 (in thousands):

	Useful Life	,	Gross Carrying Amount	cumulated nortization	Balance
Purchased subscriber lists Purchased Federal Communications Commission licenses Other	3 yrs 5 yrs	\$	3,547 2,119 3	\$ 3,547 2,119	\$ 3
		\$	5,669	\$ 5,666	\$ 3

Aggregate amortization expense for intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 was zero and \$1.8 million, respectively. The balance of Arch s intangible assets were fully amortized in 2003, therefore there is no additional amortization expense to recognize in future periods.

(e) Restructuring Charges In the year ended December 31, 2003 and the six month period ended June 30, 2004, Arch recorded restructuring charges of \$11.5 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, related to certain lease agreements for transmitter locations. Under the terms of these agreements, Arch is required to pay minimum amounts for a designated number of transmitter locations. However, Arch determined the designated number of transmitter locations was in excess of its current and anticipated needs. At June 30, 2004, the balance of the restructuring reserve was as follows (in thousands):

	Balance at mber 31, 2003	Restructuring Charge in 2004	Cash Paid	R	emaining eserve at ne 30, 2004
Lease obligation costs	\$ 11,481	\$ 3,018	\$ 6,029	\$	8,470

The remaining obligations associated with these agreements are expected to be paid over the next four quarters.

(f) *Income Taxes* Arch accounts for income taxes under the provisions of SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* (SFAS No. 109). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities, given the provisions of enacted laws.

On May 29, 2004, 316,999 shares of restricted stock previously issued to certain members of senior management vested. The value of the shares when they vested was higher than the compensation expense recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, which will result in an incremental deduction for tax purposes. In accordance with SFAS No. 109, the tax effect of this incremental deduction of \$3.6 million was recognized as an increase to Arch s long-term deferred tax assets and additional paid-in capital.

SFAS No. 109 requires Arch to evaluate the recoverability of its deferred tax assets on an ongoing basis. The assessment is required to consider all available positive and negative evidence to determine whether, based on such evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of Arch s net deferred assets will be realized in future periods.

During the quarter ended December 31, 2003, management determined the available positive evidence carried more weight than the historical negative evidence and concluded it was more likely than not that the net deferred tax assets would be realized in future periods. The positive evidence management considered included operating income and cash flows for 2002 and 2003, Arch s repayment of debt ahead of scheduled maturities and anticipated operating income and cash flows for future periods in sufficient amounts to realize the net deferred tax assets. Results for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and anticipated future results remain consistent with the assessment made in 2003; therefore, management continues to believe no

valuation allowance is required.

The effective income tax rate is expected to continue to differ from the statutory federal tax rate primarily due to the effect of state income taxes.

(g) Earnings per Share Basic earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed on the basis of the weighted average common shares outstanding plus the effect of outstanding stock options using the treasury stock method. The components of basic and diluted earnings per share were as follows (in thousands, except share and per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended June 30,				9	Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2004		2003		2004		2003		
Net income	\$	3,064	\$	5,244	\$	7,921	\$	11,315		
Weighted average common shares outstanding Dilutive effect of:	19	9,965,076	20	0,000,000	19	9,982,635	20	0,000,000		
Options to purchase common stock		144,115		25,555		110,982		12,848		
Common stock and common stock equivalents	20),109,191	20	0,025,555	20),093,617	20	0,012,848		
Earnings per share:										
Basic	\$	0.15	\$	0.26	\$	0.40	\$	0.57		
Diluted	\$	0.15	\$	0.26	\$	0.39	\$	0.57		

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, no shares were excluded from the calculations above due to the shares being anti-dilutive.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

⁽h) *Treasury Stock* On May 29, 2004, Arch received 98,223 shares of its class A common stock with a value of approximately \$3.1 million surrendered from certain members of senior management as consideration for Arch remitting certain payroll withholding taxes related to the vesting of 316,999 shares of restricted stock on that date. Arch accounted for this treasury stock at cost.

⁽i) Long-term Debt On May 28,2004, Arch completed the final redemption of its 12% notes and has no other borrowings outstanding.

⁽j) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In January 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued FIN No. 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB 51 and issued a revision to that guidance, FIN No. 46-R, in December 2003. FIN No. 46 and FIN No 46-R provide guidance on the identification of entities for which control is achieved through means other than through voting rights called variable interest entities or VIEs and how to determine when and which business enterprise should consolidate the VIE (the primary beneficiary). This model for consolidation applies to an entity in which either (1) the equity investors (if any) do not have a controlling financial interest or (2) the equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance that entity is activities without receiving additional subordinated financial support from other parties. In addition, these interpretations require both the primary beneficiary and all other enterprises with a significant variable interest in a VIE to make additional disclosures. The provisions of FIN No. 46 were applicable to Arch for any interests entered into after January 31, 2003 and the provisions of FIN No. 46-R were effective on January 1, 2004. Arch does not have any interests that would change its current reporting entity or require additional disclosures outlined in FIN No. 46 or FIN No. 46-R.

Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, also known as the Exchange Act. For this purpose, any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words believes , anticipates , plans , expects and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. There are a number of important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated or suggested by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, without limitation, those set forth below under the caption Factors Affecting Future Operating Results.

Pending Metrocall Merger

On March 29, 2004, we announced the execution of a definitive merger agreement with Metrocall Holdings, Inc., also known as Metrocall. Under terms of the merger agreement, a new holding company was formed to own both Arch and Metrocall. In the aggregate, Metrocall common stockholders will receive \$150 million in cash pursuant to a cash election and approximately 27.5% of the shares of the new holding company s common stock on a fully diluted basis. Under the cash election, Metrocall shareholders will be entitled to elect to receive cash in the amount of \$75.00 per Metrocall share for up to two million Metrocall shares. The remaining approximately four million fully diluted Metrocall shares will be converted into approximately 27.5% of the new holding company s outstanding common stock on a fully diluted basis. To the extent that cash elections are made in respect of a number greater than or less than two million shares, the merger consideration will be adjusted on a pro rata basis so that two million of Metrocall s outstanding shares are exchanged for cash.

Our shareholders will receive one share of new holding company common stock for each share of our common stock they own. Based on our outstanding shares and options as of July 30, 2004, 20,151,773 shares and options of the new holding company will be issued to our stakeholders. This amount consists of 19,623,094 shares currently outstanding, 278,683 shares remaining to be issued pursuant to our plan of reorganization and options to purchase 249,996 shares of our common stock issued to certain members of the board of directors which became fully vested on May 29, 2004. The current balance of outstanding shares above includes 316,002 shares of restricted stock issued to certain members of our management that are currently subject to repurchase and other restrictions. If all 316,002 shares were repurchased, our shareholders will receive 19,835,771 shares of the new holding company s common stock and Metrocall s shareholders would receive 7,560,515 shares of the new holding company s common stock, reflecting an exchange ratio of 1.876 new holding company shares for each Metrocall share.

Arch and Metrocall have received opinions from tax counsel indicating the merger will qualify as a tax-free reorganization to the extent that shareholders receive stock rather than cash. Upon completion of the merger, Arch shareholders will own approximately 72.5% and Metrocall shareholders will own approximately 27.5% of the new company on a fully diluted basis.

We expect the new holding company to incur up to \$150.0 million of indebtedness to provide the funds necessary to purchase the two million Metrocall shares subject to the cash election referred to above. If such financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, the merger may be abandoned by either Arch or Metrocall.

The merger will be accounted for under the purchase method of accounting pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, known as SFAS, No. 141, *Business Combinations*. Arch has been deemed the acquiring entity due its former shareholders holding a majority of the common stock of the new holding company. Accordingly, the basis of our assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date will be reflected on the new holding company s balance sheet at their historical basis. Amounts allocated to Metrocall s assets and liabilities will be based upon the total purchase price and the estimated fair values of such assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date.

Arch expects the merger, which has been approved by the boards of directors of Arch and Metrocall, but is subject to regulatory review, shareholder approval and other third-party consents, to be completed in the late third or early fourth quarter.

Overview

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes and the discussions under Application of Critical Accounting Policies, which describes key estimates and assumptions we make in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements and Factors Affecting Future Operating Results, which describes key risks associated with our operations and industry and the following subsections of the Management s Discussion

and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section of our 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003: Overview, Results of Operations and Inflation.

We market and distribute our services through a direct sales force and a small indirect sales force.

Direct. Our direct sales force leases or sells devices and messaging services directly to customers ranging from small and medium-sized businesses to Fortune 500 companies, health care and related businesses and government agencies. Our direct sales force represents our most significant sales and marketing efforts and we intend to continue to market to commercial enterprises utilizing our direct sales force as these commercial enterprises have typically disconnected service at a lower rate than individual consumers.

Indirect. Our indirect sales force sells devices and access to our messaging networks to third parties, or resellers, who then resell messaging services to consumers or small businesses. Resellers generally are not exclusive distributors of our services and often have access to the networks of more than one provider. Competition among network providers to attract and maintain resellers is based primarily upon price. We intend to continue to provide access to our messaging networks to resellers and to concentrate on relationships that are profitable and in which longer-term partnerships can be established and maintained.

The following tables set forth units in service and revenue associated with our channels of distribution:

	20	As of ,	June 30,	003	As of March 31, 3 2004			
(units in thousands)	Units	%	Units	%	Units	%		
Direct Indirect	3,380 589	85% 15	3,787 986	79% 21	3,516 662	84% 16		
Total	3,969	100%	4,773	100%	4,178	100%		

	For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004 2003								
(dollars in thousands)		Revenue	%		Revenue	%		Revenue	%
Direct Indirect	\$	108,819 6,978	94%	\$	143,056 11,020	93% 7	\$	115,696 7,963	94% 6
Total	\$	115,797	100%	\$	154,076	100%	\$	123,659	100%

We derive the majority of our revenues from fixed monthly or other periodic fees charged to subscribers for wireless messaging services. Such fees are not generally dependent on usage. As long as a subscriber maintains service, operating results benefit from recurring payment of these fees. Revenues are generally dependent on the number of units in service and the monthly charge per unit. The number of units in service changes based on subscribers added, referred to as gross placements, less subscriber cancellations, or disconnects. The net of gross placements and disconnects is commonly referred to as net gains or losses of units in service. The absolute number of gross placements and the number of gross placements relative to average units in service in a period, referred to as the gross placement rate, are monitored on a monthly basis. In addition, the ratio of gross placements for a period to the number of sales representatives for the same period, referred to as gross placements per sales representative, is also reviewed. This measurement together with the gross placement rate reflects the productivity of our direct sales force. Disconnects are also monitored on a monthly basis. The ratio of units disconnected in a period to average units in service for the same period, called the disconnect rate, is an indicator of our success retaining subscribers which is important in order to maintain recurring revenues and to control operating expenses. The following table sets forth our gross placements and disconnects for the periods stated.

For the Quarter Ended June 30, For the Quarter Ended March 31, (units in thousands) 2004 2003 2004

For the Quarter Ended June 30,

For the Quarter Ended March 31,

	Gross Placements	Disconnects	Net Loss	Gross Placements	Disconnects	Net Loss	Gross Placements	Disconnects	Net Loss
Direct Indirect	131 35	267 108	(136) (73)	156 63	400 208	(244) (145)	119 35	277 136	(158) (101)
Total	166	375	(209)	219	608	(389)	154	413	(259)

The other factor that contributes to revenue, in addition to the number of units in service, is the monthly charge per unit. As previously discussed, the monthly charge is dependent on the subscriber s service, extent of geographic coverage, whether the subscriber leases or owns the messaging device and the number of units the customer has on his or her account. The ratio of service revenues for a period to the average units in service for the same period, commonly referred to as average revenue per unit, is a key revenue measurement as it indicates whether monthly charges for similar services and distribution channels are increasing or decreasing. Average revenue per unit by distribution channel and messaging service are monitored regularly. The following table sets forth our average revenue per unit by distribution channel for the periods stated. The rates for the prior year periods below have been recalculated to reflect a 249,000 unit adjustment recorded at December 31, 2003 which is discussed in our annual report on Form 10-K for 2003.

(in thousands, except per unit amounts)	For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004 2003		For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2004		
Direct:					
Service revenue	\$	104,323	\$ 136,361	\$	111,655
Average monthly units in service		3,442	4,148		3,595
Average revenue per units in service	\$	10.10	\$ 10.96	\$	10.35
Indirect:					
Service revenue	\$	6,851	\$ 10,997	\$	7,891
Average monthly units in service		623	1,054		711
Average revenue per units in service	\$	3.66	\$ 3.48	\$	3.70
Consolidated:					
Service revenue	\$	111,174	\$ 147,358	\$	119,546
Average monthly units in service		4,065	5,202		4,306
Average revenue per units in service	\$	9.12	\$ 9.44	\$	9.25

Average revenue per unit for similar services and distribution channels is indicative of changes in monthly charges; however, this measurement on a consolidated basis is affected by several factors, most notably the mix of units in service. The decrease in our consolidated average revenue per unit for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 from the quarters ended June 30, 2003 and March 31, 2004 was due primarily to the change in average revenue per unit in service in our direct distribution channel. We anticipate average revenue per unit for our direct units in service will decline in future periods and the decline will be primarily due to the mix of messaging services demanded by our customers, a decline in the percentage of customers with fewer units in service and, to a lesser extent, changes in monthly charges and competitive pricing pressure.

As discussed earlier, customers with more units in service generally have lower monthly charges for similar services due to volume discounts and historically have had lower disconnect rates. Therefore, as the percentage of our direct units in service becomes more concentrated with customers that have more units in service, our average revenue per unit and disconnect rate should decline. The following table sets forth units in service for our direct channel of distribution grouped by the number of units in service on customer accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The ratio of contractual recurring fees to the average units in service for a period is referred to below as average contractual recurring fees per unit in service. Contractual recurring fees are derived from our billing system and represent the fees that would be billed to customers assuming all units in service were billed at their contractual amounts, but they are not our actual service revenues. Contractual recurring fees are generally lower than actual service revenues recognized due to usage and transaction based revenues which occur on a recurring basis, but are not included in the contractual recurring billing rate.

(units in thousands)

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004

Number of Customers	Units in Service	% of Total Units in Service	Average Contractual Recurring Fees per Unit	
386,703	653	18.5%	\$ 12.18	
25,672	724	20.6	9.82	
3,740	2,139	60.9	7.80	
416,115	3,516	100.0%	9.05	
353,370	601	17.8%	\$ 12.16	
23,934	678	20.0	9.71	
3,614	2,101	62.2	7.65	
380,918	3,380	100.0%	8.88	
	386,703 25,672 3,740 416,115 353,370 23,934 3,614	Customers Service 386,703 653 25,672 724 3,740 2,139 416,115 3,516 353,370 601 23,934 678 3,614 2,101	Number of Customers Units in Service Units in Service 386,703 653 18.5% 25,672 724 20.6 3,740 2,139 60.9 416,115 3,516 100.0% 353,370 601 17.8% 23,934 678 20.0 3,614 2,101 62.2	

The following table sets forth our gross placements, disconnects and net gains (losses) of units in service for our direct channel of distribution grouped by the number of units in service on customer accounts for the quarter ended June 30, 2004. The gross placement, disconnect and net gain (loss) rates set forth below are calculated by dividing the relevant measure, gross placements, disconnects or net gains (losses) by average units in service and are presented on an average monthly basis.

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2004

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(unita in thousands)			
(units in thousands)	Units Placed/ Disconnected	% of Total	Placement, Disconnect and Net Loss Rate
Gross Placements			
Customers with 1-10 units in service	12	8.9%	0.6%
Customers with 11-100 units in service	27	20.7	1.3
Customers with >100 units in service	92	70.4	1.5
Total	131	100.0%	1.3%
<u>Disconnects</u>			
Customers with 1-10 units in service	(64)	23.8%	3.4%
Customers with 11-100 units in service	(72)	27.2	3.5
Customers with >100 units in service	(131)	49.0	2.1
Total	(267)	100.0%	2.6%
Net Gains (Losses)			
Customers with 1-10 units in service	(52)	38.3%	(2.8)%
Customers with 11-100 units in service	(45)	33.4	(2.2)
Customers with >100 units in service	(39)	28.3	(0.6)
Total	(136)	100.0%	(1.3)%

The tables above illustrate the increasing concentration of customers with more units in service and how the net gain (loss) rate decreases as the number of units with a customer increases, thereby resulting in lower overall disconnect rates and average

revenue per unit. We anticipate this trend to continue in future periods, which should result in lower revenues, although the rate of revenue decline should also decrease.

As the tables above indicate, we have experienced significant reductions in units in service and revenues. The demand for our one and two-way messaging services has declined over the past several years and we believe demand will continue to decline for the foreseeable future largely attributable to competition from cellular and broadband PCS service providers. Reductions in the number of units in service significantly affects our results of operations since operations no longer benefit from the recurring revenue generated from these units in service. In order to continue to generate net cash provided by operating activities, given the anticipated decreases in revenues, reductions in operating expenses have been, and will continue to be, necessary. In particular, lease payments on transmitter locations and telephone expenses are the most significant costs associated with the operation of our messaging networks, accounting for 37.2% of our service, rental and maintenance, selling and general and administrative expenses thus far in 2004. Reductions in these expenses depend on our ability to successfully consolidate the number of messaging networks we operate, ultimately resulting in fewer locations on which we are required to pay monthly lease and telephone costs.

We are dependent on net cash provided by operating activities as our principal source of liquidity. If our expected reductions in operating expenses are not met, or if revenues decline at a more rapid rate than anticipated and that decline cannot be offset with additional expense reductions, net cash provided by operating activities would be adversely affected. If we are not able to achieve anticipated levels of net cash provided by operating activities, we may be required to reduce desired capital expenditures, which could result in higher losses of units in service.

Our revenues were \$115.8 million and \$154.1 million for the quarters ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. As noted above, the demand for one and two-way messaging services has declined over the past several years and, as a result, management of operating expenses is important to our financial results. Certain of our operating expenses are especially important to overall expense control. These operating expenses are categorized as follows:

- o Service, rental and maintenance. These are the expenses associated with the operation of our networks and the provision of messaging services. These expenses consist largely of telephone charges to deliver messages over our networks and lease payments for locations on which we maintain transmitters.
- o *Selling*. These are the costs associated with our direct and indirect sales forces. These costs consist primarily of salaries and commissions and advertising expense.
- General and administrative. These are costs associated with customer service, inventory management, billing, collections, bad debts and other administrative functions.

We review the percentages of these operating expenses to revenues on a regular basis. These ratios indicate whether operating expenses are decreasing at the same rate as revenues which are key indicators of our operating efficiency. Even though operating expenses are classified as described above, expense controls are also performed on a functional expense basis. For the three months ended June 30, 2004, we incurred approximately 75% of the expenses referred to above in three functional expense categories: payroll and related expenses, lease payments for transmitter locations and telephone expenses.

Payroll and related expenses include wages, commissions, incentives, employee benefits and related taxes. We review the number of employees in major functional work groups, such as direct sales, collections and customer service on a monthly basis. The ratio of the number of employees in each functional work group to the number of direct units in service or total units in service is reviewed to ensure that functional groups that are largely dependent on the number of units in service maintain or improve this ratio. We also review the design and physical locations of functional groups to continuously improve efficiency, simplify organizational structures and minimize physical locations.

Lease payments for transmitter locations are largely dependent on our messaging networks. We operate local, regional and nationwide one-way messaging networks and a two-way messaging network. These networks each require locations on which to place transmitters, receivers and antennas. Generally, lease payments are incurred for each transmitter location. Therefore, lease payments for transmitter locations are highly dependent on the number of transmitters, which in turn is dependent on the number of networks. In addition, these expenses generally do not vary directly with the number of subscribers or units in service and are generally fixed in the short term. In order to reduce this expense, we have an active program to consolidate the number of networks and thus transmitter locations, referred to as network rationalization. We have identified frequencies in each geographic region onto which we are migrating customers as network capacity allows. We attempt to migrate customers in a manner which minimizes customer impact; however, in certain circumstances messaging coverage may not entirely replicate that of the network being consolidated, which may result in some customers experiencing differences in coverage patterns or

possible disruptions of service. Network rationalization results in consolidated networks, and therefore fewer transmitter locations, which we believe will result in lower operating expenses. Due to the nature of the underlying contractual agreements for our transmitter locations, there can be no assurance that network rationalization will result in immediate, proportionate savings in lease payments.

In 2003, we removed 4,520 transmitters from various networks and plan to remove approximately 1,200 additional transmitters in 2004, including approximately 460 that were removed during the six months ended June 30, 2004.

Telephone expenses are incurred to provide interconnection of our messaging networks, telephone numbers for customer use, points of contact for customer service and connectivity among our offices. These expenses are dependent on the number of units in service and the number of office and network locations we maintain. The dependence on units in service is related to the number of telephone numbers provided to customers and the number of telephone calls made to our call centers, though this is not always a direct dependency. For example, the number or duration of telephone calls to our call centers may vary from period to period based on factors other than the number of units in service, which could cause telephone expense to vary regardless of the number of units in service. In addition, certain telephone numbers we provide to our customers may have a usage component based on the number and duration of calls to the subscriber s messaging device. Therefore, based on the factors discussed above, absent the efforts that have been underway to review telephone circuit inventories and capacities and to reduce the number of transmitter and office locations at which we operate, telephone expenses do not necessarily vary in a direct relationship to units in service.

The total of our cost of products sold, service, rental and maintenance, selling and general and administrative expenses was \$155.7 million and \$218.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and the ratio of revenue less the total of these expenses to revenue for those periods was 35.0% and 31.4%, respectively. The decrease in these operating expenses is discussed in Results of Operations. An increase in the ratio referred to above indicates expense reductions exceeded the rate of revenue decline. Since it is anticipated that demand for one and two-way messaging will continue to decline, expense reductions will continue to be necessary in order for us to maintain this ratio at current levels.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

		or the Quarte 104	r Ended June 3 20	,	Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Revenues	\$ 115,797	100.0%	\$ 154,076	100.0%	\$ (38,279)	(24.8)%
Selected operating expenses:						
Cost of products sold	856	0.7	1,374	0.9	(518)	(37.7)
Service, rental & maintenance	36,988	31.9	48,511	31.5	(11,523)	(23.8)
Selling	8,757	7.6	11,721	7.6	(2,964)	(25.3)
General and administrative	28,968	25.0	43,887	28.5	(14,919)	(34.0)

REVENUES

Revenues consist primarily of recurring fees associated with the provision of messaging services, rental of leased units and the sale of devices. Device sales represented less than 10% of total revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003. We do not differentiate between service and rental revenues. The decrease in revenues consisted of a \$36.2 million decrease in recurring fees associated with the provision of messaging services and a \$2.1 million decrease in revenues from device transactions. The table below sets forth units in service and service revenue, the changes in each between the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 and the change in revenue associated with differences in the numbers of units in service and the average revenue per unit, known as ARPU.

U	Units in Service			Service Revenue				
2004	2003	Change	2004	2003	Change			

REVENUES 14

	τ	Jnits in Ser	vice		Service Revenue			ıe		
			_				- Change due to ARPU	Change due to Units		
One-way messaging Two-way messaging	3,699 270	4,454 319	(755) (49)	\$ 89,953 21,221	\$ 120,876 26,482	\$ (30,923) (5,261)	\$ (8,614) (1,206)	\$ (22,309) (4,055)		
Total	3,969	4,773	(804)	\$ 111,174	\$ 147,358	\$ (36,184)	\$ (9,820)	\$ (26,364)		

As previously discussed, demand for messaging services has declined over the past several years and we anticipate that it will continue to decline for the foreseeable future, which will result in reductions in service revenue due to the lower volume of subscribers. In addition, as the percentage of customers with more than 100 units in service increases, our average revenue per unit and disconnect rate is expected to decline. We expect that the impact of these events should result in a lower rate of decline in revenues.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Payroll and Related Expenses. Payroll and related expenses are our largest expense, representing 37.4% and 36.5% of the total of cost of products sold, service, rental and maintenance, selling and general and administrative for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The payroll and related expenses in each significant category of expense are included in the following table:

	Fo 20	Ended June 20	,	Change Bet 2004 and 2		
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Service, rental & maintenance Selling	\$ 6,147 8,438	5.3% 7.3	\$ 7,177 11,145	4.7% 7.2	\$ (1,030) (2,707)	(14.4)% (24.3)
General and administrative Total	13,659 \$ 28,244	24.4%	\$ 38,483	25.0%	(6,502) \$ (10,239)	(32.3) (26.6)%

As discussed earlier, we review the ratio of the number of direct units in service per employee in each functional work group to ensure that functional groups, which are largely dependent on the number of units in service, maintain or improve this ratio. The number of employees and the ratio of direct units in service per employee for each category of expense are included in the table below:

	For the Quarter 2004			e 30, 03	Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	# of Employees	Units per Employee	# of Employees	Units per Employee	# of Employees	Units per Employee
Service, rental & maintenance Selling	430 517	7,860 6,538	542 742	6,987 5,104	(112) (225)	873
General and administrative	952	3,552	1,531	2,474	(579)	1,434 1,078
Total	1,899	1,780	2,815	1,346	(916)	434

The decrease in the number of employees resulted in \$10.2 million lower payroll and related expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2004, and the ratio of direct units in service per employee improved in each functional work group.

- o Service, rental and maintenance consists largely of field technicians and their managers. This functional work group does not vary as closely to direct units in service as other work groups since these individuals are related to the number of networks we operate rather than the number of units in service on our networks. In the quarter ended June 30, 2004, we maintained, and will continue to maintain, higher staffing levels to support our efforts to consolidate our networks.
- o The decrease in payroll expenses related to selling was due primarily to a decrease in the number of sales representatives and sales management which resulted from our continuing efforts to maintain or improve sales force productivity; consequently, as units in service decline, fewer sales personnel are required.
- The decrease in payroll and related expenses included in general and administrative expenses was due to 579 fewer employees in this category at June 30, 2004. The improvement in the ratio of direct units in service per general and administrative employee was due primarily to additional outsourcing of customer service activities. In addition, bonus expense was \$3.8 million less in 2004 compared to the same period in 2003 due to changes in the 2004 plan and a lower number of participants.

Service, Rental and Maintenance. Service, rental and maintenance expenses consist primarily of the following significant items:

		r the Quarte 104	r Ended June 20	30, 003	Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Lease payments for transmitter locations	\$ 19,490	16.8%	\$ 25,864	16.8%	\$ (6,374)	(24.6)%
Telephone related expenses	6,866	5.9	9,444	6.1	(2,578)	(27.3)
Payroll and related expenses	6,147	5.3	7,177	4.7	(1,030)	(14.4)
Fees paid to other network providers	453	0.4	685	0.4	(232)	(33.9)
Operator dispatch fees	713	0.6	1,186	0.8	(473)	(39.9)
Other	3,319	2.9	4,155	2.7	(836)	(20.1)
Total	\$ 36,988	31.9%	\$ 48,511	31.5%	\$ (11,523)	(23.8)%

As illustrated in the table above, service, rental and maintenance expenses decreased \$11.5 million from the quarter ended June 30, 2003, however the percentage of these costs to revenues increased marginally, primarily due to payroll and related expenses. Following is a discussion of each significant item listed above:

As discussed earlier, we have reduced the number of transmitters in service in conjunction with our plan to consolidate our networks. In 2003, transmitter consolidation activity was significantly higher in the latter half of the year resulting in lower lease payments in 2004. In addition, the restructuring charges recorded in the fourth quarter of 2003 and the first quarter of 2004 resulted in approximately \$3.0 million lower lease expense in the current year period compared to the same period in 2003.

Our efforts to consolidate our networks should continue to result in lower lease payments for transmitter locations, however these payments are subject to underlying obligations contained in each lease agreement, some of which do not allow for immediate savings when our equipment is removed and most of which require annual payment increases. Leases may also consist of payments for multiple sets of transmitters, antenna structures or network infrastructures on a particular site. In some cases, we remove only a portion of the equipment to which the lease payment relates. Under these circumstances, reduction of future rent payments is often subject to negotiation and our success is dependent on many factors, including the number of other sites we lease from the lessor, the amount and location of equipment remaining at the site and the remaining term of the lease. Therefore, lease payments for transmitter locations are generally fixed in the short term.

The decrease in telephone expenses resulted from savings associated with the consolidation of network facilities, lower usage-based charges due to declining units in service and rationalization of telephone trunk capacities. The costs associated with network facilities and telephone trunks are generally fixed in nature and the usage-based charges generally vary with units in service.

- o The change in payroll and related expenses was discussed above.
- The decrease in operator dispatch fees was due primarily to lower units in service and, to a lesser extent, the utilization of other means to contact alphanumeric subscribers, such as the Internet.

We believe the primary service, rental and maintenance expense reduction in 2004 will relate to lease payments for transmitter locations. In 2003, we recognized a beneficial trend in these payments as a result of our ongoing program to consolidate the number of networks we operate. We expect this trend to continue in future periods, although we cannot guarantee the level and specific timing of savings because these expenses are based on underlying contracts which, depending on the particular contract, may or may not result in immediate expense savings.

Selling. Selling expense consists primarily of payroll and related expense which was discussed above.

General and Administrative. General and administrative expenses consist of the following significant items:

		For the Quarter 2004			Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Payroll and related expenses	\$ 13,659	11.8%	\$ 20,161	13.1%	\$ (6,502)	(32.3)%
Bad debt	292	0.3	2,704	1.8	(2,412)	(89.2)
Facility expenses	3,350	2.9	3,936	2.6	(586)	(14.9)
Telephone	1,702	1.5	2,644	1.7	(942)	(35.6)
Outside services	2,771	2.4	3,568	2.3	(797)	(22.3)
Taxes and permits	2,895	2.5	3,891	2.5	(996)	(25.6)
Other	4,299	3.6	6,983	4.5	(2,684)	(38.4)
Total	\$ 28,968	25.0%	\$ 43,887	28.5%	\$ (14,919)	(34.0)%

As illustrated in the table above, general and administrative expenses decreased \$14.9 million from the quarter ended June 30, 2003 and the percentage of these costs to revenue also decreased, primarily due to lower payroll and related expenses and bad debt expense. Following is a discussion of each significant item listed above:

- o The change in payroll and related expenses was discussed above.
- The decrease in bad debt expense was due to lower levels of overall accounts receivable, which resulted from decreases in revenues and strong collections, and lower amounts of write-offs. We anticipate bad debt expense to remain flat or increase in the future since we do not anticipate similar decreases in future accounts receivable balances
- o The \$586,000 decrease in facilities expense was due to the closure of various office facilities in conjunction with our efforts to reduce the number of physical locations at which we operate.
- o The decrease in telephone expense was due primarily to fewer calls to our call centers as a result of fewer units in service and the reduction of physical locations at which we operate.
- Outside services expense consists primarily of costs associated with printing and mailing invoices, outsourced customer service, temporary help and various professional fees. The decrease in these expenses is due primarily to lower professional fees during the second quarter of 2004.

Taxes and permits consists primarily of property, franchise and gross receipts taxes. The decrease for the three months ended June 30, 2004 was due primarily to lower revenue, since certain of these charges are levied on revenue.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expenses increased to \$31.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 from \$30.6 million for the same period in 2003. This increase was due to the \$2.9 million write down of prepayments made to a device manufacturer that ceased operations. These prepayments were to be recovered through credits as we received the devices. This increase was partially offset by lower depreciation on certain assets which became fully depreciated in the quarter ended June 30, 2004.

Stock Based and Other Compensation. Stock based and other compensation consists primarily of severance payments to persons we previously employed, amortization of compensation expense associated with common stock and options issued to certain members of management and the board of directors and compensation cost associated with a long-term management incentive plan. Stock based and other compensation was \$2.5 million for the second quarter of 2004, compared to \$4.3 million in the second quarter of 2003. The decrease in this expense was due primarily to higher expense in 2003 due to the recognition of \$874,000 of compensation expense associated with the options granted to certain members of our board of directors and higher severance cost of \$762,000.

Interest Expense. Interest expense, net decreased to \$1.7 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 from \$4.8 million for the same period in 2003. This decrease was due to lower average outstanding debt balances in the quarter ended June 30, 2004 compared to the same period in 2003. During the quarter ended June 30, 2004, we completed the redemption of our 12% notes. Therefore, interest expense in future periods should be zero.

Income Tax Expense. For the quarter ended June 30, 2004, we recognized \$2.1 million of deferred income tax expense based on an effective tax rate of approximately 40%. The expense for the three months ended June 30, 2003 of \$3.7 million was recorded at an effective tax rate of approximately 41%. We anticipate recognition of income tax expense to be required for the foreseeable future, but we do not anticipate these provisions to result in current tax liabilities. See Factors Affecting Future Operating Results Deductions for tax purposes from future activities and from retained tax attributes may be insufficient to offset future federal taxable income and/or significant changes in the ownership of our common stock may increase income tax payments and Application of Critical Accounting Policies Income Taxes for further discussion.

Comparison of the Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

		or the Six Month 004	s Ended June 20	,	Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Revenues	\$ 239,456	100.0%	\$ 318,829	100.0%	\$ (79,373)	(24.9)%
Selected operating expenses:						
Cost of products sold	1,794	0.7	3,032	1.0	(1,238)	(40.8)
Service, rental & maintenance	75,976	31.7	98,646	30.9	(22,670)	(23.0)
Selling	17,825	7.4	24,215	7.6	(6,390)	(26.4)
General and administrative	60,085	25.1	92,979	29.2	(32,894)	(35.4)

REVENUES

Revenues consist primarily of recurring fees associated with the provision of messaging services, rental of leased units and the sale of devices. Device sales represented less than 10% of total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003. We do not differentiate between service and rental revenues. The decrease in revenues consisted of a \$74.0 million decrease in recurring fees associated with the provision of messaging services and a \$5.4 million decrease in revenues from device transactions. The table below sets forth units in service and service revenue, the changes in each between the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 and the change in revenue associated with differences in the numbers of units in service and the average revenue per unit, known as ARPU.

REVENUES 18

Units in Service Service Revenue

	2004	2003	Change	2004	2003	Change	Change due to ARPU	Change due to Units
One-way messaging Two-way messaging	3,699 270	4,454 319	(755) (49)	\$ 187,017 43,703	\$ 251,146 53,551	\$ (64,129) (9,848)	\$ (14,776) (1,575)	\$ (49,353) (8,273)
Total	3,969	4,773	(804)	\$ 230,720	\$ 304,697	\$ (73,977)	\$ (16,351)	\$ (57,626)

As previously discussed, demand for messaging services has declined over the past several years and we anticipate that it will continue to decline for the foreseeable future, which will result in reductions in service revenue due to the lower volume of subscribers. In addition, as the percentage of customers with more than 100 units in service increases, our average revenue per unit and disconnect rate is expected to decline. We expect that the impact of these events should result in a lower rate of decline in revenues.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Payroll and Related Expenses. Payroll and related expenses are our largest expense, representing 37.3% and 37.7% of the total of cost of products sold, service, rental and maintenance, selling and general and administrative for the six months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The payroll and related expenses in each significant category of expense are included in the following table:

	For the Six Montl 2004		hs Ended June 30, 2003		Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Service, rental & maintenance	\$ 12,805	5.3%	\$ 15,189	4.8%	\$ (2,384)	(15.7)%
Selling	17,198	7.3	23,057	7.2	(5,859)	(25.4)
General and administrative	28,099	11.7	44,169	13.9	(16,070)	(36.4)
Total	\$ 58,102	24.3%	\$ 82,415	25.9%	\$ (24,313)	(29.5)%

The decrease in the number of employees resulted in \$24.3 million lower payroll and related expense for the six months ended June 30, 2004 for largely the same reasons as discussed in the comparison of the three months ended June 30, 2004.

Service, Rental and Maintenance. Service, rental and maintenance expenses consist primarily of the following significant items:

	For t 20		s Ended June 30, 2003		Change Between 2004 and 2003	
	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	% of Revenue	Amount	%
Lease payments for transmitter locations	\$ 40,104	16.7%	\$ 51,431	16.1%	\$ (11,327)	(22.0)%
Telephone related expenses	13,787	5.8	19,894	6.2	(6,107)	(30.7)
Payroll and related expenses	12,805	5.3	15,189	4.8	(2,384)	(15.7)
Fees paid to other network providers	982	0.4	1,434	0.4	(452)	(31.5)
Operator dispatch fees	1,629	0.7	2,272	0.8	(643)	(28.3)
Other	6,669	2.8	8,426	2.7	(1,757)	(20.9)

For the Six Months Ended June 30, Change Between \$ 75,976 31.7% \$ 98,646 31.0% \$

Total