FIRST FINANCIAL CORP /IN/ Form 10-Q August 07, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2014

Commission File Number 0-16759

#### FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

INDIANA 35-1546989
(State or other jurisdiction (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

One First Financial Plaza, Terre Haute, IN

(Address of principal executive office)

47807

(Zip Code)

(812)238-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No ".

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No ".

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer " Accelerated filer x

Non-accelerated filer "(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x.

As of August 5, 2014, the registrant had outstanding 13,355,272 shares of common stock, without par value.

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## FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

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Part I – Financial Information Item 1. Financial Statements

Item 1. Financial Statements		
FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION		
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS		
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)		
• •	June 30,	December 31,
	2014	2013
	(unaudited)	2015
ACCETC	(unaudicu)	
ASSETS	Φ04.774	Φ71 022
Cash and due from banks	\$84,774	\$71,033
Federal funds sold	9,370	4,276
Securities available-for-sale	912,495	914,560
Loans:		
Commercial	1,046,883	1,042,138
Residential	477,265	482,377
Consumer	268,403	268,033
Consumer		•
T	1,792,551	1,792,548
Less:	444	(4.420
Unearned Income	111	(1,120)
Allowance for loan losses	(18,255	) (20,068
	1,774,407	1,771,360
Restricted Stock	21,064	21,057
Accrued interest receivable	10,950	11,554
Premises and equipment, net	51,754	51,449
Bank-owned life insurance	79,863	79,035
Goodwill	39,489	39,489
	·	•
Other intangible assets	4,388	4,935
Other real estate owned	5,190	5,291
FDIC Indemnification Asset	420	1,055
Other assets	39,759	43,624
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,033,923	\$3,018,718
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Deposits:		
Non-interest-bearing	\$505,846	\$506,815
Interest-bearing:	Ψ303,040	Ψ300,013
<del>-</del>	169 700	170 177
Certificates of deposit of \$100 or more	168,799	179,177
Other interest-bearing deposits	1,758,438	1,772,799
	2,433,083	2,458,791
Short-term borrowings	73,420	59,592
Other borrowings	63,140	58,288
Other liabilities	58,534	55,852
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,628,177	2,632,523
	_,0_0,1,1	2,002,020
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock, \$.125 stated value per share;		
Authorized shares-40,000,000		
Issued shares-14,538,132 in 2014 and 14,516,113 in 2013		
Outstanding shares-13,355,272 in 2014 and 13,343,029 in 2013	1,812	1,811
Outstanding sinutes 15,555,272 in 2014 and 15,545,027 in 2015	1,012	1,011

Additional paid-in capital	71,557	71,074	
Retained earnings	366,858	357,083	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(4,320	) (13,969	)
Less: Treasury shares at cost-1,182,860 in 2014 and 1,173,084 in 2013	(30,161	) (29,804	)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	405,746	386,195	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$3,033,923	\$3,018,718	
See accompanying notes.			

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## FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months I	Inded	
	June 30,		June 30,	2012	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
NEED COLUMN	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	(unaudited)	
INTEREST INCOME:	ΦΩ1.CΩ5	фоо <i>57</i> (	ф 42 O 42	Φ 4.C 02.0	
Loans, including related fees	\$21,625	\$22,576	\$43,843	\$46,030	
Securities:	4.200	2.470	0.740	6.604	
Taxable	4,298	3,479	8,742	6,694	
Tax-exempt	1,766	1,761	3,512	3,531	
Other	426	489	842	992	
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME	28,115	28,305	56,939	57,247	
INTEREST EXPENSE:					
Deposits	1,233	1,534	2,523	3,276	
Short-term borrowings	22	19	36	39	
Other borrowings	254	1,014	632	2,021	
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE	1,509	2,567	3,191	5,336	
NET INTEREST INCOME	26,606	25,738	53,748	51,911	
Provision for loan losses	(356)	2,960	1,604	5,981	
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION					
FOR LOAN LOSSES	26,962	22,778	52,144	45,930	
NON-INTEREST INCOME:					
Trust and financial services	1,414	1,403	2,903	2,929	
Service charges and fees on deposit accounts	2,761	2,394	5,245	4,648	
Other service charges and fees	2,989	2,726	5,828	5,226	
Securities gains/(losses), net	(1)	3	(1)	7	
Insurance commissions	1,852	1,941	3,765	3,904	
Gain on sales of mortgage loans	457	943	833	1,906	
Other	93	253	1,103	920	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME	9,565	9,663	19,676	19,540	
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:					
Salaries and employee benefits	13,887	13,713	27,983	27,309	
Occupancy expense	1,789	1,576	3,714	3,098	
Equipment expense	1,904	1,537	3,562	3,038	
FDIC Expense	473	502	960	1,059	
Other	5,996	6,055	11,535	11,078	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE	24,049	23,383	47,754	45,582	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	12,478	9,058	24,066	19,888	
Provision for income taxes	3,990	2,612	7,747	5,749	
NET INCOME	8,488	6,446	16,319	14,139	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	0,100	0,110	10,517	11,137	
Change in unrealized gains/losses on securities, net of					
reclassifications and taxes	4,116	(10,559)	9,419	(12,226)	
Change in funded status of post retirement benefits, net of					
taxes	115	338	230	552	
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$12,719	\$(3,775)	\$25,968	\$2,465	
PER SHARE DATA	Ψ12,/19	$\Psi(S,IIS)$	Ψ23,700	Ψ4,703	
I LIX SHAKL DATA					

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	\$0.63	\$0.48	\$1.22	\$1.06
Dividends per Share	\$0.49	\$0.48	\$0.49	\$0.48
Weighted average number of shares outstanding (in	13,355	13.307	13.352	13,304
thousands)	15,555	13,307	15,552	13,304
See accompanying notes.				

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Three Months Ended
June 30, 2014, and 2013
(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)
(Unaudited)

				Accumulated			
	Common	Additional	Retained	Other		Treasury	Total
	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Comprehensive	e	Stock	Total
				Income/(Loss)			
Balance, April 1, 2013	\$1,809	\$70,171	\$346,035	\$(8,925	)	\$(30,707)	\$378,383
Net income	_	_	6,446	_		_	6,446
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	(10,221	)	_	(10,221)
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	_	183		_			183
Cash Dividends, \$.48 per share			(6,389)				(6,389 )
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$1,809	\$70,354	\$346,092	\$(19,146	)	\$(30,707)	\$368,402
Balance, April 1, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,315	\$364,914	\$(8,551	)	\$(30,161)	•
Net income	_		8,488	_		_	8,488
Other comprehensive income				4,231			4,231
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan		242					242
Cash Dividends, \$.49 per share	_	_	(6,544)			_	(6,544)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,557	\$366,858	\$(4,320	)	\$(30,161)	\$405,746
See accompanying notes.							

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## FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Six Months Ended June 30, 2014, and 2013 (Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

				Accumulated				
	Common	Additional	Retained	Other		Treasury	Tatal	
	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Comprehensive	9	Stock	Total	
		_		Income/(Loss)				
Balance January 1, 2013	\$1,808	\$69,989	\$338,342	\$(7,472	)	\$(30,545)	\$372,122	2
Net income	_	_	14,139	_			14,139	
Other comprehensive income				(11,674	)		(11,674	)
Treasury stock purchase (5,354 shares)						(162)	(162	)
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	1	365		_		_	366	
Cash Dividends, \$.48 per share			(6,389 )				(6,389	)
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$1,809	\$70,354	\$346,092	\$(19,146	)	\$(30,707)	\$368,402	2
								_
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$1,811	\$71,074	\$357,083	\$(13,969	)	\$(29,804)	\$386,195	5
Net income	_		16,319	_		_	16,319	
Other comprehensive income (loss)				9,649			9,649	
Treasury stock purchase (9,776 shares)		_				(357)	(357	)
Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan	1	483		_			484	
Cash Dividends, \$.49 per share	_	_	(6,544)			_	(6,544	)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$1,812	\$71,557	\$366,858	\$(4,320	)	\$(30,161)	\$405,746	5
See accompanying notes.								

Six Months Ended

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	Jama 20	lueu	
	June 30,	2012	
	2014	2013	
CACHELOWG EDOM ODED ATING A CHINATURE	(Unaudited)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Φ16. <b>0</b> 10	<b>414120</b>	
Net Income	\$16,319	\$14,139	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	1.210	4.45	
Net amortization (accretion) of premiums and discounts on investments	1,318	1,465	
Provision for loan losses	1,604	5,981	
Securities (gains) losses	1	(7	)
(Gain) loss on sale of other real estate	62	51	
Restricted stock compensation	484	366	
Depreciation and amortization	2,943	2,705	
Other, net	1,394	329	
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	24,125	25,029	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Proceeds from sales of securities available-for-sale	355	5,023	
Redemption of restricted stock	_	250	
Purchases of restricted stock	(7	) (8	)
Calls, maturities and principal reductions on securities available-for-sale	65,595	86,246	
Purchases of securities available-for-sale	(50,051	) (259,646	)
Loans made to customers, net of repayment	(5,384	) 44,345	
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	841	966	
Net change in federal funds sold	(5,094	) 10,585	
Additions to premises and equipment	(2,701	) (1,280	)
NET CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	3,554	(113,519	)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Net change in deposits	(26,004	) 2,877	
Net change in short-term borrowings	13,828	(11,357	)
Proceeds from other borrowings	100,000	95,000	,
Maturities of other borrowings	(95,000	) (5,000	)
Purchase of treasury stock	(357	) (162	)
Dividends paid	(6,405	) (6,378	)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(13,938	74,980	,
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	13,741	(13,510	)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	71,033	87,230	,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$84,774	\$73,720	
See accompanying notes.	÷ · · · · · ·	Ψ.Σ,,=0	

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# FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying June 30, 2014 and 2013 consolidated financial statements are unaudited. The December 31, 2013 consolidated financial statements are as reported in the First Financial Corporation (the "Corporation") 2013 annual report. The information presented does not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The following notes should be read together with notes to the consolidated financial statements included in the 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed by the Corporation and its subsidiaries for interim financial reporting are consistent with the accounting policies followed for annual financial reporting. All adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements and are of a normal recurring nature. The Corporation reports financial information for only one segment, banking. Some items in the prior year financials were reclassified to conform to the current presentation.

The Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan is a long-term incentive plan that was designed to align the interests of participants with the interests of shareholders. Under the plan, awards may be made based on certain performance measures. The grants are made in restricted stock units that are subject to a vesting schedule. These shares vest over 3 years in increments of 33%, 33%, and 34% respectively. In 2014 and 2013, 22,019 and 30,219 shares were awarded, respectively. These shares had a grant date value of \$708 thousand and \$923 thousand for 2014 and 2013, vest over three years and their grant is not subject to future performance measures. Outstanding shares are increased at the award date for the total shares awarded.

#### 2. Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table presents the activity of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three months ended June 30.

Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2014	4								
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		Residential		Consumer		Unallocated		Total	
Beginning balance	\$12,453		\$1,581		\$3,864		\$2,510		\$20,408	
Provision for loan losses*	(1,051	)	(54	)	533		(248	)	(820	)
Loans charged -off	(710	)	(633	)	(982	)			(2,325	)
Recoveries	158		480		354		_		992	
Ending Balance	\$10,850		\$1,374		\$3,769		\$2,262		\$18,255	

\* Provision before increase of \$464 thousand in 2014 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2013				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Beginning balance	\$14,144	\$5,400	\$3,481	\$2,247	\$25,272
Provision for loan losses*	1,660	303	611	126	2,700
Loans charged -off	(1,435)	(4,127)	(811)		(6,373)
Recoveries	162	16	356		534
Ending Balance	\$14,531	\$1,592	\$3,637	\$2,373	\$22,133

<sup>\*</sup> Provision before increase of \$260 thousand in 2013 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

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The following table presents the activity of the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the six months ended June 30.

Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2014	•			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Beginning balance	\$12,450	\$1,585	\$3,650	\$2,383	\$20,068
Provision for loan losses*	(319	12	1,333	(121)	905
Loans charged -off	(1,646	(805)	(2,035	)	(4,486 )
Recoveries	365	582	821		1,768
Ending Balance	\$10,850	\$1,374	\$3,769	\$2,262	\$18,255

<sup>\*</sup> Provision before increase of \$699 thousand in 2014 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

Allowance for Loan Losses:	June 30, 2013				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Beginning balance	\$10,987	\$5,426	\$3,879	\$1,666	\$21,958
Provision for loan losses*	2,924	500	844	707	4,975
Loans charged -off	(1,885)	(4,399 )	(1,837	)	(8,121)
Recoveries	2,505	65	751		3,321
Ending Balance	\$14,531	\$1,592	\$3,637	\$2,373	\$22,133

<sup>\*</sup> Provision before increase of \$1.01 million in 2013 for decrease in FDIC indemnification asset

The following table presents the allocation of the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on the impairment method at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Allowance for Loan Losses

Allowance for Loan Losses	June 30, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$2,590	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$2,590
Collectively evaluated for impairment	7,467	1,295	3,769	2,262	14,793
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	793	79			872
Ending Balance	\$10,850	\$1,374	\$3,769	\$2,262	\$18,255
Loans:	June 30, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer		Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$15,548	\$35	\$—		\$15,583
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,028,728	476,753	269,610		1,775,091
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	7,665	1,872	_		9,537
Ending Balance	\$1,051,941	\$478,660	\$269,610		\$1,800,211
Allowance for Loan Losses:	December 31,	2013			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Unallocated	Total
Individually evaluated for impairment	3,158				3,158
Collectively evaluated for impairment	8,421	1,408	3,650	2,383	15,862
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	871	177			1,048
Ending Balance	\$12,450	\$1,585	\$3,650	\$2,383	\$20,068

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Loans	December 31, 2013						
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Residential	Consumer	Total			
Individually evaluated for impairment	18,825	37		18,862			
Collectively evaluated for impairment	1,020,771	481,439	269,352	1,771,562			
Acquired with deteriorated credit quality	8,001	2,397		10,398			
Ending Balance	\$1,047,597	\$483,873	\$269,352	\$1,800,822			

The following tables present loans individually evaluated for impairment by class of loans.

	•		June 30, 20	14		
	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Allowance for Loan Losses	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Balance	Investment	Allocated	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
With no related allowance					C	C
recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$265	\$265	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,359	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential	250	84		97		
Agriculture						
All Other Commercial						
Residential						
First Liens						
Home Equity		_	_	_	_	_
Junior Liens		_	_	_	_	_
Multifamily		_	_	_	_	_
All Other Residential		_	_	_	_	_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle		_	_	_	_	_
All Other Consumer					_	
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	8,895	7,381	1,623	7,850		_
Farmland						_
Non Farm, Non Residential	6,518	6,518	802	6,666		
Agriculture	_					_
All Other Commercial	1,384	1,384	165	1,159		_
Residential						
First Liens	35	35	_	36		_
Home Equity						
Junior Liens						
Multifamily	_					_
All Other Residential	_					_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_					_
All Other Consumer	_					_
TOTAL	\$17,347	\$15,667	\$2,590	\$17,167	\$—	<b>\$</b> —

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			December 3			
	Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Allowance for Loan Losses	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Balance	Investment	Allocated	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
With no related allowance						
recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$2,120	\$1,918	\$—	\$1,555	\$—	\$—
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential	271	105	_	26	_	_
Agriculture						
All Other Commercial	_	_	_	_	_	_
Residential				_		
First Liens	_		_	7	_	_
Home Equity	_		_	_	_	_
Junior Liens			_			_
Multifamily	_		_	_	_	_
All Other Residential	_					_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_	_	_			_
All Other Consumer	_					_
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial	10.104	0.620	1.612	12.020	0.15	217
Commercial & Industrial	10,134	8,620	1,612	13,029	217	217
Farmland				356	113	113
Non Farm, Non Residential	7,664	7,204	1,500	7,921		_
Agriculture						
All Other Commercial	1,062	1,062	46	2,979		
Residential	27	27		504		
First Liens	37	37		524		
Home Equity	_	_	_	113		
Junior Liens						
Multifamily	_		_	2,216	_	_
All Other Residential	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_	_				
All Other Consumer	— ¢21.200	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
TOTAL	\$21,288	\$18,946	\$3,158	\$28,726	\$330	\$330

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	Three Month June 30, 201			Six Months I June 30, 201	Cash Rasis	
	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
With no related allowance						
recorded: Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$1,080	<b>\$</b> —	\$—	\$1,359	\$—	<b>\$</b> —
Farmland	\$1,000	<b>\$</b> —	Φ—	Ф1,339	<b>J</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
Non Farm, Non Residential	93	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<del></del> 97		
Agriculture	<del></del>	_		<del></del>	_	
All Other Commercial	_				_	
Residential						
First Liens	_	_			_	
Home Equity	_				_	
Junior Liens						
Multifamily		_	_		_	
All Other Residential	_				_	
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle						
All Other Consumer		_	_	_	_	_
With an allowance recorded:						
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	7,466	_	_	7,850	_	_
Farmland		_	_	_	_	_
Non Farm, Non Residential	6,397			6,666	_	
Agriculture				1 150		
All Other Commercial Residential	1,207	_	_	1,159	_	_
First Liens	36			36		
Home Equity	<del></del>	_			_	_
Junior Liens				_		
Multifamily						
All Other Residential		_			_	
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle						
All Other Consumer	_				_	_
TOTAL	\$16,279	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$17,167	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —

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	Three Month June 30, 201			Six Months I June 30, 201		
	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income	Average Recorded	Interest Income	Cash Basis Interest Income
(Dollar amounts in thousands) With no related allowance recorded: Commercial	Investment	Recognized	Recognized	Investment	Recognized	Recognized
Commercial & Industrial	\$1,284	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$856	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —
Farmland						
Non Farm, Non Residential	1,975			2,798		
Agriculture	<u> </u>					
All Other Commercial						
Residential						
First Liens				250		
Home Equity						
Junior Liens	_	_	_	_	_	_
Multifamily			_	83		_
All Other Residential		_	_	_	_	_
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle			_	_		_
All Other Consumer						
With an allowance recorded: Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	16,669	_	_	17,068		
Farmland	891			891		
Non Farm, Non Residential	2,609			3,345		
Agriculture						
All Other Commercial	1,384			1,428		
Residential						
First Liens	1,213			1,213		
Home Equity						
Junior Liens				293		
Multifamily						
All Other Residential						
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	_	_	_	_	_	_
All Other Consumer	_	_	_	_	_	_
TOTAL	\$26,025	<b>\$</b> —	<b>\$</b> —	\$28,225	<b>\$</b> —	\$

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The table below presents the recorded investment in non-performing loans.

1	June 30, 2014 Loans Past	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013 Loans Past			
	Due Over 90 Day Still	Troubled Debt		Due Over 90 Day Still	Troubled Debt			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Accruing	Restructurings	Nonaccrual	Accruing	Restructurings	Nonaccrual		
Commercial			*	***	*	*		
Commercial & Industrial	\$—	\$5,053	\$4,606	\$240	\$6,578	\$6,861		
Farmland		_	91	_	_	99		
Non Farm, Non Residential		4,080	5,364	489	5,687	4,918		
Agriculture			320			134		
All Other Commercial			1,720			1,412		
Residential								
First Liens	722	4,916	4,493	1,100	4,283	4,047		
Home Equity	9	_	287	40	_	195		
Junior Liens	80	_	409	147	_	390		
Multifamily	_	56	1		61	433		
All Other Residential	3		119	1		130		
Consumer								
Motor Vehicle	108	524	385	187	626	186		
All Other Consumer		35	611	3	17	974		
TOTAL	\$922	\$14,664	\$18,406	\$2,207	\$17,252	\$19,779		

There we no loans covered by loss share agreements with the FDIC included in loans past due over 90 days still on accrual at June 30, 2014 but there was \$580 thousand at December 31, 2013. Covered loans included in non-accrual loans are \$780 thousand at June 30, 2014 and \$1.1 million at December 31, 2013. Covered loans of \$84 thousand at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are deemed impaired and have no allowance for loan loss allocated to them, respectively for June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013. Non-performing loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

The commercial and industrial loans and non farm, non residential loans included in restructured loans above are also on non-accrual.

Non-performing loans include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans.

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The following table presents the aging of the recorded investment in loans by past due category and class of loans.

June 30, 2014

	June 30, 2014							
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	Greater than 90 days	Total				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due	Current	Total		
Commercial								
Commercial & Industrial	\$2,952	\$905	\$3,199	\$7,056	\$467,757	\$474,813		
Farmland					92,786	92,786		
Non Farm, Non Residential	452	422	565	1,439	235,586	237,025		
Agriculture	111		151	262	120,851	121,113		
All Other Commercial	41	122	188	351	125,853	126,204		
Residential	1.060	067	2.020	1.066	220.554	224 (20		
First Liens	1,060	967	2,039	4,066	320,554	324,620		
Home Equity	149	10	97	256	40,292	40,548		
Junior Liens	245	102	277	624	31,616	32,240		
Multifamily	16	_		16	73,717	73,733		
All Other Residential Consumer	_	_	3	3	7,516	7,519		
Motor Vehicle	2.049	350	115	2 412	245 920	240.252		
All Other Consumer	2,948 41	28	113	3,413 69	245,839 20,289	249,252 20,358		
TOTAL	\$8,015	\$2,906	<del></del>	\$17,555	\$1,782,656	\$1,800,211		
TOTAL	\$6,013	\$2,900	\$0,034	\$17,333	\$1,782,030	\$1,000,211		
	December 31, 2013							
	December :	31, 2013						
		·	Greater	m . 1				
		31, 2013 s 60-89 Days		Total				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)		·	s than 90	Total Past Due	Current	Total		
Commercial	30-59 Days	S 60-89 Days Past Due	than 90 days Past Due	Past Due				
Commercial Commercial & Industrial	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	s than 90 days		\$459,076	\$468,318		
Commercial & Industrial Farmland	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076	S 60-89 Days Past Due	s than 90 days Past Due \$7,900	Past Due \$9,242	\$459,076 92,602	\$468,318 92,602		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362	Past Due \$266	than 90 days Past Due	Past Due \$9,242	\$459,076 92,602 239,183	\$468,318 92,602 241,587		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31	Past Due  \$266	\$ than 90 days Past Due \$7,900 2,042	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362	Past Due \$266	s than 90 days Past Due \$7,900	Past Due \$9,242	\$459,076 92,602 239,183	\$468,318 92,602 241,587		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076 362 31 50	Past Due  \$266  32 217	\$ than 90 days Past Due \$7,900 2,042 188	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63 455	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31 50 5,594	Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900 2,042 188  1,701	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63 455 8,808	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31 50 5,594 307	Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7	\$ than 90 days Past Due \$7,900 2,042 188 1,701 40	Past Due \$9,242 — 2,404 63 455 8,808 354	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076 362 31 50 5,594 307 392	\$ 60-89 Days  Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7 170	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900 2,042 188  1,701 40 471	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63 455 8,808 354 1,033	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31 50 5,594 307 392 103	Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7	\$ than 90 days Past Due \$7,900 2,042 188  1,701 40 471 400	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63 455 8,808 354 1,033 522	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269 66,138	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302 66,660		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076 362 31 50 5,594 307 392	\$ 60-89 Days  Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7 170	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900 2,042 188  1,701 40 471	Past Due \$9,242  2,404 63 455 8,808 354 1,033	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31 50 5,594 307 392 103 88	\$ 60-89 Days  Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7 170 19	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900	Past Due \$9,242 — 2,404 63 455 8,808 354 1,033 522 89	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269 66,138 9,169	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302 66,660 9,258		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer Motor Vehicle	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076 362 31 50 5,594 307 392 103 88 3,579	\$ 60-89 Days  Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7 170 19 612	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900	Past Due \$9,242 	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269 66,138 9,169 243,146	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302 66,660 9,258 247,564		
Commercial Commercial & Industrial Farmland Non Farm, Non Residential Agriculture All Other Commercial Residential First Liens Home Equity Junior Liens Multifamily All Other Residential Consumer	30-59 Days Past Due \$1,076  362 31 50 5,594 307 392 103 88	\$ 60-89 Days  Past Due  \$266  32 217  1,513 7 170 19	\$ than 90 days Past Due  \$7,900	Past Due \$9,242 — 2,404 63 455 8,808 354 1,033 522 89	\$459,076 92,602 239,183 136,388 108,184 324,141 41,350 32,269 66,138 9,169	\$468,318 92,602 241,587 136,451 108,639 332,949 41,704 33,302 66,660 9,258		

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During the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the terms of certain loans were modified as troubled debt restructurings (TDRs). The following tables present the activity for TDR's.

			2014					
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		Residential		Consumer		Total	
April 1,	9,343		4,362		620		14,325	
Added	441		668		30		1,139	
Charged Off	_				(19	)	(19	)
Payments	(578	)	(74	)	(72	)	(724	)
June 30,	9,206		4,956		559		14,721	
			2013					
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		Residential		Consumer		Total	
April 1,	16,070		4,747		700		21,285	
Added	_		_		90		90	
Charged Off	_		(50	)	(23	)	(73	)
Payments	(1,065	)	(125	)	(74	)	(1,264	)
June 30,	15,005		4,572		693		20,270	
			2014					
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		Residential		Consumer		Total	
January 1,	12,327		4,330		644		17,301	
Added	441		801		98		1,340	
Charged Off	(1,069	)			(39	)	(1,108	)
Payments	(2,493	)	(175	)	(144	)	(2,812	)
June 30,	9,206		4,956		559		14,721	
			2013					
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial		Residential		Consumer		Total	
January 1,	16,474		4,107		704		21,285	
Added	_		780		163		943	
Charged Off	_		(50	)	(32	)	(82	)
Payments	(1,469	)	(265	)	(142	)	(1,876	)
June 30,	15,005		4,572		693		20,270	

Modification of the terms of such loans typically include one or a combination of the following: a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan; an extension of the maturity date at a stated rate of interest lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk; or a permanent reduction of the recorded investment in the loan. No modification in 2014 or 2013 resulted in the permanent reduction of the recorded investment in the loan. Modifications involving a reduction of the stated interest rate of the loan were for periods ranging from twelve months to five years. Modifications involving an extension of the maturity date were for periods ranging from twelve months to ten years.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 the Corporation modified 13 and 8 loans respectively. During the six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 the Corporation modified 25 and 16 loans respectively. In 2014 one of these loans was a commercial loan for \$441 thousand. The remainder of the 2014 loans and all of the 2013 loans modified were smaller balance consumer and residential loans.

The Corporation has allocated \$1.2 million and \$3.7 million of specific reserves to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings at both June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Specific reserves of \$2.6 million were allocated to customers whose loan terms have been modified in troubled debt restructurings at December

31, 2013. The

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Corporation has not committed to lend additional amounts as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 to customers with outstanding loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings. As of June 30, 2014 and 2013 there have been no loans that have been modified in troubled debt in the past 12 months that were charged off.

#### Credit Quality Indicators:

The Corporation categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Corporation analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes non-homogeneous loans, such as commercial loans, with an outstanding balance greater than \$100 thousand. Any consumer loans outstanding to a borrower who had commercial loans analyzed will be similarly risk rated. This analysis is performed on a quarterly basis. The Corporation uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention: Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard: Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and debt service capacity of the borrower or of any pledged collateral. These loans have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses which have clearly jeopardized repayment of principal and interest as originally intended. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some future loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those graded substandard, with the added characteristic that the severity of the weaknesses makes collection or liquidation in full highly questionable or improbable based upon currently existing facts, conditions, and values.

Furthermore, non-homogeneous loans which were not individually analyzed, but are 90+ days past due or on non-accrual are classified as substandard. Loans included in homogeneous pools, such as residential or consumer may be classified as substandard due to 90+ days delinquency, non-accrual status, bankruptcy, or loan restructuring.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be pass rated loans. Loans listed as not rated are either less than \$100 thousand or are included in groups of homogeneous loans. As of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans are as follows:

	June 30, 2014							
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not Rated	Total		
Commercial								
Commercial & Industrial	\$417,190	\$29,830	\$19,433	\$3,628	\$3,478	\$473,559		
Farmland	85,730	5,386	368		19	91,503		
Non Farm, Non Residential	190,004	20,980	25,427	114	_	236,525		
Agriculture	111,137	7,439	849		423	119,848		
All Other Commercial	105,137	7,756	9,663	38	2,854	125,448		
Residential								
First Liens	112,178	4,452	8,434	1,070	197,425	323,559		
Home Equity	12,014	422	1,452	100	26,497	40,485		
Junior Liens	8,284	99	573	65	23,117	32,138		
Multifamily	68,865	3,614	1,104		_	73,583		
All Other Residential	1,287	195	427		5,591	7,500		

Consumer Motor Vehicle All Other Consumer	11,083 3,296	213 47	339 70	17 10	236,521 16,807	248,173 20,230
	,	\$80,433			\$512,732	\$1,792,551
TOTAL	\$1,126,205	\$60,433	\$68,139	\$5,042	\$312,732	\$1,792,331
17						

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	December 31	, 2013				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Pass	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Not Rated	Total
Commercial						
Commercial & Industrial	\$406,650	\$18,968	\$30,986	\$4,069	\$6,426	\$467,099
Farmland	86,633	3,631	347		445	91,056
Non Farm, Non Residential	207,115	13,408	19,719	809	_	241,051
Agriculture	128,137	6,482	105	_	71	134,795
All Other Commercial	93,515	2,297	10,038	44	2,243	108,137
Residential						
First Liens	114,074	3,834	8,498	995	204,416	331,817
Home Equity	12,883	274	1,071	113	27,295	41,636
Junior Liens	8,858	60	550	67	23,654	33,189
Multifamily	63,073	1,908	1,482	48	_	66,511
All Other Residential	3,643		31		5,550	9,224
Consumer						
Motor Vehicle	11,447	219	510	9	234,210	246,395
All Other Consumer	3,507	46	79	22	17,984	21,638
TOTAL	\$1,139,535	\$51,127	\$73,416	\$6,176	\$522,294	\$1,792,548

#### 3. Securities

The amortized cost and fair value of the Corporation's investments are shown below. All securities are classified as available-for-sale.

available-for-sale.					
	June 30, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair V	Value
U.S. Government agencies	\$1,529	\$22	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,55	51
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential	178,473	8,125	(879	) 185,7	19
Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial	22	1		23	
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	519,491	2,190	(12,931	) 508,7	50
State and Municipal Obligations	193,608	8,702	(479	) 201,8	31
Collateralized Debt Obligations	10,555	6,035	(1,969	) 14,62	1
TOTAL	\$903,678	\$25,075	\$(16,258	) \$912	,495
	December 31, 2013				
	December 31,	2013			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	December 31, Amortized Cost	2013 Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair V	Value
(Dollar amounts in thousands) U.S. Government agencies	Amortized	Unrealized		Fair V \$1,63	
	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Gains	Losses		33
U.S. Government agencies	Amortized Cost \$1,623	Unrealized Gains \$10	Losses \$—	\$1,63	33 764
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential	Amortized Cost \$1,623 191,995	Unrealized Gains \$10 7,761	Losses \$— (1,992	\$1,63 ) 197,7	33 764
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial	Amortized Cost \$1,623 191,995 4,642	Unrealized Gains \$10 7,761	Losses \$— (1,992 (252	\$1,63 ) 197,7 ) 4,391	33 764 741
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations	Amortized Cost \$1,623 191,995 4,642 521,148	Unrealized Gains \$10 7,761 1 1,492	Losses \$— (1,992 (252 (15,899	\$1,63 ) 197,7 ) 4,391 ) 506,7	33 764 741 787
U.S. Government agencies Mortgage Backed Securities-residential Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations State and municipal	Amortized Cost \$1,623 191,995 4,642 521,148 190,521	Unrealized Gains \$10 7,761 1 1,492 6,388	Losses \$— (1,992 (252 (15,899 (1,922	\$1,63 ) 197,7 ) 4,391 ) 506,7 ) 194,9	33 764 741 787

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Contractual maturities of debt securities at June 30, 2014 were as follows. Securities not due at a single maturity or with no maturity date, primarily mortgage-backed and equity securities are shown separately.

	Available-for-Sale	
	Amortized	Fair
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$8,533	\$8,655
Due after one but within five years	34,546	36,064
Due after five but within ten years	89,392	93,301
Due after ten years	592,712	588,733
	725,183	726,753
Mortgage-backed securities	178,495	185,742
TOTAL	\$903,678	\$912,495

There were \$1 thousand in losses from investment sales realized by the Corporation for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014. For the three months ended June 30, 2013 there were \$3 thousand in gains on sales of investment securities. For the six months ended June 30, 2013 there were \$7 thousand in gains on sales of investment securities.

The following tables show the securities' gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in continuous unrealized loss position, at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

	June 30, 201	14							
	Less Than 12 Months		More Than 12 Months				Total		
		Unrealize	d		Unrealize	d		Unrealized	d
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Fair Value	Losses		Fair Value	Losses		Fair Value	Losses	
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential	\$55,101	\$(878	)	\$123	\$(1	)	\$55,224	\$(879	)
Collateralized mortgage obligations	258,410	(11,873	)	118,571	(1,058	)	376,981	(12,931	)
State and municipal obligations	16,246	(450	)	7,430	(29	)	23,676	(479	)
Collateralized Debt Obligations	_	_		9,949	(1,969	)	9,949	(1,969	)
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$329,757	\$(13,201	)	\$136,073	\$(3,057	)	\$465,830	\$(16,258	)
	December 3	1 2013							
	December 3	1, 2015							
	Less Than 1	•		More Than	12 Months			Total	
		•	d	More Than	12 Months Unrealize	d		Total Unrealized	d
(Dollar amounts in thousands)		2 Months	d	More Than Fair Value		d	Fair Value		d
(Dollar amounts in thousands) Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential	Less Than 1	2 Months Unrealize	d )		Unrealize	d )	Fair Value \$58,546	Unrealized Losses	d )
Mortgage Backed Securities -	Less Than 1 Fair Value	2 Months Unrealize Losses	d )	Fair Value	Unrealize Losses			Unrealized Losses	
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential Mortgage Backed Securities -	Less Than 1 Fair Value	2 Months Unrealize Losses	d )	Fair Value \$6,022	Unrealize Losses \$(347	)	\$58,546	Unrealized Losses \$(1,992	)
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial	Less Than 1 Fair Value \$52,524 —	2 Months Unrealize Losses \$(1,645	d ) )	Fair Value \$6,022 4,357	Unrealize Losses \$(347) (252)	)	\$58,546 4,357	Unrealized Losses \$(1,992)	)
Mortgage Backed Securities - Residential Mortgage Backed Securities - Commercial Collateralized mortgage obligations	Less Than 1 Fair Value \$52,524 — 406,291	2 Months Unrealize Losses \$(1,645 — (13,979	d ) )	Fair Value \$6,022 4,357 29,588	Unrealize Losses \$(347) (252) (1,920)	)	\$58,546 4,357 435,879	Unrealized Losses \$(1,992) (252) (15,899)	)

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment ("OTTI") at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such an evaluation. The investment securities portfolio is evaluated for OTTI by segregating the portfolio into two general segments and applying the appropriate OTTI model. Investment securities are generally evaluated for OTTI under FASB ASC 320, Investments - Debt and Equity

Securities. However, certain purchased beneficial interests, including non-agency mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, and collateralized debt obligations, that had credit ratings at the time of purchase of below AA are evaluated using the model outlined in FASB ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets.

In determining OTTI under the FASB ASC 320 model, management considers many factors, including: (1)the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2)the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer,

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(3) whether the market decline was affected by macroeconomic conditions, and (4) whether the entity has the intent to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery. The assessment of whether an other-than-temporary decline exists involves a high degree of subjectivity and judgment and is based on the information available to management at a point in time.

The second segment of the portfolio uses the OTTI guidance provided by FASB ASC 325 that is specific to purchased beneficial interests that, on the purchase date, were rated below AA. Under the FASB ASC 325 model, the Company compares the present value of the remaining cash flows as estimated at the preceding evaluation date to the current expected remaining cash flows. An OTTI is deemed to have occurred if there has been an adverse change in the remaining expected future cash flows.

When OTTI occurs under either model, the amount of the OTTI recognized in earnings depends on whether an entity intends to sell the security or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, less any current-period credit loss. If an entity intends to sell or it is more likely than not it will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis, less any current-period credit loss, the OTTI shall be recognized in earnings equal to the entire difference between the investment's amortized cost basis and its fair value at the balance sheet date. If an entity does not intend to sell the security and it is not more likely than not that the entity will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis less any current-period loss, the OTTI shall be separated into the amount representing the credit loss and the amount related to all other factors. The amount of the total OTTI related to the credit loss is determined based on the present value of cash flows expected to be collected and is recognized in earnings. The amount of the total OTTI related to other factors is recognized in other comprehensive income, net of applicable taxes. The previous amortized cost basis less the OTTI recognized in earnings becomes the new amortized cost basis of the investment.

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities were \$16.3 million as of June 30, 2014 and \$26.7 million as of December 31, 2013. A majority of these losses represent negative adjustments to market value relative to the interest rate environment reflecting the increase in market rates and not losses related to the creditworthiness of the issuer. Based upon our review of the issuers, we do not believe these investments to be other than temporarily impaired. Management does not intend to sell these securities and it is not more likely than not that we will be required to sell them before their anticipated recovery.

A significant portion of the securities in an unrealized loss position for more than 12 months relate to collateralized debt obligations that were separately evaluated under FASB ASC 325-40, Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets. Based upon qualitative considerations, such as a down grade in credit rating or further defaults of underlying issuers during the quarter, and an analysis of expected cash flows, we have determined that three of the CDO's included in collateralized debt obligations were other-than-temporarily impaired, though no impairment was identified during 2014 or 2013. Those three CDO's have a contractual balance of \$25.8 million at June 30, 2014 which has been reduced to a fair value of \$14.3 million by \$1.6 million of interest payments received, \$14.1 million of cumulative OTTI charges recorded through earnings to date, and \$4.2 million recorded in other comprehensive income (\$2.5 million after tax effect). The severity of the OTTI recorded varies by security, based on the analysis described below, and ranges at June 30, 2014 from 28% to 93%. The losses recorded in other comprehensive income represents temporary impairment due to factors other than credit loss, mainly current market illiquidity. The issuers in these securities are primarily banks, but some of the pools do include a limited number of insurance companies. The market for these securities has continued to be very illiquid, there are very few new issuances of trust preferred securities and the credit spreads implied by current prices have increased dramatically and remain very high, resulting in significant non-credit related impairment. The Company uses the OTTI evaluation model to compare the present value of expected cash flows to the previous estimate to ensure there are no adverse changes in cash flows during the quarter. The OTTI model considers the structure and term of the CDO and the financial condition of the underlying issuers. Specifically, the model details interest rates, principal balances of note classes and underlying issuers, the timing and amount of interest and principal payments of the underlying issuers, and the allocation of the payments to the note

classes. Cash flows are projected using a forward rate LIBOR curve, as these CDOs are variable rate instruments. An average rate is then computed using this same forward rate curve to determine an appropriate discount rate (3 month LIBOR plus margin ranging from 160 to 180 basis points). The current estimate of expected cash flows is based on the most recent trustee reports and any other relevant market information including announcements of interest payment deferrals or defaults of underlying trust preferred securities. Assumptions used in the model include expected future default rates and prepayments. In addition we use the model to "stress" each CDO, or make assumptions more severe than expected activity, to determine the degree to which assumptions could deteriorate before the CDO could no longer fully support repayment of the Company's note class.

Collateralized debt obligations include an investment in a CDO consisting of pooled trust preferred securities in which the issuers are primarily banks. This CDO with an amortized cost of \$389 thousand and a fair value of \$368 thousand is rated BAA3 and is the senior tranche, is not in the scope of FASB ASC 325, as it was rated high investment grade at purchase, and is not considered to be other-than-temporarily impaired based on its credit quality. Its fair value is negatively impacted by the factors described above.

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Management has consistently used Standard & Poors pricing to value these investments. There are a number of other pricing sources available to determine fair value for these investments. These sources utilize a variety of methods to determine fair value. The result is a wide range of estimates of fair value for these securities. The Standard & Poors pricing ranges from 4.4 to 90.3 while Moody Investor Service pricing ranges from .32 to 90.5, with others falling somewhere in between. We recognize that the Standard & Poors pricing utilized is an estimate, but have been consistent in using this source and its estimate of fair value.

The table below presents a rollforward of the credit losses recognized in earnings for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months E	Ended June 30,
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	2014	2013	2014	2013
Beginning balance	\$14,079	\$14,983	\$14,079	\$14,983
Increases to the amount related to the credit				
Loss for which other-than-temporary was previously recognized	_	_	_	_
Reductions for increases in cash flows collected		_	_	_
Amounts realized for securities sold during the period				_
Ending balance	\$14,079	\$14,983	\$14,079	\$14,983

#### 4. Fair Value

FASB ASC No. 820-10 establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) of identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level I prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The fair value of most securities available for sale is determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).

For those securities that cannot be priced using quoted market prices or observable inputs a Level 3 valuation is determined. These securities are primarily trust preferred securities, which are priced using Level 3 due to current market illiquidity and certain investments in state and municipal securities. The fair value of the trust preferred securities is obtained from a third party provider without adjustment. As described previously, management obtains values from other pricing sources to validate the Standard & Poors pricing that they currently utilize. The fair value of state and municipal obligations are derived by comparing the securities to current market rates plus an appropriate credit spread to determine an estimated value. Illiquidity spreads are then considered. Credit reviews are performed on each of the issuers. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Corporation's state and municipal obligations are credit spreads related to specific issuers. Significantly higher credit spread assumptions

would result in significantly lower fair value measurement. Conversely, significantly lower credit spreads would result in a significantly higher fair value measurements.

The fair value of derivatives is based on valuation models using observable market data as of the measurement date (Level 2 inputs).

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	June 30, 2014				
	Fair Value M	easurements U	sing		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
U.S. Government agencies	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,551	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,551	
Mortgage Backed Securities-residential		185,719	_	185,719	
Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial		23		23	
Collateralized mortgage obligations		508,750	_	508,750	
State and municipal		197,796	4,035	201,831	
Collateralized debt obligations		_	14,621	14,621	
TOTAL	<b>\$</b> —	\$893,839	\$18,656	\$912,495	
Derivative Assets		1,206			
Derivative Liabilities		(1,206	)		
	December 31, 2013				
	December 31	, 2013			
		, 2013 easurements U	sing		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)			sing Level 3	Total	
(Dollar amounts in thousands) U.S. Government agencies	Fair Value M	easurements U	•	Total \$1,633	
U.S. Government agencies	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2	Level 3		
·	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633	Level 3	\$1,633	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633 197,764	Level 3	\$1,633 197,764	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633 197,764 4,391	Level 3	\$1,633 197,764 4,391	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial  Collateralized mortgage obligations	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741	Level 3 \$— — —	\$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial  Collateralized mortgage obligations  State and municipal	Fair Value M Level 1	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741	Level 3 \$— — — 4,525	\$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741 194,987	
U.S. Government agencies  Mortgage Backed Securities-residential  Mortgage Backed Securities-commercial  Collateralized mortgage obligations  State and municipal  Collateralized debt obligations	Fair Value M Level 1 \$— — — — — —	easurements U Level 2 \$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741 190,462	Level 3 \$— — — 4,525 9,044	\$1,633 197,764 4,391 506,741 194,987 9,044	

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during 2014 and 2013.

The table below presents a reconciliation and income statement classification of gains and losses for all assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013.

	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant						
	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)						
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014						
	State and	Collateralized					
	municipal	debt	Total				
	obligations	obligations					
Beginning balance, April 1	\$4,035	\$12,508	\$16,543				
Total realized/unrealized gains or losses							
Included in earnings	_	_					
Included in other comprehensive income	_	2,203	2,203				
Transfers		_					
Settlements	_	(90	) (90	)			
Ending balance, June 30	\$4,035	\$14,621	\$18,656				

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	Fair Value Meas	surements Using Si	gnificant			
	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					
		ed June 30, 2014				
	State and Collateralized					
	municipal	debt	Total			
	obligations	obligations				
Beginning balance, January 1	\$4,525	\$9,044	\$13,569			
Total realized/unrealized gains or losses	•	,	,			
Included in earnings						
Included in other comprehensive income		6,060	6,060			
Transfers	_	_	_			
Settlements	(490	) (483	) (973	)		
Ending balance, June 30	\$4,035	\$14,621	\$18,656			
<b>U</b> ,						
	Fair Value Meas	surements Using Si	gnificant			
	Fair Value Meas Unobservable In	•	gnificant			
		puts (Level 3)	gnificant			
	Unobservable In	puts (Level 3)	gnificant			
	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec	ember 31, 2013	gnificant Total			
	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and	ember 31, 2013 Collateralized				
Beginning balance, January 1	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal	puts (Level 3) rember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt				
	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal obligations	puts (Level 3) rember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt obligations	Total			
Beginning balance, January 1	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal obligations	puts (Level 3) rember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt obligations	Total			
Beginning balance, January 1 Total realized/unrealized gains or losses	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal obligations	ember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt obligations \$6,122	Total \$16,033			
Beginning balance, January 1 Total realized/unrealized gains or losses Included in earnings	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal obligations	ember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt obligations \$6,122	Total \$16,033	)		
Beginning balance, January 1 Total realized/unrealized gains or losses Included in earnings Included in other comprehensive income	Unobservable In Year Ended Dec State and municipal obligations \$9,911	ember 31, 2013 Collateralized debt obligations \$6,122	Total \$16,033 904 3,155	)		

The transfers out of level 3 is due to securities that previously were not priced independently are now priced as other level 2 securities.

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring and non-recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at June 30, 2014.

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range
State and municipal obligations	\$4,035	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Probability of default	3.05%-5.50% 0%
Other real estate	\$5,190	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	5.00%-20.00%
Impaired Loans	\$12,728	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	0.00%-50.00%

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring and non-recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at December 31, 2013.

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique(s)	Unobservable Input(s)	Range
State and municipal obligations	\$4,525	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Probability of default	3.05%-5.50% 0%
Other real estate	\$5,291	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	5.00%-20.00%

Impaired Loans	\$13,765	Sales comparison/income approach	Discount rate for age of appraisal and market conditions	0.00%-50.00%	
23					

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Impaired loans disclosed in footnote 2, which are measured for impairment using the fair value of collateral, are valued at Level 3. They are carried at a fair value of \$12.7 million, after a valuation allowance of \$2.6 million at June 30, 2014 and at a fair value of \$13.8 million, net of a valuation allowance of \$3.1 million at December 31, 2013. The impact to the provision for loan losses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 was a \$820 thousand decrease and \$458 thousand increase in 2014 and a \$639 thousand decrease and a \$2.5 million increase, respectively. Other real estate owned is valued at Level 3. Other real estate owned at June 30, 2014 with a value of \$5.2 million was reduced \$1.2 million for fair value adjustment. At June 30, 2014 other real estate owned was comprised of \$3.9 million from commercial loans and \$1.3 million from residential loans. Other real estate owned at December 31, 2013 with a value of \$5.3 million was reduced \$1.1 million for fair value adjustment. At December 31, 2013 other real estate owned was comprised of \$3.9 million from commercial loans and \$1.4 million from residential loans.

Fair value is measured based on the value of the collateral securing those loans, and is determined using several methods. Generally the fair value of real estate is determined based on appraisals by qualified licensed appraisers. Appraisals for real estate generally use three methods to derive value: cost, sales or market comparison and income approach. The cost method bases value on the cost to replace current property. The market comparison evaluates the sales price of similar properties in the same market area. The income approach considers net operating income generated by the property and the investor's required return. The final fair value is based on a reconciliation of these three approaches. If an appraisal is not available, the fair value may be determined by using a cash flow analysis, a broker's opinion of value, the net present value of future cash flows, or an observable market price from an active market. Fair value of other real estate is based upon the current appraised values of the properties as determined by qualified licensed appraisers and the Company's judgment of other relevant market conditions. Appraisals are obtained annually and reductions in value are recorded as a valuation through a charge to expense. The primary unobservable input used by management in estimating fair value are additional discounts to the appraised value to consider market conditions and the age of the appraisal, which are based on management's past experience in resolving these types of properties. These discounts range from 0% to 50%. Values for non-real estate collateral, such as business equipment, are based on appraisals performed by qualified licensed appraisers or the customers financial statements. Values for non real estate collateral use much higher discounts that real estate collateral. Other real estate and impaired loans carried at fair value are primarily comprised of smaller balance properties.

The following tables presents loans identified as impaired by class of loans as of June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, which are all considered Level 3.

	June 30, 2014		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Carrying Value	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Fair Value
Commercial			
Commercial & Industrial	\$7,381	\$1,623	\$5,758
Farmland	_		
Non Farm, Non Residential	6,518	802	5,716
Agriculture			
All Other Commercial	1,384	165	1,219
Residential			
First Liens	35		35
Home Equity			
Junior Liens			
Multifamily	_	_	_

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All Other Residential Consumer	_	_	_
Motor Vehicle			
All Other Consumer TOTAL	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
24			

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	December 31, 2013			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Carrying Value	Allowance for Loan Losses Allocated	Fair Value	
Commercial				
Commercial & Industrial	\$8,620	\$1,612	\$7,008	
Farmland				
Non Farm, Non Residential	7,204	1,500	5,704	
Agriculture				
All Other Commercial	1,062	46	1,016	
Residential				
First Liens	37		37	
Home Equity				
Junior Liens				
Multifamily				
All Other Residential				
Consumer				
Motor Vehicle				
All Other Consumer				
TOTAL	\$16,923	\$3,158	\$13,765	

The carrying amounts and estimated fair value of financial instruments at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, are shown below. Carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and due from banks, federal funds sold, short-term borrowings, accrued interest receivable and payable, demand deposits, short-term debt and variable-rate loans or deposits that reprice frequently and fully. Security fair values were described previously. For fixed-rate, non-impaired loans or deposits, variable rate loans or deposits with infrequent repricing or repricing limits, and for longer-term borrowings, fair value is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and considering credit risk. The valuation of impaired loans was described previously. Loan fair value estimates do not necessarily represent an exit price. Fair values of loans held for sale are based on market bids on the loans or similar loans. It was not practicable to determine the fair value of Federal Home Loan Bank stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability. For the FDIC indemnification asset the carrying value is the estimated fair value as it represents amounts to be received from the FDIC in the near term. Fair value of debt is based on current rates for similar financing. The fair value of off-balance sheet items is not considered material.

June 30, 2014					
Carrying	Fair Value				
Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
\$84,774	\$19,048	\$65,726	\$	\$84,774	
9,370		9,370	_	9,370	
912,495		893,839	18,656	912,495	
21,064	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	
1,774,407		_	1,825,140	1,825,140	
420		420	_	420	
10,950		3,292	7,658	10,950	
(2,433,083)		(2,433,594	) —	(2,433,594	)
(73,420 )		(73,420	) —	(73,420	)
(63,140)		(63,932	) —	(63,932	)
(544)		(544	) —	(544	)
	Carrying Value \$84,774 9,370 912,495 21,064 1,774,407 420 10,950 (2,433,083 ) (73,420 ) (63,140 )	Carrying Fair Value Value Level 1 \$84,774 \$19,048  9,370 — 912,495 — 21,064 n/a  1,774,407 — 420 — 10,950 — (2,433,083 ) — (73,420 ) — (63,140 ) —	Carrying         Fair Value           Value         Level 1         Level 2           \$84,774         \$19,048         \$65,726           9,370         —         9,370           912,495         —         893,839           21,064         n/a         n/a           1,774,407         —         —           420         —         420           10,950         —         3,292           (2,433,083         )         —         (2,433,594           (73,420         )         —         (73,420           (63,140         )         —         (63,932	Carrying         Fair Value           Value         Level 1         Level 2         Level 3           \$84,774         \$19,048         \$65,726         \$—           9,370         —         9,370         —           912,495         —         893,839         18,656           21,064         n/a         n/a         n/a           1,774,407         —         1,825,140           420         —         420         —           10,950         —         3,292         7,658           (2,433,083         )         —         (73,420         )           (63,140         )         —         (63,932         )	Carrying         Fair Value           Value         Level 1         Level 2         Level 3         Total           \$84,774         \$19,048         \$65,726         \$—         \$84,774           9,370         —         9,370         —         9,370           912,495         —         893,839         18,656         912,495           21,064         n/a         n/a         n/a         n/a           1,774,407         —         —         1,825,140         1,825,140           420         —         420         —         420           10,950         —         3,292         7,658         10,950           (2,433,083         )         —         (2,433,594         )         —         (2,433,594           (73,420         )         —         (73,420         )         —         (73,420           (63,140         )         —         (63,932         )         —         (63,932

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(Dollar amounts in thousands) Cash and due from banks Federal funds sold Securities available—for—sale Restricted stock Loans, net FDIC Indemnification Asset Accrued interest receivable Deposits Short—term borrowings Federal Home Loan Bank advar Accrued interest payable	ices (	December 3 Carrying Value \$71,033 4,276 914,560 21,057 1,771,360 1,055 11,554 (2,458,791 (59,592 (58,288 (750	Fair V Level \$22,4: n/a	1 555	Level 2 \$48,578 4,276 900,991 n/a — 1,055 3,279 (2,460,197 (59,592 (60,258 (750	Level 3 \$— — 13,569 n/a 1,816,726 — 8,275 ) — ) — ) — ) —	Total \$71,033 4,276 914,560 n/a 1,816,726 1,055 11,554 (2,460,197 (59,592 (60,258 (750
5. Short-Term Borrowings							
Period-end short-term borrowin	gs were co	omprised of	the follow	ving:		(000 's) June 30, 2014	December 31,
Federal Funds Purchased					9	\$51,650	2013 \$30,679
Repurchase Agreements						21,770 \$73,420	28,913 \$59,592
6. Other Borrowings						\$ 13,420	\$39,392
Other borrowings at period-e	end are sun	nmarized as	s follows:				
S 1					(	(8′ 000)	5 1 24
					J	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
FHLB Advances					9	\$63,140	\$58,288
7. Components of Net Periodic I		st onths Ende	d June 30,		Six Mor (000's)	nths Ended June	e 30,
	Pension l	Benefits	Post-Ret Health B		Pension	Renetite	ost-Retirement lealth Benefits
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013 2	014 2013
Service cost	\$510	\$559	\$13	\$17	\$1,020	•	26 \$34
Interest cost Expected return on plan assets	939 (948 )	846 (827)	44	43	1,878 (1,897	1,692 8 ) (1,655 )	7 87
Amortization of transition obligation	_	_	<u> </u>	15	(1,0)	—	30
Net amortization of prior service cost	(2)	) (4	· —	_	(5	) (8 )	_
Net amortization of net (gain) loss	190	523			379	1,046	1 ) —
Net Periodic Benefit Cost	\$689	\$1,097	\$57	\$75	\$1,375	\$2,194 \$	112 \$151

# **Employer Contributions**

First Financial Corporation previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 that it expected to contribute \$3.2 million and \$1.2 million respectively to its Pension Plan and ESOP and \$248 thousand to the Post

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Retirement Health Benefits Plan in 2014. Contributions of \$1.3 million have been made to the Pension Plan through the first six months of 2014. Contributions of \$106 thousand have been made through the first six months of 2014 for the Post Retirement Health Benefits plan. No contributions have been made in 2014 for the ESOP. The Pension plan was frozen for most employees at the end of 2012 and for those employees there will be discretionary contributions to the ESOP plan and a 401K plan in place of the former Pension benefit. In the first six months of 2014 and 2013 there has been \$719 thousand and \$700 thousand of expense accrued for potential contributions to these alternative retirement benefit options.

#### 8. New accounting standards

ASU 2014-04 "Receivables (Topic 310) – Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors" ("ASU 2014-04") amends Topic 310 "Receivables" to clarify the terms defining when an in substance repossession or foreclosure occurs, which determines when the receivable should be derecognized and the real estate property is recognized. ASU 2013-04 is effective for annual periods and interim periods within those annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. It is not expected to have a significant impact on our financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB and the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") jointly issued a comprehensive new revenue recognition standard that will supersede nearly all existing revenue recognition guidance under GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Previous revenue recognition guidance in GAAP comprised broad revenue recognition concepts together with numerous revenue requirements for particular industries or transactions, which sometimes resulted in different accounting for economically similar transactions. In contrast, IFRS provided limited revenue recognition guidance and, consequently, could be difficult to apply to complex transactions. Accordingly, the FASB and the IASB initiated a joint project to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard for U.S. GAAP and IFRS that would: (1) Remove inconsistencies and weaknesses in revenue requirements; (2) Provide a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues; (3) Improve comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions, and capital markets; (4) Provide more useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosure requirements; and (5) Simplify the preparation of financial statements by reducing the number of requirements to which an entity must refer. To meet those objectives, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers." The standard's core principle is that a company will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In doing so, companies generally will be required to use more judgment and make more estimates than under current guidance. These may include identifying performance obligations in the contract, estimating the amount of variable consideration to include in the transaction price and allocating the transaction price to each separate performance obligation. The standard is effective for public entities for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016; early adoption is not permitted. For financial reporting purposes, the standard allows for either full retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied to all of the periods presented, or modified retrospective adoption, meaning the standard is applied only to the most current period presented in the financial statements with the cumulative effect of initially applying the standard recognized at the date of initial application. The Corporation is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU No. 2014-09 and will be closely monitoring developments and additional guidance to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements.

In June 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-11, "Repurchase-to-Maturity Transactions, Repurchase Financings, and Disclosures." The new guidance aligns the accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and repurchase agreements executed as a repurchase financing with the accounting for other typical repurchase agreements. Going forward, these transactions would all be accounted for as secured borrowings. The guidance eliminates sale accounting for repurchase-to-maturity transactions and supersedes the guidance under which a transfer of a financial asset and a contemporaneous repurchase financing could be accounted for on a combined basis as a forward agreement, which has resulted in outcomes referred to as off-balance-sheet accounting. The amendments in the ASU require a new disclosure for transactions economically similar to repurchase agreements in which the transferor retains

substantially all of the exposure to the economic return on the transferred financial assets throughout the term of the transaction. The amendments in the ASU also require expanded disclosures about the nature of collateral pledged in repurchase agreements and similar transactions accounted for as secured borrowings. The amendments in this ASU are effective for public companies for the first interim or annual period beginning after December 15, 2014. In addition, for public companies, the disclosure for certain transactions accounted for as a sale is effective for the first interim or annual reporting periods beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and the disclosure for transactions accounted for as secured borrowings is required to be presented for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods beginning after March 15, 2015. As of June 30, 2014, all of the Corporation's repurchase agreements were typical in nature (i.e., not repurchase-to-maturity transactions) and are accounted for as secured borrowings. As such, the adoption of ASU No. 2014-11 is not expected to have a material impact on the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements.

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#### 9. Acquisitions and FDIC Indemnification Asset

On August 16, 2013, the Bank completed a Purchase and Assumption Agreement with Bank of America, National Association. Under the terms of the Agreement, First Financial Bank purchased certain assets and assumed certain liabilities of 7 branch offices and 2 drive-up facilities of Bank of America in central and southern Illinois. The acquisition was beneficial in increasing the presence of the bank in the Illinois market. First Financial received cash in the amount of \$177.7 million. The acquisition consisted of loans with a fair value of \$1.9 million, fixed assets with a value of \$5.9 million, a customer related core deposit intangible asset of \$2.2 million, deposits with a value of \$189.3 million and other liabilities of \$0.3 million. Based upon the acquisition date fair values of the net assets acquired, goodwill of \$1.9 million was recorded, all of which is expected to be tax deductible.

On December 30, 2011, the Bank completed a purchase and assumption agreement with PNB Holding Co (PNB), an Illinois corporation, to purchase all of the issued and outstanding stock of Freestar Bank, National Association, and assume certain liabilities of PNB (the "Transaction"). Immediately following the acquisition of the stock of Freestar Bank, First Financial merged Freestar Bank with and into its wholly-owned subsidiary, First Financial Bank, National Association.

The acquisition provided a strategic entry into the Champaign-Urbana, Bloomington-Normal and Pontiac, Illinois markets. Each of these markets are characterized by higher growth rates.

On July 2, 2009, the Bank entered into a purchase and assumption agreement with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") to assume all of the deposits (excluding brokered deposits) and certain assets of The First National Bank of Danville, a full-service commercial bank headquartered in Danville, Illinois, that had failed and been placed in receivership with the FDIC. Under the loss-sharing agreement ("LSA"), the Bank will share in the losses on assets covered under the agreement (referred to as covered assets). On losses up to \$29 million, the FDIC has agreed to reimburse the Bank for 80 percent of the losses. On losses exceeding \$29 million, the FDIC has agreed to reimburse the Bank for 95 percent of the losses. The loss-sharing agreement is subject to following servicing procedures as specified in the agreement with the FDIC. Loans acquired that are subject to the loss-sharing agreement with the FDIC are referred to as covered loans for disclosure purposes. Since the acquisition date the Bank has been reimbursed \$18.6 million for losses and carrying expenses and currently carries a balance of \$420 thousand in the indemnification asset. The loss share agreement as it relates to non-single family loans expires at the end of the third quarter of 2014 and there is no estimated for future potential losses at June 30, 2014 included in the current balance of the indemnification asset. The balance of loans covered by the loss share agreement excluding AS 310-30 loans at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 totaled \$12.7 million and \$18.5 million, respectively.

FASB ASC 310-30, Loans and Debt Securities Acquired with Deteriorated Credit Quality, applies to a loan with evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination, acquired by completion of a transfer for which it is probable, at acquisition, that the investor will be unable to collect all contractually required payments receivable. FASB ASC 310-30 prohibits carrying over or creating an allowance for loan losses upon initial recognition. The carrying amount of covered assets at June 30, 2014 and 2013, consisted of loans accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC 310-30 are shown in the following table:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Consumer	Total	
Beginning balance	\$7,510	\$2,401	\$9,911	
Discount accretion	<del></del>	_	_	
Disposals	(173	) (516	) (689	)
ASC 310-30 Loans	\$7,337	\$1,885	\$9,222	

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014				
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Consumer	Total		
Beginning balance	\$7,676	\$2,409	\$10,085		
Discount accretion	_	_	_		
Disposals	(339	) (524	) (863	)	
ASC 310-30 Loans	\$7,337	\$1,885	\$9,222		
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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Consumer	Total	
Beginning balance	\$12,329	\$3,436	\$15,765	
Discount accretion	(11	) (3	) (14	)
Disposals	(799	) (427	) (1,226	)
ASC 310-30 Loans	\$11,519	\$3,006	\$14,525	
	Six Months End	ed June 30, 2013		
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Commercial	Consumer	Total	
Beginning balance	\$13,654	\$3,464	\$17,118	
Discount accretion	(24	) (8	) (32	)
Disposals	(2,111	) (450	) (2,561	)
ASC 310-30 Loans	\$11,519	\$3,006	\$14,525	

The rollforward of the FDIC Indemnification asset is as follows:

Three Months Six Months	Year Ended
Ended June 30, Ended June 3	30, December 31,
(Dollar amounts in thousands) 2014 2014	2013
Beginning balance \$754 \$1,055	\$2,632
Accretion — —	
Net changes in losses and expenses (189 ) (359	) (1,225
Reimbursements from the FDIC (145 ) (276	) (352
TOTAL \$420 \$420	\$1,055

# 10. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table summarizes the changes, net of tax within each classification of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	Unrealized			
	gains and	2014		
	Losses on			
	available-	Retiremen	t	
	for-sale			
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities	plans	Total	
Beginning balance, April 1	\$1,668	\$(10,219	) \$(8,551	)
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification	4,115	_	4,115	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	1	115	116	
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	4,116	115	4,231	
Ending balance, June 30	\$5,784	\$(10,104	) \$(4,320	)

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(Dollar amounts in thousands) Beginning balance, January 1 Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income Net Current period other comprehensive other income Ending balance, June 30	Unrealized gains and 2014 Losses on available- Retirement for-sale Securities plans Total \$(3,635) \$(10,334) \$(13,969) 9,418 — 9,418 1 230 231 9,419 230 9,649 \$5,784 \$(10,104) \$(4,320)
	Unrealized gains and 2013 Losses on available- for-sale
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities plans Total
Beginning balance, April 1	h 1 1 7 ( 1
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification	\$11,764 \$(20,689 ) \$(8,925 ) (10,557 ) — (10,557 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(10,337) — $(10,337)$ $(2)$ 338 336
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	(10,559 ) 338 (10,221 )
Ending balance, June 30	\$1,205 \$(20,351) \$(19,146)
	Unrealized gains and 2013 Losses on available- for-sale
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	Securities plans Total
Beginning balance, January 1	\$13,431 \$(20,903) \$(7,472)
Change in other comprehensive income before reclassification	(12,222 ) - (12,222 )
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(4) 552 548
Net Current period other comprehensive other income	(12,226 ) 552 (11,674 )
Ending balance, June 30	\$1,205 \$(20,351) \$(19,146)
(Dellar amounts in thousands)	Balance Current Balance at Period at
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	4/1/2014 Change 6/30/2014
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale	\$511 \$2.705 \$2.20C
without other than temporary impairment	\$511 \$2,785 \$3,296
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-for-sale	1 157 1 221 2 400
with other than temporary impairment  Total unrealized loss on securities available-for-sale	1,157 1,331 2,488 \$1,669 \$4,116 \$5,794
	\$1,668 \$4,116 \$5,784
Unrealized loss on retirement plans	(10,219 ) 115 (10,104 )
TOTAL	\$(8,551) \$4,231 \$(4,320)

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(Dollar amounts in thousands)	o consileble for colo	Balance at 1/1/2014	Current Period Change	Balance at 6/30/2014
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities without other than temporary impairs Unrealized gains (losses) on securities	nent	\$(2,499	) \$5,795	\$3,296
with other than temporary impairmen	t	(1,136	) 3,624	2,488
Total unrealized loss on securities ava	ailable-for-sale	\$(3,635	) \$9,419	\$5,784
Unrealized loss on retirement plans		(10,334	) 230	(10,104)
TOTAL		\$(13,969	) \$9,649	\$(4,320)
		Balance	Current	Balance
		at	Period	at
(Dollar amounts in thousands)		4/1/2013	Change	6/30/2013
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities		<b>**</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>4.42.42</b> 0	)
without other than temporary impairn		\$15,161	\$(12,138	) \$3,023
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities		(2.20 <b>5</b>	\ 1.550	(1.010
with other than temporary impairmen		(3,397	) 1,579	(1,818 )
Total unrealized loss on securities ava	allable-for-sale	\$11,764	\$(10,559	) \$1,205
Unrealized loss on retirement plans		(20,689	) 338	(20,351)
TOTAL		\$(8,925	) \$(10,221	) \$(19,146 )
		Balance	Current	Balance
		at	Period	at
(Dollar amounts in thousands)		1/1/2013	Change	6/30/2013
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities	s available-for-sale		Č	
without other than temporary impairn		\$17,044	\$(14,021	) \$3,023
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities				
with other than temporary impairmen	t	(3,613	) 1,795	(1,818)
Total unrealized loss on securities ava	ailable-for-sale	\$13,431	\$(12,226	) \$1,205
Unrealized loss on retirement plans		(20,903	) 552	(20,351)
TOTAL		\$(7,472	) \$(11,674	) \$(19,146 )
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			
Details about accumulated	Amount reclassified from	Affected	d line item in	
other comprehensive	accumulated other	the state	ement where	
income components	comprehensive income	net inco	me is presente	d
	(in thousands)			
Unrealized gains and losses	\$(1		ırities gains (lo	osses)
on available-for-sale	<del></del>		tax expense	
securities	\$(1	) Net of ta	ax	
Amortization of	\$(237	) (a)		
retirement plan items	122		tax expense	
F	\$(115	) Net of ta	•	
Total reclassifications for the period	\$(116	) Net of ta		

<sup>(</sup>a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

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Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (in thousands)		Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses	\$(1	)	Net securities gains (losses)
on available-for-sale	<del>_</del>		Income tax expense
securities	\$(1	)	Net of tax
Amortization of	\$(474	)	(a)
retirement plan items	244		Income tax expense
-	\$(230	)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$(231	)	Net of tax

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

(a) included in the computation of he	i periodic belieffi cost. (see i bothote /	101	additional details).
	Three Months Ended June 30, 2013		
Details about accumulated	Amount reclassified from		Affected line item in
other comprehensive	accumulated other		the statement where
income components	comprehensive income		net income is presented
-	(in thousands)		-
Unrealized gains and losses	\$3		Net securities gains (losses)
on available-for-sale	(1	)	Income tax expense
securities	\$2		Net of tax
Amortization of	\$(563	)	(a)
retirement plan items	225		Income tax expense
•	\$(338	)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$(336	)	Net of tax

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

Details about accumulated other comprehensive income components	Six Months Ended June 30, 2013 Amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (in thousands)		Affected line item in the statement where net income is presented
Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities	\$7 (3 \$4	)	Net securities gains (losses) Income tax expense Net of tax
Amortization of retirement plan items  Total reclassifications for the period	\$(920 368 \$(552 \$(548	)	(a) Income tax expense Net of tax Net of tax

(a) Included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost. (see Footnote 7 for additional details).

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ITEMS 2. and 3. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The purpose of this discussion is to point out key factors in the Corporation's recent performance compared with earlier periods. The discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements beginning on page three of this report. All figures are for the consolidated entities. It is presumed the readers of these financial statements and of the following narrative have previously read the Corporation's financial statements for 2013 in the 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements provide current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance, nor should they be relied upon as representing management's views as of any subsequent date. The forward-looking statements are based on management's expectations and are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Although management believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially include, without limitation, the Corporation's ability to effectively execute its business plans; changes in general economic and financial market conditions; changes in interest rates; changes in the competitive environment; continuing consolidation in the financial services industry; new litigation or changes in existing litigation; losses, customer bankruptcy, claims and assessments; changes in banking regulations or other regulatory or legislative requirements affecting the Corporation's business; and changes in accounting policies or procedures as may be required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board or other regulatory agencies. Additional information concerning factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements is available in the Corporation's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, and subsequent filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Copies of these filings are available at no cost on the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov or on the Corporation's Web site at www.first-online.com. Management may elect to update forward-looking statements at some future point; however, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Certain of the Corporation's accounting policies are important to the portrayal of the Corporation's financial condition and results of operations, since they require management to make difficult, complex or subjective judgments, some of which may relate to matters that are inherently uncertain. Estimates associated with these policies are susceptible to material changes as a result of changes in facts and circumstances. Facts and circumstances which could affect these judgments include, without limitation, changes in interest rates, in the performance of the economy or in the financial condition of borrowers. Management believes that its critical accounting policies include determining the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of goodwill and valuing investment securities. See further discussion of these critical accounting policies in the 2013 Form 10-K.

#### **Summary of Operating Results**

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$8.5 million compared to \$6.4 million for the same period of 2013. Basic earnings per share increased to \$0.63 for the first quarter of 2014 compared to \$0.48 for same period of 2013. Return on Assets and Return on Equity were 1.13% and 8.39% respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 0.88% and 6.78% for the three months ended June 30, 2013. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$16.3 million compared to \$14.1 million for the same period of 2013. Basic earnings per share increased to \$1.22 for the first six months of 2014 compared to \$1.06 for same period of 2013.

Return on Assets and Return on Equity were 1.08% and 8.15% respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2014 compared to 0.96% and 7.49% for the six months ended June 30, 2013.

The primary components of income and expense affecting net income are discussed in the following analysis.

#### Net Interest Income

The Corporation's primary source of earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest earned on loans and other investments and the interest paid for deposits and other sources of funds. Net interest income increased \$0.9 million in the three months ended June 30, 2014 to \$26.6 million from \$25.7 million in the same period in 2013. The net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2014 is 4.08% compared to 4.09% for the same period of 2013, a .01% decrease, driven by a greater decline in the income realized on earning assets than the decline costs of funding. Net interest income increased \$1.8 million in the six months ended June 30, 2014 to \$53.7 million from \$51.9 million in the same period in 2013. The net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2014 is 4.09%, the same as it was for the same period of 2013.

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#### Non-Interest Income

Non-interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2014 was \$9.6 million, an decrease of \$98 thousand from the \$9.7 million for the same period of 2013. A decrease of \$486 thousand in gains from sales of mortgage loans in 2014 compared to 2013 was offset by increases in service charges and fees. Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$19.7 million, an increase of \$136 thousand from the \$19.5 million for the same period of 2013.

#### Non-Interest Expenses

The Corporation's non-interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 increased by \$0.7 million to \$24.0 million compared to the same period in 2013. On a year-over-year basis, salaries and employee benefits increased \$674 thousand driven by the branch expansion and normal merit increases. There was also an increase is in occupancy and equipment expenses as the branch network was expanded in the 3rd quarter of 2013 that had increased those costs compared to the same period of 2013. The Corporation's non-interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2014 increased by \$2.2 million to \$47.8 million compared to the same period in 2013.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

The Corporation's provision for loan losses decreased \$3.3 million to a negative \$356 thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$3.0 million for the same period of 2013. Net charge offs for the second quarter of 2014 were \$1.3 million compared to a \$5.8 million for the same period of 2013. Provision expense is also impacted by changes in the FDIC indemnification asset. For the quarter ended June 30, 2014, these changes increased the provision by \$464 thousand compared to an increase of \$260 thousand in 2013. During 2014, the volume of impaired loans has decreased as well as the specific allocations for these loans as compared to the same period of 2013. Based on management's analysis of the current portfolio, an evaluation that includes consideration of historical loss experience, non-performing loans trends, and probable incurred losses on identified problem loans, management believes the allowance is adequate.

#### Non-performing Loans

Non-performing loans consist of (1) non-accrual loans on which the ultimate collectability of the full amount of interest is uncertain, (2) loans which have been renegotiated to provide for a reduction or deferral of interest or principal because of a deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, and (3) loans past due ninety days or more as to principal or interest. Non-performing loans decreased to \$34.0 million at June 30, 2014 compared to \$39.2 million at December 31, 2013. A summary of non-performing loans at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 follows:

	(000's)	
	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Non-accrual loans	\$18,406	\$19,779
Restructured loans	14,721	17,301
Accruing loans past due over 90 days	824	2,073
	\$33,951	\$39,153
Ratio of the allowance for loan losses		
as a percentage of non-performing loans	53.8	% 51.3 %

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The following loan categories comprise significant components of the nonperforming loans:

	(000's)	
	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Non-accrual loans		
Commercial loans	\$12,101	\$13,424
Residential loans	5,309	5,195
Consumer loans	996	1,160
	\$18,406	\$19,779
Past due 90 days or more		
Commercial loans	<b>\$</b> —	\$712
Residential loans	722	1,181
Consumer loans	102	180
	\$824	\$2,073

The following table is information on the non-accrual loans at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 that were from the acquisition of assets from The First National Bank of Danville and are included in non-accrual loans above.

(0000)

(000 s)		
June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	
\$482	\$799	
298	275	
_		
\$780	\$1,074	
<b>\$</b> —	\$459	
	121	
_		
<b>\$</b> —	\$580	
	\$482 298 — \$780 \$— —	

#### Interest Rate Sensitivity and Liquidity

First Financial Corporation has established risk measures, limits and policy guidelines for managing interest rate risk and liquidity. Responsibility for management of these functions resides with the Asset Liability Committee. The primary goal of the Asset Liability Committee is to maximize net interest income within the interest rate risk limits approved by the Board of Directors.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Management considers interest rate risk to be the Corporation's most significant market risk. Interest rate risk is the exposure to changes in net interest income as a result of changes in interest rates. Consistency in the Corporation's net interest income is largely dependent on the effective management of this risk.

The Asset Liability position is measured using sophisticated risk management tools, including earning simulation and market value of equity sensitivity analysis. These tools allow management to quantify and monitor both short-term and long-term exposure to interest rate risk. Simulation modeling measures the effects of changes in interest rates, changes in the shape of the yield curve and the effects of embedded options on net interest income. This measure

projects earnings in the various environments over the next three years. It is important to note that measures of interest rate risk have limitations and are dependent on various assumptions. These assumptions are inherently uncertain and, as a result, the model cannot precisely predict the impact of interest rate fluctuations on net interest income. Actual results will differ from simulated results due to timing, frequency and amount of interest rate changes as well as overall market conditions. The Committee has performed a thorough analysis of these assumptions and believes them to be valid and theoretically sound. These assumptions are continuously monitored for behavioral changes.

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The Corporation from time to time utilizes derivatives to manage interest rate risk. Management continuously evaluates the merits of such interest rate risk products but does not anticipate the use of such products to become a major part of the Corporation's risk management strategy.

The table below shows the Corporation's estimated sensitivity profile as of June 30, 2014. The change in interest rates assumes a parallel shift in interest rates of 100 and 200 basis points. Given a 100 basis point increase in rates, net interest income would increase 1.94% over the next 12 months and increase 5.39% over the following 12 months. Given a 100 basis point decrease in rates, net interest income would decrease 0.87% over the next 12 months and decrease 2.61% over the following 12 months. These estimates assume all rate changes occur overnight and management takes no action as a result of this change.

Basis Point	Percentage Change in Net Interest Income			
Interest Rate Change	12 months	24 months	36 months	
Down 200	-1.48	% -4.49	% -6.50	%
Down 100	-0.87	-2.61	-3.84	
Up 100	1.94	5.39	9.06	
Up 200	0.94	7.22	14.37	

Typical rate shock analysis does not reflect management's ability to react and thereby reduce the effect of rate changes, and represents a worst-case scenario.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity represents an institution's ability to provide funds to satisfy demands from depositors, borrowers, and other creditors by either converting assets into cash or accessing new or existing sources of incremental funds. Generally the Corporation relies on deposits, loan repayments and repayments of investment securities as its primary sources of funds. The Corporation has \$8.7 million of investments that mature throughout the next 12 months. The Corporation also anticipates \$122.3 million of principal payments from mortgage-backed securities. Given the current rate environment, the Corporation anticipates \$9.6 million in securities to be called within the next 12 months. The Corporation also has unused borrowing capacity available with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis and several correspondent banks. With these many sources of funds, the Corporation currently anticipates adequate liquidity to meet the expected obligations of its customers.

#### **Financial Condition**

Comparing the first six months of 2014 to the same period in 2013, loans, net of unearned discount, are little changed at \$1.79 billion compared to \$1.8 billion. Deposits remained stable at \$2.4 billion at June 30, 2014, substantially the same as the \$2.3 billion at June 30, 2013. Shareholders' equity increased 10.1% or \$37.3 million. This financial performance increased book value per share 9.7% to \$30.38 at June 30, 2014 from \$27.68 at June 30, 2013. Book value per share is calculated by dividing the total shareholders' equity by the number of shares outstanding.

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#### Capital Adequacy

As of June 30, 2014, the most recent notification from the respective regulatory agencies categorized the subsidiary banks as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized the banks must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table. There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the bank's category. Below are the capital ratios for the Corporation and lead bank.

	June 30, 2014		December 31	, 2013	To Be Well C	Capitalized
Total risk-based capital						
Corporation	17.59	%	17.13	%	N/A	
First Financial Bank	16.99	%	16.49	%	10.00	%
Tier I risk-based capital						
Corporation	16.75	%	16.22	%	N/A	
First Financial Bank	16.26	%	15.68	%	6.00	%
Tier I leverage capital						
Corporation	12.28	%	11.69	%	N/A	
First Financial Bank	11.70	%	11.40	%	5.00	%

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

First Financial Corporation's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective disclosure controls and procedures, as defined under Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As of June 30, 2014, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2014 were effective in ensuring material information required to be disclosed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was recorded, processed, summarized, and reported on a timely basis. Additionally, there was no change in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2014 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

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PART II - Other Information

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings.

There are no material pending legal proceedings, other than routine litigation incidental to the business of the Corporation or its subsidiaries, to which the Corporation or any of the subsidiaries is a party to or of which any of their respective property is subject. Further, there is no material legal proceeding in which any director, officer, principal shareholder, or affiliate of the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries, or any associate of such director, officer, principal shareholder or affiliate is a party, or has a material interest, adverse to the Corporation or any of its subsidiaries.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes in the risk factors from those disclosed in the Corporation's 2013 consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K filed for December 31, 2013.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

- (a) None.
- (b) Not applicable.
- (c) Purchases of Equity Securities

The Corporation periodically acquires shares of its common stock directly from shareholders in individually negotiated transactions. The Corporation has not adopted a formal policy or adopted a formal program for repurchases of shares of its common stock. There were no shares purchased by the Corporation during the quarter covered by this report.

ITEM 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

ITEM 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

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# ITEM 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	: Description of Exhibit:
	Purchase and Assumption Agreement dated March 18, 2013 between First Financial Bank, National
2.1	Association and Bank of America, National Association, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the

- 2.1 Association and Bank of America, National Association, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 Corporation's Form 8-K filed on March 20, 2013.
- Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- Code of By-Laws of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on August 24, 2012.
- Employment Agreement for Norman L. Lowery, dated February 4, 2014 and effective January 1, 2014, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.01 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on March 12, 2014.
- 10.2\* 2001 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q filed for the quarter ended September 30, 2002.
- 2013 Schedule of Director Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.
- 10.4\* 2013 Schedule of Named Executive Officer Compensation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.
- 10.5\* 2005 Long-Term Incentive Plan of First Financial Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- 10.6\* 2005 Executives Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- 10.7\* 2005 Executives Supplemental Retirement Plan, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 of the Corporation's Form 8-K filed on September 4, 2007.
- First Financial Corporation 2010 Long-Term Incentive Compensation Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10. 9 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed March 15, 2011.
- First Financial Corporation 2011 Short-Term Incentive Compensation Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 of the Corporation's Form 10-K filed March 15, 2011.
- First Financial Corporation 2011 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 of the Corporation's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2011 filed on May 9, 2011.
- Form of Restricted Stock Award Agreement under the First Financial Corporation 2011 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 by Principal Executive Officer, dated August 7, 2014.
- Sarbanes-Oxley Act 302 Certification for Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014 by Principal Financial Officer, dated August 7, 2014.

  Certification, dated August 7, 2014, of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
- pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2005 on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2014.
  - Financial statements from the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Corporation for the quarter ended June 30, 2014, formatted in XBRL pursuant to Rule 405: (i) Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii)
- 101.1 Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (iv) Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity, and (v) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, as blocks of text and in detail\*\*.

<sup>\*</sup>Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Furnished, not filed, for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

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## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST FINANCIAL CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: August 7, 2014 By /s/ Norman L. Lowery

Norman L. Lowery, Vice Chairman, President and CEO

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 7, 2014 By /s/ Rodger A. McHargue

Rodger A. McHargue, Treasurer and CFO

(Principal Financial Officer)