

NETSUITE INC
Form DEF 14A
April 26, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))**
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material under §240.14a-12

NETSUITE INC.
(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement if other than the Registrant)

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(4) Date Filed:

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NetSuite Inc.

2955 Campus Drive

Suite 100

San Mateo, CA 94403-2511

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS

To Be Held May 26, 2011

Dear Stockholders:

You are cordially invited to attend our 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on Thursday, May 26, 2011 at 9:00 a.m., local time, at The Westin Hotel, 1 Old Bayshore Highway, Millbrae, California 94030. We are holding the meeting for the following purposes:

1. To elect two Class I directors, Zachary Nelson and Kevin Thompson, to serve for a term of three years and until their successors are duly elected and qualified, subject to their earlier death, resignation or removal;
2. To approve the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended) for purposes of complying with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
3. To hold an advisory vote on executive compensation;
4. To hold an advisory vote on the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation;
5. To ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011; and
6. To transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting or at any and all adjournments, continuations or postponements thereof.

If you owned our common stock at the close of business on April 1, 2011, you may attend and vote at the meeting. A list of stockholders eligible to vote at the meeting will be available for review during our regular business hours at our headquarters in San Mateo, California for the ten days prior to the meeting for any purpose related to the meeting. This notice, the Proxy Statement and the Annual Report are first being mailed to stockholders and posted on our website on or about April 26, 2011.

Your vote is important. Whether or not you plan to attend the meeting, I hope that you will vote as soon as possible. You may vote your shares via a toll-free telephone number or over the Internet. You may also submit your proxy card or voting instruction card for the meeting by completing, signing, dating and returning your proxy card or voting instruction card in the envelope provided. Any stockholder of record attending the meeting may vote in person, even if you have already returned a proxy card or voting instruction card.

Thank you for your ongoing support of NetSuite. We look forward to seeing you at our Annual Meeting.

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Sincerely,

/s/ Douglas P. Solomon
Douglas P. Solomon
SVP, General Counsel and Secretary

April 26, 2011

San Mateo, California

ALL STOCKHOLDERS ARE INVITED TO ATTEND THE MEETING IN PERSON. WHETHER OR NOT YOU EXPECT TO ATTEND THE MEETING, PLEASE VOTE AS PROMPTLY AS POSSIBLE IN ORDER TO ENSURE YOUR REPRESENTATION AT THE MEETING. PLEASE NOTE THAT IF YOUR SHARES ARE HELD OF RECORD BY A BROKER, BANK OR OTHER NOMINEE AND YOU WISH TO VOTE AT THE MEETING, YOU MUST OBTAIN FROM THE RECORD HOLDER A PROXY ISSUED IN YOUR NAME.

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NETSUITE INC.

Proxy Statement

For the Annual Meeting of Stockholders

To Be Held on May 26, 2011

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NetSuite Inc.

2955 Campus Drive

Suite 100

San Mateo, CA 94403-2511

GENERAL INFORMATION

Our board of directors is soliciting proxies for our 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on Thursday, May 26, 2011 at 9:00 a.m. local time at The Westin Hotel, 1 Old Bayshore Highway, Millbrae, California 94030. Our principal executive offices are located at 2955 Campus Drive, Suite 100, San Mateo, CA 94403-2511.

The proxy materials, including this proxy statement, proxy card or voting instruction card and our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K are first being distributed to stockholders and made available on our website at www.netsuite.com under the headings Investors/SEC Filings on or about April 26, 2011. These materials are also available at <https://materials.proxyvote.com/64118Q> in a manner that does not infringe on the anonymity of the person accessing such website. This proxy statement contains important information for you to consider when deciding how to vote on the matters brought before the meeting. Please read it carefully.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

What is included in these materials and posted on our website?

These materials include:

Our proxy statement for the Annual Meeting including the proxy card for the Annual Meeting; and

Our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K, which includes our audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

What items will be voted on at the Annual Meeting?

There are five items that will be voted on at the Annual Meeting:

1. The election of two Class I directors;
2. The approval of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended) for purposes of complying with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
3. An advisory vote on executive compensation;
4. An advisory vote on the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation; and

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5. The ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011.

What are our Board of Directors' voting recommendations?

Our board recommends that you vote your shares **FOR** each of the nominees to the board, **FOR** the approval of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended), **FOR** the approval of the compensation of our named executive officers, **every three years** for the frequency of a vote on executive compensation, and **FOR** the ratification of the appointment of KPMG LLP.

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Who may vote at the Annual Meeting?

If you owned NetSuite's common stock at the close of business on April 1, 2011 (the Record Date), then you may attend and vote at the meeting. At the close of business on the Record Date, we had 65,931,554 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, all of which are entitled to vote with respect to all matters to be acted upon at the Annual Meeting. Each stockholder of record is entitled to one vote for each share of common stock held by such stockholder.

What is the difference between holding shares as a stockholder of record and as a beneficial owner of shares held in street name?

Stockholder of Record. If your shares are registered directly in your name with our transfer agent, Wells Fargo Shareholder Services, or Wells Fargo, you are considered the stockholder of record with respect to those shares, and the proxy materials were sent directly to you by NetSuite.

Beneficial Owner of Shares Held in Street Name. If your shares are held in an account at a brokerage firm, bank, broker-dealer, or other similar organization, then you are the beneficial owner of shares held in street name, and the proxy materials were forwarded to you by that organization. The organization holding your account is considered the stockholder of record for purposes of voting at the Annual Meeting. As a beneficial owner, you have the right to direct that organization on how to vote the shares held in your account.

What is the quorum requirement for the Annual Meeting?

A majority of NetSuite's outstanding shares on the Record Date must be present at the meeting in order to hold the meeting and conduct business. This is called a quorum. Your shares will be counted for purposes of determining if there is a quorum, whether representing votes for, against, withheld or abstained, or broker non-votes, if you:

Are present and vote in person at the meeting; or

Have voted on the Internet, by telephone or by properly submitting a proxy card or voting instruction form by mail.

If I am a stockholder of record of NetSuite's shares, how do I vote?

If you are a stockholder of record, you may vote by proxy. You can vote by proxy over the Internet, by mail or by telephone by following the instructions provided in the proxy materials.

You may also vote in person at the Annual Meeting. We will give you a ballot when you arrive. Directions to the Annual Meeting are available on our corporate website at <http://www.netsuite.com/portal/investors/event.shtml>.

If I am a beneficial owner of shares held in street name, how do I vote?

If you are a beneficial owner of shares held in street name, you may vote by proxy. You may vote by proxy over the Internet, by mail or by telephone by following the instructions provided in the proxy materials.

You may also vote in person at the Annual Meeting. To vote in person, you must obtain a valid proxy from the organization that holds your shares. Directions to the Annual Meeting are available on our corporate website at <http://www.netsuite.com/portal/investors/event.shtml>.

What happens if I do not give specific voting instructions?

Stockholders of Record. If you are a stockholder of record and you:

Indicate when voting on the Internet or by telephone that you wish to vote as recommended by our board of directors; or

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If you sign and return a proxy card without giving specific voting instructions,

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then the proxy holders will vote your shares in the manner recommended by our board of directors on all matters presented in this proxy statement and as the proxy holders may determine in their discretion with respect to any other matters properly presented for a vote at the meeting.

Beneficial Owners of Shares Held in Street Name. If you are a beneficial owner of shares held in street name and do not provide the organization (*e.g.*, your broker) that holds your shares, with voting instructions, under the rules of various national and regional securities exchanges, the organization that holds your shares may generally vote on routine matters but cannot vote on non-routine matters. If the organization that holds your shares does not receive instructions from you on how to vote your shares on a non-routine matter, the organization that holds your shares will inform our Inspector of Election that it does not have the authority to vote on this matter with respect to your shares. This is generally referred to as a broker non-vote. When our Inspector of Election tabulates the votes for any particular matter, broker non-votes will be counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present, but will not otherwise be counted. We encourage you to provide voting instructions to the organization that holds your shares by carefully following the instructions provided in the proxy materials.

If you are a beneficial owner of shares held in street name it is important for you to cast a vote if you want it to count in the election of directors (Proposal 1), vote on the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended) (Proposal 2), advisory vote on executive compensation (Proposal 3) and advisory vote on the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation (Proposal 4). In the past, if a beneficial owner held shares in street name and did not indicate how the holder wanted the shares voted in the election of directors, the beneficial owner's bank or broker was allowed to vote those shares on the holder's behalf in the election of directors as they felt appropriate. Recent changes in applicable regulations were made to take away the ability of a beneficial owner's bank or broker to vote uninstructed shares in the election of directors on a discretionary basis. Thus, if a beneficial owner holds shares in street name and does not instruct the bank or broker how to vote in the election of directors, no votes will be cast on that holder's behalf. The beneficial owner's bank or broker will, however, continue to have discretion to vote any uninstructed shares on the ratification of the appointment of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm (Proposal 5). If you sign and return a proxy card without giving specific voting instructions, then the proxy holders will vote your shares in the manner recommended by our board of directors on all matters presented in this proxy statement and as the proxy holders may determine in their discretion with respect to any other matters properly presented for a vote at the meeting.

Which ballot measures are considered routine or non-routine ?

Proposal 1 (election of directors), Proposal 2 (vote on 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended)), Proposal 3 (advisory vote on executive compensation) and Proposal 4 (advisory vote on the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation) involve matters that are considered non-routine. A broker or other nominee cannot vote without instructions on non-routine matters, and therefore there may be broker non-votes on Proposals No. 1, 2, 3 and 4. Proposal 5 (ratification of appointment of independent registered public accounting firm) involves a matter that we believe is considered routine. A broker or other nominee may generally vote on routine matters, and therefore no broker non-votes are expected to exist in connection with Proposal No. 5.

How are abstentions treated?

Abstentions are counted for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present. For the purpose of determining whether the stockholders have approved a matter, abstentions are treated as represented and entitled to vote and, therefore, have the same effect on the outcome of a matter being voted on at the Annual Meeting as a vote AGAINST or WITHHELD except in elections of directors and the vote on the frequency of a vote on executive compensation where abstentions have no effect on the outcome.

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What is the voting requirement to approve each of the proposals?

The following table sets forth the voting requirement with respect to each of the proposals:

| | |
|--|--|
| Proposal 1 Election of directors | Each director must be elected by a plurality of the votes cast, meaning that the two nominees receiving the most FOR votes (among votes properly cast in person or by proxy) will be elected. Only votes FOR will affect the outcome. Withheld votes or broker non-votes will not affect the outcome of the vote. |
| Proposal 2 Approval of 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended) | To be approved by our stockholders, a majority of the shares represented and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting must vote FOR this proposal. Broker non-votes are not considered entitled to vote and, thus, will have no effect on the outcome of the vote. |
| Proposal 3 Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation | To be approved by our stockholders on an advisory basis, a majority of the shares represented and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting must vote FOR this proposal. Even though your vote is advisory and therefore will not be binding on the Company, the compensation committee will review the voting results and take them into consideration when making future decisions regarding executive compensation. |
| Proposal 4 Advisory Vote on the Frequency of the Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation | The option of one year, two years or three years that receives the highest number of votes cast will be the frequency of the vote on the compensation of our named executive officers that has been approved by stockholders on an advisory basis. Even though your vote is advisory and therefore will not be binding on the Company, the board of directors will review the voting results and take them into consideration when making future decisions regarding the frequency of the advisory vote on executive compensation. |
| Proposal 5 Ratification of appointment of independent registered public accounting firm | To be approved by our stockholders, a majority of the shares represented and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting must vote FOR this proposal. Broker non-votes are not considered entitled to vote and, thus, will have no effect on the outcome of the vote. |

Can I change my vote after I have voted?

You may revoke your proxy and change your vote at any time before the final vote at the meeting. You may vote again on a later date on the Internet or by telephone (only your latest Internet or telephone proxy submitted prior to the meeting will be counted), or by signing and returning a new proxy card with a later date, or by attending the meeting and voting in person. However, your attendance at the Annual Meeting will not automatically revoke your proxy unless you vote again at the meeting or specifically request in writing that your prior proxy be revoked.

Is my vote confidential?

Proxy instructions, ballots and voting tabulations that identify individual stockholders are handled in a manner that protects your voting privacy. Your vote will not be disclosed either within NetSuite or to third parties, except:

As necessary to meet applicable legal requirements;

To allow for the tabulation and certification of votes; or

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To facilitate a successful proxy solicitation.

Occasionally, stockholders provide written comments on their proxy cards, which may be forwarded to management and our board of directors.

Who will serve as Inspector of Elections?

The inspector of elections is expected to be a representative from Wells Fargo.

Where can I find the voting results of the Annual Meeting?

The preliminary voting results will be announced at the Annual Meeting. The final voting results will be tallied by the Inspector of Elections and published in a Current Report on Form 8-K that we expect to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) within four business days following the Annual Meeting.

Who is paying for the cost of this proxy solicitation?

NetSuite is paying the costs of the solicitation of proxies. We will pay brokerage firms and other persons representing beneficial owners of shares held in street name certain fees associated with:

Forwarding printed proxy materials by mail to stockholders of record and beneficial owners; and

Obtaining beneficial owners' voting instructions.

We do not expect to, but have the option to, retain a proxy solicitor. If we engage a proxy solicitor, we expect that the fees for such solicitor would be less than \$20,000. Our board members, officers and employees may solicit proxies on our behalf, without additional compensation, personally or by telephone. We may also solicit proxies by email from stockholders who are our employees or who previously requested to receive proxy materials electronically.

How will NetSuite's significant stockholder vote its shares on these matters?

On the Record Date, NetSuite Restricted Holdings LLC, or the LLC, held 31,964,891 shares of our common stock. As of the Record Date, those shares represented approximately 48.48% of our outstanding stock. The LLC is a limited liability company beneficially owned by Lawrence J. Ellison, and was formed for the limited purpose of holding NetSuite shares, voting the shares as required by the LLC's operating agreement (as described below), and funding charitable gifts if and when directed by Mr. Ellison. The LLC is managed solely by a third party that is unrelated to NetSuite or Mr. Ellison.

The operating agreement for the LLC contains provisions regarding the voting of our shares that are designed to neutralize the voting power of the shares of our stock held by the LLC, and that require that all the shares held by the LLC that are entitled to be voted at any meeting of our stockholders will be present and voted at such meeting, except as described below. These provisions require the shares held by the LLC to be voted on each matter presented in strict proportion (for, against, withheld, and/or abstain, or, in the case of proposal 4, every three years, two years, one year, or abstain) to the votes collectively cast by all of our other stockholders who are present and voting, other than shares beneficially owned by Mr. Ellison or members of his family, shares owned by trusts created for the benefit of Mr. Ellison's family members, and shares beneficially owned by any person or group that makes (or under applicable law is required to make) a filing on Schedule 13D with the SEC. These voting provisions apply to all matters brought before our stockholders, except transactions involving a change of control, dissolution, sale of substantially all the assets, or a liquidation of NetSuite, in which case the shares held by the LLC will be voted as directed by Mr. Ellison.

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How can stockholders submit a proposal for inclusion in our proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting?

To be included in our proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting, stockholder proposals must comply with the requirements of Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and be received by our Secretary at our principal executive offices no later than December 29, 2011, or no later than one hundred twenty (120) calendar days before the one-year anniversary of the date on which we first released our proxy statement to stockholders in connection with this year's Annual Meeting.

How can stockholders submit proposals to be raised at the 2012 Annual Meeting that will not be included in our proxy statement for the 2012 Annual Meeting?

To be raised at the 2011 Annual Meeting, stockholder proposals must comply with our Bylaws. Under our Bylaws, a stockholder must give advance notice to our Secretary of any business, including nominations of candidates for election as directors for our board that the stockholder wishes to raise at our Annual Meeting. To be timely, the notice must be delivered to or mailed and received by our Secretary at our principal executive offices not later than the close of business on the 90th day, nor earlier than the close of business on the 120th day, prior to the anniversary date of the immediately preceding annual meeting. Since our 2011 Annual Meeting is being held on May 26, 2011, stockholder proposals must be received by our Secretary at our principal executive offices no earlier than January 27, 2012 and no later than February 26, 2012, in order to be raised at our 2012 Annual Meeting.

What if the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting changes by more than 30 days from the anniversary of this year's Annual Meeting?

Under Rule 14a-8 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, if the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting changes by more than 30 days from the anniversary of this year's Annual Meeting, to be included in our proxy statement, stockholder proposals must be received by us within a reasonable time before our solicitation is made.

Under our Bylaws, if the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting changes by more than 30 days from the anniversary of this year's Annual Meeting, stockholder proposals to be brought before the 2012 Annual Meeting must be received not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which such notice of the date of the meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the meeting was made, whichever occurs first.

Does a stockholder proposal require specific information?

With respect to a stockholder's nomination of a candidate for our board, the stockholder notice to the Secretary must contain certain information as set forth in our Bylaws about both the nominee and the stockholder making the nomination. With respect to any other business that the stockholder proposes, the stockholder notice must contain a brief description of such business and the reasons for conducting such business at the meeting, as well as certain other information as set forth in our Bylaws. If you wish to bring a stockholder proposal or nominate a candidate for director, you are advised to review our Bylaws, which contain additional requirements about advance notice of stockholder proposals and director nominations. Our current Bylaws may be found on our corporate website at www.netsuite.com under the headings Company/Investors/Corporate Governance.

What happens if we receive a stockholder proposal that is not in compliance with the time frames described above?

If we receive notice of a matter to come before the 2012 Annual Meeting that is not in accordance with the deadlines described above, we will use our discretion in determining whether or not to bring such matter before such meeting. If such matter is brought before such meeting, then our proxy card for such meeting will confer upon our proxy holders discretionary authority to vote on such matter.

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Our board of directors currently consists of seven directors and is divided into three classes, with the nominees for one class to be elected at each annual meeting of stockholders, to hold office for a three-year term and until successors of such class have been elected and qualified, subject to their earlier death, resignation or removal. The terms of the Class I directors are scheduled to expire on the date of the upcoming Annual Meeting. Based in part on the recommendation of the nominating and governance committee of the board of directors, the board of directors nominees for election by the stockholders are the current Class I members of the board of directors, Zachary Nelson and Kevin Thompson. If elected, the nominees will serve as directors until our annual meeting of stockholders in 2014 and until their successors are elected and qualified, subject to their earlier death, resignation or removal.

The names and certain information about the nominees for election as directors and the continuing directors in each of the other two classes of our board of directors are set forth below. There are no family relationships among any of our directors or executive officers.

It is intended that the proxy will be voted, unless otherwise indicated, for the election of the nominees as Class I directors to the board of directors. If any of the nominees, for any reason, should be unable or unwilling to serve at any time prior to the Annual Meeting, the proxies will be voted for the election of such other person as a substitute nominee as our board of directors may designate in place of such nominee.

The two candidates receiving the highest number of affirmative votes of the shares of our common stock entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting will be elected directors to serve until their successors have been duly elected and qualified, subject to their earlier death, resignation or removal.

Nominees for Class I Directors

The name and age as of March 31, 2011 of each nominee for director, his position with us, the year in which he first became a director and certain biographical information as of March 31, 2011 is set forth below:

| Name | Age | Positions and Offices Held with the Company | Director Since |
|----------------|------------|--|-----------------------|
| Zachary Nelson | 49 | President, Chief Executive Officer and Director | 2002 |
| Kevin Thompson | 45 | Director | 2006 |

Zachary Nelson has been a member of our board of directors since July 2002 and has served as our President and Chief Executive Officer since January 2003. Prior to that, Mr. Nelson served as our President and Chief Operating Officer from July 2002 to January 2003. From March 1996 to October 2001, Mr. Nelson was employed by Network Associates, Inc. (now Intel Corporation), an enterprise security software company. While at Network Associates, Mr. Nelson held various positions, including Chief Strategy Officer of Network Associates and President and Chief Executive Officer of MyCIO.com, a subsidiary that provided on-demand software security services. From 1992 to 1996, he held various positions, including Vice President of Worldwide Marketing, at Oracle Corporation, an enterprise software company. He holds B.S. and M.A. degrees from Stanford University.

Mr. Nelson has over twenty years of experience working in the technology sector and brings his leadership and extensive business, operating, marketing and industry experience to the board. As the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, he also brings his strategic vision for the Company to the board and creates a critical link between the management and the board, enabling the board to perform its oversight function with the benefits of management's perspectives on the business.

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Kevin Thompson has been a member of our board of directors since September 2006. Since July 2006, Mr. Thompson has been employed by SolarWinds, Inc., a network management software company, and currently serves as its President and Chief Executive Officer and serves on its board of directors. In addition to his current role as President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Thompson held various positions at SolarWinds, including, Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer. From September 2004 until November 2005, Mr. Thompson was Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer at SAS Institute Inc., a business intelligence software company. From October 2000 until August 2004, Mr. Thompson served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Red Hat Inc., an enterprise software company. He holds a B.B.A. from the University of Oklahoma.

Mr. Thompson has over a decade of experience in the software industry. As the President and Chief Executive Officer of a publicly-traded software company, Mr. Thompson brings deep leadership and operational experience to our board. In addition, Mr. Thompson's strong financial background, including his work as the chief financial officer at two different publicly-traded software companies and one of the world's largest privately-held software company (pre-packaged software), provides financial expertise to the board, including an understanding of financial statements, corporate finance and accounting.

Directors Not Standing for Election

The names and certain biographical information as of March 31, 2011 about the continuing members of our board of directors who are not standing for election at this year's Annual Meeting are set forth below:

| Name | Age | Positions and Offices Held with the Company | Director Since | Class and Year in Which Term Will Expire |
|---------------------|------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| Evan Goldberg | 44 | Chief Technology Officer and Chairman of the Board | 1998 | Class II 2012 |
| Catherine R. Kinney | 59 | Director | 2009 | Class II 2012 |
| William Beane III | 49 | Director | 2007 | Class III 2013 |
| Deborah Farrington | 60 | Director | 2000 | Class III 2013 |
| Edward Zander | 64 | Director | 2009 | Class III 2013 |

Evan Goldberg co-founded our company and has been a member of our board of directors since October 1998 and Chairman of our board since January 2003. From October 1998 through January 2003, Mr. Goldberg held various positions with us, including President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Technology Officer. Prior to joining us, Mr. Goldberg founded mBed Software, Inc., a software company focused on multimedia tools for website developers, where he served as Chief Executive Officer from November 1995 to September 1998. From August 1987 to November 1995, Mr. Goldberg held various positions in the product development group at Oracle Corporation, including Vice President of Development in the New Media Division. He holds a B.A. from Harvard College.

As the co-founder of NetSuite, and having nearly thirteen years as a key executive officer and member of our board of directors, Mr. Goldberg has in-depth knowledge of the Company, its products, operations and strategy. Based upon this experience and knowledge, Mr. Goldberg can provide the board with unique insights into the Company's challenges, opportunities and operations. Mr. Goldberg's eight years of experience in the product development group at Oracle and his experience as founder and CEO of mBed Software, Inc., bring deep software development and product expertise to our board.

Catherine R. Kinney has been a member of our board of directors since March 2009. From 2008 through March 2009, Ms. Kinney served as Group Executive Vice President and Head of Global Listings at NYSE Euronext, where she was responsible for overseeing the company's global listing program, marketing and branding. From 2002 to 2008, Ms. Kinney served as President and Co-Chief Operating Officer of the New York Stock Exchange. Ms. Kinney served in the Paris, France office of the NYSE Euronext from July 2007 until 2009. Ms. Kinney serves on the board of directors and is a member of the finance and risk committee and audit

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committee of MetLife, Inc. Ms. Kinney also serves on the board of directors and is a member of the compensation committee and chair of the nominating and governance committee of MSCI, Inc. She holds a B.A. from Iona College and completed the Advanced Management Program at Harvard Business School. Ms. Kinney has received honorary degrees from Georgetown University, Fordham University and Rosemont College.

Ms. Kinney's experience as a senior executive and Chief Operating Officer of a multinational regulated entity and her key role transforming the New York Stock Exchange to a publicly-traded company demonstrates a knowledge of, and experience with, issues of corporate development and transformation. In addition, Ms. Kinney's experience in developing and establishing the NYSE corporate governance standards for listed companies provides the board with unique corporate governance expertise to assist the board in establishing and maintaining an effective corporate governance program.

William Beane III has been a member of our board of directors since January 2007. Mr. Beane has served as Vice President and General Manager of the Oakland Athletics, a Major League Baseball® team since October 1997, and has been a minority owner of the team since April 2005. Mr. Beane also serves on the board of directors of Easton-Bell Sports, Inc., a sporting goods manufacturer. He attended the University of California, San Diego.

As the general manager of a Major League Baseball team, Mr. Beane brings valuable leadership and business management experience to the board, particularly in talent management and performance and metrics-based management. With the Oakland Athletics, Mr. Beane has used his strategic vision to apply a statistical, quantitative-based approach to help build competitive teams in a more fiscally disciplined manner. Under his leadership, the Oakland Athletics have been widely and consistently regarded as one of the most successful fiscally disciplined teams in Major League Baseball.

Deborah Farrington has been a member of our board of directors since May 2000. Since May 1998, Ms. Farrington has served as a General Partner of StarVest Partners, L.P., a venture capital firm, and, since April 2006, has served as President of StarVest Management, Inc., a management company. Ms. Farrington also is a member of the board of directors and serves as the chair of the compensation committee of Collectors Universe, Inc., a company that grades and authenticates collectible assets. She holds an A.B. from Smith College and an M.B.A. from Harvard Business School.

Ms. Farrington has spent over thirty years in the financial services industry, including twenty years of private equity investing and, prior to that, eleven years of investment banking. Ms. Farrington brings valuable financial, business and management experience to the board. In particular, Ms. Farrington has had fifteen years of experience investing in and working with business services companies, especially Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) companies. Ms. Farrington has a decade of board experience at NetSuite and has extensive experience with other business services companies. This experience uniquely qualifies Ms. Farrington to provide the board with an important perspective on the operations of, and issues facing, our company and SaaS companies generally.

Edward Zander has been a member of our board of directors since June 2009. From January 2004 to January 2008, Mr. Zander served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Motorola, Inc. Prior to joining Motorola, Mr. Zander was a managing director of Silver Lake Partners, a leading private equity fund focused on investments in technology industries. Prior to holding that position, Mr. Zander was President and Chief Operating Officer of Sun Microsystems Inc., a leading provider of hardware, software and services for networks, from January 1998 until June 2002. Mr. Zander serves on the board of directors and is a member of the compensation committee and nominating and governance committee of Seagate Technology. He holds a B.S. from Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute and an M.B.A. from Boston University.

Mr. Zander has over two decades of senior management experience in the technology sector. Mr. Zander's experience as the Chief Executive Officer, and as President and Chief Operating Officer, of two of the leading

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technology corporations in the U.S., brings valuable leadership, strategic, management, and operational experience in technology businesses to our board. In addition, Mr. Zander's deep experience in a variety of technology businesses, including his work as a managing director of Silver Lake Partners and ongoing board service at two other technology companies, provides Mr. Zander with the background and insight to contribute significantly to the strategic and operational issues that NetSuite may encounter.

Vote Required and Board of Directors Recommendation

Each director must be elected by a plurality of the votes cast, meaning that the two nominees receiving the most FOR votes (among votes properly cast in person or by proxy) will be elected.

RECOMMENDATION

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THE
ELECTION OF THE BOARD'S TWO NOMINEES IDENTIFIED ABOVE IN PROPOSAL NO. 1.**

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BOARD MATTERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Board Committees

Our board of directors has an audit committee, a compensation committee and a nominating and governance committee, each of which has the composition and responsibilities described below. The board of directors has also adopted a written charter for each of the three standing committees: the audit committee, the compensation committee and the nominating and governance committee. Each committee charter is available on our corporate website at www.netsuite.com under the headings Company/Investors/Corporate Governance, or in print by contacting Investor Relations at our principal executive offices.

Audit Committee

Our audit committee is comprised of Deborah Farrington, Catherine R. Kinney and Kevin Thompson, each of whom is a non-employee member of our board of directors. Mr. Thompson is the chairperson of our audit committee. Our board of directors has determined that each member of our audit committee meets the requirements for independence and financial literacy, and that Ms. Farrington and Mr. Thompson each qualify as an audit committee financial expert, under the applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange and SEC rules and regulations. To the extent deemed necessary or appropriate, the audit committee, among other things:

selects and hires our independent auditors, and approves the audit and non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditors;

evaluates the qualifications, performance and independence of our independent auditors;

monitors the integrity of our financial statements and our compliance with legal and regulatory requirements as they relate to financial statements or accounting matters;

reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of our internal control policies and procedures;

discusses the scope and results of the audit with the independent auditors and reviews with management and the independent auditors our interim and year-end operating results;

prepares the audit committee report that the SEC requires in our annual proxy statement; and

reviews and approves in advance any proposed related party transactions.

Compensation Committee

Our compensation committee is comprised of Deborah Farrington, Kevin Thompson and Edward Zander, each of whom is a non-employee member of our board of directors. Ms. Farrington is the chairperson of our compensation committee. Our board of directors has determined that each member of our compensation committee meets the requirements for independence under the applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange. To the extent necessary or appropriate, the compensation committee, among other things:

reviews and approves for our executive officers: annual base salaries, annual performance-based cash incentives, including the specific goals and amounts, equity compensation, employment agreements, severance arrangements and change in control

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arrangements, and any other benefits, compensation or arrangements;

reviews the succession planning for our executive officers;

oversees compensation goals and performance-based cash incentive and stock compensation criteria for our employees;

reviews and recommends compensation programs for outside directors;

prepares the compensation discussion and analysis and compensation committee report that the SEC requires be included in our annual proxy statement; and

administers, reviews and makes recommendations with respect to our equity compensation plans.

Table of Contents***Nominating and Governance Committee***

Our nominating and governance committee is comprised of Deborah Farrington, Catherine R. Kinney and Edward Zander, each of whom is a non-employee member of our board of directors. Ms. Kinney is the chairperson of our nominating and governance committee. Our board of directors has determined that each member of our nominating and governance committee satisfies the requirements for independence under the applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange. To the extent necessary or appropriate, the nominating and governance committee, among other things:

assists our board of directors in identifying prospective director nominees and recommends nominees for each annual meeting of stockholders to the board of directors;

reviews developments in corporate governance practices and develops and recommends governance principles applicable to our board of directors;

oversees the evaluation of our board of directors and management;

recommends members for each board committee to our board of directors; and

reviews and monitors our code of ethics.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The board held six meetings during the year ended December 31, 2010. Each director attended at least 75% of the aggregate number of the meetings of the board and of the committees on which he or she served during the period in 2010 for which he or she was a director or committee member, respectively. The following table sets forth the standing committees of the board, the number of meetings held by each committee in 2010 and the membership of each committee during the year ended December 31, 2010. Messrs. Nelson, Goldberg and Beane are omitted from the table below as they were not members of any of the standing committees of the board.

| Name | Audit | Compensation | Nominating & Governance |
|--|--------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Catherine Kinney | Member | | Chair |
| Deborah Farrington | Member | Chair | Member |
| Kevin Thompson | Chair | Member | |
| Edward Zander | | Member | Member |
| Number of Meetings held in 2010 | 7 | 10 | 3 |

Director Attendance at Annual Stockholder Meetings

Directors are encouraged, but not required, to attend our Annual Stockholder Meeting. Each of our directors attended the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Corporate Governance***Board's Role in Risk Oversight***

Our board of directors has overall responsibility for our risk oversight with a focus on the most significant risks. The board's risk oversight process builds upon management's risk assessment and mitigation processes. Our enterprise risk management program is overseen by our general counsel and chief financial officer. Led by these individuals, a cross-functional team comprised of senior functional area managers with

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assistance from Protiviti, a third party consulting firm with risk management expertise, organizes and reports on the key risks facing us. This cross-functional team discusses and analyzes the enterprise's risk management activities, capabilities and responsibilities related to business risks in four different categories: operational risk, financial risk, compliance risk and strategic risk. Individual risks are identified and prioritized under each category based on their overall impact to the organization in the context of significance and likelihood. The most significant risks are then identified to the board and each significant risk is individually evaluated, including a review of mitigating activities related to such risk and a discussion is undertaken between the board and management. The

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management team presents the results of the enterprise risk management assessment to the board of directors at least annually. The board of directors also receives quarterly committee reports from each of the standing committees of the board of directors to assist it in overseeing the Company's enterprise risk management. The board also considers and discusses with management the processes in place relating to enterprise risk management and any potential changes to be made to such processes going forward. Additional review or reporting of enterprise risks is conducted as needed or as requested by the board or any of its committees.

Board Independence

Our board of directors has undertaken a review of the independence of the directors and considered whether any director had a material relationship with us that could compromise his or her ability to exercise independent judgment in carrying out his or her responsibilities. As a result of this review, our board of directors determined that William Beane III, Deborah Farrington, Catherine R. Kinney, Kevin Thompson and Edward Zander, representing all of our non-employee directors and five of our seven total directors, are independent directors as defined under the applicable rules of the New York Stock Exchange, constituting a majority of independent directors of our board of directors as required by the rules of the New York Stock Exchange.

Board Leadership Structure

The board recognizes that one of its significant responsibilities is to evaluate and determine its optimal leadership structure so as to provide independent oversight of management. The board also recognizes that there is no single accepted approach for such structure. As a result, the board does not have a policy on whether or not the roles of the chairman of the board and chief executive officer should be separate. The board believes it should be free to determine what is best for the Company at a given point in time. Furthermore, if the chairman of the board is an employee, the board will appoint an independent director as the lead independent director.

Evan Goldberg, our founder and chief technology officer, is currently serving as our chairman of the board. Because Mr. Goldberg is an employee of the Company and is therefore not independent, the nominating and governance committee has appointed Deborah Farrington as our lead independent director. The lead independent director is responsible for coordinating the activities of the independent directors, chairing executive sessions of the independent directors, reviewing and overseeing the board agenda and leading the board in connection with matters that require a leader other than the chairman. Executive sessions of independent directors are generally held in connection with each regularly scheduled in-person board meeting and at other times as necessary. The board of directors' policy is to hold executive sessions without the presence of management, including the chief executive officer and other non-independent directors. The audit committee and the compensation committee of the board of directors also generally meet in executive session at least on a quarterly basis and the nominating and governance committee generally meets in executive session on at least an annual basis and at other times as necessary.

In considering its leadership structure, the board has taken a number of factors into account. The board which consists of a substantial majority of independent directors who are highly qualified and experienced exercises a strong, independent oversight function. This oversight function is enhanced by the fact that all of the board's committees audit, compensation and nominating and governance are comprised entirely of independent directors. Further, as discussed above, the board has designated one of its independent members as lead independent director with significant responsibilities. Based on these factors, the board believes that this leadership structure provides us with strong and consistent leadership and appropriate oversight.

Corporate Governance Guidelines and Code of Ethics

Our management and our board of directors regularly review and evaluate our corporate governance practices. The board of directors has adopted corporate governance guidelines that address the composition of and policies applicable to the board of directors. Our board of directors has adopted a code of ethics for our principal executive and senior financial officers. The code applies to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions. Any

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substantive amendments to or waivers of the code of ethics relating to the executive officers or directors of the Company will be disclosed promptly on our website. Our corporate governance guidelines and our code of ethics are available on our corporate website at www.netsuite.com under the headings Company/Investors/Corporate Governance or in print by contacting Investor Relations at our principal executive offices.

In March 2010 our board of directors approved certain changes to our corporate governance guidelines. These changes included the addition of a provision that a director appointed by our board to fill a vacancy must stand for election at our next annual meeting of stockholders, regardless of whether the other directors in the same class as the newly appointed director are standing for election at such annual meeting. In addition, our corporate governance guidelines provide that no director on our board may serve on the board of directors of more than three publicly-traded companies in addition to our board. Finally, our corporate governance guidelines now contain equity ownership guidelines for our executive officers and non-employee directors. See the sections titled Executive Compensation; Compensation Discussion and Analysis; Other Compensation Policies and Director Compensation; Equity Awards for a description of these equity ownership guidelines.

Whistleblower Procedures

In accordance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we have established procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and for the confidential, anonymous submission of concerns regarding accounting or auditing matters. If an individual has a concern regarding questionable accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, or the reporting of fraudulent financial information, such individual may report their concern by sending a letter (which may be anonymous at the discretion of the reporting person), to us at our principal executive offices to the attention of the general counsel or if such individual is uncomfortable reporting to the general counsel to the attention of the chairman of the audit committee. Individuals may also report their concerns by telephone or online (which may be anonymous at the discretion of the reporting person) by using our ethics reporting system available on our Intranet website.

Director Nomination Procedures

The nominating and governance committee will consider director candidates recommended by stockholders. In considering candidates submitted by stockholders, the nominating and governance committee will take into consideration the needs of the board and the qualifications of the candidate. The nominating and governance committee may also take into consideration the number of shares held by the recommending stockholder and the length of time that such shares have been held. To have a candidate considered by the nominating and governance committee, a stockholder must submit the recommendation in writing and must include the following information:

the name of the stockholder and evidence of the person's ownership of our stock, including the number of shares owned and the length of time of ownership;

the name of the candidate, the candidate's resume or a listing of his or her qualifications to be a director of the Company; and

the written consent of the proposed candidate to be named as a nominee and to serve as a director if elected.

The stockholder recommendation and information described above must be sent to the corporate secretary at our principal executive offices and must be received by the corporate secretary not less than 90 days or more than 120 days prior to the anniversary date of our most recent annual meeting of stockholders. If the date of our annual meeting changes by more than 30 days from the anniversary of the prior year's annual meeting then the stockholder recommendation and information described above must be received by the corporate secretary not later than the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the day on which notice of the date of the annual meeting was mailed or public disclosure of the date of the meeting was made, whichever occurs first.

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The nominating and governance committee believes that the minimum qualifications for serving as a director are that a nominee demonstrate, by significant accomplishment in his or her field, an ability to make a meaningful contribution to the board's oversight of the business and affairs of NetSuite and have an impeccable record and reputation for honest and ethical conduct in both his or her professional and personal activities. In addition, the nominating and governance committee examines a candidate's specific experiences and skills, relevant industry background and knowledge, time availability in light of other commitments, potential conflicts of interest, interpersonal skills and compatibility with the board, ability to complement the competency and skills of the other board members and independence from management and the Company. The nominating and governance committee also seeks to have the board represent a diversity of backgrounds and experience.

Among other attributes, the nominating and governance committee may consider a director candidate's diversity of background and personal experience. In this context, diversity may encompass a candidate's particular race, ethnicity, national origin and gender, geographic residency, educational and professional history, community or public service, expertise or knowledge base and/or other tangible and intangible aspects of the candidate's background in relation to the personal characteristics of current directors and other potential director candidates. The nominating and governance committee does not have a formal policy specifying how diversity of background and personal experience should be applied in identifying or evaluating director candidates, and a candidate's background and personal experience, while important, does not necessarily outweigh other attributes or factors the nominating and governance committee may consider in evaluating any particular candidate.

The nominating and governance committee identifies potential nominees through independent research and through consultation with current directors and executive officers and other professional colleagues. The nominating and governance committee looks for persons meeting the criteria above. The nominating and governance committee also, from time to time, in its discretion, may engage firms that specialize in identifying director candidates. As described above, the nominating and governance committee will also consider candidates recommended by stockholders.

Once a person has been identified by the nominating and governance committee as a potential candidate, the committee may collect and review publicly available information regarding the person to assess whether the person should be considered further. If the nominating and governance committee determines that the candidate warrants further consideration by the committee, the chairman or another member of the committee would contact the person. Generally, if the person expresses a willingness to be considered and to serve on the board, the nominating and governance committee requests information from the candidate, reviews the person's accomplishments and qualifications, including in light of any other candidates that the committee might be considering. The nominating and governance committee members and other board members may also conduct one or more interviews with the candidate, either in person, telephonically or both. In certain instances, nominating and governance committee members or other board members may contact one or more references provided by the candidate or may contact other members of the business community or other persons that may have greater first-hand knowledge of the candidate's accomplishments. The Company also conducts a background check prior to appointing any new board members. The nominating and governance committee's evaluation process does not vary based on whether or not a candidate is recommended by a stockholder, although, as stated above, the nominating and governance committee may take into consideration the number of shares held by the recommending stockholder and the length of time that such shares have been held.

Communications with Directors

Our board encourages stockholders or other interested parties who are interested in communicating directly with our independent directors as a group to do so by writing to the independent directors in care of our Secretary. Stockholders and interested parties may each send communications by mail to: Secretary, NetSuite Inc., 2955 Campus Drive, Suite 100, San Mateo, CA 94403-2511. Interested party correspondence addressed to our independent directors will be reviewed by our Secretary or his or her designee, who will forward to our independent directors all correspondence that, in the opinion of our Secretary, deals with the functions of the board or committees thereof or that our Secretary otherwise determines is appropriate to be sent to them.

Table of Contents**PROPOSAL 2****APPROVAL OF THE 2007 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN (AS AMENDED)**

Our board is requesting that our stockholders approve the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended), or the Amended 2007 Plan. In particular, we are seeking stockholder approval of the material terms of the Amended 2007 Plan for purposes of complying with Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or Section 162(m). Our board has adopted the Amended 2007 Plan, subject to approval from our stockholders at the 2011 annual meeting. If our stockholders approve the Amended 2007 Plan, it will replace the current version of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan and will continue in effect through its current term (June 2017), unless terminated earlier by our board. Approval of the Amended 2007 Plan requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of our common stock that are present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the 2011 annual meeting.

The Amended 2007 Plan was amended to allow us to continue to deduct in full for federal income tax purposes the compensation recognized by our executive officers in connection with certain awards granted under the Amended 2007 Plan. Section 162(m) generally denies a corporate tax deduction for annual compensation exceeding \$1 million paid to the chief executive officer and other covered employees as determined under Section 162(m) and applicable guidance. However, certain types of compensation, including performance-based compensation, are generally excluded from this deductibility limit. To enable compensation in connection with stock options, stock appreciation rights and certain restricted stock grants, restricted stock units, performance shares and performance units awarded under the Amended 2007 Plan to qualify as performance-based within the meaning of Section 162(m), the Amended 2007 Plan limits the sizes of such awards as further described below.

The following is a summary of some of the material changes to the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan. This comparative summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the actual text of the Amended 2007 Plan, set forth as Appendix A.

The Amended 2007 Plan has been drafted to include limitations to the number of shares that may be granted, on an annual basis, through individual awards, which is necessary to allow us to be eligible to receive income tax deductions under Section 162(m), as follows:

| Award Type | General Annual Limit | New Hire Limit | Maximum Limit |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Stock Options | 2,500,000 shares | 4,500,000 shares | 7,000,000 shares |
| Stock Appreciation Rights | 2,500,000 shares | 4,500,000 shares | 7,000,000 shares |
| Restricted Stock | 1,000,000 shares | 2,000,000 shares | 3,000,000 shares |
| Restricted Stock Units | 1,000,000 shares | 2,000,000 shares | 3,000,000 shares |
| Performance Shares | 1,000,000 shares | 2,000,000 shares | 3,000,000 shares |
| Performance Units | \$3,000,000 | N/A | \$3,000,000 |

Specific performance criteria have been added to the Amended 2007 Plan so that certain awards may be granted subject to or conditioned upon the satisfaction of performance objectives, which in turn will allow us to be eligible to receive income tax deductions under Section 162(m). These performance criteria include: stock price; revenue; profit; bookings; cash flow; customer retention; customer satisfaction; net bookings; net income; net profit; operating cash flow; operating expenses; total earnings; earnings per share, diluted or basic; earnings per share from continuing operations, diluted or basic; earnings before interest and taxes; earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization; pre-tax profit; net asset turnover; inventory turnover; capital expenditures; net earnings; operating earnings; gross or operating margin; profit margin; debt; working capital; return on equity; return on net assets; return on total assets; return on capital; return on investment; return on sales; net or gross sales; market share; economic value added; cost of capital; change in assets; expense reduction levels;

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debt reduction; productivity; new product introductions; delivery performance; individual objectives; and total stockholder return. The performance goals may differ from participant to participant and from award to award, may be used alone or in combination, may be used to measure our performance as a whole or the performance of one of our business units, and may be measured relative to a peer group or index.

For purposes of clarification, we are *not* requesting stockholders to approve additional shares be reserved for issuance under the Amended 2007 Plan.

Our board believes that the approval of the Amended 2007 Plan is essential to our continued success. We believe that our employees are our most valuable assets and that the awards permitted under the Amended 2007 Plan are vital to our ability to attract and retain outstanding and highly skilled individuals in the competitive labor markets in which we compete. These awards also are crucial to our ability to motivate our employees to achieve our company goals.

Summary of the Amended 2007 Plan

The following is a summary of the principal features of the Amended 2007 Plan and its operation. The summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Amended 2007 Plan itself set forth in Appendix A.

The Amended 2007 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options to our employees and any of our parent and subsidiary corporations employees, and for the grant of nonstatutory stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights, performance units and performance shares to our employees, directors and consultants and our parent and subsidiary corporations employees and consultants. As of December 31, 2010, approximately 1,123 of our employees, directors and consultants were eligible to participate in the Amended 2007 Plan.

Number of Shares of Common Stock Available Under the Amended 2007 Plan. We initially reserved a total of 2,375,000 shares of our common stock for issuance pursuant to the Amended 2007 Plan, plus (a) any shares that had been reserved but not issued under our 1999 Stock Plan at the time of our initial public offering, and (b) any shares subject to stock options and similar awards granted under the 1999 Stock Plan that expire or otherwise terminate without having been exercised in full and shares issued pursuant to awards granted under the 1999 Stock Plan that are forfeited to or repurchased by the Company. The maximum number of shares that may be added to the Amended 2007 Plan from the 1999 Plan is 2,438,431 shares. In addition, our Amended 2007 Plan provides for annual increases in the number of shares available for issuance thereunder on the first day of each fiscal year, beginning with our 2009 fiscal year, equal to the *least* of:

9,000,000 shares of our common stock;

3.5% of the number of shares on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year that are outstanding and issuable pursuant to outstanding awards under our equity plans; or

such other amount as our board of directors may determine.

As of December 31, 2010, there were 11,189,349 shares reserved for issuance under the Amended 2007 Plan including 10,240,845 shares subject to outstanding awards. On January 1, 2011, the number of shares reserved for issuance under the Amended 2007 Plan was automatically increased by 2,619,607 shares.

Administration of the Amended 2007 Plan. Our board of directors or a committee of our board administers our Amended 2007 Plan. In the case of awards intended to qualify as performance based compensation within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code, the committee will consist of two or more outside directors within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code. The administrator has the power to determine the terms of the awards, including the exercise price, the number of shares subject to each such award, the exercisability of the awards and the form of consideration payable upon exercise. The administrator also has the authority to institute

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an exchange program whereby the exercise prices of outstanding awards may be reduced, outstanding awards may be surrendered or cancelled in exchange for awards with a higher or lower exercise price, or outstanding awards may be transferred to a third party.

Options. The administrator is able to grant nonstatutory stock options and incentive stock options under the Amended 2007 Plan. The administrator determines the number of shares subject to each option, although the Amended 2007 Plan provides that a participant may not receive options to purchase more than 2,500,000 shares in any fiscal year except in connection with an employee's initial hiring in which case the participant could receive options covering up to an additional 4,500,000 shares, for a total of 7,000,000 shares.

The exercise price of options granted under our Amended 2007 Plan must at least be equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant. The term of an incentive stock option may not exceed ten years, except that with respect to any participant who owns 10% of the voting power of all classes of our outstanding stock as of the grant date, the term must not exceed five years and the exercise price must equal at least 110% of the fair market value on the grant date. The administrator determines the terms of all other options.

After termination of an employee, director or consultant, he or she may exercise his or her option for the period of time stated in the option agreement. Generally, if termination is due to death or disability, the option will remain exercisable for twelve months. In all other cases, the option will generally remain exercisable for three months. However, an option generally may not be exercised later than the expiration of its term.

Stock Appreciation Rights. Stock appreciation rights may be granted under our Amended 2007 Plan. Stock appreciation rights allow the recipient to receive the appreciation in the fair market value of our common stock between the exercise date and the date of grant. The administrator determines the terms of stock appreciation rights, including when such rights become exercisable and whether to pay the increased appreciation in cash or with shares of our common stock, or a combination thereof. Stock appreciation rights expire under the same rules that apply to stock options. No participant will be granted stock appreciation rights covering more than 2,500,000 shares during any fiscal year, except in connection with an employee's initial hiring in which case the participant could receive stock appreciation rights covering up to an additional 4,500,000 shares, for a total of 7,000,000 shares.

Restricted Stock. Restricted stock may be granted under our Amended 2007 Plan. Restricted stock awards are shares of our common stock that vest in accordance with terms and conditions established by the administrator. The administrator will determine the number of shares of restricted stock granted to any employee, but no participant will be granted a right to purchase or acquire more than 1,000,000 shares of restricted stock during any fiscal year, except in connection with an employee's initial hiring in which case the participant could receive awards of restricted stock covering up to an additional 2,000,000 shares, for a total of 3,000,000 shares. The administrator may impose whatever conditions to vesting it determines to be appropriate. For example, the administrator may set restrictions based on the achievement of specific performance goals. Shares of restricted stock that do not vest are subject to our right of repurchase or forfeiture.

Restricted Stock Units. Restricted stock units may be granted under our Amended 2007 Plan. Restricted stock units are awards that will result in a payment to a participant at the end of a specified period only if performance goals established by the administrator are achieved or the award otherwise vests. The administrator may impose whatever conditions to vesting, restrictions and conditions to payment it determines to be appropriate. For example, the administrator may set restrictions based on the achievement of specific performance goals, on the continuation of service or employment or any other basis determined by the administrator. Payments of earned restricted stock units may be made, in the administrator's discretion, in cash or with shares of our common stock, or a combination thereof. The administrator determines the number of restricted stock units granted to any participant, but no participant may be granted more than 1,000,000 restricted stock units during any fiscal year, except in connection with an employee's initial hiring in which case the participant could receive restricted stock units covering up to an additional 2,000,000 shares, for a total of 3,000,000 shares.

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Performance Units and Performance Shares. Performance units and performance shares may be granted under our Amended 2007 Plan. Performance units and performance shares are awards that will result in a payment to a participant only if performance goals established by the administrator are achieved or the awards otherwise vest. The administrator will establish organizational or individual performance goals in its discretion, which, depending on the extent to which they are met, will determine the number and/or the value of performance units and performance shares to be paid out to participants. During any fiscal year, no participant will receive more than 1,000,000 performance shares and no participant will receive performance units having an initial value greater than \$3,000,000, except in connection with an employee's initial hiring in which case the participant could receive performance shares covering up to an additional 2,000,000 shares, for a total of 3,000,000 shares. Performance units shall have an initial dollar value established by the administrator prior to the grant date. Performance shares shall have an initial value equal to the fair market value of our common stock on the grant date. Payment for performance units and performance shares may be made in cash or in shares of our common stock with equivalent value, or in some combination, as determined by the administrator.

Performance Goals. Awards of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance units and other incentives under the Amended 2007 Plan may be made subject to the attainment of performance goals relating to one or more business criteria within the meaning of Section 162(m) and may provide for a targeted level or levels of achievement including: stock price; revenue; profit; bookings; cash flow; customer retention; customer satisfaction; net bookings; net income; net profit; operating cash flow; operating expenses; total earnings; earnings per share, diluted or basic; earnings per share from continuing operations, diluted or basic; earnings before interest and taxes; earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization; pre-tax profit; net asset turnover; inventory turnover; capital expenditures; net earnings; operating earnings; gross or operating margin; profit margin; debt; working capital; return on equity; return on net assets; return on total assets; return on capital; return on investment; return on sales; net or gross sales; market share; economic value added; cost of capital; change in assets; expense reduction levels; debt reduction; productivity; new product introductions; delivery performance; individual objectives; and total stockholder return. The performance goals may differ from participant to participant and from award to award, may be used alone or in combination, may be used to measure our performance as a whole or the performance of one of our business units, and may be measured relative to a peer group or index.

To the extent necessary to comply with the performance-based compensation provisions of Section 162(m), with respect to any award granted subject to performance goals, within the first 25% of the performance period, but in no event more than 90 days following the commencement of any performance period (or such other time as may be required or permitted by Section 162(m)), the administrator will, in writing: (i) designate one or more participants to whom an award will be made, (ii) select the performance goals applicable to the performance period, (iii) establish the performance goals, and amounts of such awards, as applicable, which may be earned for such performance period, and (iv) specify the relationship between performance goals and the amounts of such awards, as applicable, to be earned by each participant for such performance period. Following the completion of each performance period, the administrator will certify in writing whether the applicable performance goals have been achieved for such performance period. In determining the amounts earned by a participant, the administrator will have the right to reduce or eliminate (but not to increase) the amount payable at a given level of performance to take into account additional factors that the administrator may deem relevant to the assessment of individual or corporate performance for the performance period. A participant will be eligible to receive payment pursuant to an award for a performance period only if the performance goals for such period are achieved.

Transferability of Awards. Unless the administrator provides otherwise, our Amended 2007 Plan does not allow for the transfer of awards and only the recipient of an award may exercise an award during his or her lifetime.

Change in Control. Our Amended 2007 Plan provides that in the event of our change in control, as defined in the Amended 2007 Plan, each outstanding award will be treated as the administrator determines, including that the successor corporation or its parent or subsidiary will assume or substitute an equivalent award for each

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outstanding award. The administrator is not required to treat all awards similarly. If there is no assumption or substitution of outstanding awards, the awards will fully vest, all restrictions will lapse, and the awards will become fully exercisable. The administrator will provide notice to the recipient that he or she has the right to exercise the option and stock appreciation right as to all of the shares subject to the award, all restrictions on restricted stock will lapse, and all performance goals or other vesting requirements for performance shares and units will be deemed achieved, and all other terms and conditions met. The option or stock appreciation right will terminate upon the expiration of the period of time the administrator provides in the notice. In the event the service of an outside director is terminated on or following a change in control, other than pursuant to a voluntary resignation, his or her options and stock appreciation rights will fully vest and become immediately exercisable, all restrictions on restricted stock will lapse, and all performance goals or other vesting requirements for performance shares and units will be deemed achieved, and all other terms and conditions met.

Term. Our Amended 2007 Plan will automatically terminate in 2017, unless we terminate it sooner. In addition, our board of directors has the authority to amend, alter, suspend or terminate the Amended 2007 Plan provided such action does not impair the rights of any participant without the written consent of such participant.

Number of Awards Granted to Employees, Consultants and Directors

The number of Awards that an employee or consultant may receive, or that a non-employee director may initially receive, under the Amended 2007 Plan is in the discretion of our compensation committee and therefore cannot be determined in advance. Annual grants are made to non-employee directors automatically, as described in this proxy statement. Our executive officers are eligible to receive awards under the Amended 2007 Plan and, accordingly, our executive officers have an interest in this proposal. The following table sets forth (a) the aggregate number of shares of common stock subject to options or other awards (if any) granted under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan during the last fiscal year, (b) the average per share exercise price of such options or other awards (if any), and (c) the dollar value of such shares based on \$25.00 per share, the fair market value on December 31, 2010:

| Name of Individual or Group | Number of Shares Granted | Average Per Share Exercise Price⁽¹⁾ | Dollar Value of Shares Granted |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| All executive officers, as a group | 1,310,200 | \$ 12.63 | \$ 32,755,000 |
| All directors who are not executive officers, as a group | 74,445 | \$ 14.37 | \$ 1,861,125 |
| All employees who are not executive officers, as a group | 2,729,556 | \$ 13.46 | \$ 68,238,900 |

(1) This does not include restricted stock units or performance share units which have a purchase price of \$0.00 per award.

Federal Tax Aspects

The following paragraphs are a summary of the general federal income tax consequences to U.S. taxpayers and use of Awards granted under the Amended 2007 Plan. Tax consequences for any particular individual may be different.

Nonstatutory Stock Options. No taxable income is reportable when a nonstatutory stock option with an exercise price at least equal to the fair market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant is granted to a participant. Upon exercise, the participant will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the excess of the fair market value (on the exercise date) of the shares purchased over the exercise price of the option. Any taxable income recognized in connection with an option exercise by an employee of NetSuite is subject to tax withholding by us. Any additional gain or loss recognized upon any later disposition of the shares would be capital gain or loss.

Incentive Stock Options. No taxable income is reportable when an incentive stock option is granted or exercised (except for purposes of the alternative minimum tax, in which case taxation is the same as for nonstatutory stock options). If the participant exercises the option and then later sells or otherwise disposes of the

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shares more than two years after the grant date and more than one year after the exercise date, the difference between the sale price and the exercise price will be taxed as capital gain or loss. If the participant exercises the option and then later sells or otherwise disposes of the shares before the end of the two- or one-year holding periods described above, he or she generally will have ordinary income at the time of the sale equal to the fair market value of the shares on the exercise date (or the sale price, if less) minus the exercise price of the option.

Stock Appreciation Rights. No taxable income is reportable when a stock appreciation right with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant is granted to a participant. Upon exercise, the participant will recognize ordinary income in an amount equal to the amount of cash received and the fair market value of any shares received. Any additional gain or loss recognized upon any later disposition of the shares would be capital gain or loss.

Restricted Stock, Restricted Stock Units, Performance Units and Performance Shares. A participant generally will not have taxable income at the time an award of restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares or performance units, are granted. Instead, he or she will recognize ordinary income in the first taxable year in which his or her interest in the shares underlying the award becomes either (i) freely transferable, or (ii) no longer subject to substantial risk of forfeiture. However, the recipient of a restricted stock award may elect to recognize income at the time he or she receives the award in an amount equal to the fair market value of the shares underlying the award (less any cash paid for the shares) on the date the award is granted.

Tax Effect for Us. We generally will be entitled to a tax deduction in connection with an award under the Amended 2007 Plan in an amount equal to the ordinary income realized by a participant and at the time the participant recognizes such income (for example, the exercise of a nonstatutory stock option). Special rules limit the deductibility of compensation paid to our chief executive officer and to covered employees within the meaning of Section 162(m). Under Section 162(m), the annual compensation paid to any of these specified executives will be deductible only to the extent that it does not exceed \$1,000,000. However, we can preserve the deductibility of certain compensation in excess of \$1,000,000 if the conditions of Section 162(m) are met. These conditions include stockholder approval of the Amended 2007 Plan, setting limits on the number of awards that any individual may receive and for awards other than certain stock options, establishing performance criteria that must be met before the award actually will vest or be paid. The Amended 2007 Plan has been designed to permit the Administrator to grant awards that qualify as performance-based for purposes of satisfying the conditions of Section 162(m), thereby permitting us to continue to receive a federal income tax deduction in connection with such awards.

Section 409A. Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code, or Section 409A, places certain requirements on non-qualified deferred compensation arrangements. These include requirements with respect to an individual's election to defer compensation and the individual's selection of the timing and form of distribution of the deferred compensation. Section 409A also generally provides that distributions must be made on or following the occurrence of certain events (e.g., the individual's separation from service, a predetermined date, or the individual's death). Section 409A imposes restrictions on an individual's ability to change his or her distribution timing or form after the compensation has been deferred. For certain individuals who are officers, subject to certain exceptions, Section 409A requires that such individual's distribution commence no earlier than six months after such officer's separation from service.

Awards granted under the Amended 2007 Plan with a deferral feature will be subject to the requirements of Section 409A. If an award is subject to and fails to satisfy the requirements of Section 409A, the recipient of that award may recognize ordinary income on the amounts deferred under the award, to the extent vested, which may be prior to when the compensation is actually or constructively received. Also, if an award that is subject to Section 409A fails to comply with Section 409A's provisions, Section 409A imposes an additional 20% federal income tax on compensation recognized as ordinary income, as well as possible interest charges and penalties. In addition, certain states, such as California, have adopted similar provisions that impose similar penalty taxes.

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THE FOREGOING IS ONLY A SUMMARY OF THE EFFECTS OF FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION UPON PARTICIPANTS AND THE COMPANY WITH RESPECT TO AWARDS UNDER THE AMENDED 2007 PLAN. IT DOES NOT PURPORT TO BE COMPLETE, AND DOES NOT DISCUSS THE TAX CONSEQUENCES OF A PARTICIPANT'S DEATH OR THE PROVISIONS OF THE INCOME TAX LAWS OF ANY MUNICIPALITY, STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY IN WHICH THE PARTICIPANT MAY RESIDE.

Purpose for Recommending Approval of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (as amended)

We believe that the amendment of the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan and the approval of its material terms is essential to our continued success. Our employees are our most valuable asset. Stock options and other awards such as those provided under the Amended 2007 Plan will substantially assist us in continuing to attract and retain employees and non-employee directors in the extremely competitive labor markets in which we compete. Such awards also are crucial to our ability to motivate employees to achieve our goals. We will benefit from increased stock ownership by selected executives, other employees and non-employee directors.

RECOMMENDATION

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT YOU VOTE FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE 2007 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN (AS AMENDED).

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PROPOSAL 3

ADVISORY VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The recently enacted Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (the "Dodd-Frank Act") enables our stockholders to vote to approve, on an advisory (nonbinding) basis, the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this proxy statement in accordance with SEC rules.

Our executive officer compensation program is designed to attract and retain talented and qualified senior executives to manage and lead our Company and to motivate them to pursue and meet our corporate objectives. Under this program, our named executive officers are rewarded for individual and collective contributions to our success consistent with our "pay for performance" philosophy. Furthermore, the executive officer total compensation program is aligned with the nature and dynamics of our business, which focuses management on achieving the Company's annual and long-term business strategies and objectives. Additional details about our executive compensation programs are described under the section titled "Compensation Discussion and Analysis."

Our compensation committee regularly reviews the executive officer compensation program to ensure that it achieves the desired goals of emphasizing long-term value creation and aligning the interests of management and stockholders through the use of equity-based awards.

We are asking our stockholders to indicate their support for our named executive officer compensation as described in this proxy statement. This proposal, commonly known as a "say-on-pay" proposal, gives our stockholders the opportunity to express their views on our named executive officers' compensation. This vote is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers and the philosophy, policies and practices described in this proxy statement. Accordingly, we ask our stockholders to vote **FOR** the following resolution at the Annual Meeting:

RESOLVED, that the Company's stockholders approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the named executive officers, as disclosed in the Company's proxy statement for the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Summary Compensation Table and the other related tables and disclosure.

The "say-on-pay" vote is advisory, and therefore not binding on the Company, the compensation committee or our board of directors. Our board of directors and our compensation committee value the opinions of our stockholders and to the extent there is any significant vote against the named executive officer compensation as disclosed in this proxy statement, we will consider our stockholders' concerns and the compensation committee will evaluate whether any actions are necessary to address those concerns.

RECOMMENDATION

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE COMPENSATION OF OUR NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, AS DESCRIBED IN THIS PROXY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE COMPENSATION DISCLOSURE RULES OF THE SEC.

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PROPOSAL 4

ADVISORY VOTE ON THE FREQUENCY OF THE

ADVISORY VOTE ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The Dodd-Frank Act also enables our stockholders to indicate how frequently they believe we should conduct the advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to the applicable SEC executive compensation disclosure rules, such as Proposal 3 included in this proxy statement. By voting on this Proposal 4, stockholders may indicate whether they would prefer an advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers once every year, every two years, or every three years.

After careful consideration of this proposal, our board of directors has determined that conducting an advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers every three years is the most appropriate alternative for the Company, and therefore our board of directors recommends that you vote for a three-year interval for the advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers.

In formulating its recommendation, our board of directors considered that a triennial advisory vote on executive compensation is a reasonable frequency because it would allow for an appropriate interval between the vote and an opportunity to evaluate the Company's consideration of the results of the prior vote, thereby enabling our stockholders to assess the impact of the Company's executive compensation policies and decisions. In addition, the board believes that holding an advisory vote every three years offers the closest alignment with the Company's approach to executive compensation and the underlying philosophy of our compensation committee. Specifically, our executive compensation programs are designed to enhance long-term growth and reward performance over a multi-year period. For example, the stock awards granted to our named executive officers generally have four-year vesting periods. A triennial vote would allow our executive compensation programs to be evaluated over a similar timeframe and in relation to our long-term performance. We understand that our stockholders may have different views as to what is the best approach for the Company, and we look forward to hearing from our stockholders at the 2011 stockholder meeting on this proposal.

You may cast your vote on your preferred voting frequency by choosing the option of every year, every two years, every three years, or abstain from voting when you vote in response to the resolution set forth below.

RESOLVED, that the option of once every year, every two years, or every three years, that receives the highest number of votes cast for this resolution will be determined to be the preferred frequency with which the Company is to hold a stockholder vote to approve the compensation of the named executive officers, as disclosed pursuant to the SEC's compensation disclosure rules (which disclosure shall include the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Summary Compensation Table, and the other related tables and disclosure).

The option of every year, every two years or every three years that receives the highest number of votes cast by stockholders will be the frequency for the advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers that has been selected by stockholders. However, because this vote is advisory and not binding on the board of directors or the Company in any way, the board of directors may decide that it is in the best interests of our stockholders and the Company to hold an advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers more or less frequently than the option approved by our stockholders.

RECOMMENDATION

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR THE OPTION OF ONCE EVERY THREE YEARS AS THE FREQUENCY WITH WHICH STOCKHOLDERS ARE PROVIDED AN ADVISORY VOTE ON THE COMPENSATION OF OUR NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

Table of Contents**PROPOSAL 5****RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF****INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

On the recommendation of the audit committee, the board of directors has appointed KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2011. The board of directors recommends that stockholders vote for ratification of such appointment. In the event of a negative vote on such ratification, the board of directors will reconsider its selection, though a change will not necessarily be made. Even if the appointment is ratified, the audit committee may, in its discretion, direct the appointment of a different independent registered accounting firm at any time during the year if the audit committee determines that such a change would be in our stockholders' best interests.

KPMG LLP has audited our financial statements for the period beginning from December 31, 2005 to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. We expect representatives of KPMG LLP to be present at the Annual Meeting and available to respond to appropriate questions. They will also have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so.

Audit and Non-Audit Fees

The following table sets forth fees billed for professional audit services and other services rendered to us by KPMG LLP during the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009:

| | Fiscal 2010 ⁽¹⁾ | Fiscal 2009 ⁽²⁾ |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Audit Fees ⁽³⁾ | \$ 1,342,165 | \$ 1,443,720 |
| Audit-Related Fees ⁽⁴⁾ | 120,515 | 87,400 |
| Tax Fees | | |
| All Other Fees | | |
| Total | \$ 1,462,680 | \$ 1,531,120 |

- (1) Includes (i) \$263,946 for fees associated with performing audit and audit-related services for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, and (ii) \$39,080 for out-of-pocket expenses, of which \$4,646 relates to out-of-pocket expenses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.
- (2) Includes (i) \$671,100 for fees associated with performing audit services for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, and (ii) \$37,045 for out-of-pocket expenses, of which \$10,800 relates to out-of-pocket expenses for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008.
- (3) *Audit Fees* include fees for professional services rendered in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements included in our Form 10-K, the reviews of the financial statements included in our Form 10-Q, attestation-related services in connection with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and services that are normally provided by KPMG in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years.
- (4) *Audit-Related Fees* consist of fees for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements, including a SAS 70 audit report which provides assurance to our customers that we have adequate controls and safeguards over the processing of their data. For 2010, these services included accounting assistance in connection with the acquisition of QuickArrow, Inc. and a SAS 70 audit report. For 2009, these services included accounting assistance in connection with the acquisition of certain assets of NetReturn Pty Limited in June 2009, the acquisition of QuickArrow, Inc. in July 2009 and a SAS 70 audit report.

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Policy on Pre-Approval of Audit and Non-Audit Services

It is the policy of our audit committee to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services to be performed by KPMG. Our audit committee pre-approves services by authorizing either generally or specifically projects within the categories outlined above, subject to budgeted amounts. To ensure prompt handling of unexpected matters, the audit committee delegates to the chair of the audit committee the authority to address any requests for pre-approval of services between audit committee meetings; provided, however, that such additional or amended services may not affect KPMG's independence under applicable SEC rules. Any such pre-approval decisions that are made by the chair of the audit committee must be reported to the audit committee at its next scheduled meeting.

All KPMG LLP services and fees in fiscal 2010 were pre-approved by the audit committee.

Vote Required and Board of Directors Recommendation

The affirmative vote of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock present in person or represented by proxy and entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting is required to ratify the appointment of KPMG LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm.

RECOMMENDATION

**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS A VOTE FOR RATIFICATION OF THE
APPOINTMENT OF KPMG LLP AS OUR INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM.**

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REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The material in this report shall not be deemed to be (i) soliciting material, (ii) filed with the SEC, (iii) subject to Regulations 14A or 14C of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, or (iv) subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. This report shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any of our other filings under the Exchange Act or the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates it by reference into such filing.

Role of the Audit Committee

The audit committee operates under a written charter adopted by the board of directors on April 11, 2007 which provides that its functions include the oversight of the quality of the Company's financial reports and other financial information and its compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the appointment, compensation and oversight of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm including reviewing their independence, reviewing and approving the planned scope of the Company's annual audit, reviewing and pre-approving any non-audit services that may be performed by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, reviewing with management and the Company's independent registered public accounting firm the adequacy of internal financial controls, and reviewing the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates, and the application of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The audit committee held seven (7) meetings during 2010.

The audit committee oversees the Company's financial reporting process on behalf of the board of directors. Management is responsible for the Company's internal controls, financial reporting process and compliance with laws and regulations and ethical business standards. The Company's independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for performing an independent audit of the Company's consolidated financial statements and an independent audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, both in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). The audit committee's responsibility is to monitor and oversee this process.

Review of Audited Financial Statements for Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2010

The audit committee reviewed and discussed the Company's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 with management. The audit committee discussed with KPMG LLP the matters required to be discussed under the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board standards.

The audit committee received the written disclosures and the letter from KPMG LLP required by Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding KPMG LLP's communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence (Communication with Audit Committees Concerning Independence) and the audit committee has discussed with KPMG LLP its independence from the Company and its management.

The Company's management has established and the audit committee has reviewed and approved procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters, including the confidential, anonymous submission by NetSuite employees, received through established procedures, of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

Based on the audit committee's review and discussions with management and KPMG LLP, the audit committee recommended to the board of directors that the Company's audited consolidated financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Members of the audit committee rely without independent verification on the information provided to them and on the representations made by management and the independent auditor. Accordingly, the audit committee oversight does not provide an independent basis to determine that management has maintained appropriate accounting and financial reporting principles or appropriate internal controls and procedures designed to assure compliance with accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, the audit committee's considerations and discussions referred to above do not assure that the audit of the Company's financial statements has been carried out in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), that the consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles or that KPMG LLP is in fact independent.

THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

Kevin Thompson (Chair)

Deborah Farrington

Catherine Kinney

Table of Contents**SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding beneficial ownership of our common stock as of February 28, 2011 by: (i) all those known by us to be beneficial owners of more than five percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock; (ii) each of our directors and director nominees; (iii) each executive officer named in the Summary Compensation Table below; and (iv) all directors and executive officers as a group. This table is based on information provided to us or filed with the SEC by our directors, executive officers and principal stockholders. Unless otherwise indicated in the footnotes below, and subject to community property laws where applicable, each of the named persons has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares shown as beneficially owned.

Applicable percentage ownership is based on 65,726,905 shares of common stock outstanding at February 28, 2011. In computing the number of shares of common stock beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of that person, we deemed to be outstanding all shares of common stock subject to options, warrants or other convertible securities held by that person or entity that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of February 28, 2011. We did not deem these shares outstanding, however, for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person. Beneficial ownership representing less than 1% is denoted with an *.

Unless otherwise indicated, the address of each beneficial owner listed in the table below is c/o NetSuite Inc., 2955 Campus Drive, Suite 100, San Mateo, CA 94403-2511.

| Name of Beneficial Owner | Shares Beneficially Owned | | | Percent of Class (%) |
|---|----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Common Shares Currently Held (a) | Common Shares That May Be Acquired Within 60 Days of February 28, 2011 ⁽¹⁾ (b) | Total Beneficial Ownership (a)+(b) | |
| 5% Stockholders: | | | | |
| Entities beneficially owned by Lawrence J. Ellison ⁽²⁾ | 31,964,891 | | 31,964,891 | 48.63 |
| Trust for the benefit of Margaret Ellison ⁽³⁾ | 3,438,359 | | 3,438,359 | 5.23 |
| Trust for the benefit of David Ellison ⁽³⁾ | 2,292,240 | | 2,292,240 | 3.49 |
| Directors and Executive Officers: | | | | |
| Zachary Nelson | 882,730 | 552,895 | 1,435,625 | 2.18 |
| Evan Goldberg | 2,691,501 | 1,344,805 | 4,036,306 | 6.14 |
| James McGeever | 216,769 | 218,774 | 435,543 | * |
| Ronald Gill | 36,881 | 22,084 | 58,965 | * |
| James Ramsey | 85,188 | 144,261 | 229,449 | * |
| William Beane III | 7,297 | 23,877 | 31,174 | * |
| Deborah Farrington ⁽⁴⁾ | 1,502,232 | 52,144 | 1,554,376 | 2.36 |
| Catherine R. Kinney | | 22,877 | 22,877 | * |
| Kevin Thompson | 2,955 | 26,221 | 29,176 | * |
| Edward Zander | | 21,002 | 21,002 | * |
| All executive officers and directors as a group (12 persons) | 5,493,972 | 2,677,576 | 8,171,548 | 12.43 |

* Less than 1%.

- (1) Includes shares issuable upon exercise of outstanding options held by our directors and executive officers exercisable within 60 days of February 28, 2011. Also includes shares issuable within 60 days of February 28, 2011 upon vesting of restricted stock units held by our executive officers. These shares are deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of the person holding the options but are not treated as outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

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- (2) 31,964,891 shares are held by NetSuite Restricted Holdings LLC, the membership interests of which are beneficially owned by Lawrence J. Ellison through a revocable trust. The LLC Operating Agreement for NetSuite Restricted Holdings LLC is subject to various terms and restrictions with respect to future voting and disposition of the shares held by such entity. See the section titled "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions/Lawrence J. Ellison" for a description of these terms and restrictions. The address for NetSuite Restricted Holdings LLC is One Bush Street, Suite 650, San Francisco, CA 94104. Excludes 3,438,359 shares held in trust for Margaret Ellison, 2,292,240 shares held in trust for David Ellison and 1,076,119 shares held by David Ellison, all of which are discussed in Footnote 3 below. Mr. Ellison and NetSuite Restricted Holdings LLC disclaim beneficial ownership of the excluded shares.
- (3) Represents shares held in trusts for the benefit of David Ellison and Margaret Ellison, adult children of Lawrence J. Ellison. Excludes 1,076,119 shares held directly by David Ellison. The co-trustees for each of the two trusts are Donald Lucas, who also serves as a director of Oracle Corporation, and Philip B. Simon. The co-trustees, acting on behalf of the trusts and for the benefit of the respective beneficiaries, have voting and dispositive power over the shares held by each trust. Each trust disclaims beneficial ownership of the shares held by the other trust, and the trusts disclaim the existence of a "group" for purposes of Regulation 13D. The address for each trust is 101 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite 310, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.
- (4) 1,502,232 includes 1,498,157 shares held by StarVest Partners, L.P., 186 shares held by StarVest Management, Inc., as Nominee for StarVest Partners Advisory Council Co-Investment Plan and 3,889 shares held by Deborah Farrington. Deborah Farrington, Jeanne Sullivan and Laura Sachar possess shared voting and dispositive power over the shares held by StarVest Partners, L.P. Deborah Farrington, Jeanne Sullivan, Laura Sachar and Larry Bettino possess shared voting and dispositive power over the shares held by StarVest Management, Inc.

Table of Contents**EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION**

The following table shows information related to our common stock which may be issued under our existing equity compensation plans as of December 31, 2010, including our 1999 Stock Plan (the 1999 Plan) and the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2007 Plan):

| Plan category | (a) Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options and rights | (b) Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options and rights ⁽¹⁾ | (c) Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) |
|--|--|--|--|
| Equity compensation plans approved by security holders ⁽²⁾ | 10,240,845 | \$ 8.62 | 948,504 ⁽³⁾ |

- (1) This does not include restricted stock units or performance share units which have a purchase price of \$0.00 per award.
- (2) Consists of options granted under the 1999 Plan and option grants, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units and performance share units made under the 2007 Plan.
- (3) Consists of 948,504 shares that remain available for future grant under the 2007 Plan, which includes 11,739 shares that rolled over from the 1999 Plan. Shares under the 2007 Plan are subject to automatic increase on January 1 of each year beginning in our 2009 fiscal year equal to the *least* of: (a) 9,000,000 shares, (b) 3.5% of the number of shares on the last day of the immediately preceding fiscal year that are outstanding and issuable pursuant to outstanding awards under our equity plans, or (c) such other amount as our board of directors may determine. We will not make future grants under the 1999 Plan. On January 1, 2011, the 2007 Plan was automatically increased by 2,619,607 shares.

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EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of compensation arrangements of our named executive officers for 2010 should be read together with the compensation tables and related disclosures set forth below. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on our current plans, considerations, expectations and determinations regarding future compensation programs. Actual compensation programs that we adopt may differ materially from currently planned programs as summarized in this discussion.

Executive Summary

Overview

Our goal is to be the leading vendor of cloud-based financials/ Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) software suites. In addition to financials/ERP software suites, we offer a broad suite of applications, including accounting, Customer Relationship Management (CRM), Professional Services Automation (PSA) and Ecommerce that enable companies to manage most of their core business operations in our single integrated suite. In order to support our strategy and to continue to deliver strong execution, we strive to provide an executive compensation program that is aimed to attract and retain talented and qualified senior executives to manage and lead our Company and to motivate them to pursue and meet our corporate objectives. To achieve our objectives, we use a mix of compensation elements including base salary, performance-based cash incentives, equity incentives, change of control benefits and employee benefits. Our executive compensation strategy in fiscal 2010 was to position total cash compensation between the 50th and 75th percentile of our Select Peer Group. While in prior years we have generally sought to position our long-term incentive equity compensation at approximately the 75th percentile of our Select Peer Group, as discussed below, in fiscal 2010 our long-term equity compensation awards exceeded the 75th percentile as we believed it was important to provide significant incentives with multi-year vesting features to provide greater retention and incentive power to our named executive officers. Our named executive officers for fiscal year 2010 were Zachary Nelson, Evan Goldberg, James McGeever, Ronald Gill and James Ramsey.

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Pay for Performance

We believe the compensation program for the named executive officers in 2010 and prior years was instrumental in helping us achieve strong financial performance in 2010. For 2010, our revenue grew to \$193.1 million, representing an increase of \$26.6 million or 16% increase year over year. Non-GAAP net income grew to \$8.5 million in 2010, an increase of \$5.1 million or 151% over the prior year. Non-GAAP operating income grew to \$10.4 million in 2010, an increase of \$7.2 million or 228% increase over the prior year. Further, our total stockholder return in 2010 was 56.4%. To achieve our objectives, our compensation program has three primary elements: base salary, performance-based cash incentives, and performance-based equity incentives. Our compensation strategy is to weigh compensation elements toward performance-based compensation relative to salary and solely time-based vesting for equity awards. In line with this philosophy, we kept the base salaries for our named executive officers unchanged from 2009, except that we increased the base salary for Mr. Ramsey in order to bring him up to the 50th percentile of our Select Peer Group and we increased the base salary for Mr. Gill in connection with his appointment as chief financial officer. As a result, performance-based incentives constitute by far the largest portion of potential compensation for our named executive officers. The following charts show the pay mix of (i) our CEO and (ii) all other named executive officers, for 2010:

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2010 Key Compensation Actions

Other highlights of our compensation policies and practices for 2010 include:

Adopted Stock Ownership Guidelines. We adopted stock ownership guidelines for all of our directors and executive officers to help ensure that we maintain a close alignment between the interests of our directors and named executive officers with those of our stockholders.

Streamlined Financial Performance Metrics. We reduced the number of financial performance metrics from five to three in order to drive performance of the key corporate financial metrics of the Company and better align officer incentives with stockholder interests in achieving long term stockholder value. The performance-based cash incentives for the named executive officers for the first quarter of 2010 would have been higher under the original 2010 Cash Incentive Program than they were under the revised 2010 Cash Incentive Program.

Changed Timing of Annual Equity Grants. We changed the timing of annual grants to our executive officers from the third quarter to the first quarter of the calendar year in order to align the annual grants to promptly follow the determination and review of the prior year's financial results and to align with annual performance reviews of our executive officers.

Limit All Other Compensation. We limit all other compensation to our named executive officers. For example, we do not have: guaranteed bonuses, executive perquisites such as club memberships, financial planning services, or company jet, and we do not have a separate executive retirement plan that is not generally available to all employees.

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Compensation Objectives

The goal of our executive compensation program is to tie executive compensation to the performance of the Company and management. We have created a compensation program that has a mix of short-term and long-term components, cash and equity elements and fixed and contingent payments in proportions that we believe will provide appropriate incentives to retain and incentivize our named executive officers and other senior executives and management team and help to:

support our performance-based approach to managing pay levels to foster a goal oriented, highly-motivated management team whose members have a clear understanding of business objectives and shared corporate values;

link pay to performance with defined and measurable metrics;

align the interests of our executive officers with those of our stockholders;

allocate company resources to effectively exploit our technological capabilities in the development of new applications and services; and

achieve internal equity across our organization based upon position and level of responsibility.

We also strive to ensure that our executive compensation program is competitive with the practices of the companies with which we compete for talent.

Compensation for each named executive officer is comprised of a base salary, short-term performance-based cash incentives and long-term equity incentives. The base salary is generally reviewed annually and adjustments are considered based on the individual performance of the executive officer, level of experience or tenure in their position and an evaluation of the competitive market based data derived from our Select Peer Group (as described below) and other relevant public company data. The short-term cash incentives are based upon achievement of corporate objectives and individual performance. The long-term equity incentives are designed to provide long-term compensation based on Company performance, as reflected in the value of the shares of the Company's common stock underlying the equity compensation compared to the purchase price of those shares, if any, and to further align the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders. With the significant weighting toward long-term equity incentives, we seek to reward our named executive officers when we generate stockholder returns. At the same time, if our efforts do not generate positive stockholder returns, a significant portion of the compensation for our named executive officers is at risk, which we believe aligns their interests with the interests of our stockholders.

Role of the Compensation Consultant

The compensation committee has the power to engage independent advisors to assist the committee in carrying out its responsibilities. For 2010, the compensation committee selected and directly retained the services of Compensia, Inc. (Compensia), an independent executive compensation consultant. Compensia reported directly to the committee and not to management. Compensia reviewed and advised on all principal aspects of the executive compensation program, including, but not limited to, providing recommendations regarding the composition of our Select Peer Group, analyzing peer group proxy statements, compensation survey data, and other publicly available data (including applying its experience with other companies), and reviewing and advising on executive total compensation, including base salaries, short- and long-term incentives, associated performance goals, and severance arrangements.

Compensation Setting Process

Our board of directors established a compensation committee that currently consists of Ms. Farrington, as chairperson of the committee, Mr. Thompson and Mr. Zander. Each member has been determined to be and each current member remains an outside director for purposes of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code and a

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non-employee director for purposes of Rule 16b-3 under the Exchange Act. In accordance with its charter, for fiscal 2010 and beyond the compensation committee has and will evaluate, approve, administer and interpret our executives' compensation and benefit policies, including our 1999 Plan and our 2007 Plan.

In 2010, our compensation committee, in consultation with Compensia, took the following actions in connection with setting the compensation of our named executive officers:

with input from our management team, reviewed and made appropriate adjustments to our Select Peer Group, as described below;

developed recommendations with regard to executive compensation structures with reference to the Select Peer Group;

reviewed our practice regarding CEO compensation, including determining evaluation criteria, reviewing the performance and determining the compensation earned, paid or awarded to our chief executive officer, independent of input from him; and

reviewed our policy to review on an annual basis the performance of our named executive officers with assistance from our chief executive officer and determining what it believed to be appropriate total compensation based on competitive levels as measured against our peer group.

Participation of Management in Compensation Decisions

The compensation committee works collaboratively with members of management as well as Compensia in designing and developing new compensation programs applicable to our named executive officers and other executive officers. The compensation committee directs management, including the chief executive officer, to prepare reports and recommendations for the review, discussion, modification and final approval by the board of directors or the compensation committee with respect to various aspects of our named executive officers' total compensation. The compensation committee believes, for example, that the named executive officers have greater day-to-day insight into the key metrics on which company performance should be evaluated. Consequently, the compensation committee asks the chief executive officer to prepare recommendations with respect to appropriate qualitative and quantitative criteria on which our named executive officers' performance might be based.

The compensation committee may use these reports and recommendations provided by the chief executive officer or other named executive officers in discharging its duties with respect to reviewing and setting named executive officer compensation. Other resources that our compensation committee may rely upon include the individual board members' respective experiences and recommendations, recommendations of Compensia, peer or competitive compensation data provided by Compensia or management, the deliberative process of the compensation committee, and any other resources that the compensation committee may determine are relevant. Once the compensation committee believes that it has the information necessary to conduct its deliberations, it does so without further input of the named executive officers when discussing the chief executive officer's compensation; and with input of the chief executive officer, and often with his participation in the deliberations, when discussing the compensation for the remaining named executive officers.

Once the compensation committee has made compensation decisions with respect to named executive officer compensation, neither the chief executive officer nor any other named executive officer has any discretion or authority to increase or decrease the approved compensation, whether in the form of base salary, cash incentive compensation, equity compensation or benefits.

Competitive Market Review

We compete with many other technology companies in seeking to attract and retain a skilled workforce and aim to attract and retain the most highly qualified executives to manage each of our business functions. In doing so, we compete for a pool of talent that is highly sought after by both large and established technology companies

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and earlier stage companies, including on-demand software and customer relationship management/enterprise software companies and other companies seeking similar skill sets in our geographic area, and in some cases, nationally and internationally. Larger and more established organizations in our industry seek to recruit top talent from smaller and less established companies in the sector just as smaller organizations look to attract and retain the best talent from the industry as a whole.

We offer competitive short-term cash incentive compensation and long-term equity incentive compensation to our named executive officers with an emphasis on equity-based incentives to align the interests of our named executive officers with those of our stockholders. We also compete for key personnel on the basis of our vision of future success, the excellence of our technical and management personnel, our culture and company values and the cohesiveness and productivity of our teams. To succeed in attracting top executives and retaining our current named executive officers, we draw upon and access surveys and data presented by independent compensation consultants retained by the compensation committee, as well as other relevant nationally recognized surveys (as listed below) to ensure we remain current on compensation trends. Our management and compensation committee review data that analyzes various cross-sections of our industry, including on-demand software services companies, software companies in our geographic area where we compete for talent and accounting software companies.

Market Comparisons: How We Define Our Market and How We Use Market Compensation Data

During 2010, Compensia conducted a total executive compensation review for the compensation committee that compared and analyzed our named executive officers' total compensation levels to those of executives at the companies in our Select Peer Group. Compensia worked directly with our compensation committee in 2010 to interpret the results of this review so that the compensation committee could make fully informed decisions in setting total compensation levels for our named executive officers.

Defining the Market

In 2010, we used two public company market references to compare our total compensation practices and amounts for our named executive officers to those in the market:

Publicly-Held Companies Survey. Radford October 2009 High-Tech Industry Executive Compensation Survey; and

Select Peer Group. Publicly available compensation data for the following group of publicly-traded software companies, consisting principally of on-demand software companies, with the majority having revenues generally similar to ours: Ariba Inc., Athenahealth, Inc., Blackbaud, Inc., Concur Technologies, Inc., DealerTrack Holdings, Inc., DemandTec, Inc., Epicor Software Corporation, Informatica Corp., Kenexa Corp., Phase Forward Incorporated, salesforce.com, inc., SuccessFactors, Inc., Taleo Corp., The Ultimate Software Group, Inc., Unica Corporation and Vocus, Inc.

In reviewing the peer group for appropriateness, for 2010 as compared to 2009, Omniture, Inc. was removed from the list of comparator companies because it was acquired in 2009. Additionally, Epicor Software Corporation was added because it fit the scope criteria used to select our Select Peer Group companies and salesforce.com, Inc. was added because they are a key company in the SaaS sector.

The median revenue of the Select Peer Group was \$248 million for the four quarters completed as of June 30, 2010, the median market cap of the Select Peer Group was \$1,113 million as of October 19, 2010 and the median headcount of the Select Peer Group was 1,067 employees as of the end of each company's most recently completed fiscal year. We intend to review the Select Peer Group annually.

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Determining Market Levels and Impact on Compensation Decisions

We seek to provide competitive total compensation to each of our named executive officers while taking into account the unique requirements and skills of each of our named executive officers. Our compensation committee, with assistance from Compensia, compared our practices and levels by each compensation component, by target annual cash compensation, which includes base salary and target annual cash incentive compensation, and by total direct compensation, which includes base salary, target annual cash incentive compensation and annual equity compensation. The purpose of this analysis is to determine whether the compensation offered to each named executive officer, both in total and with respect to each of the constituent components, is competitive with the applicable market comparables that the compensation committee has reviewed for the corresponding period. Generally, the compensation committee seeks to position the total compensation of our named executive officers to be competitive with the 50th to 75th percentile of the compensation offered by our Select Peer Group. Where total compensation or a specific component of compensation is not within this range, the compensation committee uses the competitive market data as one factor in making its compensation decision, but may also take into account factors specific to a named executive officer in making its final compensation decisions, including each named executive officer's position and functional role, seniority, experience, performance and overall level of responsibility.

Components of our Compensation Program

Our executive compensation program consists of four primary components: base salary; performance-based cash incentives; long-term equity-based incentives; and benefits, including severance/termination protection. We chose to build our executive compensation program around each of the above elements because we believe that each individual component is useful in achieving one or more of the objectives of our program and we believe that, together, they have been and will continue to be effective in achieving our overall objectives. Base salaries, performance-based cash incentives and equity awards are set based on a combination of corporate objectives and individual performance. We utilize short-term compensation, including performance-based cash incentives, to motivate and reward our key executives in accordance with our pay-for-performance philosophy. We use equity-based incentives to align the interests of our senior executives with those of our stockholders and to promote a longer term performance perspective and achievement of our long-term strategy. Total equity ownership for our named executive officers is reviewed at least annually. Finally, we use benefits, including severance and termination protection, as a means of retaining our employees and reducing the degree to which the possible loss of employment might affect our executives' willingness to take risks and/or enter into strategic relationships and transactions that, while potentially beneficial to our stockholders, might result in the termination of the executive's employment. Our executives' total compensation may vary significantly year to year based on company, functional area and individual performance. Further, the value of equity awards made to our named executive officers will vary based on our stock price performance.

Weighting of Elements in our Compensation Program

The use and weight of each compensation element is based on a subjective determination by the compensation committee of the importance of each element in meeting our overall objectives. In general, we seek to put a significant amount of each named executive officer's total potential compensation at risk based on corporate and individual performance. As a result, compensation paid in the form of base salary and benefits represented less than one-quarter of each named executive officer's potential total compensation at target performance levels for 2010. We believe that, as is common in the technology sector, equity-based awards are a significant compensation-related motivator in attracting and retaining employees and that base salary and performance-based cash incentive levels are, in many instances, secondary considerations to many employees, particularly at the executive and managerial levels.

Base Salary. Base salary is used to recognize the experience, skills, knowledge and responsibilities required of each named executive officer, as well as the prevailing market conditions. The base salary of our named executive officers will be generally reviewed on an annual basis and adjustments may be made to reflect

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performance-based factors, as well as competitive conditions, experience and tenure. We have not and will not apply specific formulas to determine increases. We have, however, in the past few year referred to public company surveys, as well as data from our Select Peer Group, and may in the future continue to compare our base salary against those public companies we consider to be appropriate market comparables. Where it is determined that our base salary is not competitive, market data may inform, but will not be the sole basis for, decisions to adjust base salary.

In 2010, as part of its annual review of executive compensation, the compensation committee reviewed the base salaries of our named executive officers focusing on the competitiveness of these salaries, based on compensation survey data and our Select Peer Group. Based on that information and the desire to retain our named executive officers, the compensation committee determined that an increase in base salary was warranted for Mr. Ramsey to bring Mr. Ramsey's base salary closer to the 50th percentile of our Select Peer Group. Previously, Mr. Ramsey's base salary was set below the 50th percentile of applicable public company comparables in light of his then-recent appointment as an executive officer. As a result, Mr. Ramsey's base salary was increased in 2010 from \$200,000 to \$250,000. This increase was effective as of January 1, 2010. In addition, in connection with Mr. Gill's appointment as our chief financial officer, Mr. Gill's annual base salary was increased from \$235,000 to \$250,000, effective as of July 1, 2010. In March 2011, Mr. Gill's salary was further increased to \$275,000, effective April 1, 2011. These salary increases brought Mr. Gill closer to, but below, the market 50th percentile. Base salaries of our other named executive officers remained unchanged from 2009.

Performance-Based Cash Incentives. Performance-based cash incentives are paid to our named executive officers based on the achievement of corporate performance objectives and a qualitative assessment of the applicable officer's individual performance, each as determined by the compensation committee. The corporate objectives may change from year to year as the Company and market conditions continue to evolve and different priorities are established, but they will continue to be set by, and performance against them determined or approved by, the compensation committee.

2010 Performance-Based Cash Incentive Program

Performance-based cash incentives were paid to our named executive officers under the Executive Performance-Based Cash Incentive Program for 2010 (the 2010 Cash Incentive Program). The 2010 Cash Incentive Program consisted of a financial metric component and an individual performance component. In February 2010, the compensation committee established five metrics under the financial metric component of the 2010 Cash Incentive Program. However, in June 2010, the compensation committee determined that it was in the best interests of the Company to amend the 2010 Cash Incentive Program to reduce the number of corporate financial metrics from five to three metrics in order to drive performance of the key corporate financial metrics of the Company and better align executive officer incentives with stockholder interests in achieving long term stockholder value. The revisions to the 2010 Cash Incentive Program applied to all performance-based cash incentive payments for 2010. The performance-based cash incentives for the named executive officers for the first quarter of 2010 would have been higher under the original 2010 Cash Incentive Program than they were under the revised 2010 Cash Incentive Program. Under the 2010 Cash Incentive Program, as revised, the target annual performance-based cash incentive amounts and allocation of the financial metric component and individual performance component as a percentage of the total annual performance-based cash incentives for each named executive officer were as follows:

| Named Executive Officer | Target Performance- Based Cash Incentive (\$) | Financial Metric Component (%) | Individual Performance Component (%) |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Zachary Nelson | 450,000 | 75 | 25 |
| Evan Goldberg | 187,500 | 75 | 25 |
| James McGeever | 200,000 | 75 | 25 |
| Ronald Gill ⁽¹⁾ | 75,000 | 75 | 25 |
| James Ramsey | 250,000 | 75 | 25 |

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(1) Mr. Gill's total target performance-based cash incentive is \$150,000. However, for 2010, it was prorated as of July 1, 2010, the effective date of his appointment to chief financial officer.

In February 2010, as part of its annual executive compensation review, the compensation committee increased the target annual performance-based cash incentive for Mr. Ramsey to \$250,000 with the intention to bring his total cash compensation to the 50th percentile of our Select Peer Group, in line with the Company's general compensation philosophy. In addition, in connection with Mr. Gill's appointment as the Company's chief financial officer, the compensation committee determined that Mr. Gill's target annual performance based cash incentive for 2010 would be \$150,000 bringing his total cash compensation closer to the 50th percentile of our Select Peer Group, in line with the Company's general compensation philosophy. This amount was pro-rated to reflect Mr. Gill's service as the Company's chief financial officer for the last six months of 2010. Target annual performance-based cash incentives remained the same as in effect for 2009 for all of the other named executive officers.

Individual Performance Component. For the individual performance component, payments were determined at the discretion of the compensation committee based on a qualitative assessment of individual performance. The compensation committee considered criteria such as professional effectiveness, leadership and creativity. The individual performance component consisted of both quarterly assessments and an annual assessment for each named executive officer. For 2010, fifty percent (50%) of each named executive officer's individualized performance component was an annual component and paid annually based on annual performance and the other fifty percent (50%) was a quarterly component and allocated evenly over each quarter and paid quarterly based on quarterly performance. The compensation committee retains the ability to increase or decrease performance-based cash incentive awards, and to make additional awards.

For 2010, the compensation committee determined the following payout levels for the quarterly individual performance component (shown as range): 97% to 100% payout in the first quarter, 62.5% to 100% payout in the second quarter, 90% to 100% payout in the third quarter and 75% to 85% payout in the fourth quarter. For the annual individual performance component, the payout levels were between 50% and 90%.

Financial Metric Component. The financial metric component for 2010 consisted of three core company performance objectives: a GAAP revenue target, a Non-GAAP net income target and Non-GAAP operating cash flow target. Non-GAAP Net Income excluded stock compensation expense, amortization of intangibles, and expenses relating to business combinations. Non-GAAP operating cash flow excluded the impact of cash disbursements relating to business combinations. The weighting for each of these company performance objectives as a percentage of the financial metric component were as follows:

| Company Performance Objectives | Percentage of Total Financial Metric Component (%) |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| GAAP Revenue Target | 60 |
| Non-GAAP Net Income Target | 20 |
| Non-GAAP Operating Cash Flow Target | 20 |

Achievement of each of the corporate objectives are determined and paid out quarterly. Actual payouts under each of the corporate objectives were calculated on a sliding scale based on the outcome on each metric. More specifically, the payouts under the 2010 Cash Incentive Program were subject to the following thresholds and caps per target:

Revenue Target: The Company's 2010 revenue objective was \$43.8 million in the first quarter, \$45.7 million in the second quarter, \$47.4 million in the third quarter and \$49.6 million in the fourth quarter, as established by the compensation committee, calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, or GAAP. With respect to the revenue objective, the minimum threshold for a performance-based cash incentive payment under this metric was achievement of 94% of the

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Company's 2010 revenue objective. If the minimum threshold was not met, no performance-based cash incentive would be earned for the revenue objective. If the initial threshold of at least 94% of the 2010 revenue objective was achieved, there would be a payment of 25% of the revenue target performance-based cash incentive. For achievement above the minimum threshold, the performance-based cash incentive amount would increase linearly upon achievement of up to 104% of the 2010 revenue objective. Each executive could earn a performance-based cash incentive of up to 150% of his target performance-based cash incentive for an achievement of 104% or greater of the revenue objective.

For 2010, our actual achievement against each of our quarterly revenue objectives and related payout levels (shown as a percentage of quarterly revenue payout targets) were as follows: 100% achievement resulting in 100% payout in the first quarter, 103% achievement resulting in 135% payout in the second quarter, 105% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the third quarter and 105% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the fourth quarter.

Net Income Target: The Company's 2010 non-GAAP net income objective as established by the compensation committee for executive compensation purposes was \$0.6 million in the first quarter, \$0.9 million in the second quarter, \$1.0 million in the third quarter and \$1.7 million in the fourth quarter. If the Company achieved 33% of the 2010 non-GAAP net income target in any quarter then the initial threshold would be met resulting in a payment of 50% of the non-GAAP net income target performance-based cash incentive. For achievement above the target threshold, then the performance-based cash incentive amount would increase linearly upon achievement of up to 133% of the 2010 non-GAAP net income target. Each executive officer could earn a performance-based cash incentive of up to 150% of the target performance-based cash incentive for an achievement of the maximum threshold or greater of the non-GAAP net income objective.

For 2010, our actual achievement against each of our quarterly non-GAAP net income targets and related payout levels (shown as a percentage of net income payout targets) were as follows: 163% achievement resulting in a 150% payout in the first quarter, 215% achievement resulting in a 150% payout in the second quarter, 254% achievement resulting in a 150% payout in the third quarter and 159% achievement resulting in a 150% payout in the fourth quarter.

Operating Cash Flow Target: The Company's 2010 non-GAAP operating cash flow objective as established by the compensation committee for executive compensation purposes was \$2.0 million in the first quarter, \$2.0 million in the second quarter, \$2.6 million in the third quarter and \$3.2 million in the fourth quarter. If the Company achieved 33% of the 2010 non-GAAP operating cash flow target in any quarter then the initial threshold would be met resulting in a payment of 50% of the non-GAAP operating cash flow performance-based cash incentive. For achievement above the minimum threshold, the performance-based cash incentive amount would increase linearly upon achievement of up to 133% of the 2010 non-GAAP operating cash flow target. Each executive officer could earn a performance-based cash incentive of up to 150% of his target performance-based cash incentive for an achievement of the maximum threshold or greater of the non-GAAP operating cash flow objective.

For 2010, our actual achievement against each of our quarterly non-GAAP operating cash flow objectives and related payout levels (shown as a percentage of non-GAAP operating cash flow payout targets) were as follows: 237% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the first quarter, 228% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the second quarter, 176% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the third quarter and 139% achievement resulting in 150% payout in the fourth quarter.

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The target and actual performance-based cash incentive amounts for 2010 for our named executive officers were as follows, based on the achievement against the financial metric component and individual performance component discussed above:

| Named Executive Officer | Base Salary (\$) | Target Performance-Based Cash Incentive (\$) | Performance-Based Cash Incentive Actually Paid (\$) | | Total Performance Based Cash Incentive Actually Paid (\$) | Annual Target as Percentage of Base Salary (%) | Performance-Based Cash Incentive Actually Paid as Percentage of Base Salary (%) |
|-------------------------|------------------|--|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | | Financial Metric (\$) | Individual Performance (\$) | | | |
| Zachary Nelson | 450,000 | 450,000 | 473,345 | 103,782 | 577,127 | 100 | 128 |
| Evan Goldberg | 375,000 | 187,500 | 197,227 | 41,602 | 238,829 | 50 | 64 |
| James McGeever | 300,000 | 200,000 | 210,375 | 42,626 | 253,001 | 67 | 84 |
| Ronald Gill | 242,500 | 75,000 ⁽¹⁾ | 84,376 | 51,658 ⁽²⁾ | 136,034 | 60 ⁽³⁾ | 56 |
| James Ramsey | 250,000 | 250,000 | 262,969 | 44,376 | 307,345 | 100 | 123 |

- (1) Mr. Gill's maximum eligible performance-based cash incentive amount was prorated as of July 1, 2010, the effective date of his appointment to chief financial officer.
- (2) Includes \$35,250 paid to Mr. Gill under the Company's employee bonus plan for the first half of 2010, which represents 100% of his target bonus under that plan.
- (3) Mr. Gill's annual target as a percentage of base salary has been annualized to take into account his July 1, 2010 start date under the 2010 Cash Incentive Plan.

For fiscal year 2010, our named executive officers achieved, on average, approximately 126% of their total target performance-based cash incentive opportunity.

Equity-based incentives. We believe that using stock based awards helps establish a corporate culture that supports strong long term corporate performance by encouraging our named executive officers to take a long-term outlook.

Our equity incentive plans have been established to provide certain of our named executive officers with incentives to help align their interests with the interests of our stockholders. Our compensation committee grants equity awards to named executive officers to enable them to participate in the long-term appreciation of our stock's value, while reducing or eliminating the economic benefit of such awards in the event our stock does not perform well. Additionally, equity compensation provides an important retention tool for named executive officers to the extent that stock options and other equity awards are subject to vesting over an extended period of time and provide for only a limited exercise period following termination of employment.

The equity incentive component of our executive compensation program consists of stock options, restricted stock units and performance share unit awards. The compensation committee believes it is important to provide long-term retention that includes both a mix of stock options and stock awards, both to mitigate some of the risk of options during turbulent economic times and to be competitive with recent equity awards made by our Select Peer Group and other comparable high-growth technology companies with which we compete for talent. The compensation committee selected a general mix of approximately 1/3 stock options, 1/3 restricted stock units and 1/3 performance share units for the annual equity grants to our named executive officers in 2010, with a slight slant toward options for selected named executive officers. The compensation committee's decision in allocating equity-based incentives among three different forms of equity is to provide a blended mix of incentives aligned with stockholders interests that will incentivize and retain the executives.

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We use two methodologies to make external comparisons when we set the number of equity awards to be granted to each named executive officer. On an individual basis, we compare the fair value of the award to those made to executives within the Select Peer Group using a Black-Scholes valuation for equity awards that is generally consistent with ASC Topic 718 (formerly SFAS 123(R)) with certain adjustments, and the number of equity awards granted by position as a percentage of total common shares outstanding. We believe these comparisons provide important additional context for comparing the competitiveness of our equity-based compensation practices versus the market.

The value of the annual equity awards received by our named executive officers will be driven by our performance over time, our named executive officers' ability to impact our results that drive stockholder value, their organization level, their potential to take on roles of increasing responsibility and competitive equity award levels for similar positions and organization levels in comparable companies.

In 2008 the compensation committee adopted a three year equity strategy for our named executive officers to bring their annual vesting values in line with those of their peers. The named executive officers were largely vested at the time of our initial public offering in December 2007 and the compensation committee determined that this three year equity strategy was necessary to retain the Company's named executive officers and it was appropriate to spread this over a three year period rather than one large equity grant in 2008. For fiscal 2010, the compensation committee retained Compensia to review the competitive practices with respect to equity compensation at the Select Peer Group companies. The compensation committee together with Compensia also reviewed the performance of the Company relative to the Select Peer Group and also relative to the Company's ERP competitors. Consistent with our three-year strategy, the desire to retain the members of the management team, the percentage of equity awards vested versus unvested, the tenure at the Company of the current management team and its importance to our continued success and the desire to create long-term equity incentives to further align management's goals with stockholder's interests, the compensation committee initially determined that it should continue to target the 75th percentile of our Select Peer Group. Following consultation with our chief executive officer and consideration of his recommendations for equity awards for the other named executive officers, the compensation committee determined to set the value of the fiscal 2010 equity awards for our named executive officers at a level in excess of the 75th percentile to ensure that they were effectively incentivized to achieve our long-term strategic and operational business objectives over the next three years. Accordingly, this decision also had the effect of positioning the total direct compensation of our named executive officers at a level that exceeded the 75th percentile of the total direct compensation of the executives in comparable positions at the companies in our Select Peer Group.

Stock Options

In general, named executive officers receive an initial stock option grant when they first join us and then receive an annual option award each year thereafter. The initial grant, with limited exceptions, vests over a four-year period with 25% vesting after one year of service and the remainder vesting ratably each month thereafter. The annual grant is generally granted in full at one time on an annual basis. These annual grants are generally subject to vesting based on the executive's continued service with us but not subject to performance vesting criteria. Annual grants generally vest over a four-year period and vest ratably each month beginning one month following the vesting commencement date subject to continued service through each vesting date. All options are granted with an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant.

The compensation committee believes that the size and terms of the initial option grant made to each named executive officer upon joining the Company should be primarily based on competitive conditions applicable to the named executive officer's specific position. In addition, the compensation committee considers the number of options owned by other named executive officers in comparable positions within our Company using a blended model that considers options awarded as a percentage of shares outstanding and the aggregate value for each option grant.

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Based on the factors described above, in 2010, we made the following annual option grants to our named executive officers:

| Named Executive Officer | Options (#) ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Zachary Nelson | 100,000 |
| Evan Goldberg | 60,000 |
| James McGeever | 75,000 |
| Ronald Gill | 45,000 ⁽²⁾ |
| James Ramsey | 40,000 |

- (1) The number of annual option grants to our named executive officers remained unchanged from 2009, except for Mr. McGeever, whose option grant increased from 50,000 to 75,000 shares in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief operating officer.
- (2) Reflects an annual grant of 25,000 options to Mr. Gill in March 2010 and an additional grant of 20,000 options to Mr. Gill in August 2010 in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief financial officer.

Restricted Stock Units (RSUs)

It is the Company's philosophy that an appropriate mix of equity awards is necessary to compete effectively in the current market. Therefore, new named executive officers will generally receive an initial restricted stock unit grant when they first join us and existing named executive officers will be eligible for an annual restricted stock unit grant as part of the annual review process. An initial new hire restricted stock unit grant, with limited exceptions, vests over a four-year period with 25% vesting after one year of service and the remainder vesting 1/16th on each three month anniversary thereafter subject to continued service through each vesting date. The annual restricted stock unit grant is generally granted in full at one time on an annual basis. These annual grants generally vest at a rate of 1/16th per quarter, subject to continued service with us.

Based on the factors described above, in 2010, we granted annual restricted stock units to our named executive officers as follows:

| Named Executive Officer | RSU (#) ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Zachary Nelson | 75,000 |
| Evan Goldberg | 60,000 |
| James McGeever | 75,000 |
| Ronald Gill | 45,000 ⁽²⁾ |
| James Ramsey | 40,000 |

- (1) The number of RSUs made to our named executive officers remained unchanged from 2009, except for Mr. McGeever, whose RSU increased from 50,000 to 75,000 shares in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief operating officer.
- (2) Reflects an annual grant of 25,000 RSUs to Mr. Gill in March 2010 and an additional grant of 20,000 RSUs to Mr. Gill in August 2010 in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief financial officer.

Performance Share Units (PSUs)

In 2010, the compensation committee granted our named executive officers performance share units based upon its fundamental belief that performance should continue to be a significant factor in our overall equity compensation program. The size of the performance share unit awards in 2010 was determined based on a one-year performance cycle ending on December 31, 2010. The first 33.3% of the units subject to the awards immediately vested on the date of achievement of the performance goals as approved by the compensation committee (the achievement of which determines the final amount of shares subject to the award). The remaining 66.7% of the unvested units (as determined based on results from the one-year performance period) are subject to time-based annual cliff vesting over the following two years. For 2010, the performance

share units were subject to a minimum threshold of 25% and had a maximum payout at 175%.

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For 2010, the performance goals were allocated as follows: 60% of the shares were contingent on meeting 2010 revenue goals determined in accordance with GAAP (Revenue Target), 20% of the shares were contingent upon meeting 2010 goals for a non-GAAP measure of net income (Net Income Target) and 20% of the shares were contingent upon meeting 2010 goals for non-GAAP operating cash flow (Cash Flow Target). The specific target and thresholds for the PSUs are the same as for the performance-based cash incentives discussed above, except that the PSUs are measured on an annual rather than quarterly basis and the cap for the PSUs is 175% of target versus 150% of target for the performance-based cash incentives. As with the performance-based cash incentives discussed above, the compensation committee determined that it was in the best interests of the Company to amend the 2010 PSU performance goals to reduce the number of corporate financial metrics from five to three to drive performance of three key corporate financial metrics and better align officer incentives with stockholder interests in achieving long term stockholder value. PSU attainment levels and payout percentages for the named executive officers for 2010 would have been higher under the original 2010 PSU goals than they were under the revised 2010 PSU goals. Based on the levels of achievement of each of the performance targets, in February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157% of the PSUs were earned by our named executive officers. Below is the actual attainment and payout percentages allocated to each performance target:

| Performance Target | Target Allocation (%) | Attainment of Target (%) | Payout (%) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| GAAP Revenue Target | 60 | 145 | 87 |
| Non-GAAP Net Income Target | 20 | 175 | 35 |
| Non-GAAP Cash Flow Target | 20 | 175 | 35 |
| Total | | | 157 |

The target and actual PSU amounts earned by each of our named executive officers were as follows:

| Named Executive Officer | 2010 PSU Target Amount (#) ⁽²⁾ | 2010 Actual PSU Achieved (#) ⁽¹⁾ |
|-------------------------|---|---|
| Zachary Nelson | 75,000 | 117,750 |
| Evan Goldberg | 60,000 | 94,200 |
| James McGeever | 75,000 | 117,750 |
| Ronald Gill | 45,000 ⁽³⁾ | 70,650 |
| James Ramsey | 40,000 | 62,800 |

- (1) This column represents the total amount of PSUs earned by the named executive officers, as determined by the compensation committee in February 2011. One-third of the shares immediately vested and the remaining unvested shares will vest annually in equal installments over the next two years.
- (2) The number of PSUs made to our named executive officers remained unchanged from 2009, except for Mr. McGeever, whose PSU increased from 50,000 to 75,000 shares in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief operating officer.
- (3) Reflects an annual grant of 25,000 PSUs to Mr. Gill in March 2010 and an additional grant of 20,000 RSUs to Mr. Gill in August 2010 in connection with his promotion and appointment to chief financial officer.

Other Compensation Policies

Benefits. We provide the following benefits to our named executive officers, generally on the same basis provided to all of our employees:

health, dental and vision insurance;

life insurance;

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a 401(k) plan (U.S.-based employees only);

an EAP or employee assistance program;

short- and long-term disability insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance; and

medical and dependant care flexible spending account (U.S.-based employees only).

We believe these benefits are generally consistent with those offered by companies with which we compete for employees.

Severance Compensation and Termination Protection. Based upon a review of comparable market data at the time the arrangement were entered into, the compensation committee approved severance and change of control agreements with each of our named executive officers. The compensation committee believes that severance agreements are necessary in order to provide competitive executive compensation packages. The compensation committee also believes that change of control vesting and severance benefits could serve to minimize the distraction caused by a potential transaction and reduce the risk that a named executive officer would depart the Company before a transaction is consummated. We believe that a pre-existing change of control plan will allow our executive officers to focus on continuing normal business operations and on the success of a potential business combination, rather than focusing on alternative employment. We also believe that providing similar change of control benefits to all of our named executive officers will provide an appropriate level of consistency among the named executive officers so that all of their interests would be aligned during a potential business combination. Severance payments and benefits are provided only upon termination of employment following a change of control of the Company so that a potential acquirer that wishes to retain a named executive officer during a transition period or over the long term would have an opportunity to do so.

Additional details regarding the severance payments and benefits payable to our named executive officers, including estimates of amounts payable upon termination of employment, are disclosed in the section titled *Severance and Change of Control Arrangements* contained in this proxy statement.

Equity Award Grant Policy. In 2008, our board of directors adopted an Equity Award Grant Policy that sets forth the material terms of option, restricted stock unit and performance stock unit awards under the 2007 Equity Incentive Plan. Under the policy, equity awards for new-hires are generally granted in the middle of the second month of each quarter, which is intended to follow our earnings announcements for the prior quarter. Under certain limited circumstances, our board of directors or compensation committee may approve grants that are exceptions to the policy. With respect to annual grants, in February 2010, the compensation committee adopted a new policy whereby annual grants would be made in the first quarter of the calendar year in order to align the annual grants with the determination of the prior years' financial results and performance reviews.

Stock Ownership Guidelines. In March 2010, the compensation committee adopted new equity ownership guidelines for all of our directors and executive officers to help ensure that we maintain close alignment between the interests of our directors and named executive officers and those of our stockholders. Under the Company's equity ownership guidelines, the Company's chief executive officer is expected to own shares of the Company's stock valued at three (3) times his annual base salary, and each other executive officer is expected to own shares of the Company's stock valued at one (1) times his or her annual base salary. This guideline is subject to a five year pro-rated phase in period for newly appointed executive officers. At the end of fiscal 2010, all of the named executive officers were in compliance with the equity ownership guidelines.

Policy Against Short Sales, other Put-Equivalent Investment and Hedging Transactions. All of our directors, officers and employees are subject to our Insider Trading Compliance Policy. Our Insider Trading Compliance Policy prohibits, among other things, insiders from engaging in short-term or recurring speculative transactions in our securities, including (i) short sales, (ii) short-term trading, (iii) any short-term or speculative transaction whereby the insider could profit from a decline in our stock price, (iv) transactions involving publicly traded options or other derivatives, such as trade in puts or calls in our stock, and (v) hedging transactions.

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Tax Considerations

Internal Revenue Code Section 162(m) limits the amount that we may deduct for compensation paid to our chief executive officer and to certain other highly compensated officers to \$1,000,000 per person, unless certain exemption requirements are met. Exemptions to this deductibility limit may be made for various forms of performance-based compensation. In addition to salary and performance-based cash incentive compensation, upon the exercise of stock options that are not treated as incentive stock options, the excess of the market price over the option price, or option spread, is treated as compensation and accordingly, in any year, such exercise may cause an officer's total compensation to exceed \$1,000,000. Under certain regulations, gain upon exercise from options that meet certain requirements will not be subject to the \$1,000,000 cap on deductibility, and in the past we have granted options that we believe met those requirements. While the compensation committee cannot predict how the deductibility limit may impact our compensation program in future years, the compensation committee intends to maintain an approach to executive compensation that strongly links pay to performance. In addition, while the compensation committee has not adopted a formal policy regarding tax deductibility of compensation paid to our named executive officers, the compensation committee intends to consider tax deductibility under Rule 162(m) as a factor in compensation decisions.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

We follow the Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718 (formerly known as SFAS 123(R)), for our stock-based compensation awards. ASC 718 requires companies to calculate the grant date fair value of their stock-based awards using a variety of assumptions. This calculation is performed for accounting purposes and reported in the compensation tables below, even though recipients may never realize any value from their awards or a value vastly different than the value shown. ASC 718 also requires companies to recognize the compensation cost of their stock-based awards in their income statements over the period that an employee is required to render service in exchange for the award.

Risk Considerations

The compensation committee in cooperation with management reviewed our compensation programs and believes that the mix and design of the elements of such programs does not encourage management to assume excessive risks. Our programs have been balanced to focus on both short-term and long-term financial and operational performance. See the section titled *Board's Role in Risk Oversight* above for an additional discussion of risk considerations.

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REPORT OF THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The material in this report shall not be deemed to be (i) soliciting material, (ii) filed with the SEC, (iii) subject to Regulations 14A or 14C of the Exchange Act, or (iv) subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act. This report shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into any of our other filings under the Exchange Act or the Securities Act, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates it by reference into such filing.

The compensation committee held ten (10) meetings during 2010.

We, the compensation committee of the board of directors of NetSuite Inc., have reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this proxy statement with management. Based on such review and discussion, we have recommended to the board of directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this proxy statement and incorporated by reference into NetSuite's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.

THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

Deborah Farrington (Chair)

Kevin Thompson

Edward Zander

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During fiscal 2010, none of our executive officers served as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving as a member of our board or compensation committee.

Table of Contents**EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION TABLES****Summary Compensation Table**

The following table provides information regarding the compensation of our principal executive officer, principal financial officer and each of the next three most highly compensated executive officers during our year ended December 31, 2010. We refer to these executive officers as our named executive officers.

| Name and Principal Position | Year | Salary (\$) | Bonus (\$) | Stock Awards (\$) ⁽¹⁾ | Option Awards (\$) ⁽²⁾ | Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation(\$) ⁽³⁾ | All Other Compensation (\$) ⁽⁴⁾ | Total (\$) |
|--|------|----------------|---------------|--|---|--|--|---------------|
| Zachary Nelson President, CEO and Director | 2010 | 450,000 | | 1,860,000 ⁽⁵⁾ | 671,770 | 577,127 | 53,254 ⁽⁶⁾ | 3,612,151 |
| | 2009 | 450,000 | | 1,682,100 ⁽⁷⁾ | 773,280 | 324,311 | 8,907 ⁽⁸⁾ | 3,238,598 |
| | 2008 | 450,000 | | 2,587,500 ⁽⁹⁾ | 961,770 | 344,592 | 7,913 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 4,351,775 |
| Evan Goldberg Chief Technology Officer and Chairman of the Board | 2010 | 375,000 | | 1,488,000 ⁽¹¹⁾ | 403,062 | 238,829 | 21,375 ⁽¹²⁾ | 2,526,266 |
| | 2009 | 375,000 | | 1,345,680 ⁽¹³⁾ | 463,968 | 140,647 | 1,457 ⁽¹⁴⁾ | 2,326,752 |
| | 2008 | 375,000 | | 1,725,000 ⁽¹⁵⁾ | 644,386 | 154,821 | 3,690 ⁽¹⁶⁾ | 2,902,897 |
| James McGeever Chief Operating Officer | 2010 | 300,000 | | 1,860,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾ | 503,828 | 253,001 | 34,485 ⁽¹⁸⁾ | 2,951,314 |
| | 2009 | 300,000 | | 1,121,400 ⁽¹⁹⁾ | 386,640 | 153,781 | 4,004 ⁽²⁰⁾ | 1,965,825 |
| | 2008 | 265,000 | | 1,035,000 ⁽²¹⁾ | 480,885 | 115,389 | 5,862 ⁽²²⁾ | 1,902,136 |
| Ronald Gill Chief Financial Officer | 2010 | 242,500 | | 1,294,400 ⁽²³⁾ | 348,711 | 136,034 ⁽²⁴⁾ | 17,418 ⁽²⁵⁾ | 2,039,063 |
| | 2009 | 235,000 | | 906,461 ⁽²⁶⁾ | 193,320 | 68,738 ⁽²⁴⁾ | 7,314 ⁽²⁷⁾ | 1,410,833 |
| | 2008 | 225,000 | | 258,750 ⁽²⁸⁾ | 144,265 | 67,500 ⁽²⁴⁾ | 4,016 ⁽²⁹⁾ | 699,531 |
| James Ramsey Senior Vice President, Worldwide Sales and Distribution | 2010 | 250,000 | | 992,000 ⁽³⁰⁾ | 268,708 | 307,345 | 17,869 ⁽³¹⁾ | 1,835,922 |
| | 2009 | 200,000 | | 897,120 ⁽³²⁾ | 309,312 | 154,719 | 4,530 ⁽³³⁾ | 1,565,681 |
| | 2008 | 157,500 | | 862,500 ⁽³⁴⁾ | 240,443 | 156,141 | 5,340 ⁽³⁵⁾ | 1,421,924 |

(1) The amounts shown in this column represent the grant date fair values for the restricted stock units and performance share units awarded in 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The grant date fair value of the performance-based awards reflected in this column for 2010, 2009 and 2008 represents 100%, 68% and 100%, respectively of the total performance share unit, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance condition at the date of grant. Further information regarding the 2010 awards is included in the Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal 2010 and Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2010 tables later in this proxy statement.

(2) The amounts shown in this column represent the grant date fair values of the stock options awarded in 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. See Note 12 of the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained in our 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 3, 2011 for a discussion of all assumptions made by us in determining the values of equity awards.

(3) The amounts in this column represent total performance-based cash incentives earned for services rendered during 2010, 2009 and 2008 for all named executive officers.

(4) In 2010, the Company elected to pay-out all accrued but unpaid vacation time to certain employees, including its executive officers, as a result of a change in the Company's vacation policy. Therefore, for 2010, this column includes a one-time vacation payout to our named executive officers.

(5)

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Includes the grant date probable value of \$930,000 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,627,500 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$1,460,100.

- (6) Comprised of \$46,083 one-time vacation payout, \$1,785 of 401(k) matching, \$990 of life insurance premiums, \$435 for long-term disability premiums and \$3,961 for employer matching in a health savings account.

- (7) Includes the grant date probable value of \$680,850 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,752,188 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$735,919.

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- (8) Comprised of \$3,476 of 401(k) matching, \$990 of life insurance premiums, \$661 for long-term disability premiums and \$3,780 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (9) Includes the grant date probable value of \$1,293,750 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,423,125 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$711,563.
- (10) Comprised of \$3,570 of 401(k) matching, \$180 of life insurance premiums, \$563 for long-term disability premiums and \$3,600 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (11) Includes the grant date probable value of \$744,000 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,302,000 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$1,168,080.
- (12) Comprised of \$18,930 one-time vacation payout, \$1,785 of 401(k) matching and \$660 of life insurance premiums.
- (13) Includes the grant date probable value of \$544,680 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,401,750 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$588,735.
- (14) Comprised of \$797 of 401(k) matching and \$660 of life insurance premiums.
- (15) Includes the grant date probable value of \$862,500 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$948,750 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$474,375.
- (16) Comprised of \$3,570 of 401(k) matching and \$120 of life insurance premiums.
- (17) Includes the grant date probable value of \$930,000 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,627,500 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$1,460,100.
- (18) Comprised of \$29,856 one-time vacation payout, \$1,785 of 401(k) matching, \$1,800 for opting out of the Company's medical plan, \$660 of life insurance premiums and \$384 for long-term disability premiums.
- (19) Includes the grant date probable value of \$453,900 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,168,125 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$490,613.
- (20) Comprised of \$1,136 of 401(k) matching, \$1,800 for opting out of the Company's medical plan, \$660 of life insurance premiums and \$408 for long-term disability premiums.
- (21) Includes the grant date probable value of \$517,500 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$569,250 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$284,625.

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- (22) Comprised of \$3,570 of 401(k) matching, \$1,800 for opting out of the Company's medical plan, \$120 of life insurance premiums and \$372 for long-term disability premiums.
- (23) Includes the grant date probable value of \$647,200 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$1,132,600 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$1,016,104.
- (24) Effective July 1, 2010, Mr. Gill became our chief financial officer. Prior to July 1, 2010, Mr. Gill received \$35,250, \$68,738 and \$67,500 in bonus payments for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively, under our employee cash incentive plan. As chief financial officer, Mr. Gill participated in our 2010 Cash Incentive Program and received \$100,784 in the year ended December 31, 2010.
- (25) Comprised of \$10,791 one-time vacation payout, \$1,785 of 401(k) matching, \$540 of life insurance premiums, \$341 for long-term disability premiums and \$3,961 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (26) Includes the grant date probable value of \$333,750 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$584,062 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$245,306.

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- (27) Comprised of \$2,677 of 401(k) matching, \$504 of life insurance premiums, \$353 for long-term disability premiums and \$3,780 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (28) During the year ended December 31, 2008, Mr. Gill did not receive performance share units.
- (29) Comprised of \$3,570 of 401(k) matching, \$120 of life insurance premiums and \$326 for long-term disability premiums.
- (30) Includes the grant date probable value of \$496,000 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$868,000 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$778,720.
- (31) Comprised of \$13,082 one-time vacation payout, \$486 of life insurance premiums, \$340 for long-term disability premiums, and \$3,961 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (32) Includes the grant date probable value of \$363,120 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$934,500 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$392,490.
- (33) Comprised of \$378 of life insurance premiums, \$372 for long-term disability premiums, \$3,780 for employer matching in a health savings account.
- (34) Includes the grant date probable value of \$431,250 for performance share unit awards. The value of the maximum potential payout for such performance share unit awards was \$474,375 and the actual value of the awards granted was \$237,188.
- (35) Comprised of \$108 of life insurance premiums, \$236 for long-term disability premiums, \$3,600 for employer matching in a health savings account and \$1,396 for other non-cash sales incentives.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards in Fiscal 2010

The following table sets forth certain information regarding grants of plan-based awards to each of our named executive officers during fiscal 2010. For more information, please refer to the section titled "Executive Compensation" Compensation Discussion and Analysis.

| Name | Type | Grant Date | Comp. Committee Approval Date | Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽¹⁾ | | | Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards ⁽²⁾ | | | All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units ⁽³⁾ | All Other Awards: Number of Securities or Underlying Options ⁽⁴⁾ | Exercise Price of Option Awards ⁽⁵⁾ | Grant Date Fair Value/Incremental Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards ⁽⁶⁾ |
|----------------|--------|------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------|--------------|--|--------|---------|---|---|--|--|
| | | | | Threshold (\$) | Target (\$) | Maximum (\$) | Threshold | Target | Maximum | | | | |
| Zachary Nelson | Option | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | | | 671,770 | |
| | PSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | 18,750 | 75,000 | 131,250 | 75,000 | | 930,000 | |
| | Bonus | N/A | | 84,375 | 450,000 | 618,750 | | | | | | 930,000 ⁽⁶⁾ | |
| Evan Goldberg | Option | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 60,000 | 60,000 | 12.40 | 403,062 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 744,000 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|-------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|-------------------------|
| | PSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | 15,000 | 60,000 | 105,000 | | | 744,000 ⁽⁷⁾ |
| | Bonus | N/A | | 35,156 | 187,500 | 257,813 | | | | | | |
| James McGeever | Option | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 75,000 | 12.40 | 503,828 |
| | RSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 75,000 | | 930,000 |
| | PSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | 18,750 | 75,000 | 131,250 | | | 930,000 ⁽⁸⁾ |
| | Bonus | N/A | | 37,500 | 200,000 | 275,000 | | | | | | |
| Ronald Gill | Option | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 25,000 | 12.40 | 167,943 |
| | Option | 8/15/10 | 8/13/10 | | | | | | | 20,000 | 16.86 | 180,768 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| | RSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 25,000 | | 310,000 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| | RSU | 8/15/10 | 8/13/10 | | | | | | | 20,000 | | 337,200 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| | PSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | 6,250 | 25,000 | 43,750 | | | 310,000 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| | PSU | 8/15/10 | 8/13/10 | | | | 5,000 | 20,000 | 35,000 | | | 337,200 ⁽⁹⁾ |
| | Bonus | N/A | | 14,063 | 75,000 | 138,375 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | | | | | | |
| James Ramsey | Option | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 40,000 | 12.40 | 268,708 |
| | RSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | | | | 40,000 | | 496,000 |
| | PSU | 3/03/10 | 3/03/10 | | | | 10,000 | 40,000 | 70,000 | | | 496,000 ⁽¹¹⁾ |
| | Bonus | N/A | | 46,875 | 250,000 | 343,750 | | | | | | |

- (1) Represents awards granted under our 2010 Cash Incentive Plan, which were earned based on performance in 2010. These columns show the awards that were possible at the threshold, target and maximum levels of performance. The column titled "Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation" in the Summary Compensation Table shows the actual awards earned in 2010 by our named executive officers under our 2010 Cash Incentive Plan.

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- (2) Represents performance share unit awards, which were determined based on performance in fiscal year 2010. These columns show the awards that were possible at threshold, target and maximum levels of performance. Footnote 14 to the Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2010 table includes the actual amounts earned in fiscal year 2010 by our named executive officers. The grants were made from our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan.
- (3) This column represents awards of restricted stock units granted under our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan.
- (4) This column represents awards of stock options granted under our 2007 Equity Incentive Plan.
- (5) Amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of stock options, restricted stock and performance share unit awards, calculated in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For option awards, that number is calculated by multiplying the Black-Scholes value by the number of options awarded. For restricted stock units and performance share units, that number is calculated by multiplying (x) the fair market value of our common stock on the date of grant by (y) the number of units awarded. Grant date fair value amounts for performance share unit awards are based on 100% of the total performance share unit, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant.
- (6) The grant date fair value for the performance share units represents 100% of the total performance share unit, or 75,000 shares, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant. In February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157%, or 117,750 shares, of the grant was earned based on achievement of company goals.
- (7) The grant date fair value for the performance share units shown in the table represents 100% of the total performance share unit, or 60,000 shares, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant. In February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157%, or 94,200 shares, of the grant was earned based on achievement of company goals.
- (8) The grant date fair value for the performance share units shown in the table represents 100% of the total performance share unit, or 75,000 shares, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant. In February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157%, or 117,750 shares, of the grant was earned based on achievement of company goals.
- (9) In connection with Mr. Gill's promotion to chief financial officer on July 1, 2010, Mr. Gill was awarded the following equity compensation: 20,000 options, 20,000 restricted stock and 20,000 performance share units. The grant date fair value for the performance share units shown in the table represents 100% of the total performance share unit, or 45,000 shares, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant. In February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157%, or 70,650 shares, of the grant was earned based on achievement of company goals.
- (10) Includes \$35,250 paid to Mr. Gill under the employee cash incentive plan for performance during the first six months of 2010.
- (11) The grant date fair value for the performance share units shown in the table represents 100% of the total performance share unit, or 40,000 shares, which was determined to be the probable outcome of the performance conditions at or near the date of grant. In February 2011, the compensation committee determined that 157%, or 62,800 shares, of the grant was earned based on achievement of company goals.

Table of Contents**Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2010**

The following table presents certain information concerning outstanding equity awards held by each of our named executive officers at December 31, 2010. Values in this table are calculated based on the closing price per share of our common stock on December 31, 2010, which was \$25.00.

| Name | Grant Date | Option Awards | | | | Option Expiration Date | Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) | Stock Awards | | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) |
|----------------|------------|---|---|--|---------------------|------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| | | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) | Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) | Equity Incentive Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) | Exercise Price (\$) | | | Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (#) | |
| Zachary Nelson | 02/26/03 | 19,783 ⁽¹⁾ | | | 1.40 | 02/26/2013 | | | | |
| | 01/28/04 | 114,507 ⁽²⁾ | | | 1.50 | 01/28/2014 | | | | |
| | 12/30/05 | 100,000 ⁽³⁾ | | | 5.00 | 12/30/2015 | | | | |
| | 06/28/07 | 125,001 ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 12.40 | 06/28/2017 | | | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 32,812 ⁽⁵⁾ | 820,300 | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 13,750 ⁽⁶⁾ | 343,750 | | |
| | 06/19/09 | 61,500 ⁽⁷⁾ | 41,000 | | 10.62 | 06/19/2019 | | | | |
| | 06/19/09 | 41,500 ⁽⁸⁾ | 41,500 | | 10.62 | 06/19/2019 | | | | |
| | 08/15/09 | 33,333 ⁽⁹⁾ | 66,667 | | 13.35 | 08/15/2019 | | | | |
| | 08/15/09 | | | | | | 51,562 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 1,289,050 | | |
| | 08/15/09 | | | | | | 36,750 ⁽¹¹⁾ | 918,750 | | |
| | 03/03/10 | 18,750 ⁽¹²⁾ | 81,250 | | 12.40 | 03/03/2020 | | | | |
| | 03/03/10 | | | | | | 60,937 ⁽¹³⁾ | 1,523,425 | | |
| | 03/03/10 | | | | | | | | 75,000 ⁽¹⁴⁾ | 1,875,000 |
| Evan Goldberg | 02/26/03 | 109,200 ⁽¹⁵⁾ | | | 1.40 | 02/26/2013 | | | | |
| | 01/28/04 | 891,147 ⁽¹⁶⁾ | | | 1.50 | 01/28/2014 | | | | |
| | 12/30/05 | 100,000 ⁽¹⁷⁾ | | | 5.00 | 12/30/2015 | | | | |
| | 06/28/07 | 125,000 ⁽¹⁸⁾ | | | 12.40 | 06/28/2017 | | | | |
| | 12/12/07 | 93,750 ⁽¹⁹⁾ | | | 14.50 | 12/12/2017 | | | | |
| | 12/19/07 | 23,438 ⁽²⁰⁾ | 7,812 | | 26.00 | 12/19/2017 | | | | |
| | 08/15/08 | 39,083 ⁽²¹⁾ | 27,917 | | 17.25 | 08/15/2018 | | | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 21,875 ⁽⁵⁾ | 546,875 | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 9,166 ⁽⁶⁾ | 229,150 | | |
| | 08/15/09 | 20,000 ⁽⁹⁾ | 40,000 | | 13.35 | 08/15/2019 | | | | |
| | 08/15/09 | | | | | | 41,250 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 1,031,250 | | |
| | 08/15/09 | | | | | | 29,400 ⁽²²⁾ | 735,000 | | |
| | 03/03/10 | 11,250 ⁽¹²⁾ | 48,750 | | 12.40 | 03/03/2020 | | | | |
| | 03/03/10 | | | | | | 48,750 ⁽¹³⁾ | 1,218,750 | | |
| 03/03/10 | | | | | | | | 60,000 ⁽¹⁴⁾ | 1,500,000 | |
| James McGeever | 02/26/03 | 2,531 ⁽²³⁾ | | | 0.60 | 02/26/2013 | | | | |
| | 12/30/05 | 67,500 ⁽²⁴⁾ | | | 5.00 | 12/30/2015 | | | | |
| | 06/28/07 | 50,000 ⁽²³⁾ | | | 12.40 | 06/28/2017 | | | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 13,125 ⁽⁵⁾ | 328,125 | | |
| | 08/15/08 | | | | | | 5,500 ⁽⁶⁾ | 137,500 | | |
| | 06/19/09 | 24,601 ⁽⁷⁾ | 16,399 | | 10.62 | 06/19/2019 | | | | |
| | 06/19/09 | 20,751 ⁽⁸⁾ | 20,749 | | 10.62 | 06/19/2019 | | | | |
| | 08/15/09 | 16,667 ⁽⁹⁾ | 33,333 | | 13.35 | 08/15/2019 | | | | |
| | 08/15/09 | | | | | | 34,375 ⁽¹⁰⁾ | 859,375 | | |
| 08/15/09 | | | | | | 24,501 ⁽²⁵⁾ | 612,525 | | | |

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| | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------|------------------------|--------|-------|------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|
| | 03/03/10 | 14,063 ⁽¹²⁾ | 60,937 | 12.40 | 03/03/2020 | | | | |
| | 03/03/10 | | | | | 60,937 ⁽¹³⁾ | 1,523,425 | | |
| | 03/03/10 | | | | | | | 75,000 ⁽¹⁴⁾ | 1,875,000 |
| Ronald Gill | 08/15/08 | | | | | 6,562 ⁽⁵⁾ | 164,050 | | |
| | 06/19/09 | | | | | | | | |